

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### at1204p\_vertex\_and\_roots... from standard-form quadratic functions (v105)

For each quadratic function, find:

1. The equation of the axis of symmetry
2. The distance of each root to the axis of symmetry ( $w$ )
3. Both  $x$ -intercepts (also called the roots or the zeros), each shown as cartesian coordinates
4. The location of the vertex ( $h, k$ ) shown as cartesian coordinates

Your answers should be in simplified exact form, no decimal approximations. Improper fractions are preferred to mixed numbers.

#### Example

$$f(x) = 6x^2 + 4x - 5$$

#### Example solution

1. Find the axis of symmetry. Use the formula  $h = \frac{-b}{2a}$ , where  $h$  is the horizontal coordinate of the vertex. Remember that the vertical axis of symmetry intersects the vertex.

$$h = \frac{-(4)}{2(6)} = \frac{-1}{3}$$

$$\text{axis of symmetry: } x = \frac{-1}{3}$$

2. Find the distance of each root from the axis of symmetry. Use the formula  $w = \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ .

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{(4)^2 - 4(6)(-5)}}{2(6)}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{136}}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 17}}{12} = \frac{2\sqrt{34}}{12}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{34}}{6}$$

3. The  $x$ -intercepts can be found by adding  $w$  to or subtracting  $w$  from  $h$ .

$$\left(\frac{-1}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{34}}{6}, 0\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\frac{-1}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{34}}{6}, 0\right)$$

4. Find the vertex. We already know  $h = \frac{-1}{3}$ , so we just need  $k$ . Use the formula  $k = \frac{4ac - b^2}{4a}$ .

$$k = \frac{4(6)(-5) - (4)^2}{4(6)}$$

$$k = \frac{-136}{24} = \frac{-17}{3}$$

$$\text{vertex: } \left(\frac{-1}{3}, \frac{-17}{3}\right)$$

## Question 1

For the quadratic function listed below, find:

1. The equation of the axis of symmetry
2. The distance of each root to the axis of symmetry ( $w$ )
3. Both  $x$ -intercepts (also called the roots or the zeros), each shown as cartesian coordinates
4. The location of the vertex ( $h, k$ ) shown as cartesian coordinates

Box your answers.

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 2$$

1. Axis of symmetry

$$h = \frac{-(2)}{2(1)} = -1$$

$$\text{axis of symmetry: } x = -1$$

2. Distance from axis of symmetry to root

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{(2)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$w = \sqrt{3}$$

3. Roots

$$(-1 - \sqrt{3}, 0) \quad \text{and} \quad (-1 + \sqrt{3}, 0)$$

4. Vertex

$$k = \frac{4(1)(-2) - (2)^2}{4(1)}$$

$$k = \frac{-12}{4} = -3$$

$$\text{vertex: } (-1, -3)$$

## Question 2

For the quadratic function listed below, find:

1. The equation of the axis of symmetry
2. The distance of each root to the axis of symmetry ( $w$ )
3. Both  $x$ -intercepts (also called the roots or the zeros), each shown as cartesian coordinates
4. The location of the vertex ( $h, k$ ) shown as cartesian coordinates

Box your answers.

$$f(x) = 7x^2 + 10x + 2$$

1. Axis of symmetry

$$h = \frac{-(10)}{2(7)} = \frac{-5}{7}$$

$$\text{axis of symmetry: } x = \frac{-5}{7}$$

2. Distance from axis of symmetry to root

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{(10)^2 - 4(7)(2)}}{2(7)}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{44}}{14} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 11}}{14} = \frac{2\sqrt{11}}{14}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{11}}{7}$$

3. Roots

$$\left(\frac{-5}{7} - \frac{\sqrt{11}}{7}, 0\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\frac{-5}{7} + \frac{\sqrt{11}}{7}, 0\right)$$

4. Vertex

$$k = \frac{4(7)(2) - (10)^2}{4(7)}$$

$$k = \frac{-44}{28} = \frac{-11}{7}$$

$$\text{vertex: } \left(\frac{-5}{7}, \frac{-11}{7}\right)$$

### Question 3

For the quadratic function listed below, find:

1. The equation of the axis of symmetry
2. The distance of each root to the axis of symmetry ( $w$ )
3. Both  $x$ -intercepts (also called the roots or the zeros), each shown as cartesian coordinates
4. The location of the vertex ( $h, k$ ) shown as cartesian coordinates

Box your answers.

$$f(x) = 10x^2 + 8x - 9$$

1. Axis of symmetry

$$h = \frac{-(8)}{2(10)} = \frac{-2}{5}$$

$$\text{axis of symmetry: } x = \frac{-2}{5}$$

2. Distance from axis of symmetry to root

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{(8)^2 - 4(10)(-9)}}{2(10)}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{424}}{20} = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 53}}{20} = \frac{2\sqrt{106}}{20}$$

$$w = \frac{\sqrt{106}}{10}$$

3. Roots

$$\left(\frac{-2}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{106}}{10}, 0\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\frac{-2}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{106}}{10}, 0\right)$$

4. Vertex

$$k = \frac{4(10)(-9) - (8)^2}{4(10)}$$

$$k = \frac{-424}{40} = \frac{-53}{5}$$

$$\text{vertex: } \left(\frac{-2}{5}, \frac{-53}{5}\right)$$