Name: Date:

PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v14

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 8 \cdot f[3(x+6)] - 2$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a}{3} - 6, 8b - 2\right)$$

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 4 \cdot f\left[\frac{x}{7} - 5\right] + 6$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to (7(a+5), 4b+6)$$

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 2 \cdot (f[3(x-5)] + 8)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(\frac{a}{3} + 5, 2(b+8)\right)$$

PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v14

Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[5x-8]}{7} + 9$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(\frac{a+8}{5}, \frac{b}{7} + 9\right)$$

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 3 \cdot \left(f\left[\frac{x}{9} + 6\right] - 8\right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to (9(a-6), 3(b-8))$$

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \ = \ \frac{f[9x+8]+6}{5}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a-8}{9}, \frac{b+6}{5}\right)$$