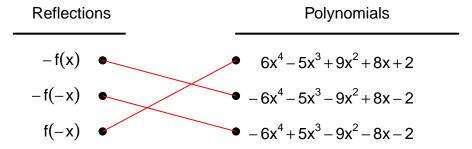
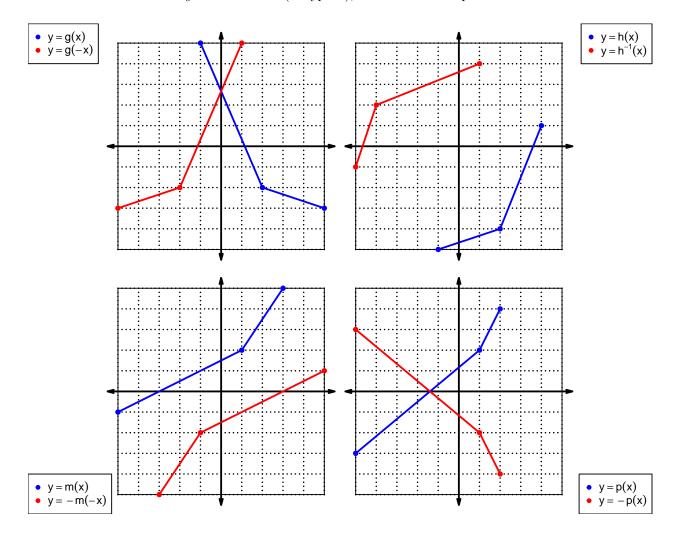
1. (worth 9 points) Let function f be defined by the polynomial below:

$$f(x) = 6x^4 + 5x^3 + 9x^2 - 8x + 2$$

Draw lines that match each function reflection with its polynomial:



2. (worth 20 points) In each xy plane shown below, a function is graphed with blue. Draw the indicated reflections (as a second curve, indicated in legend) with black (or with whatever you have). The x axis is horizontal and the y axis is vertical (as typical), and the scale is equal on both axes.



For all questions on this page, the functions f, g, and h are defined by the table below.

\boldsymbol{x}	f(x)	g(x)	h(x)
1	7	1	4
2	8	9	9
3	1	7	5
4	6	2	3
5	2	5	6
6	3	8	1
7	9	6	2
8	5	4	7
9	4	3	8

3. (worth 3 points) Evaluate f(6).

$$f(6) = 3$$

4. (worth 3 points) Evaluate $h^{-1}(2)$.

$$h^{-1}(2) = 7$$

5. (worth 3 points) Assuming g is an **odd** function, evaluate g(-5).

If function g is odd, then

$$g(-5) = -5$$

6. (worth 3 points) Assuming f is an **even** function, evaluate f(-1).

If function f is even, then

$$f(-1) = 7$$

7. (worth 15 points) A function, f, is **even** if f(x) = f(-x) for all x in the domain. A function, g, is **odd** if g(x) = -g(-x) for all x in the domain. Let polynomial p be defined with the following equation:

$$p(x) = -x^2 + 1$$

a. Express p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$p(-x) = -(-x)^{2} + 1$$
$$p(-x) = -x^{2} + 1$$

b. Express -p(-x) as a polynomial in standard form.

$$-p(-x) = -(-x^2 + 1)$$

 $-p(-x) = x^2 - 1$

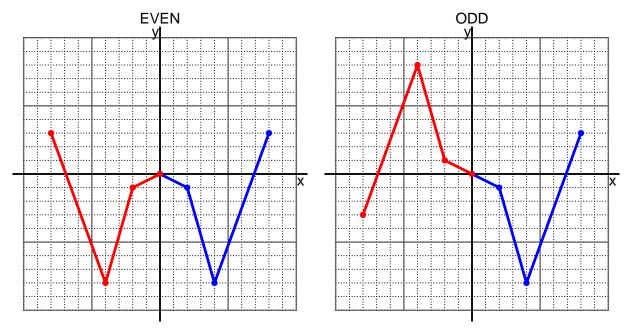
c. Is polynomial p even, odd, or neither?

even

d. Explain how you know the answer to part c.

We see that p(x) = p(-x) for all x because p(x) and p(-x) are equivalent polynomials. Thus function p satisfies the criterion for being an even function.

8. (worth 10 points) I have drawn half of a function. Draw the other half to make it even or odd.



9. (worth 10 points) Let function f be defined with the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{9} + 4$$

a. Evaluate f(72).

step 1: divide by 9 step 2: add 4

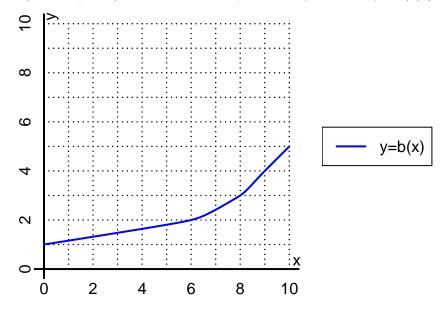
$$f(72) = \frac{(72)}{9} + 4$$
$$f(72) = 12$$

b. Evaluate $f^{-1}(6)$.

step 1: subtract 4 step 2: multiply by 9

$$f^{-1}(x) = 9(x-4)$$
$$f^{-1}(6) = 9((6) - 4)$$
$$f^{-1}(6) = 18$$

10. (worth 6 points) The function b is represented by the curve y = b(x) graphed below.



a. Evaluate b(9).

$$b(9) = 4$$

b. Evaluate $b^{-1}(3)$.

$$b^{-1}(3) = 8$$

- 11. (worth 18 points) Function f is defined by the table below.
 - a. Complete the columns for -f(x) and f(-x) and -f(-x).

\overline{x}	f(x)	-f(x)	f(-x)	-f(-x)
-2	6	-6	-6	6
-1	4	-4	4	-4
0	0	0	0	0
1	4	-4	4	-4
2	-6	6	6	-6

b. Is function f even, odd, or neither?

neither

c. How do you know the answer to part b?

Function f is neither because neither column -f(-x) nor column f(-x) matches column f(x) exactly.