Name: Date:

PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v3

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 2 \cdot f\left[\frac{x+8}{6}\right] - 3$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to (6a-8, 2b-3)$$

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 2 \cdot f[9x+5] + 7$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a-5}{9}, 2b+7\right)$$

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[4x-3]+9}{7}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a+3}{4}, \frac{b+9}{7}\right)$$

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Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f\left[\frac{x}{6} + 4\right] - 9}{8}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(6(a-4), \frac{b-9}{8}\right)$$

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 7 \cdot \left(f\left[\frac{x-3}{8}\right] + 5 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to (8a+3, 7(b+5))$$

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[2(x-7)]}{4} - 5$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(\frac{a}{2} + 7, \frac{b}{4} - 5\right)$$