## Polynomial Operations EXAM (version 201)

1. Let polynomials p(x) and q(x) be defined below.

$$p(x) = -10x^5 - x^4 - 5x^3 + 8x + 7$$

$$q(x) = 9x^5 + 8x^4 - x^2 - 5x - 4$$

Express the difference p(x) - q(x) in standard form.

2. Let polynomials a(x) and b(x) be defined below.

$$a(x) = -8x^2 + 3x + 2$$

$$b(x) = 3x - 5$$

Express the product  $a(x) \cdot b(x)$  in standard form.

3. Express  $(x+1)^5$  in standard (expanded) form.

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4. Let polynomials f(x) and g(x) be defined below.

$$f(x) = -x^3 - 12x^2 - 28x + 29$$

The quotient of  $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  can be expressed as a polynomial, h(x), and a remainder, R (a real number).

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = h(x) + \frac{R}{x+8}$$

By using synthetic division or long division, express h(x) in standard form, and find the remainder R.

5. Let polynomial f(x) still be defined as  $f(x) = -x^3 - 12x^2 - 28x + 29$ . Evaluate f(-8).