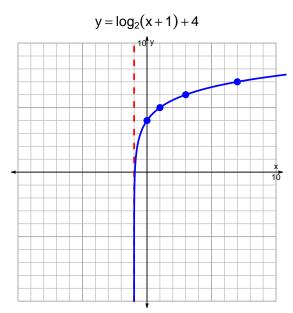
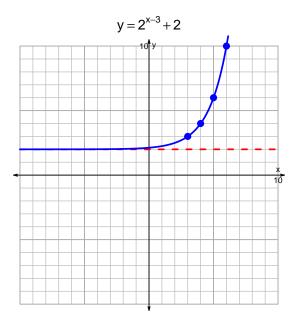
s18: EXP LOG (SLTN v302)

1. (10 pts) Graph $y = \log_2(x+1) + 4$ and $y = 2^{x-3} + 2$ on the grids below. Also, draw any asymptotes with dashed lines.





Somewhat useful hint: $2^3 = 8$, and thus $\log_2(8) = 3$.

2. (10 pts) Write (but do not evaluate) the solution to the equation below by writing a logarithmic expression. Please do not do any arithmetic; just move numbers around.

$$-13 = \left(\frac{-5}{7}\right) \cdot 2^{-3t/4}$$

Divide both sides by $\frac{-5}{7}$.

$$\frac{13 \cdot 7}{5} = 2^{-3t/4}$$

Take log, base 2, of both sides.

$$\log_2\left(\frac{13\cdot7}{5}\right) = \frac{-3t}{4}$$

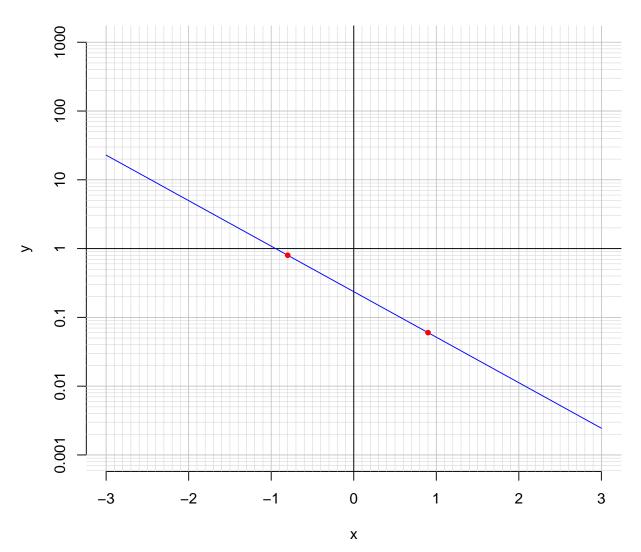
Divide both sides by $\frac{-3}{4}$.

$$\frac{-4}{3} \cdot \log_2\left(\frac{13 \cdot 7}{5}\right) = t$$

Switch sides.

$$t = \frac{-4}{3} \cdot \log_2 \left(\frac{13 \cdot 7}{5} \right)$$

3. (10 pts) An exponential function $f(x) = 0.236 \cdot e^{-1.52x}$ is graphed below on a semi-log plot.



a. Using the plot above, evaluate f(0.9).

$$f(0.9) = 0.06$$

b. The inverse function is logarithmic.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-1}{1.52} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{x}{0.236}\right)$$

Using the plot above, evaluate $f^{-1}(0.8)$.

$$f^{-1}(0.8) = -0.8$$