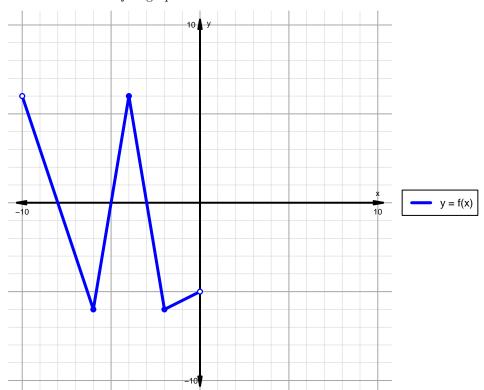
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 177)

1. The function f is graphed below.

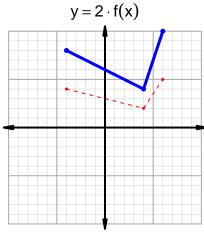


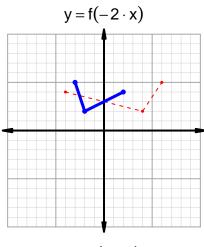
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

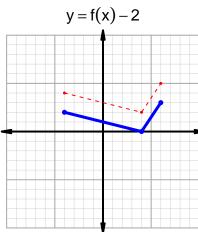
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-10, -8) \cup (-5, -3)$
Negative	$(-8, -5) \cup (-3, 0)$
Increasing	$(-6, -4) \cup (-2, 0)$
Decreasing	$(-10, -6) \cup (-4, -2)$
Domain	(-10,0)
Range	(-6,6)

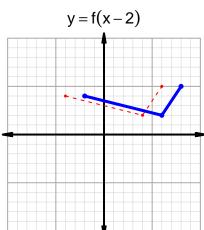
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 177)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=66$  and  $x_2=76$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$\overline{x}$	g(x)
13	66
15	76
66	15
76	13

$$\frac{g(76) - g(66)}{76 - 66} = \frac{13 - 15}{76 - 66} = \frac{-2}{10}$$

The greatest common factor of -2 and 10 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-1}{5}$$

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