# PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v8

### Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 5 \cdot \left( f\left[\frac{x}{4} - 7\right] + 2\right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

### Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[2x-7]+4}{5}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

### Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 7 \cdot f[8x+3] + 6$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

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### Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 8 \cdot \left( f\left[\frac{x-9}{3}\right] - 6 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

### Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[7(x-3)] - 6}{2}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

### Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f\left[\frac{x}{3} + 7\right]}{8} + 6$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.