

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Polynomial Operations PRACTICE (version 29)

1. Let polynomials  $p(x)$  and  $q(x)$  be defined below.

$$p(x) = -10x^5 + 5x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 9$$

$$q(x) = -4x^5 - 6x^4 - 8x^3 + 2x^2 - 3$$

Express the sum of  $p(x) + q(x)$  in standard form.

2. Let polynomials  $a(x)$  and  $b(x)$  be defined below.

$$a(x) = 6x^2 - 5x - 4$$

$$b(x) = -2x - 8$$

Express the product  $a(x) \cdot b(x)$  in standard form.

3. Express  $(x + 1)^4$  in standard (expanded) form.

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4. Let polynomials  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  be defined below.

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= -4x^3 + 25x^2 + 23x - 13 \\g(x) &= x - 7\end{aligned}$$

The quotient of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  can be expressed as a polynomial,  $h(x)$ , and a remainder,  $R$  (a real number).

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = h(x) + \frac{R}{x - 7}$$

By using synthetic division or long division, express  $h(x)$  in standard form, and find the remainder  $R$ .

5. Let polynomial  $f(x)$  still be defined as  $f(x) = -4x^3 + 25x^2 + 23x - 13$ . Evaluate  $f(7)$ .