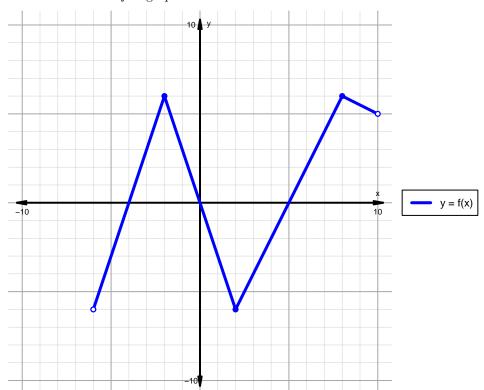
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 38)

1. The function f is graphed below.

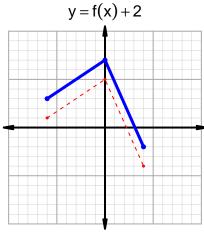


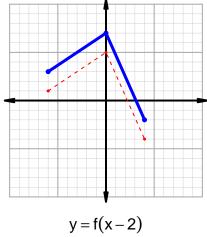
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

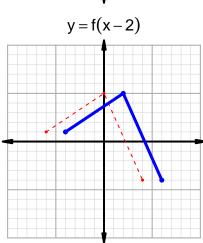
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-4,0) \cup (5,10)$
Negative	$(-6, -4) \cup (0, 5)$
Increasing	$(-6, -2) \cup (2, 8)$
Decreasing	$(-2,2) \cup (8,10)$
Domain	(-6, 10)
Range	(-6,6)

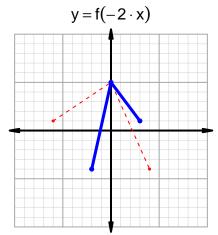
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 38)

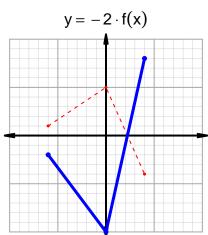
2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.











3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=36$ and $x_2=76$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 36 & 88 \\ 43 & 36 \\ 76 & 43 \\ 88 & 76 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(76) - g(36)}{76 - 36} = \frac{43 - 88}{76 - 36} = \frac{-45}{40}$$

The greatest common factor of -45 and 40 is 5. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-9}{8}$$

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