

Support Vector Machine, classification

```
Titanic <- read.csv("Titanic.csv")
Titanic <- Titanic[,-c(1,4,9,11)]
Titanic <- Titanic[-which(is.na(Titanic$Age)),]
Titanic$Survived <- as.factor(Titanic$Survived)
Titanic$Pclass <- as.factor(Titanic$Pclass)
Titanic$Age <- scale(Titanic$Age)
Titanic$Fare <- scale(Titanic$Fare)
cat("There are",nrow(Titanic), "passengers left.")

## There are 714 passengers left.

library(caret)

## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice

library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.1
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tibble    3.2.1
## v purrr      1.0.2      v tidyr     1.3.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::lift()    masks caret::lift()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

set.seed(123)
training_samples <- Titanic$Survived %>%
  createDataPartition(p=0.75,list=FALSE)
train_data <- Titanic[training_samples,]
test_data <- Titanic[-training_samples,]
nrow(train_data)

## [1] 536

nrow(test_data)

## [1] 178

library(kernlab)

##
## Attaching package: 'kernlab'

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
## cross
```

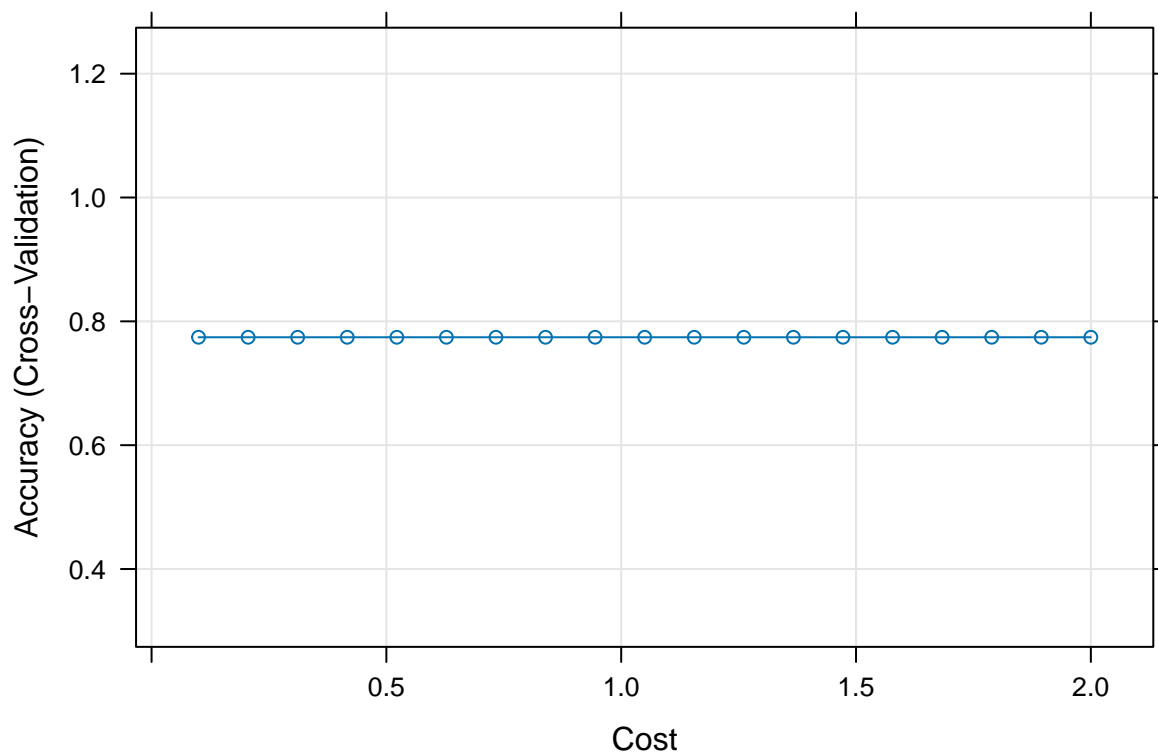
```

## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##      alpha
set.seed(123)
model <- train(Survived~., data=train_data, method="svmLinear", trControl = trainControl("cv", number =
predicted_class <- model %>% predict(test_data)

confusionMatrix(factor(predicted_class), factor(test_data$Survived), positive='1')

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##           Reference
## Prediction  0   1
##           0  93  23
##           1  13  49
##
##           Accuracy : 0.7978
##           95% CI : (0.7312, 0.8541)
##      No Information Rate : 0.5955
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 7.457e-09
##
##           Kappa : 0.5706
##
##  McNemar's Test P-Value : 0.1336
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.6806
##           Specificity : 0.8774
##      Pos Pred Value : 0.7903
##      Neg Pred Value : 0.8017
##           Prevalence : 0.4045
##      Detection Rate : 0.2753
##      Detection Prevalence : 0.3483
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.7790
##
##      'Positive' Class : 1
##
set.seed(123)
model <- train(Survived~., data=train_data, method="svmLinear", trControl=trainControl("cv", number=10), tun
plot(model) #plot model accuracy vs. different values of Cost

