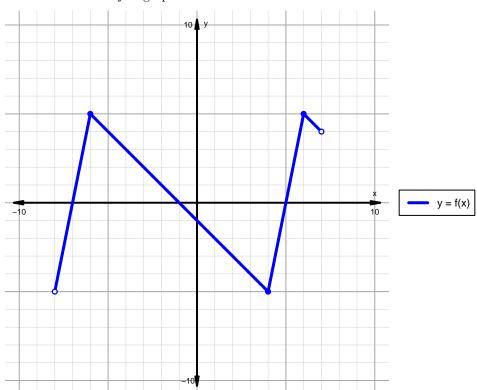
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Practice (version 36)

1. The function f is graphed below.

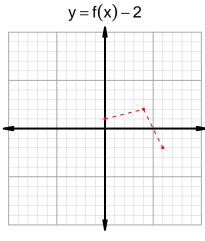


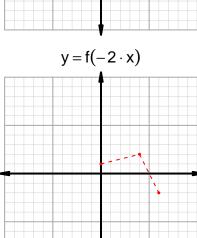
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

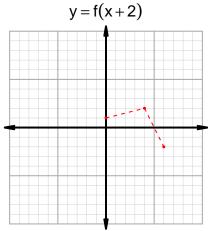
| Feature | Where |
|------------|-------|
| Positive | |
| | |
| Negative | |
| | |
| Increasing | |
| | |
| Decreasing | |
| | |
| Domain | |
| | |
| Range | |
| | |
| | |

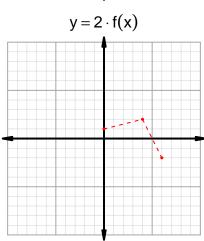
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Practice (version 36)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. Please add the indicated transformed graphs indicated by the equations below using a solid line.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=29$ and $x_2=53$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

| \overline{x} | g(x) |
|----------------|------|
| 29 | 49 |
| 49 | 53 |
| 53 | 81 |
| 81 | 29 |