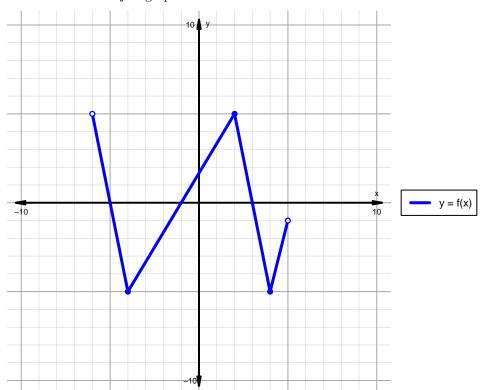
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 48)

1. The function f is graphed below.

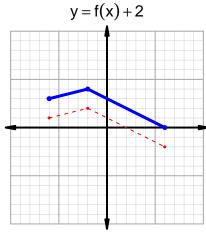


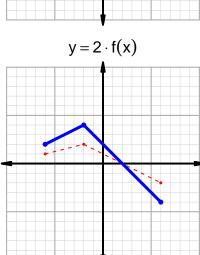
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

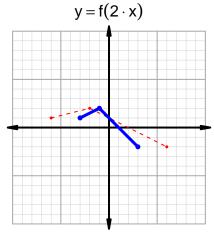
| Feature | Where |
|------------|-------------------------|
| Positive | $(-6, -5) \cup (-1, 3)$ |
| Negative | $(-5, -1) \cup (3, 5)$ |
| Increasing | $(-4,2) \cup (4,5)$ |
| Decreasing | $(-6, -4) \cup (2, 4)$ |
| Domain | (-6,5) |
| Range | (-5,5) |

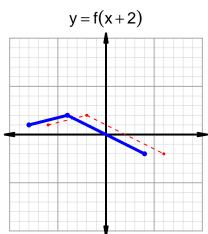
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=69$ and $x_2=83$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 69 & 87 \\ 80 & 69 \\ 83 & 80 \\ 87 & 83 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(83) - f(69)}{83 - 69} = \frac{80 - 87}{83 - 69} = \frac{-7}{14}$$

The greatest common factor of -7 and 14 is 7. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$\mathrm{AROC} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

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