

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**ml1112paper: Solve by factoring (v4)**

1. Solve the equation

$$x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x - 3)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = 7$$

$$x = 3$$

2. Solve the equation

$$x^2 - 10x + 16 = 0$$

$$(x - 8)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 8$$

3. Solve the equation

$$9x^2 - 9x + 30 = 8x^2 + x + 5$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 25 = 0$$

$$(x - 5)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = 5$$

4. Solve the equation

$$6x^2 + 7x + 34 = 5x^2 - 5x + 2$$

$$x^2 + 12x + 32 = 0$$

$$(x + 8)(x + 4) = 0$$

$$x = -4$$

$$x = -8$$

5. Solve the equation

$$11x^2 + 58x - 48 = 0$$

$$(11x - 8)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = -6$$

$$x = \frac{8}{11}$$

6. Solve the equation

$$11x^2 + 40x - 16 = 0$$

$$(11x - 4)(x + 4) = 0$$

$$x = -4$$

$$x = \frac{4}{11}$$

7. Solve the equation

$$14x^2 - 32x + 24 = 7x^2 + x + 4$$

$$7x^2 - 33x + 20 = 0$$

$$(7x - 5)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x = 4$$

$$x = \frac{5}{7}$$

8. Solve the equation

$$5x^2 - 7x - 28 = 3x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$2x^2 - 5x - 25 = 0$$

$$(2x + 5)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{-5}{2}$$