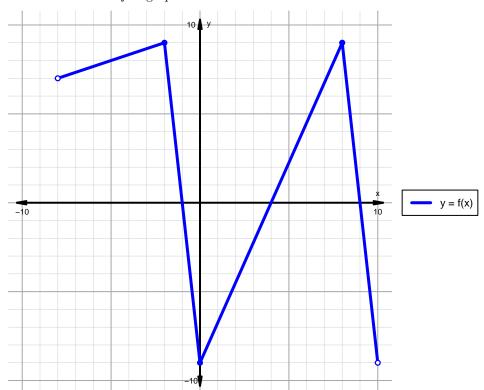
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 133)

1. The function f is graphed below.

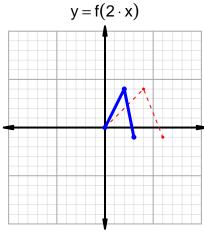


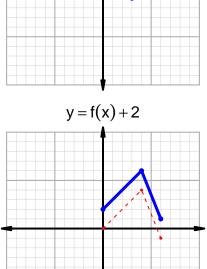
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

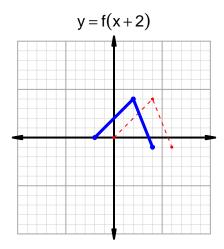
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-8,-1) \cup (4,9)$
Negative	$(-1,4) \cup (9,10)$
Increasing	$(-8, -2) \cup (0, 8)$
Decreasing	$(-2,0) \cup (8,10)$
Domain	(-8, 10)
Range	(-9,9)

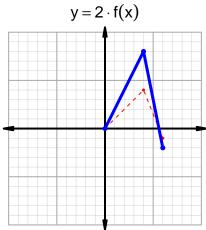
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 133)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=93$  and  $x_2=99$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 9 & 93 \\ 23 & 99 \\ 93 & 23 \\ 99 & 9 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(99) - f(93)}{99 - 93} = \frac{9 - 23}{99 - 93} = \frac{-14}{6}$$

The greatest common factor of -14 and 6 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-7}{3}$$

2