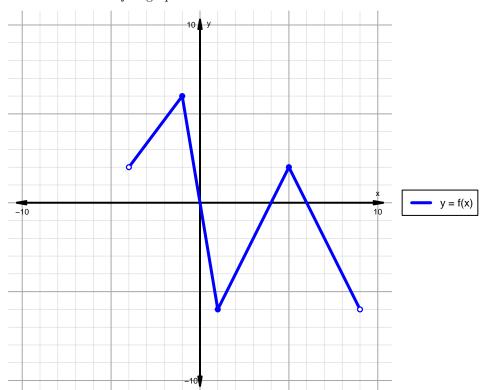
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 32)

1. The function f is graphed below.

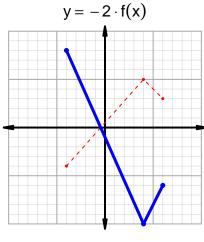


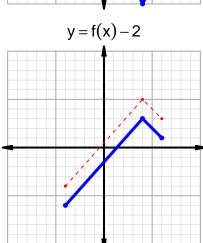
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

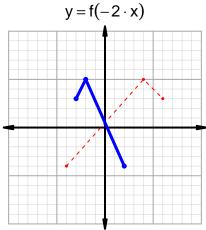
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-4,0) \cup (4,6)$
Negative	$(0,4) \cup (6,9)$
Increasing	$(-4, -1) \cup (1, 5)$
Decreasing	$(-1,1) \cup (5,9)$
Domain	(-4,9)
Range	(-6,6)

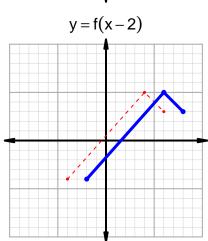
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 32)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. Please add the indicated transformed graphs indicated by the equations below using a solid line.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=48$  and  $x_2=93$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 22 & 93 \\ 48 & 22 \\ 85 & 48 \\ 93 & 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(93) - f(48)}{93 - 48} = \frac{85 - 22}{93 - 48} = \frac{63}{45}$$

The greatest common factor of 63 and 45 is 9. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{7}{5}$$

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