## Polynomial Operations EXAM (version 152)

1. Let polynomials p(x) and q(x) be defined below.

$$p(x) = -9x^5 - 4x^3 - x^2 - 2x + 7$$

$$q(x) = 7x^5 - 2x^4 + x^2 + 8x + 3$$

Express the difference q(x) - p(x) in standard form.

2. Let polynomials a(x) and b(x) be defined below.

$$a(x) = -3x^2 - 2x + 4$$

$$b(x) = -3x + 8$$

Express the product  $a(x) \cdot b(x)$  in standard form.

3. Express  $(x+1)^6$  in standard (expanded) form.

## Polynomial Operations EXAM (version 152)

4. Let polynomials f(x) and g(x) be defined below.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 15x^2 + 19x - 29$$
$$g(x) = x + 5$$

The quotient of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  can be expressed as a polynomial, h(x), and a remainder, R (a real number).

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = h(x) + \frac{R}{x+5}$$

By using synthetic division or long division, express h(x) in standard form, and find the remainder R.

5. Let polynomial f(x) still be defined as  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 15x^2 + 19x - 29$ . Evaluate f(-5).