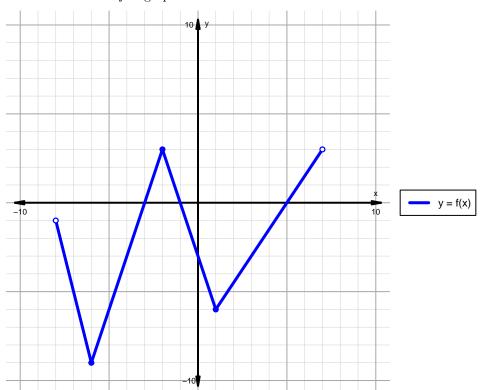
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 42)

1. The function f is graphed below.

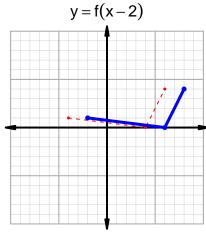


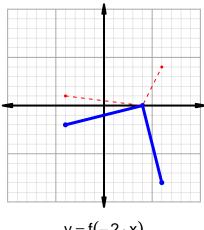
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

Feature	Where
Positive	$(-3,-1) \cup (5,7)$
Negative	$(-8, -3) \cup (-1, 5)$
Increasing	$(-6, -2) \cup (1, 7)$
Decreasing	$(-8, -6) \cup (-2, 1)$
Domain	(-8,7)
Range	(-9,3)

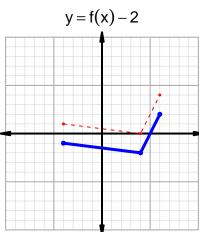
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 42)

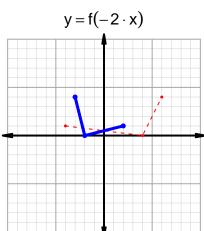
2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. Please add the indicated transformed graphs indicated by the equations below using a solid line.





 $y = -2 \cdot f(x)$





3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=45$ and $x_2=63$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 45 & 76 \\ 61 & 45 \\ 63 & 61 \\ 76 & 63 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(63) - f(45)}{63 - 45} = \frac{61 - 76}{63 - 45} = \frac{-15}{18}$$

The greatest common factor of -15 and 18 is 3. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-5}{6}$$

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