

Name: _____ Date: _____

Polynomial Operations PRACTICE (version 3)

1. Let polynomials $p(x)$ and $q(x)$ be defined below.

$$p(x) = -7x^5 + 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x - 8$$

$$q(x) = 2x^5 + 5x^4 + 9x^2 + x - 6$$

Express the difference $p(x) - q(x)$ in standard form.

2. Let polynomials $a(x)$ and $b(x)$ be defined below.

$$a(x) = 5x^2 - 4x + 7$$

$$b(x) = -4x - 6$$

Express the product $a(x) \cdot b(x)$ in standard form.

3. Express $(x + 1)^5$ in standard (expanded) form.

Polynomial Operations PRACTICE (version 3)

4. Let polynomials $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ be defined below.

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= -2x^3 + 19x^2 - 23x - 5 \\g(x) &= x - 8\end{aligned}$$

The quotient of $\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ can be expressed as a polynomial, $h(x)$, and a remainder, R (a real number).

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = h(x) + \frac{R}{x - 8}$$

By using synthetic division or long division, express $h(x)$ in standard form, and find the remainder R .

5. Let polynomial $f(x)$ still be defined as $f(x) = -2x^3 + 19x^2 - 23x - 5$. Evaluate $f(8)$.