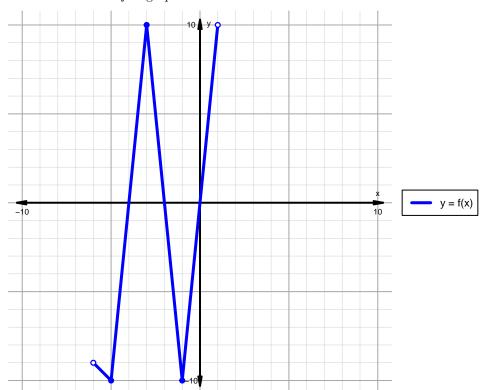
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 125)

1. The function f is graphed below.

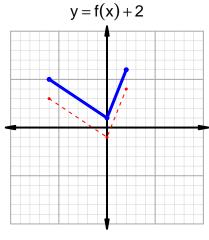


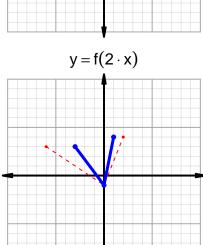
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

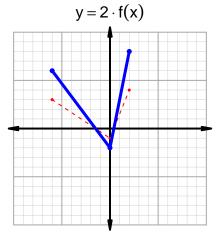
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-4, -2) \cup (0, 1)$
Negative	$(-6, -4) \cup (-2, 0)$
Increasing	$(-5, -3) \cup (-1, 1)$
Decreasing	$(-6, -5) \cup (-3, -1)$
Domain	(-6,1)
Range	(-10, 10)

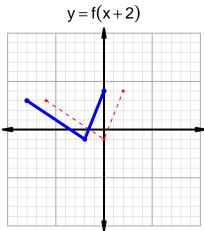
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=86$ and $x_2=98$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 56 & 98 \\ 66 & 86 \\ 86 & 56 \\ 98 & 66 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(98) - f(86)}{98 - 86} = \frac{66 - 56}{98 - 86} = \frac{10}{12}$$

The greatest common factor of 10 and 12 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{5}{6}$$

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