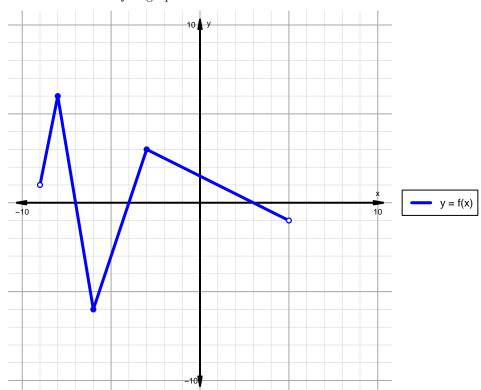
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 6)

1. The function f is graphed below.

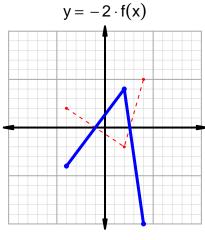


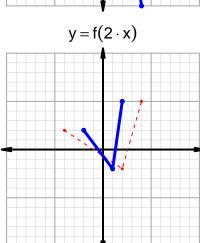
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

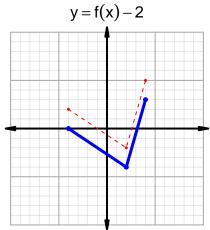
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-9, -7) \cup (-4, 3)$
Negative	$(-7, -4) \cup (3, 5)$
Increasing	$(-9, -8) \cup (-6, -3)$
Decreasing	$(-8, -6) \cup (-3, 5)$
Domain	(-9,5)
Range	(-6,6)

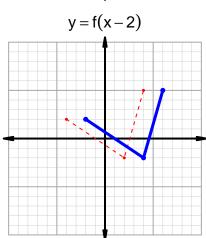
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 6)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=13$  and  $x_2=29$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 13 & 44 \\ 29 & 30 \\ 30 & 13 \\ 44 & 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(29) - g(13)}{29 - 13} = \frac{30 - 44}{29 - 13} = \frac{-14}{16}$$

The greatest common factor of -14 and 16 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-7}{8}$$

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