

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

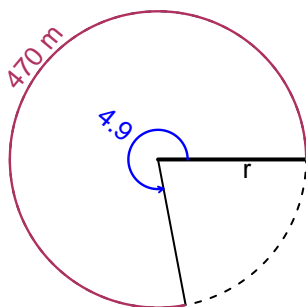
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**Trig Final (Solution v29)**

- You should have a calculator (like [Desmos](#)) and a [unit-circle](#) reference sheet.

**Question 1**

In the figure below, we see a circle and a central angle that subtends an arc. The angle measure is 4.9 radians. The arc length is 470 meters. How long is the radius in meters?

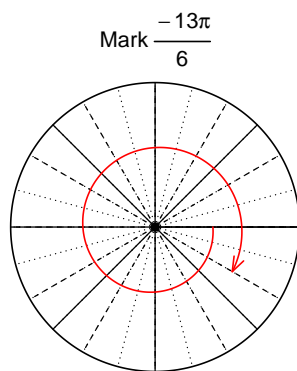


$$\theta = \frac{L}{r} \quad r = \frac{L}{\theta} \quad L = r\theta$$

$r = 95.92$  meters.

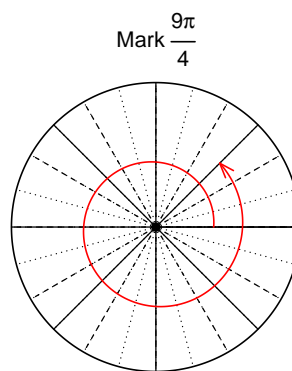
**Question 2**

Consider angles  $-\frac{13\pi}{6}$  and  $\frac{9\pi}{4}$ . For each angle, use a spiral with an arrow head to **mark** the angle on a circle below in standard position. Then, find **exact** expressions for  $\cos\left(-\frac{13\pi}{6}\right)$  and  $\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right)$  by using a unit circle (provided separately).



Find  $\cos(-13\pi/6)$

$$\cos(-13\pi/6) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



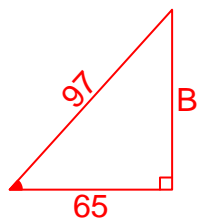
Find  $\sin(9\pi/4)$

$$\sin(9\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

### Question 3

If  $\cos(\theta) = \frac{-65}{97}$ , and  $\theta$  is in quadrant III, determine an exact value for  $\tan(\theta)$ .

Ignore any negatives and the quadrant, and draw a right triangle (based on SOHCAHTOA) in standard (quadrant I) orientation.



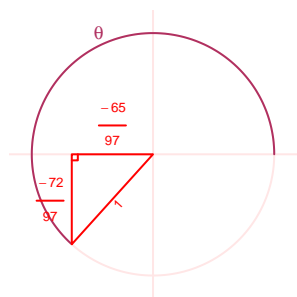
Solve the Pythagorean Equation

$$65^2 + B^2 = 97^2$$

$$B = \sqrt{97^2 - 65^2}$$

$$B = 72$$

Rescale the triangle so the hypotenuse is 1. Reflect the triangle into Quadrant III in a unit circle.



$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{\frac{-72}{97}}{\frac{-65}{97}} = \frac{72}{65}$$

### Question 4

A mass-spring system oscillates vertically with an amplitude of 2.08 meters, a midline at  $y = 4.72$  meters, and a frequency of 8.41 Hz. At  $t = 0$ , the mass is at the maximum height. Write an equation to model the height ( $y$  in meters) as a function of time ( $t$  in seconds).

Any of these equations would get full credit.

$$y = 2.08 \cos(2\pi 8.41t) + 4.72$$

or

$$y = 2.08 \cos(16.82\pi t) + 4.72$$

or

$$y = 2.08 \cos(52.84t) + 4.72$$