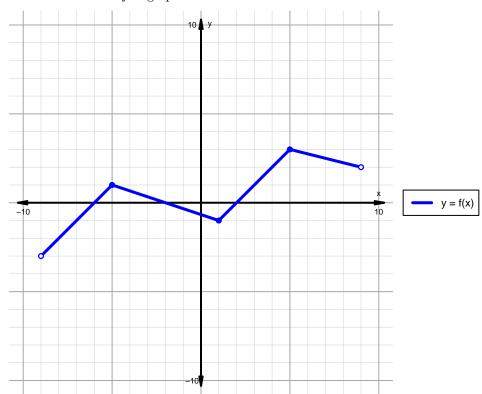
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 55)

1. The function f is graphed below.

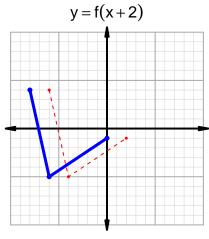


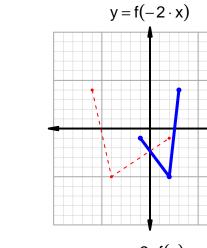
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

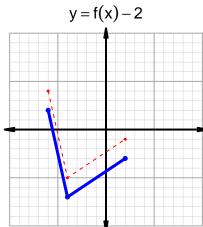
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-6, -2) \cup (2, 9)$
Negative	$(-9, -6) \cup (-2, 2)$
Increasing	$(-9, -5) \cup (1, 5)$
Decreasing	$(-5,1) \cup (5,9)$
Decreasing	$(0,1) \otimes (0,0)$
Domain	(-9,9)
Domain	(-9,9)
D	
Range	(-3,3)

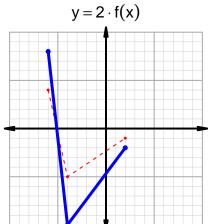
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=80$ and $x_2=98$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 25 & 80 \\ 80 & 88 \\ 88 & 98 \\ 98 & 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(98) - g(80)}{98 - 80} = \frac{25 - 88}{98 - 80} = \frac{-63}{18}$$

The greatest common factor of -63 and 18 is 9. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-7}{2}$$

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