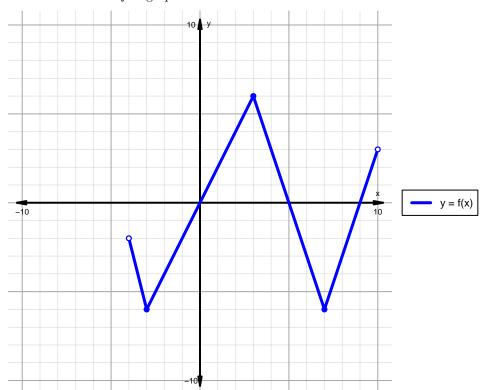
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 16)

1. The function f is graphed below.

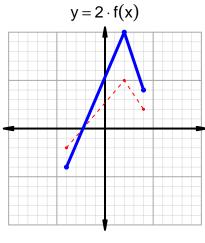


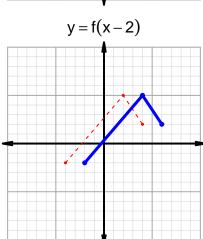
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

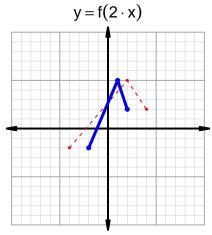
| Feature    | Where                  |
|------------|------------------------|
| Positive   | $(0,5) \cup (9,10)$    |
| Negative   | $(-4,0) \cup (5,9)$    |
| Increasing | $(-3,3) \cup (7,10)$   |
| Decreasing | $(-4, -3) \cup (3, 7)$ |
| Domain     | (-4, 10)               |
| Range      | (-6,6)                 |

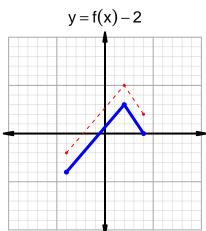
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 16)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=31$  and  $x_2=73$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\frac{g(73) - g(31)}{73 - 31} = \frac{16 - 70}{73 - 31} = \frac{-54}{42}$$

The greatest common factor of -54 and 42 is 6. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-9}{7}$$

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