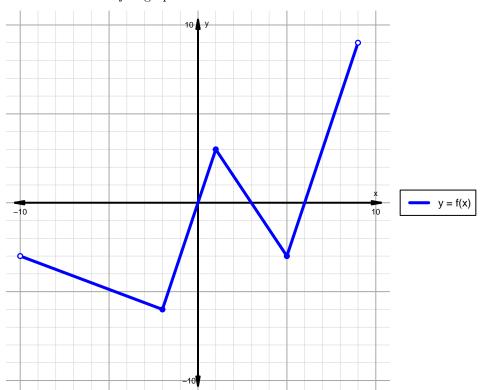
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 124)

1. The function f is graphed below.

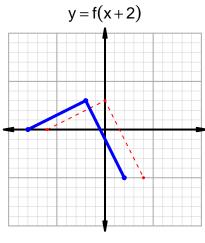


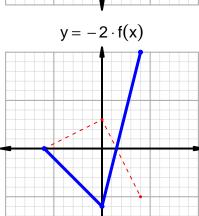
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

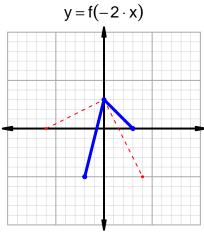
Feature	Where
Positive	$(0,3) \cup (6,9)$
Negative	$(-10,0) \cup (3,6)$
Increasing	$(-2,1) \cup (5,9)$
Decreasing	$(-10, -2) \cup (1, 5)$
Domain	(-10,9)
Range	(-6,9)

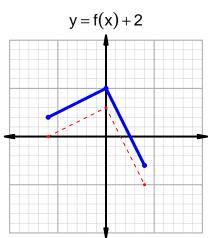
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=36$ and $x_2=51$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 36 & 44 \\ 44 & 51 \\ 50 & 36 \\ 51 & 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(51) - f(36)}{51 - 36} = \frac{50 - 44}{51 - 36} = \frac{6}{15}$$

The greatest common factor of 6 and 15 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{2}{5}$$

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