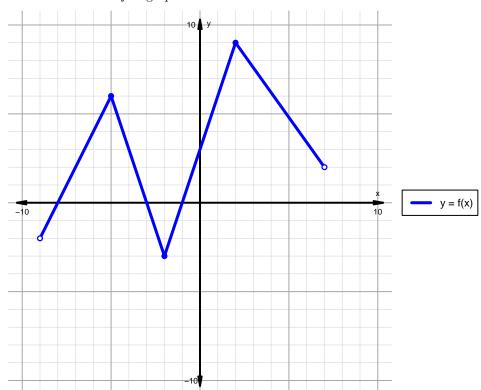
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 20)

1. The function f is graphed below.

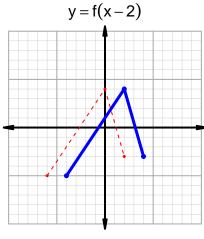


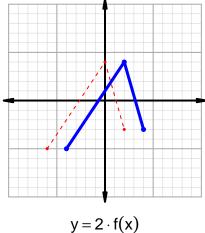
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

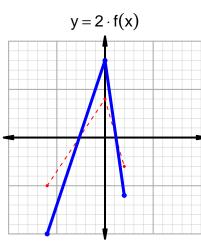
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-8, -3) \cup (-1, 7)$
Negative	$(-9, -8) \cup (-3, -1)$
Increasing	$(-9, -5) \cup (-2, 2)$
Decreasing	$(-5, -2) \cup (2, 7)$
Domain	(-9,7)
Range	(-3,9)

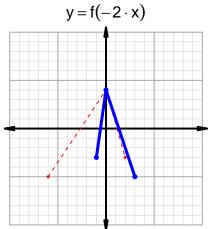
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 20)

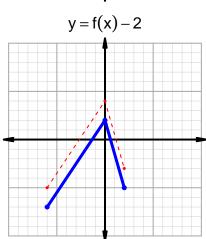
2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.











3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=22$ and $x_2=26$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 22 & 51 \\ 26 & 69 \\ 51 & 26 \\ 69 & 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(26) - g(22)}{26 - 22} = \frac{69 - 51}{26 - 22} = \frac{18}{4}$$

The greatest common factor of 18 and 4 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{9}{2}$$

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