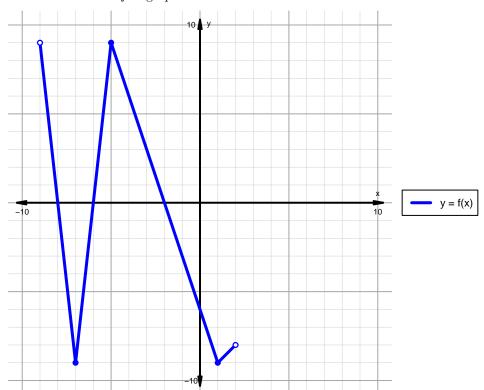
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 31)

1. The function f is graphed below.

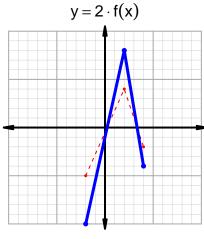


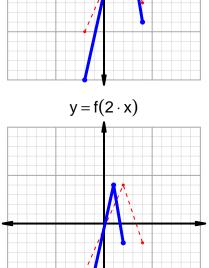
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

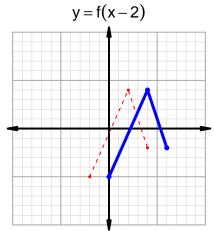
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-9, -8) \cup (-6, -2)$
Negative	$(-8, -6) \cup (-2, 2)$
Increasing	$(-7, -5) \cup (1, 2)$
Decreasing	$(-9, -7) \cup (-5, 1)$
Domain	(-9,2)
Range	(-9,9)

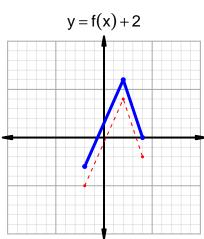
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 31)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=14$  and  $x_2=39$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\frac{g(39) - g(14)}{39 - 14} = \frac{20 - 55}{39 - 14} = \frac{-35}{25}$$

The greatest common factor of -35 and 25 is 5. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.  $\_$ 

$$AROC = \frac{-7}{5}$$

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