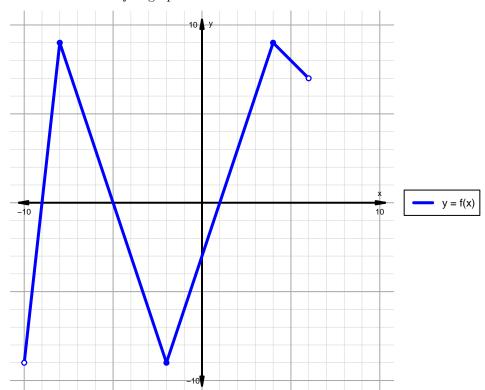
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 138)

1. The function f is graphed below.

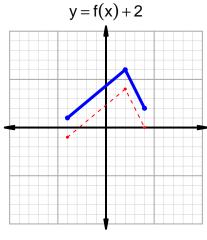


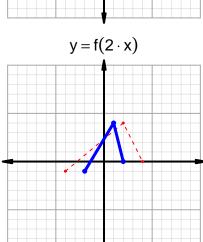
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

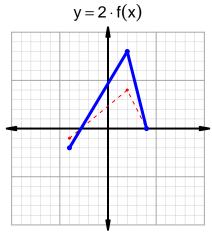
Feature	Where
Positive	$(-9, -5) \cup (1, 6)$
Negative	$(-10, -9) \cup (-5, 1)$
Increasing	$(-10, -8) \cup (-2, 4)$
Decreasing	$(-8, -2) \cup (4, 6)$
Domain	(-10,6)
Range	(-9,9)

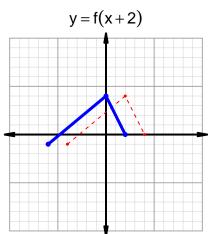
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=40$ and $x_2=96$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 29 & 40 \\ 40 & 77 \\ 77 & 96 \\ 96 & 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(96) - f(40)}{96 - 40} = \frac{29 - 77}{96 - 40} = \frac{-48}{56}$$

The greatest common factor of -48 and 56 is 8. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{-6}{7}$$

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