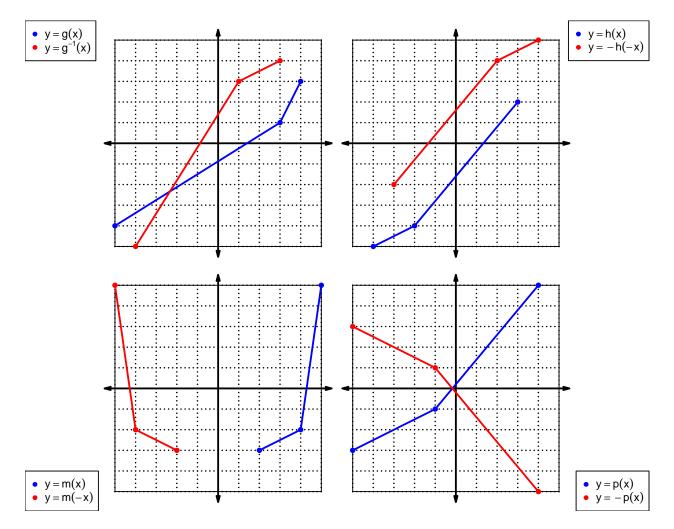
1. Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = -4x^5 - 5x^4 - 3x^3 - 9x^2 + 8x + 7$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections	Polynomials	
-f(-x) •	$4x^5 + 5x^4 + 3x^3 + 9x^2 - 8x - 7$	
-f(x)	$4x^5 - 5x^4 + 3x^3 - 9x^2 - 8x + 7$	
f(-x) •	$-4x^5 + 5x^4 - 3x^3 + 9x^2 + 8x - 7$	

2. In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

x	f(x)	g(x)	h(x)
1	7	7	4
2	8	3	8
3	5	6	1
4	9	8	2
5	4	9	3
6	2	5	7
7	3	4	5
8	6	1	9
9	1	2	6

3. Evaluate g(4).

$$g(4) = 8$$

4. Evaluate $h^{-1}(1)$.

$$h^{-1}(1) = 3$$

5. Assuming g is an **even** function, evaluate g(-6).

If function g is even, then

$$g(-6) = 5$$

6. Assuming f is an **odd** function, evaluate f(-7).

If function f is odd, then

$$f(-7) = -3$$

7. A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain.

Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = -x^2 + 1$$

a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = -(-x)^{2} + 1$$
$$p(-x) = -x^{2} + 1$$

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(-x^2 + 1)$$

 $-p(-x) = x^2 - 1$

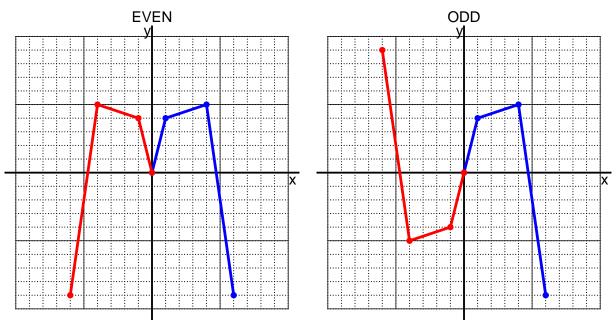
c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

even

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that p(x) = p(-x) for all x because p(x) and p(-x) are equivalent polynomials. Thus function p satisfies the criterion for being an even function.

8. I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = 8x - 6$$

a. Evaluate f(5).

step 1: multiply by 8 step 2: subtract 6

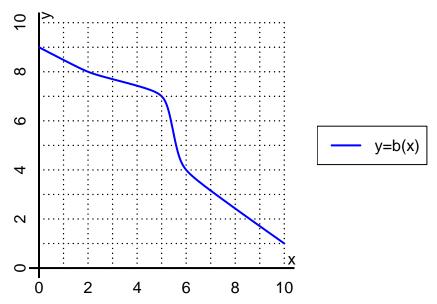
$$f(5) = 8(5) - 6$$
$$f(5) = 34$$

b. Evaluate $f^{-1}(10)$.

step 1: add 6 step 2: divide by 8

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+6}{8}$$
$$f^{-1}(10) = \frac{(10)+6}{8}$$
$$f^{-1}(10) = 2$$

10. The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(5).

$$b(5) = 7$$

b. Evaluate $b^{-1}(4)$.

$$b^{-1}(4) = 6$$

- 11. Function f is defined by the table below.
 - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

x	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	8	-8	-8	8
-1	-9	9	9	-9
0	0	0	0	0
1	9	-9	-9	9
2	-8	8	8	-8

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

odd

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is odd because column -f(-x) matches column f(x) exactly.