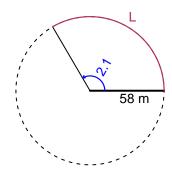
Trig Final (SLTN v632)

• You should have a calculator (like Desmos) and a unit-circle reference sheet.

Question 1

In the figure below, we see a circle and a central angle that subtends an arc. The angle measure is 2.1 radians. The radius is 58 meters. How long is the arc in meters?

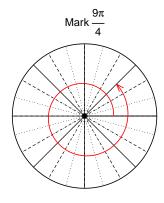


$$\theta = \frac{L}{r}$$
 $r = \frac{L}{\theta}$ $L = r\theta$

L = 121.8 meters.

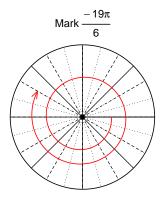
Question 2

Consider angles $\frac{9\pi}{4}$ and $\frac{-19\pi}{6}$. For each angle, use a spiral with an arrow head to **mark** the angle on a circle below in standard position. Then, find **exact** expressions for $\cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{4}\right)$ and $\sin\left(\frac{-19\pi}{6}\right)$ by using a unit circle (provided separately).



Find
$$cos(9\pi/4)$$





Find $sin(-19\pi/6)$

$$\sin(-19\pi/6) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Question 3

If $\tan(\theta) = \frac{-77}{36}$, and θ is in quadrant IV, determine an exact value for $\cos(\theta)$.

Ignore any negatives and the quadrant, and draw a right triangle (based on SOHCAHTOA) in standard (quadrant I) orientation.



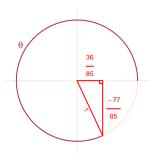
Solve the Pythagorean Equation

$$36^{2} + 77^{2} = C^{2}$$

$$C = \sqrt{36^{2} + 77^{2}}$$

$$C = 85$$

Rescale the triangle so the hypotenuse is 1. Reflect the triangle into Quadrant IV in a unit circle.



$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{36}{85}$$

Question 4

A mass-spring system oscillates vertically with an amplitude of 2.05 meters, a frequency of 7.25 Hz, and a midline at y = -4.55 meters. At t = 0, the mass is at the maximum height. Write an equation to model the height (y in meters) as a function of time (t in seconds).

Any of these equations would get full credit.

$$y = 2.05\cos(2\pi 7.25t) - 4.55$$

or

$$y = 2.05\cos(14.5\pi t) - 4.55$$

or

$$y = 2.05\cos(45.55t) - 4.55$$