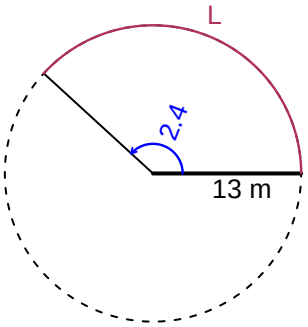
Name: Date:

Trig Final (Solution v43)

- You should have a calculator (like Desmos) and a unit-circle reference sheet.

Question 1

In the figure below, we see a circle and a central angle that subtends an arc. The radius is 13 meters. The angle measure is 2.4 radians. How long is the arc in meters?

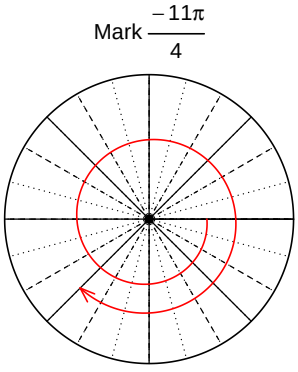


$$\theta = \frac{L}{r} \qquad r = \frac{L}{\theta} \qquad L = r\theta$$

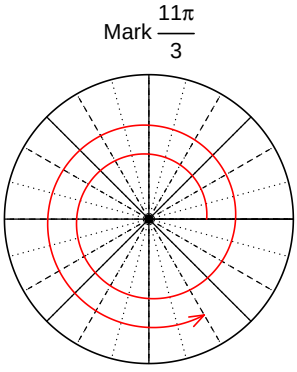
$L = 31.2$ meters.

Question 2

Consider angles $\frac{-11\pi}{4}$ and $\frac{11\pi}{3}$. For each angle, use a spiral with an arrow head to **mark** the angle on a circle below in standard position. Then, find **exact** expressions for $\cos\left(\frac{-11\pi}{4}\right)$ and $\sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{3}\right)$ by using a unit circle (provided separately).



Find $\cos(-11\pi/4)$



Find $\sin(11\pi/3)$

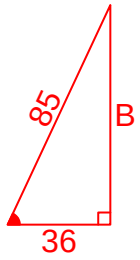
$\cos(-11\pi/4) = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\sin(11\pi/3) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Question 3

If $\cos(\theta) = \frac{36}{85}$, and θ is in quadrant IV, determine an exact value for $\sin(\theta)$.

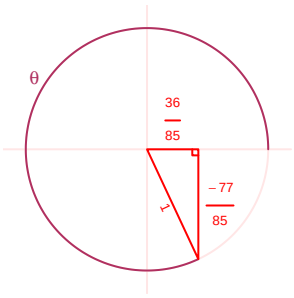
Ignore any negatives and the quadrant, and draw a right triangle (based on SOHCAHTOA) in standard (quadrant I) orientation.



Solve the Pythagorean Equation

$$36^2 + B^2 = 85^2$$
$$B = \sqrt{85^2 - 36^2}$$
$$B = 77$$

Rescale the triangle so the hypotenuse is 1. Reflect the triangle into Quadrant IV in a unit circle.



$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{-77}{85}$$

Question 4

A mass-spring system oscillates vertically with a midline at $y = 7.13$ meters, an amplitude of 2.25 meters, and a frequency of 4.55 Hz. At $t = 0$, the mass is at the midline and moving up. Write an equation to model the height (y in meters) as a function of time (t in seconds).

Any of these equations would get full credit.

$$y = 2.25\sin(2\pi 4.55t) + 7.13$$

or

$$y = 2.25\sin(9.1\pi t) + 7.13$$

or

$$y = 2.25\sin(28.59t) + 7.13$$