Name: Date:

PCW 09 22 Coordinate transformations v16

Question 1

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f[3(x+5)]}{4} + 2$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(\frac{a}{3} - 5, \frac{b}{4} + 2\right)$$

Question 2

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f\left[\frac{x-6}{7}\right]}{4} - 9$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(7a+6 \; , \; \frac{b}{4}-9\right)$$

Question 3

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 7 \cdot (f[9(x-5)] - 6)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a}{9} + 5, 7(b-6)\right)$$

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Question 4

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 4 \cdot f\left[\frac{x+7}{2}\right] - 9$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to (2a-7, 4b-9)$$

Question 5

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = \frac{f\left[\frac{x}{4} + 2\right] + 9}{8}$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \to \left(4(a-2), \frac{b+9}{8}\right)$$

Question 6

Consider the two functions f and g, where g is defined as a transformation of f:

$$g[x] = 7 \cdot (f[2x-5]+4)$$

For point (a, b) on curve f there is a corresponding point on the curve g. Write the coordinate transformation.

$$(a,b) \rightarrow \left(\frac{a+5}{2}, 7(b+4)\right)$$