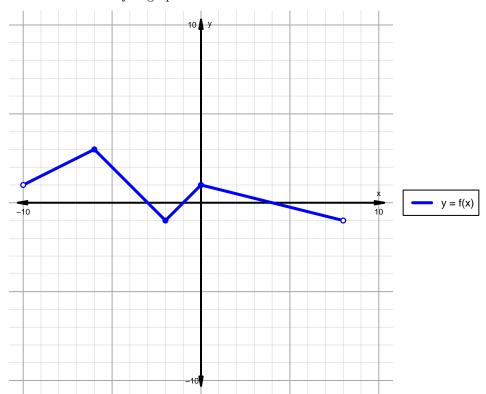
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 172)

1. The function f is graphed below.

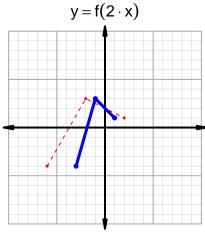


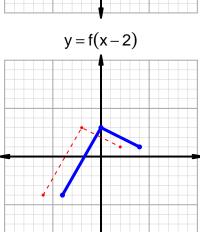
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

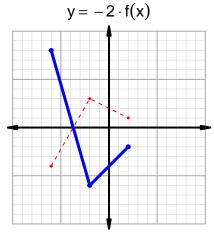
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-10, -3) \cup (-1, 4)$
Negative	$(-3,-1) \cup (4,8)$
Increasing	$(-10, -6) \cup (-2, 0)$
Decreasing	$(-6, -2) \cup (0, 8)$
Domain	(-10,8)
Range	(-1,3)

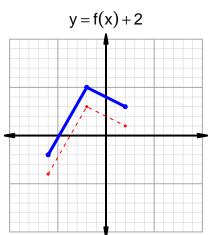
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 172)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=37$  and  $x_2=85$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 31 & 85 \\ 37 & 31 \\ 73 & 37 \\ 85 & 73 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(85) - g(37)}{85 - 37} = \frac{73 - 31}{85 - 37} = \frac{42}{48}$$

The greatest common factor of 42 and 48 is 6. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{7}{8}$$

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