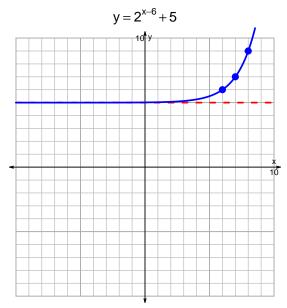
## s18: EXP LOG (SLTN v328)

1. (10 pts) Graph  $y = 2^{x-6} + 5$  and  $y = \log_2(x-2) + 1$  on the grids below. Also, draw any asymptotes with dashed lines.



 $y = \log_2(x-2) + 1$ 

Somewhat useful hint:  $2^3 = 8$ , and thus  $\log_2(8) = 3$ .

2. (10 pts) Write (but do not evaluate) the solution to the equation below by writing a logarithmic expression. Please do not do any arithmetic; just move numbers around.

$$-11 = \left(\frac{-5}{7}\right) \cdot 2^{-3t/4}$$

Divide both sides by  $\frac{-5}{7}$ .

$$\frac{11 \cdot 7}{5} = 2^{-3t/4}$$

Take log, base 2, of both sides.

$$\log_2\left(\frac{11\cdot7}{5}\right) = \frac{-3t}{4}$$

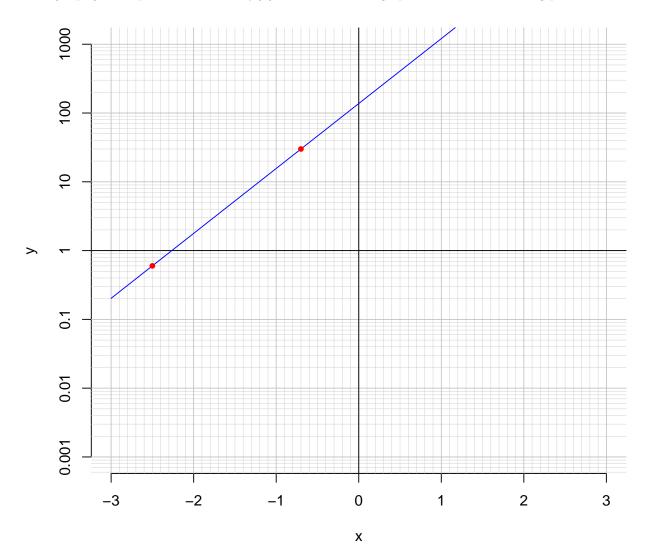
Divide both sides by  $\frac{-3}{4}$ .

$$\frac{-4}{3} \cdot \log_2\left(\frac{11 \cdot 7}{5}\right) = t$$

Switch sides.

$$t = \frac{-4}{3} \cdot \log_2 \left( \frac{11 \cdot 7}{5} \right)$$

3. (10 pts) An exponential function  $f(x) = 137 \cdot e^{2.17x}$  is graphed below on a semi-log plot.



a. Using the plot above, evaluate f(-2.5).

$$f(-2.5) = 0.6$$

b. The inverse function is logarithmic.

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2.17} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{x}{137}\right)$$

Using the plot above, evaluate  $f^{-1}(30)$ .

$$f^{-1}(30) = -0.7$$