Name: Date:

PCW_09_22 Coordinate transformations v15

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; \frac{f\left[\frac{x+8}{5}\right]-3}{6}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 3\cdot\left(f\left[\frac{x-8}{2}\right]+6\right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 4\cdot f[6x+9]-3$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

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Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 3 \cdot \left(f\left[\frac{x}{5} + 8 \right] - 4 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; \frac{f[9\,(x+7)]}{4} + 6$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 6 \cdot f\left[\frac{x}{4} - 9 \right] + 5$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.