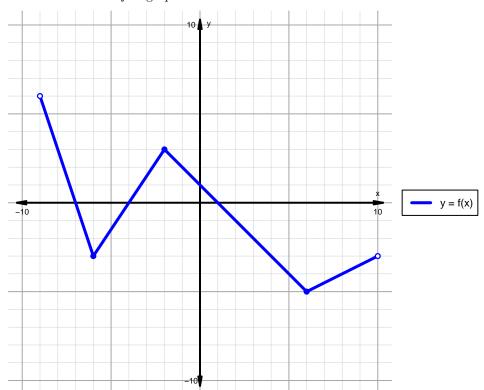
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 43)

1. The function f is graphed below.

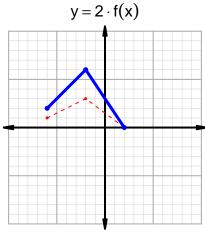


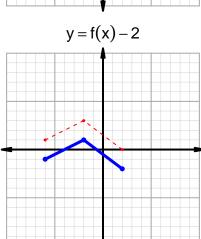
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

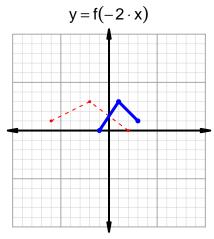
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-9, -7) \cup (-4, 1)$
Negative	$(-7, -4) \cup (1, 10)$
Increasing	$(-6, -2) \cup (6, 10)$
Decreasing	$(-9, -6) \cup (-2, 6)$
Domain	(-9, 10)
Range	(-5,6)

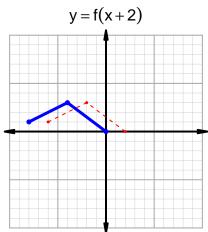
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 43)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=44$  and  $x_2=56$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 33 & 56 \\ 44 & 33 \\ 56 & 60 \\ 60 & 44 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(56) - g(44)}{56 - 44} = \frac{60 - 33}{56 - 44} = \frac{27}{12}$$

The greatest common factor of 27 and 12 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{9}{4}$$

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