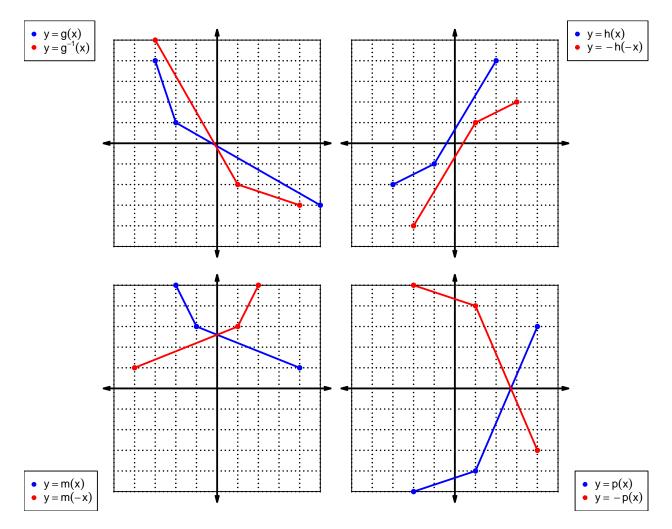
1. Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = -6x^5 + 3x^4 - 7x^3 + 9x^2 - 5x + 8$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:

Reflections	Polynomials	
f(-x) •	$6x^5 - 3x^4 + 7x^3 - 9x^2 + 5x - 8$	
-f(-x) •	$6x^5 + 3x^4 + 7x^3 + 9x^2 + 5x + 8$	
-f(x) •	$-6x^5 - 3x^4 - 7x^3 - 9x^2 - 5x - 8$	

2. In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

x	f(x) 5	g(x)	h(x)
1	5	2	9
2	3	9	8
3	1	4	7
4	9	7	1
5	6	8	2
6	7	3	4
7	8	1	6
8	4	6	5
9	2	5	3

3. Evaluate f(9).

$$f(9) = 2$$

4. Evaluate  $h^{-1}(6)$ .

$$h^{-1}(6) = 7$$

5. By filling more rows of the table, it is possible to make function g **odd**. If that were done, what would be the value of g(-3)?

If function g is odd, then

$$g(-3) = -4$$

6. By filling more rows of the table, it is possible to make function f even. If that were done, what would be the value of f(-8)?

If function f is even, then

$$f(-8) = 4$$

7. A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain.

Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = -x^2 - x$$

a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = -(-x)^{2} - (-x)$$
$$p(-x) = -x^{2} + x$$

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(-x^2 + x)$$
$$-p(-x) = x^2 - x$$

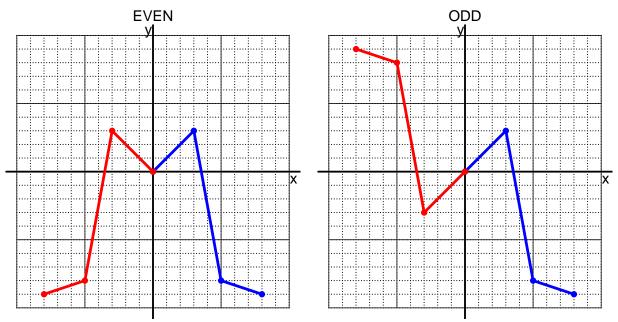
c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

neither

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that p(x) is not equivalent to either p(-x) or -p(-x), so p is neither even nor odd.

8. I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = 8x - 5$$

a. Evaluate f(10).

step 1: multiply by 8 step 2: subtract 5

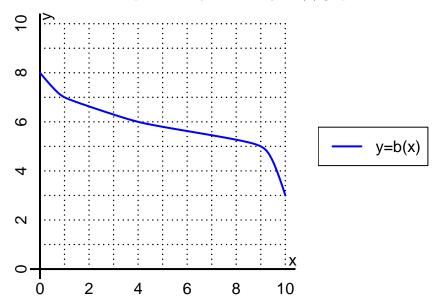
$$f(10) = 8(10) - 5$$
$$f(10) = 75$$

b. Evaluate  $f^{-1}(99)$ .

step 1: add 5 step 2: divide by 8

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{8}$$
$$f^{-1}(99) = \frac{(99)+5}{8}$$
$$f^{-1}(99) = 13$$

10. The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(4).

$$b(4) = 6$$

b. Evaluate  $b^{-1}(7)$ .

$$b^{-1}(7) = 1$$

- 11. Function f is defined by the table below.
  - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

$\overline{x}$	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	-8	8	8	-8
-1	9	-9	-9	9
0	0	0	0	0
1	-9	9	9	-9
2	8	-8	-8	8

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

odd

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is odd because column -f(-x) matches column f(x) exactly.