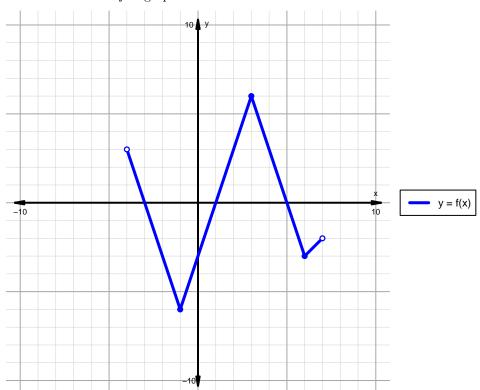
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 166)

1. The function f is graphed below.

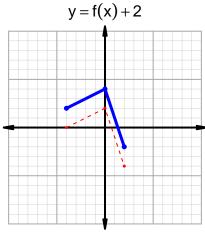


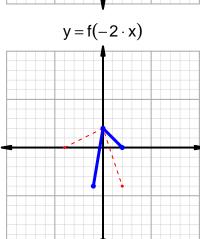
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use  $\cup$  between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

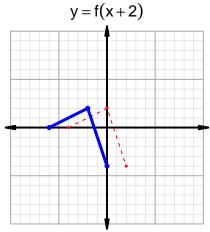
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-4, -3) \cup (1, 5)$
Negative	$(-3,1) \cup (5,7)$
Increasing	$(-1,3) \cup (6,7)$
Decreasing	$(-4,-1) \cup (3,6)$
Domain	(-4,7)
Range	(-6,6)

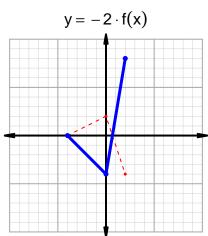
## Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 166)

2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula  $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$  to find the average rate of change between  $x_1=52$  and  $x_2=70$ . Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 42 & 52 \\ 48 & 70 \\ 52 & 48 \\ 70 & 42 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(70) - g(52)}{70 - 52} = \frac{42 - 48}{70 - 52} = \frac{-6}{18}$$

The greatest common factor of -6 and 18 is 6. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-1}{3}$$

2