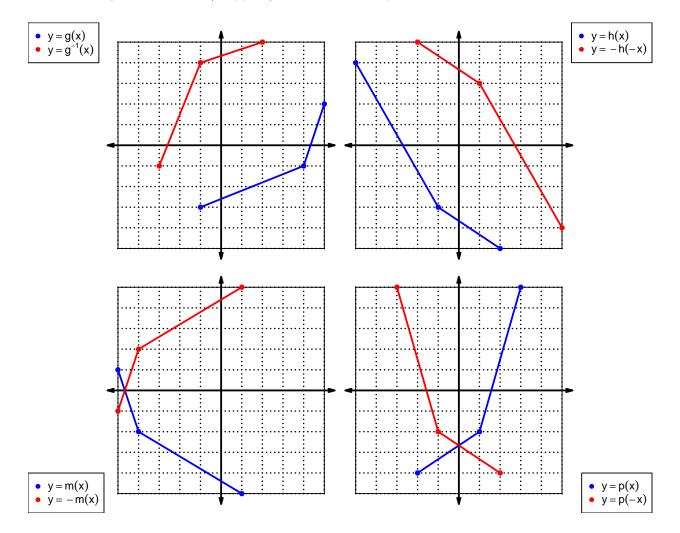
1. Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = 4x^4 + 8x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x - 2$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections	Polynomials	
f(-x)	$4x^4 - 8x^3 + 3x^2 - 9x - 2$	
- f(x) ●	$-4x^4 + 8x^3 - 3x^2 + 9x + 2$	
-f(-x) •	$-4x^4 - 8x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 2$	

2. In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

\boldsymbol{x}	f(x)	g(x)	h(x)
1	3	8	2
2	5	9	1
3	7	6	5
4	8	5	3
5	9	4	6
6	4	7	8
7	1	2	9
8	2	3	7
9	6	1	4

3. Evaluate g(9).

$$g(9) = 1$$

4. Evaluate $f^{-1}(4)$.

$$f^{-1}(4) = 6$$

5. By filling more rows of the table, it is possible to make function h **odd**. If that were done, what would be the value of h(-3)?

If function h is odd, then

$$h(-3) = -5$$

6. By filling more rows of the table, it is possible to make function f even. If that were done, what would be the value of f(-2)?

If function f is even, then

$$f(-2) = 5$$

7. A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain.

Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = x^3 - x$$

a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = (-x)^3 - (-x)$$
$$p(-x) = -x^3 + x$$

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(-x^3 + x)$$
$$-p(-x) = x^3 - x$$

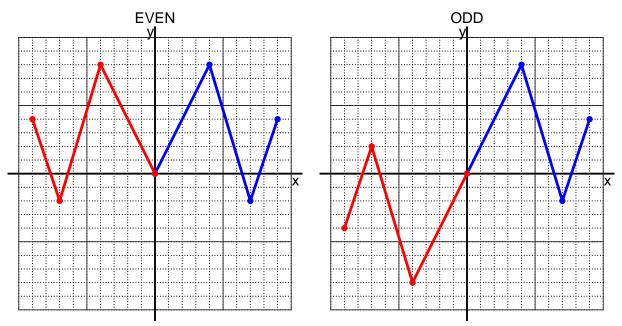
c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

odd

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that p(x) = -p(-x) for all x because p(x) and -p(-x) are equivalent polynomials. Thus function p satisfies the criterion for being an odd function.

8. I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x+7}{9}$$

a. Evaluate f(11).

step 1: add 7 step 2: divide by 9

$$f(11) = \frac{(11) + 7}{9}$$
$$f(11) = 2$$

b. Evaluate $f^{-1}(4)$.

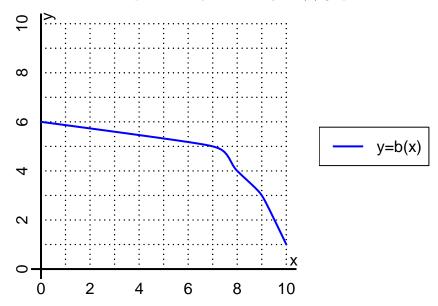
step 1: multiply by 9 step 2: subtract 7

$$f^{-1}(x) = 9x - 7$$

$$f^{-1}(4) = 9(4) - 7$$

$$f^{-1}(4) = 29$$

10. The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(8).

$$b(8) = 4$$

b. Evaluate $b^{-1}(5)$.

$$b^{-1}(5) = 7$$

- 11. Function f is defined by the table below.
 - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

\overline{x}	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	7	-7	7	-7
-1	4	-4	-4	4
0	0	0	0	0
1	-4	4	4	-4
2	7	-7	7	-7

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

neither

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is neither because neither column -f(-x) nor column f(-x) matches column f(x) exactly.