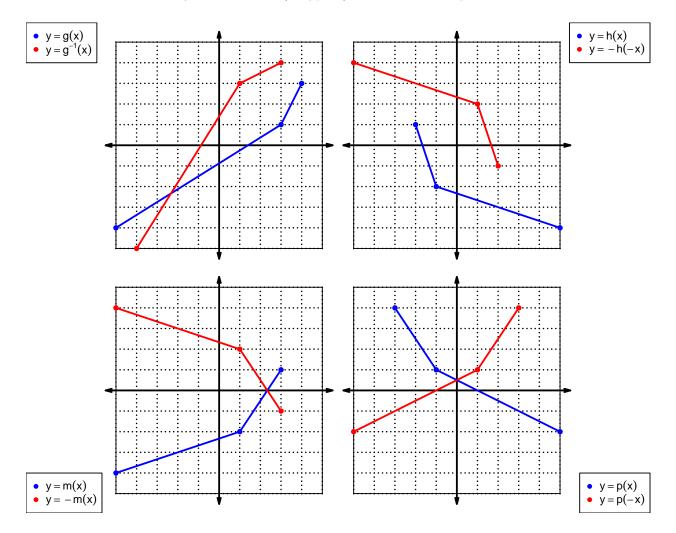
1. (worth 9 points) Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = -3x^5 - 7x^4 + 9x^3 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections	Polynomials	
f(−x) •	$3x^5 - 7x^4 - 9x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x + 5$	
-f(x) ●	$3x^5 + 7x^4 - 9x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 5$	
-f(-x) ●	$-3x^5 + 7x^4 + 9x^3 - 6x^2 - 8x - 5$	

2. (worth 20 points) In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

$\boldsymbol{x}$	$\frac{f(x)}{5}$	g(x)	h(x)
1	5	2	4
2	6	4	8
3	2	1	3
4	7	3	9
5	4	5	7
6	3	9	2
7	9	7	6
8	8	6	1
9	1	8	5

3. (worth 3 points) Evaluate g(1).

$$g(1) = 2$$

4. (worth 3 points) Evaluate  $h^{-1}(9)$ .

$$h^{-1}(9) = 4$$

5. (worth 3 points) Assuming g is an **odd** function, evaluate g(-6).

If function g is odd, then

$$g(-6) = -9$$

6. (worth 3 points) Assuming f is an **even** function, evaluate f(-3).

If function f is even, then

$$f(-3) = 2$$

7. (worth 15 points) A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain. Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = x^2 - x$$

a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = (-x)^2 - (-x)$$
  
 $p(-x) = x^2 + x$ 

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(x^2 + x)$$
$$-p(-x) = -x^2 - x$$

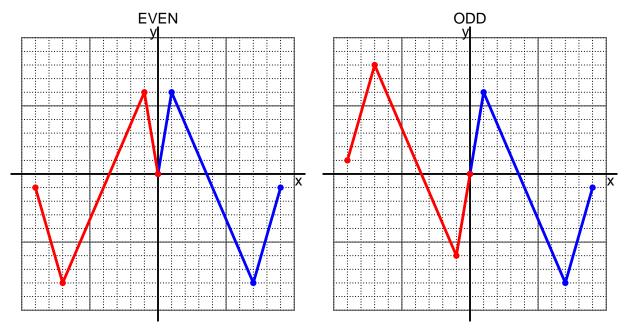
c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

neither

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that p(x) is not equivalent to either p(-x) or -p(-x), so p is neither even nor odd.

8. (worth 10 points) I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. (worth 10 points) Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x+8}{9}$$

a. Evaluate f(91).

step 1: add 8 step 2: divide by 9

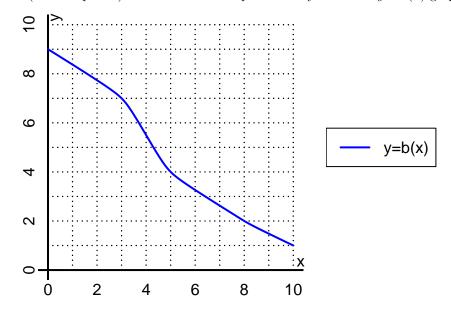
$$f(91) = \frac{(91) + 8}{9}$$
$$f(91) = 11$$

b. Evaluate  $f^{-1}(2)$ .

step 1: multiply by 9 step 2: subtract 8

$$f^{-1}(x) = 9x - 8$$
  
$$f^{-1}(2) = 9(2) - 8$$
  
$$f^{-1}(2) = 10$$

10. (worth 6 points) The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(8).

$$b(8) = 2$$

b. Evaluate  $b^{-1}(7)$ .

$$b^{-1}(7) = 3$$

- 11. (worth 18 points) Function f is defined by the table below.
  - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

$\overline{x}$	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	-9	9	9	-9
-1	5	-5	-5	5
0	0	0	0	0
1	-5	5	5	-5
2	9	-9	-9	9

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

odd

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is odd because column -f(-x) matches column f(x) exactly.