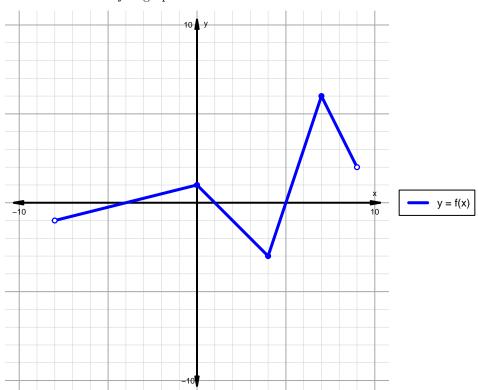
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 165)

1. The function f is graphed below.

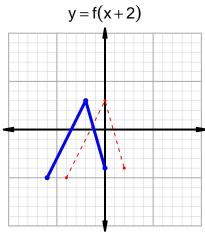


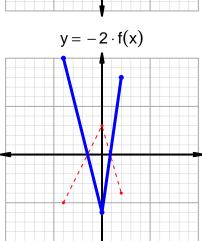
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

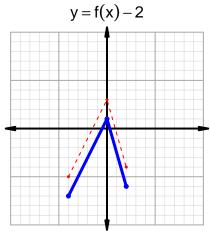
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-4,1) \cup (5,9)$
Negative	$(-8, -4) \cup (1, 5)$
Increasing	$(-8,0) \cup (4,7)$
Decreasing	$(0,4) \cup (7,9)$
Domain	(-8,9)
Range	(-3,6)

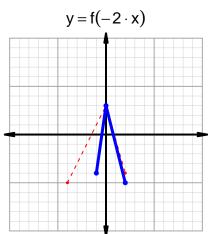
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 165)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=42$  and  $x_2=63$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 40 & 63 \\ 42 & 40 \\ 55 & 42 \\ 63 & 55 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(63) - g(42)}{63 - 42} = \frac{55 - 40}{63 - 42} = \frac{15}{21}$$

The greatest common factor of 15 and 21 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{5}{7}$$

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