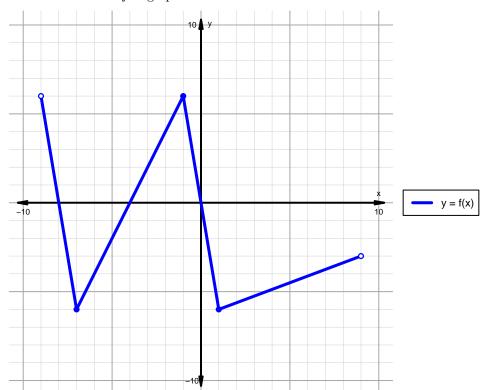
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 95)

1. The function f is graphed below.

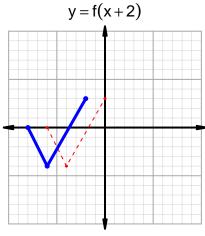


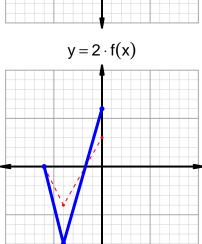
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

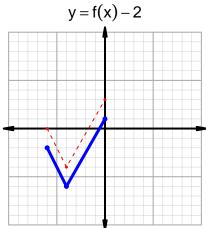
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-9, -8) \cup (-4, 0)$
Negative	$(-8, -4) \cup (0, 9)$
Increasing	$(-7,-1) \cup (1,9)$
Decreasing	$(-9, -7) \cup (-1, 1)$
Domain	(-9,9)
Range	(-6,6)

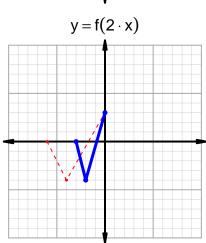
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 95)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=35$  and  $x_2=80$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 35 & 66 \\ 39 & 35 \\ 66 & 80 \\ 80 & 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(80) - g(35)}{80 - 35} = \frac{39 - 66}{80 - 35} = \frac{-27}{45}$$

The greatest common factor of -27 and 45 is 9. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-3}{5}$$

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