## Polynomial Factoring solution (version 614)

1. The quadratic formula says if  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  then  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ . Use the quadratic formula to solve the following equation.

$$x^2 - 10x + 37 = 0$$

Simplify your answer(s) as much as possible.

Solution

$$x = \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(1)(37)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{100 - 148}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-48}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-16 \cdot 3}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm 4\sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

$$x = 5 \pm 2\sqrt{3}i$$

Notice that *i* in NOT under the square-root radical symbol!!

2. Express the product of 7-2i and -5+9i in standard form (a+bi).

Solution

$$(7-2i) \cdot (-5+9i)$$

$$-35+63i+10i-18i^{2}$$

$$-35+63i+10i+18$$

$$-35+18+63i+10i$$

$$-17+73i$$

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3. Write function  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 22x + 24$  in factored form. I'll give you a hint: one factor is (x-1).

Solution

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} & 1 & -3 & -22 & 24 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & -2 & -24 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & -24 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = (x-1)(x^2 - 2x - 24)$$

$$f(x) = (x-1)(x-6)(x+4)$$

4. Polynomial p is defined below in factored form.

$$p(x) = -(x+7) \cdot (x+3)^2 \cdot (x-1)^2$$

Sketch a graph of polynomial y = p(x).

