Name: Date:

Polynomial Operations PRACTICE (version 11)

1. Let polynomials $p(x)$ and $q(x)$ be defined below.

$$p(x) = 8x^5 + 9x^4 + x^2 + 5x + 4$$

$$q(x) = 7x^5 - 5x^4 - 3x^3 + 9x^2 - 10$$

Express the difference $p(x) - q(x)$ in standard form.

2. Let polynomials $a(x)$ and $b(x)$ be defined below.

$$a(x) = -7x^2 + 4x + 8$$

$$b(x) = -6x + 3$$

Express the product $a(x) \cdot b(x)$ in standard form.

3. Express $(x + 1)^5$ in standard (expanded) form.

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4. Let polynomials $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ be defined below.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= -x^3 - 8x^2 - 9x + 25 \\ g(x) &= x + 6 \end{aligned}$$

The quotient of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ can be expressed as a polynomial, $h(x)$, and a remainder, R (a real number).

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = h(x) + \frac{R}{x+6}$$

By using synthetic division or long division, express $h(x)$ in standard form, and find the remainder R.

5. Let polynomial $f(x)$ still be defined as $f(x) = -x^3 - 8x^2 - 9x + 25$. Evaluate $f(-6)$.