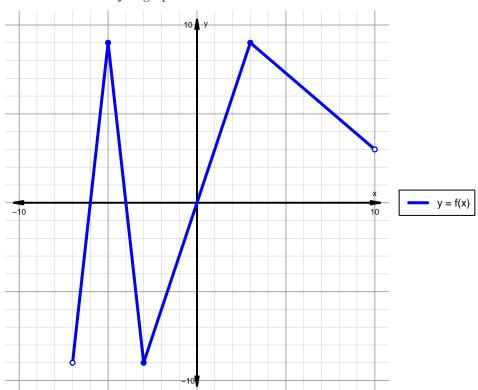
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 170)

1. The function f is graphed below.

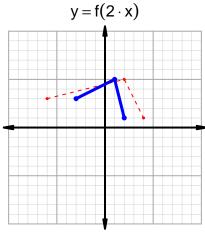


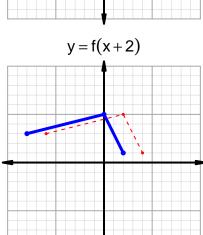
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

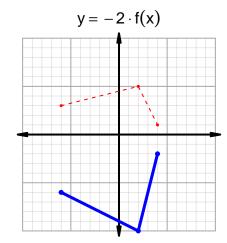
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-6, -4) \cup (0, 10)$
Negative	$(-7, -6) \cup (-4, 0)$
Increasing	$(-7, -5) \cup (-3, 3)$
Decreasing	$(-5, -3) \cup (3, 10)$
Domain	(-7, 10)
Range	(-9,9)

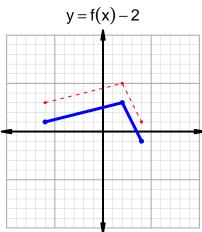
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 170)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=30$  and  $x_2=48$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 30 & 55 \\ 48 & 71 \\ 55 & 48 \\ 71 & 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(48) - g(30)}{48 - 30} = \frac{71 - 55}{48 - 30} = \frac{16}{18}$$

The greatest common factor of 16 and 18 is 2. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{8}{9}$$

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