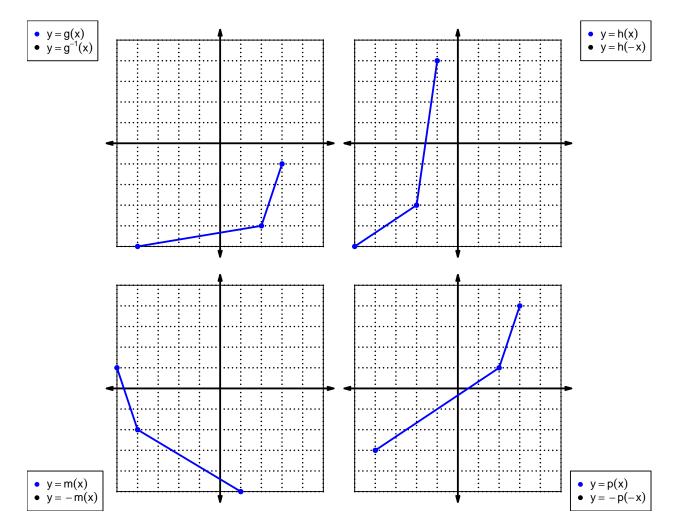
1. Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = -2x^5 - 3x^4 - 7x^3 + 5x^2 - 6x + 4$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections	Polynomials	
-f(x) •		
-f(-x) •		
f(−x) •		

2. In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

x	$\frac{f(x)}{8}$	g(x)	$\frac{h(x)}{5}$
1	8	7	5
$\frac{2}{3}$	9	9	4
3	5	2	1
4	1	6	8
5	7	4	6
6	3	8	3
7	6	5	2
8	2	3	9
9	4	1	7

3. Evaluate f(4).

4. Evaluate  $g^{-1}(3)$ .

5. Assuming f is an **odd** function, evaluate f(-2).

6. Assuming h is an **even** function, evaluate h(-9).

7. A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain.

Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = x^3 + x$$

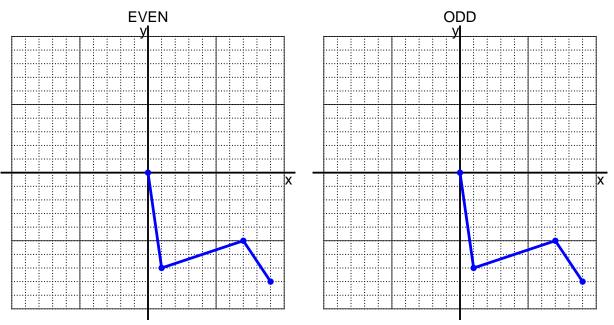
a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

8. I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



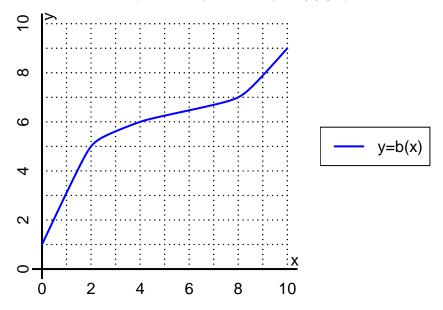
9. Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{5} + 3$$

a. Evaluate f(50).

b. Evaluate  $f^{-1}(12)$ .

10. The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(4).

b. Evaluate  $b^{-1}(5)$ .

- 11. Function f is defined by the table below.
  - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

x	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	3			
-1	7			
0	0			
1	7			
2	-3			

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

c. How do you know the answer to part b?