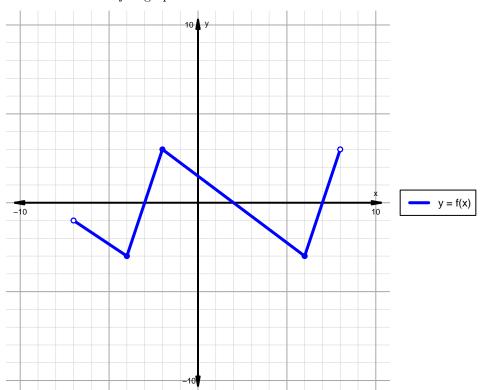
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 97)

1. The function f is graphed below.

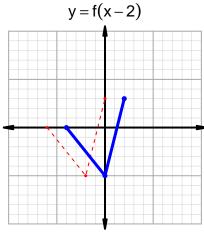


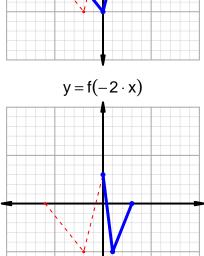
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

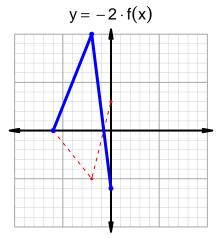
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-3,2) \cup (7,8)$
Negative	$(-7, -3) \cup (2, 7)$
Increasing	$(-4, -2) \cup (6, 8)$
Decreasing	$(-7, -4) \cup (-2, 6)$
Domain	(-7,8)
Range	(-3,3)

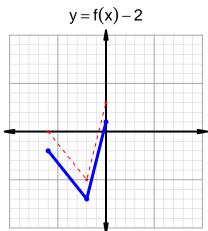
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 97)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=11$  and  $x_2=92$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} \hline x & g(x) \\ \hline 11 & 38 \\ 38 & 92 \\ 83 & 11 \\ 92 & 83 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(92) - g(11)}{92 - 11} = \frac{83 - 38}{92 - 11} = \frac{45}{81}$$

The greatest common factor of 45 and 81 is 9. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{5}{9}$$

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