Name: Date:

PCW_09_22 Coordinate transformations v9

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; \frac{f[5\,(x-9)]}{4} - 2$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 2 \cdot \left(f\left[\frac{x+8}{7}\right] - 6 \right)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; \frac{f\left[\frac{x}{7}+8\right]}{3} + 5$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

PCW_09_22 Coordinate transformations v9

Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 3 \cdot f\left[\frac{x}{7} - 4\right] - 9$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 9 \cdot (f[7x - 6] + 2)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] \;=\; 7 \cdot f\left[\frac{x - 4}{2}\right] + 8$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.