Name:

Date:

PCW_09_22 Coordinate transformations v2

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 4 \cdot \left(f \left\lceil \frac{x+2}{3} \right\rceil + 7 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 5 \cdot f\left[\frac{x-4}{9}\right] + 2$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 6 \cdot \left(f\left[\frac{x}{7} + 9\right] - 4 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v2

Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[2(x+6)]}{8} - 7$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f\left[\frac{x}{7} - 3\right]}{9} + 8$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[4x - 9] - 2}{5}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.