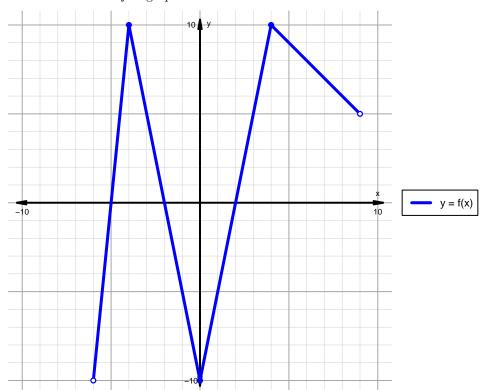
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 34)

1. The function f is graphed below.

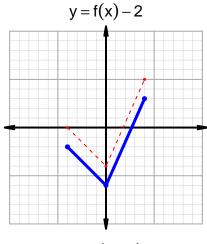


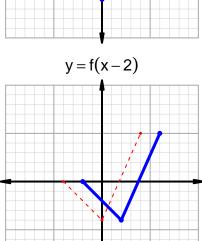
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

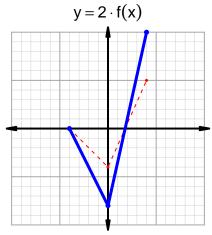
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-5, -2) \cup (2, 9)$
Negative	$(-6, -5) \cup (-2, 2)$
Increasing	$(-6, -4) \cup (0, 4)$
Decreasing	$(-4,0) \cup (4,9)$
Domain	(-6,9)
Range	(-10, 10)

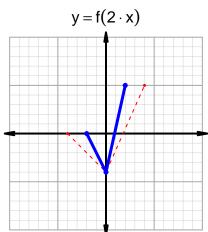
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 34)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=16$  and  $x_2=51$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 16 & 40 \\ 40 & 51 \\ 51 & 96 \\ 96 & 16 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(51) - g(16)}{51 - 16} = \frac{96 - 40}{51 - 16} = \frac{56}{35}$$

The greatest common factor of 56 and 35 is 7. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{8}{5}$$

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