```



```
model$bestTune #the best tuning parameter that maximizes model accuracy
```

```
##      C
## 1 0.1
```

```
model <- train(Survived~.,data=train_data,method="svmLinear",trControl=trainControl("cv",number=10),tun
```

```
predicted_class <- model %>% predict(test_data)
confusionMatrix(factor(predicted_class),factor(test_data$Survived),positive='1')
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
```

```
##
```

```
##           Reference
```

```
## Prediction  0  1
```

```
##           0 93 23
```

```
##           1 13 49
```

```
##
```

```
##           Accuracy : 0.7978
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##           95% CI : (0.7312, 0.8541)
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## No Information Rate : 0.5955
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## P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 7.457e-09
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```
##
```

```
##           Kappa : 0.5706
```

```
##
```

```
## McNemar's Test P-Value : 0.1336
```

```
##
```

```
##           Sensitivity : 0.6806
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```
##           Specificity : 0.8774
```

```
## Pos Pred Value : 0.7903
```

```
## Neg Pred Value : 0.8017
```

```
## Prevalence : 0.4045
```

```

##          Detection Rate : 0.2753
##    Detection Prevalence : 0.3483
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.7790
##
##      'Positive' Class : 1
##

set.seed(123)
model <- train(Survived~.,data=train_data,method="svmRadial",trControl=trainControl("cv",number=10),tuneLength=10)
model$bestTune # Print the best tuning parameter sigma and C that maximizes model accuracy

##          sigma C
## 3 0.1420266 1

predicted_class <- model %>% predict(test_data)

confusionMatrix(factor(predicted_class),factor(test_data$Survived),positive='1')

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##          Reference
## Prediction  0  1
##          0 90 17
##          1 16 55
##
##          Accuracy : 0.8146
##          95% CI : (0.7496, 0.8688)
##    No Information Rate : 0.5955
##    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 3.229e-10
##
##          Kappa : 0.6143
##
##  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1
##
##          Sensitivity : 0.7639
##          Specificity : 0.8491
##          Pos Pred Value : 0.7746
##          Neg Pred Value : 0.8411
##          Prevalence : 0.4045
##          Detection Rate : 0.3090
##    Detection Prevalence : 0.3989
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.8065
##
##      'Positive' Class : 1
##

set.seed(123)
model <- train(Survived~., data=train_data, method="svmPoly",trControl=trainControl("cv",number=10),tuneLength=10)
model$bestTune # Print the best tuning parameter sigma and C that maximizes model accuracy

##    degree scale    C
## 25         2    0.1 0.25

predicted_class <- model %>% predict(test_data)

confusionMatrix(factor(predicted_class),factor(test_data$Survived),positive="1")

```

```

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##           Reference
## Prediction  0   1
##           0 93 21
##           1 13 51
##
##           Accuracy : 0.809
##           95% CI : (0.7434, 0.8639)
##           No Information Rate : 0.5955
##           P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 9.523e-10
##
##           Kappa : 0.5963
##
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.2299
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.7083
##           Specificity : 0.8774
##           Pos Pred Value : 0.7969
##           Neg Pred Value : 0.8158
##           Prevalence : 0.4045
##           Detection Rate : 0.2865
##           Detection Prevalence : 0.3596
##           Balanced Accuracy : 0.7928
##
##           'Positive' Class : 1
##

```