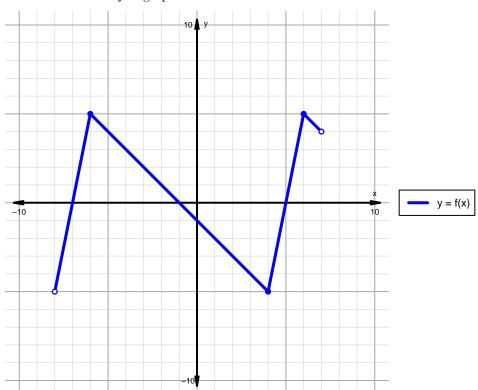
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 36)

1. The function f is graphed below.

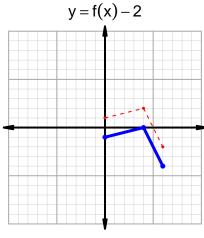


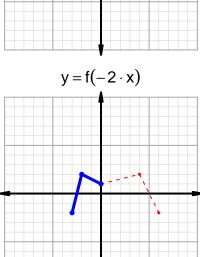
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

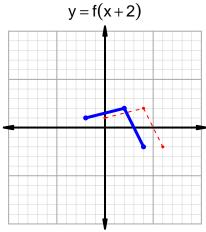
| Feature | Where |
|------------|-------------------------|
| Positive | $(-7,-1) \cup (5,7)$ |
| Negative | $(-8, -7) \cup (-1, 5)$ |
| Increasing | $(-8, -6) \cup (4, 6)$ |
| Decreasing | $(-6,4) \cup (6,7)$ |
| Domain | (-8,7) |
| Range | (-5,5) |

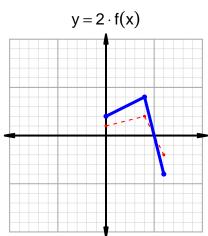
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. Please add the indicated transformed graphs indicated by the equations below using a solid line.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=29$ and $x_2=53$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 29 & 49 \\ 49 & 53 \\ 53 & 81 \\ 81 & 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{f(53) - f(29)}{53 - 29} = \frac{81 - 49}{53 - 29} = \frac{32}{24}$$

The greatest common factor of 32 and 24 is 8. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{4}{3}$$

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