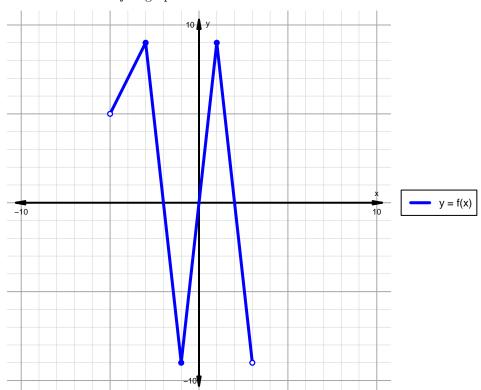
Intervals, Transformations, and Slope Solution (version 10)

1. The function f is graphed below.

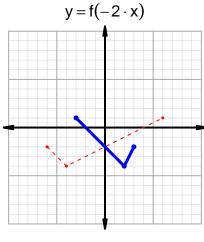


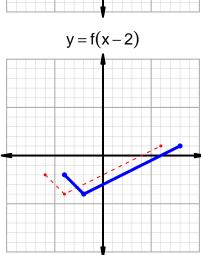
Indicate the following intervals using interval notation. Remember, you can use \cup between two intervals to indicate the union. Except for range, all intervals will indicate x values; this is standard.

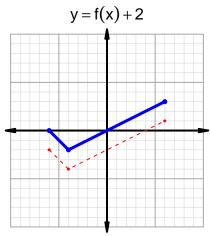
| Feature | Where |
|------------|-------------------------|
| Positive | $(-5, -2) \cup (0, 2)$ |
| Negative | $(-2,0) \cup (2,3)$ |
| Increasing | $(-5, -3) \cup (-1, 1)$ |
| Decreasing | $(-3,-1) \cup (1,3)$ |
| Domain | (-5,3) |
| Range | (-9,9) |

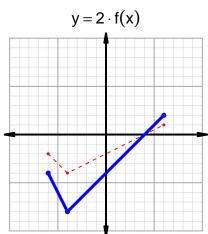
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2. In the four graphs below, y = f(x) is graphed as a dotted line. With a solid line, please graph the transformations indicated by the equations below.









3. Let function g be defined by the table below. Use the formula $\frac{g(x_2)-g(x_1)}{x_2-x_1}$ to find the average rate of change between $x_1=27$ and $x_2=57$. Express your answer as a reduced fraction.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & g(x) \\ \hline 17 & 57 \\ 27 & 17 \\ 35 & 27 \\ 57 & 35 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{g(57) - g(27)}{57 - 27} = \frac{35 - 17}{57 - 27} = \frac{18}{30}$$

The greatest common factor of 18 and 30 is 6. Divide numerator and denominator by the greatest common factor.

$$AROC = \frac{3}{5}$$

2