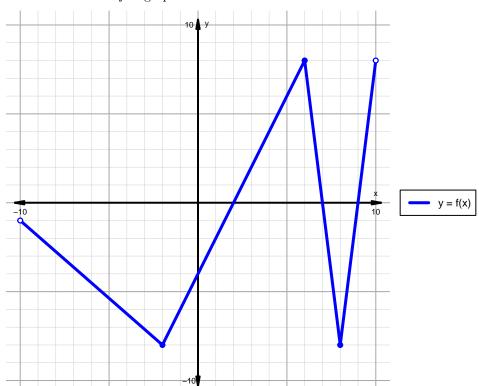
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 144)

1. The function f is graphed below.

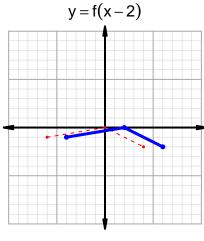


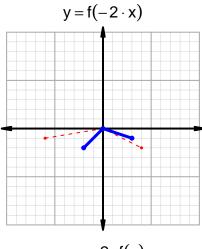
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

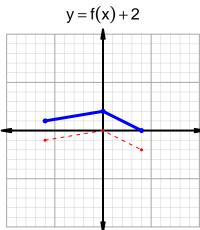
Feature	Where
Positive	$(2,7) \cup (9,10)$
Negative	$(-10,2) \cup (7,9)$
Increasing	$(-2,6) \cup (8,10)$
Decreasing	$(-10, -2) \cup (6, 8)$
Domain	(-10, 10)
Range	(-8,8)

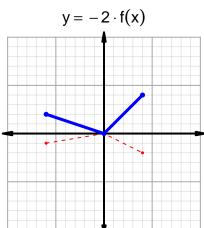
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=81$ and $x_2=90$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 12 & 81 \\ 33 & 90 \\ 81 & 33 \\ 90 & 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(90) - f(81)}{90 - 81} = \frac{12 - 33}{90 - 81} = \frac{-21}{9}$$

The greatest common factor of -21 and 9 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-7}{3}$$

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