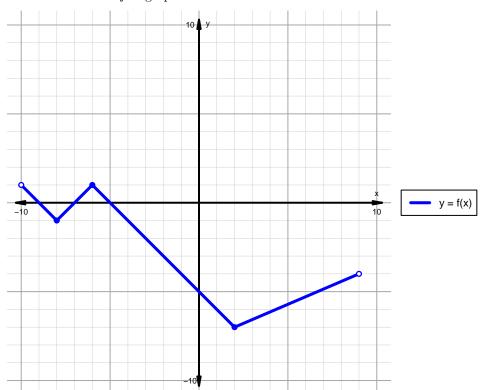
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 136)

1. The function f is graphed below.

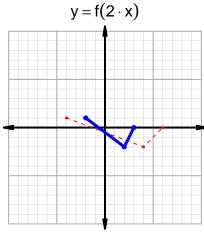


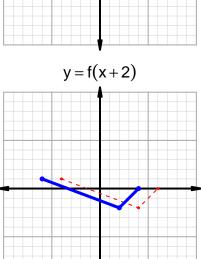
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

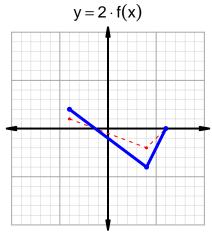
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-10, -9) \cup (-7, -5)$
Negative	$(-9, -7) \cup (-5, 9)$
Increasing	$(-8, -6) \cup (2, 9)$
Decreasing	$(-10, -8) \cup (-6, 2)$
Domain	(-10,9)
Range	(-7,1)

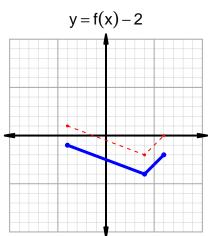
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 136)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=78$  and  $x_2=87$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 33 & 78 \\ 48 & 87 \\ 78 & 48 \\ 87 & 33 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(87) - f(78)}{87 - 78} = \frac{33 - 48}{87 - 78} = \frac{-15}{9}$$

The greatest common factor of -15 and 9 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-5}{3}$$

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