

### Recursion

### SUGGESTED SKILLS

### 1.B

Determine code that would be used to complete code segments.

### 5.A

Describe the behavior of a given segment of program code.



### **AVAILABLE RESOURCES**

- Runestone Academy: AP CSA—Java Review: 12—Recursion
- Practice-It!: BJP4 Chapter 12: Recursion—Self-Check 12.3–12.6, 12.13–12.15
- CodingBat Java: Recursion

# TOPIC 10.1 Recursion

### **Required Course Content**

### **ENDURING UNDERSTANDING**

### CON-2

Programmers incorporate iteration and selection into code as a way of providing instructions for the computer to process each of the many possible input values.

### **LEARNING OBJECTIVE**

### CON-2.0

Determine the result of executing recursive methods.

### **ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE**

### CON-2.0.1

A recursive method is a method that calls itself.

### CON-2.0.2

Recursive methods contain at least one base case, which halts the recursion, and at least one recursive call.

### CON-2.0.3

Each recursive call has its own set of local variables, including the formal parameters.

### CON-2.0.4

Parameter values capture the progress of a recursive process, much like loop control variable values capture the progress of a loop.

### CON-2.0.5

Any recursive solution can be replicated through the use of an iterative approach.

# **EXECUSION STATEMENT—**(EK CON-2.O.5): Writing recursive program code is outside the scope of the course and AP Exam.

### CON-2.0.6

Recursion can be used to traverse String, array, and ArrayList objects.

## **TOPIC 10.2**

# Recursive Searching and Sorting

### **Required Course Content**

### **ENDURING UNDERSTANDING**

### CON-2

Programmers incorporate iteration and selection into code as a way of providing instructions for the computer to process each of the many possible input values.

### **LEARNING OBJECTIVE**

### CON-2.P

Apply recursive search algorithms to information in String, 1D array, or ArrayList objects.

### **ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE**

### CON-2.P.1

Data must be in sorted order to use the binary search algorithm.

### CON-2.P.2

The binary search algorithm starts at the middle of a sorted array or ArrayList and eliminates half of the array or ArrayList in each iteration until the desired value is found or all elements have been eliminated.

### CON-2.P.3

Binary search can be more efficient than sequential/linear search.

**EXCLUSION STATEMENT—(EK CON-2.P.3):** Search algorithms other than sequential/linear and binary search are outside the scope of the course and AP Exam.

### CON-2.P.4

The binary search algorithm can be written either iteratively or recursively.

### CON-2.Q

Apply recursive algorithms to sort elements of array or ArrayList objects.

### CON-2.Q.1

Merge sort is a recursive sorting algorithm that can be used to sort elements in an array or ArrayList.

#### **SUGGESTED SKILLS**

### 2.C

Determine the result or output based on the statement execution order in a code segment containing method calls.

### 2.D

Determine the number of times a code segment will execute.



#### **AVAILABLE RESOURCES**

- Runestone Academy: AP CSA—Java Review: 13.3—Binary Search
- Runestone Academy: AP CSA—Java Review: 13.6-Merge Sort
- Practice-It!: BJP4 Chapter 12: Recursion—Exercises 12.1-12.3, 12.6-12.14, 12.18-12.22
- Practice-It!: BJP4 **Chapter 13: Searching** and Sorting—Self-**Check 12.30**