

Name: _____

Date: _____

Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

1. Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

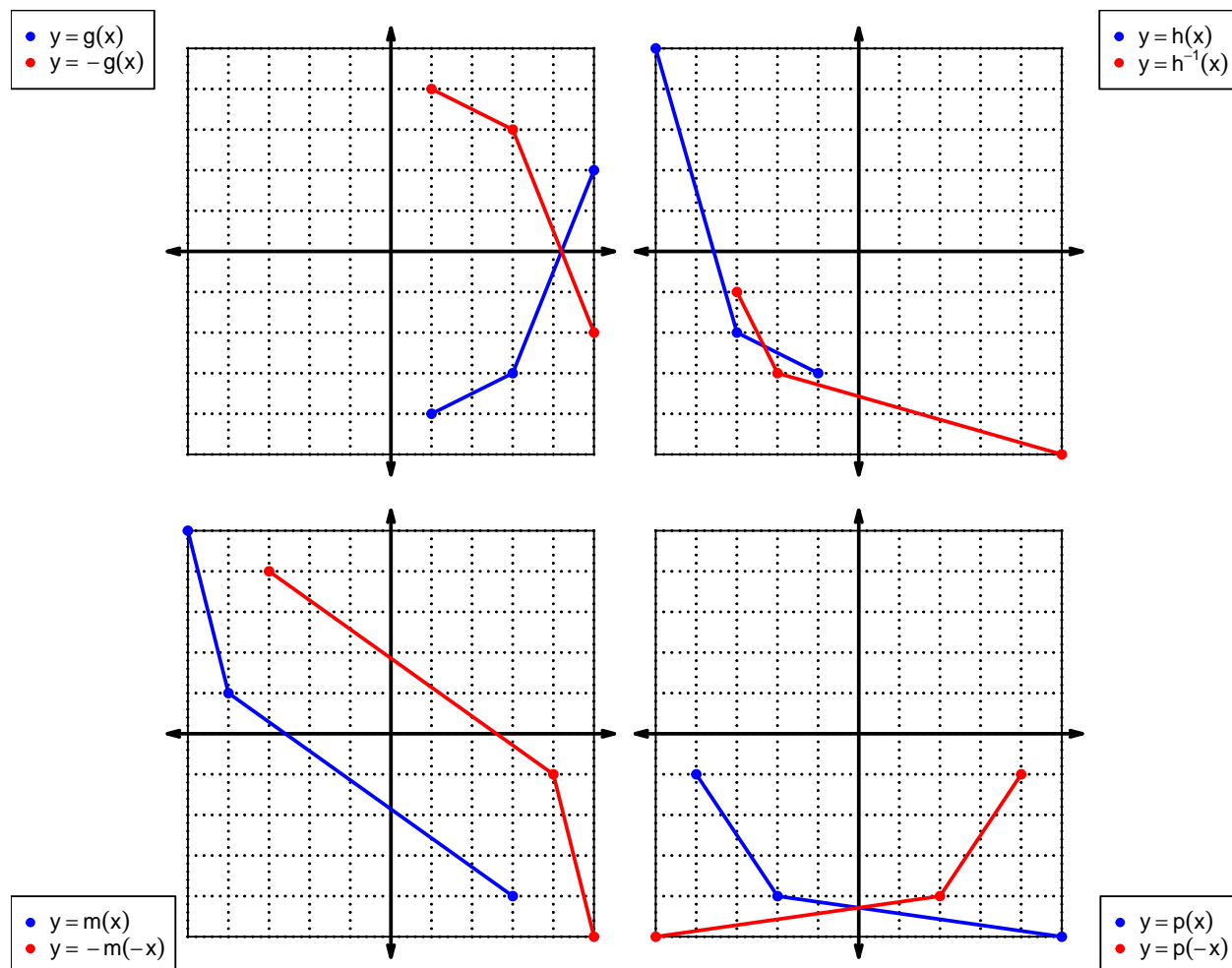
$$f(x) = 2x^4 + 9x^3 + 3x^2 - 7x - 5$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections**Polynomials**

$-f(x)$	●	●	$-2x^4 + 9x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x + 5$
$-f(-x)$	●	●	$2x^4 - 9x^3 + 3x^2 + 7x - 5$
$f(-x)$	●	●	$-2x^4 - 9x^3 - 3x^2 + 7x + 5$

2. In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

For all questions on this page, the functions f , g , and h are defined by the table below.

x	$f(x)$	$g(x)$	$h(x)$
1	4	7	2
2	7	2	3
3	8	4	9
4	9	6	4
5	1	3	7
6	3	9	5
7	5	8	6
8	6	5	1
9	2	1	8

3. Evaluate $h(5)$.

$$h(5) = 7$$

4. Evaluate $f^{-1}(8)$.

$$f^{-1}(8) = 3$$

5. Assuming f is an **even** function, evaluate $f(-2)$.

If function f is even, then

$$f(-2) = 7$$

6. Assuming g is an **odd** function, evaluate $g(-1)$.

If function g is odd, then

$$g(-1) = -7$$

Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

7. A function, f , is **even** if $f(x) = f(-x)$ for all x in the domain. A function, g , is **odd** if $g(x) = -g(-x)$ for all x in the domain.

Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = -x^3 - 1$$

- a. Express $p(-x)$ as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = -(-x)^3 - 1$$

$$p(-x) = x^3 - 1$$

- b. Express $-p(-x)$ as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(x^3 - 1)$$

$$-p(-x) = -x^3 + 1$$

- c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

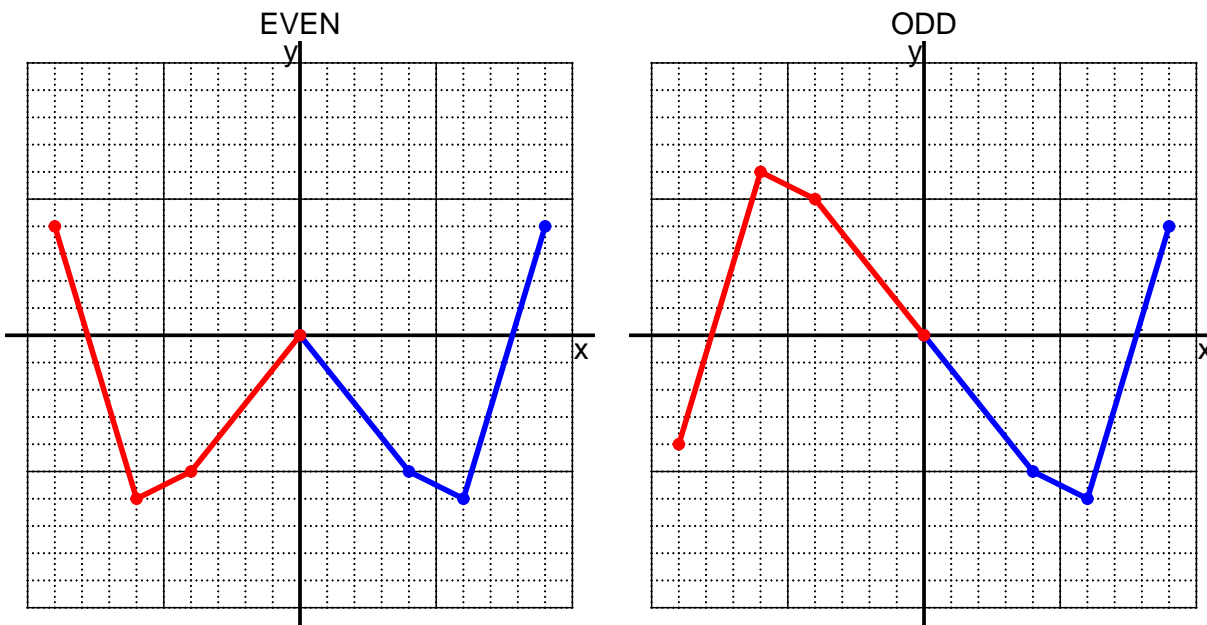
neither

- d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that $p(x)$ is not equivalent to either $p(-x)$ or $-p(-x)$, so p is neither even nor odd.

Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

8. I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x - 6}{7}$$

a. Evaluate $f(83)$.

step 1: subtract 6
step 2: divide by 7

$$\begin{aligned} f(83) &= \frac{(83) - 6}{7} \\ f(83) &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

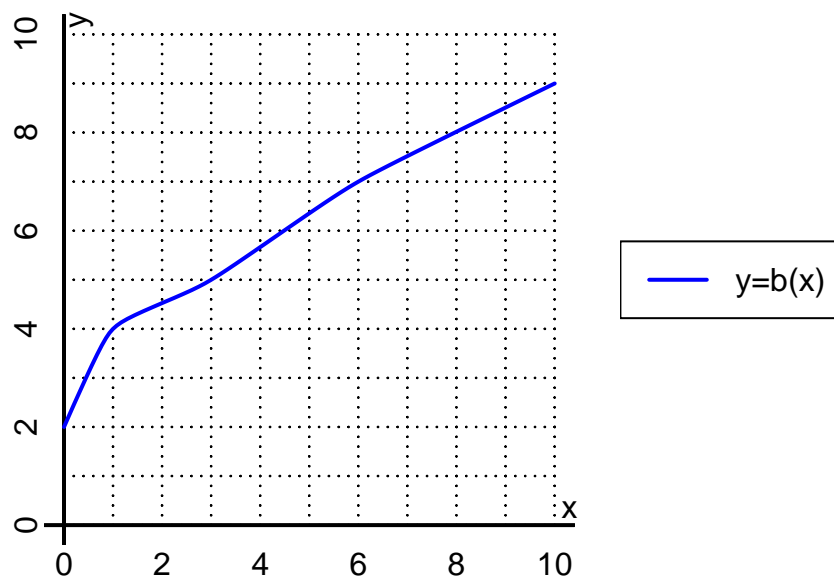
b. Evaluate $f^{-1}(13)$.

step 1: multiply by 7
step 2: add 6

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(x) &= 7x + 6 \\ f^{-1}(13) &= 7(13) + 6 \\ f^{-1}(13) &= 97 \end{aligned}$$

Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

10. The function b is represented by the curve $y = b(x)$ graphed below.



a. Evaluate $b(6)$.

$$b(6) = 7$$

b. Evaluate $b^{-1}(5)$.

$$b^{-1}(5) = 3$$

Exam: Function Reflections (Solution version 34)

11. Function f is defined by the table below.

a. Complete the columns for $-f(x)$ and $f(-x)$ and $-f(-x)$.

x	$f(x)$	$-f(x)$	$f(-x)$	$-f(-x)$
-2	3	-3	-3	3
-1	-6	6	6	-6
0	0	0	0	0
1	6	-6	-6	6
2	-3	3	3	-3

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

odd

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is odd because column $-f(-x)$ matches column $f(x)$ exactly.