

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

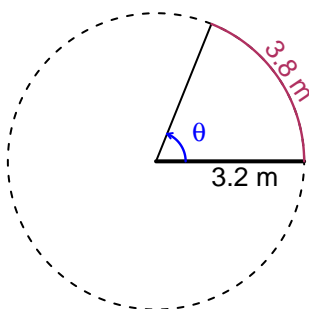
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Trig Final (SLTN v685)

- You can use a calculator (like [Desmos](#))
- You should have a unit-circle with special angles and coordinates marked.

### Question 1

In the figure below, we see a circle and a central angle that subtends an arc. The arc length is 3.8 meters. The radius is 3.2 meters. What is the angle measure in radians?

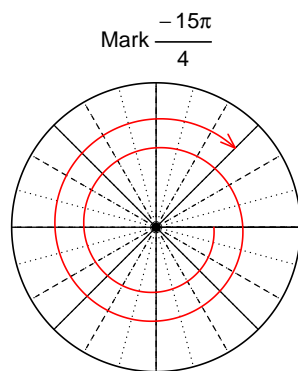


$$\theta = \frac{L}{r} \quad r = \frac{L}{\theta} \quad L = r\theta$$

$\theta = 1.187$  radians.

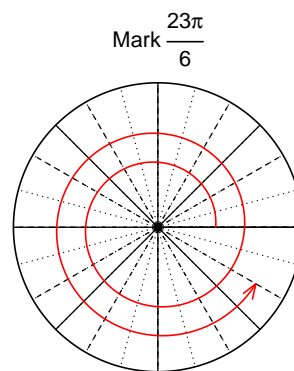
### Question 2

Consider angles  $-\frac{15\pi}{4}$  and  $\frac{23\pi}{6}$ . For each angle, use a spiral with an arrow head to **mark** the angle on a circle below in standard position. Then, find **exact** expressions for  $\cos\left(-\frac{15\pi}{4}\right)$  and  $\sin\left(\frac{23\pi}{6}\right)$  by using a unit circle (provided separately).



Find  $\cos(-15\pi/4)$

$$\cos(-15\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



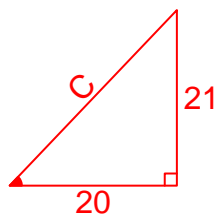
Find  $\sin(23\pi/6)$

$$\sin(23\pi/6) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

### Question 3

If  $\tan(\theta) = \frac{21}{20}$ , and  $\theta$  is in quadrant III, determine an exact value for  $\cos(\theta)$ .

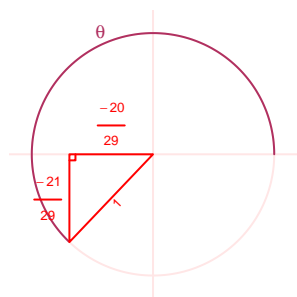
Ignore any negatives and the quadrant, and draw a right triangle (based on SOHCAHTOA) in standard (quadrant I) orientation.



Solve the Pythagorean Equation

$$\begin{aligned}20^2 + 21^2 &= C^2 \\ C &= \sqrt{20^2 + 21^2} \\ C &= 29\end{aligned}$$

Rescale the triangle so the hypotenuse is 1. Reflect the triangle into Quadrant III in a unit circle.



$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{-20}{29}$$

### Question 4

A mass-spring system oscillates vertically with an amplitude of 5.55 meters, a midline at  $y = -6.82$  meters, and a frequency of 8.73 Hz. At  $t = 0$ , the mass is at the midline and moving up. Write an equation to model the height ( $y$  in meters) as a function of time ( $t$  in seconds).

Any of these equations would get full credit.

$$y = 5.55 \sin(2\pi 8.73t) - 6.82$$

or

$$y = 5.55 \sin(17.46\pi t) - 6.82$$

or

$$y = 5.55 \sin(54.85t) - 6.82$$