Polynomial Factoring EXAM (version 683)

1. The quadratic formula says if $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ then $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$. Use the quadratic formula to solve the following equation.

$$x^2 + 12x + 41 = 0$$

Simplify your answer(s) as much as possible.

2. Express the product of 9-5i and -4-3i in standard form (a+bi).

Polynomial Factoring EXAM (version 683)

3. Write function $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 - 11x - 30$ in factored form. I'll give you a hint: one factor is (x+5).

4. Polynomial p is defined below in factored form.

$$p(x) = (x+2) \cdot (x-2) \cdot (x-6)^2$$

Sketch a graph of polynomial y = p(x).

