

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

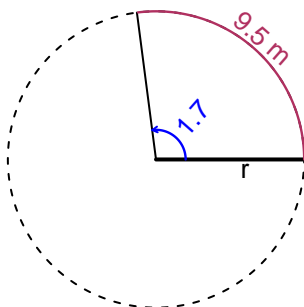
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Trig Final (SLTN v640)

- You should have a calculator (like [Desmos](#)) and a [unit-circle](#) reference sheet.

### Question 1

In the figure below, we see a circle and a central angle that subtends an arc. The angle measure is 1.7 radians. The arc length is 9.5 meters. How long is the radius in meters?

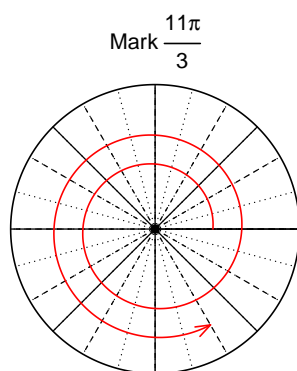


$$\theta = \frac{L}{r} \quad r = \frac{L}{\theta} \quad L = r\theta$$

$r = 5.588$  meters.

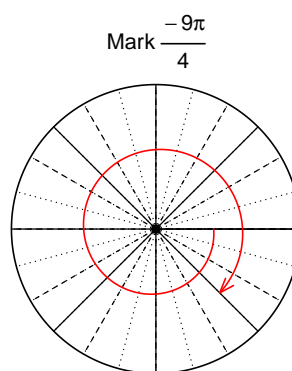
### Question 2

Consider angles  $\frac{11\pi}{3}$  and  $-\frac{9\pi}{4}$ . For each angle, use a spiral with an arrow head to **mark** the angle on a circle below in standard position. Then, find **exact** expressions for  $\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{3}\right)$  and  $\sin\left(-\frac{9\pi}{4}\right)$  by using a unit circle (provided separately).



Find  $\cos(11\pi/3)$

$$\cos(11\pi/3) = \frac{1}{2}$$



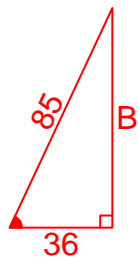
Find  $\sin(-9\pi/4)$

$$\sin(-9\pi/4) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

### Question 3

If  $\cos(\theta) = \frac{36}{85}$ , and  $\theta$  is in quadrant IV, determine an exact value for  $\tan(\theta)$ .

Ignore any negatives and the quadrant, and draw a right triangle (based on SOHCAHTOA) in standard (quadrant I) orientation.



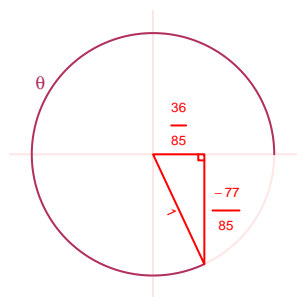
Solve the Pythagorean Equation

$$36^2 + B^2 = 85^2$$

$$B = \sqrt{85^2 - 36^2}$$

$$B = 77$$

Rescale the triangle so the hypotenuse is 1. Reflect the triangle into Quadrant IV in a unit circle.



$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{\frac{-77}{85}}{\frac{36}{85}} = \frac{-77}{36}$$

### Question 4

A mass-spring system oscillates vertically with a frequency of 8.31 Hz, a midline at  $y = -7.11$  meters, and an amplitude of 3.45 meters. At  $t = 0$ , the mass is at the midline and moving up. Write an equation to model the height ( $y$  in meters) as a function of time ( $t$  in seconds).

Any of these equations would get full credit.

$$y = 3.45 \sin(2\pi 8.31t) - 7.11$$

or

$$y = 3.45 \sin(16.62\pi t) - 7.11$$

or

$$y = 3.45 \sin(52.21t) - 7.11$$