With TF 1.0!



Lab 6 Softmax Classifier

Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



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Other slides: https://goo.gl/jPtWNt



With TF 1.0!



Lab 6-1

Softmax Classifier

Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



```
jennykang
19 commits / 940 ++ / 253 --

kkweon
5 commits / 372 ++ / 296 --

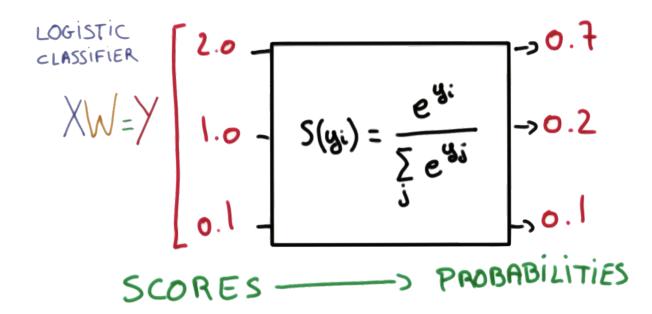
#4

jin-chong
2 commits / 4 ++ / 4 --
```



```
allieus #10
1 commit / 55 ++ / 59 --
```

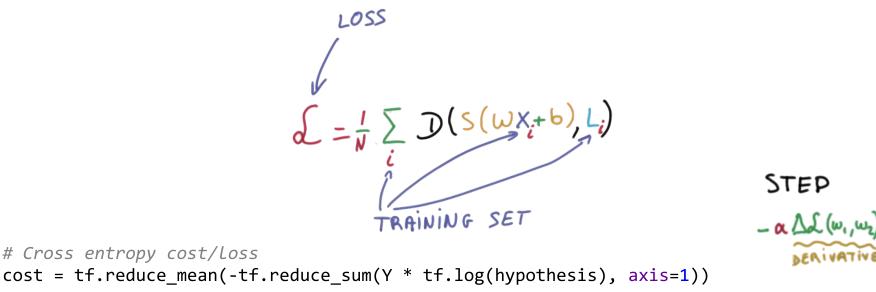
Softmax function



hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(X,W)+b)

tf.matmul(X,W)+b
$$\frac{2.0}{1.0} - \frac{e^{4i}}{5(4i)} - \frac{e^{4i}}{5(4i)}$$

Cost function: cross entropy



optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=0.1).minimize(cost)

Cross entropy cost/loss

```
y \text{ data} = [[0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1], [0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0]]
X = tf.placeholder("float", [None, 4])
Y = tf.placeholder("float", [None, 3])
nb classes = 3
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([4, nb_classes]), name='weight')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([nb classes]), name='bias')
# tf.nn.softmax computes softmax activations
# softmax = exp(logits) / reduce_sum(exp(logits), dim)
                                                                                                  0.0
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(X, W) + b)
# Cross entropy cost/loss
cost = tf.reduce mean(-tf.reduce sum(Y * tf.log(hypothesis), axis=1))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=0.1).minimize(cost)
# Launch araph
with tf.Session() as sess:
   sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
   for step in range(2001):
       sess.run(optimizer, feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
       if step % 200 == 0:
           print(step, sess.run(cost, feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data}))
```

[1, 2, 5, 6], [1, 6, 6, 6], [1, 7, 7, 7]

https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-06-1-softmax_classifier.pv

 $x_{data} = [[1, 2, 1, 1], [2, 1, 3, 2], [3, 1, 3, 4], [4, 1, 5, 5], [1, 7, 5, 5],$

Test & one-hot encoding

```
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(X,W)+b)

# Testing & One-hot encoding
a = sess.run(hypothesis, feed_dict={X: [[1, 11, 7, 9]
print(a, sess.run(tf.arg_max(a, 1)))

[[ 1.38904958e-03 9.98601854e-01 9.06129117e-06]][1]
```

Test & one-hot encoding

[1 0 2]

With TF 1.0!



Lab 6-2

Fancy Softmax Classifier cross_entropy, one_hot, reshape

Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



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jennykang
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5 commits / 372 ++ / 296 --

#4

jin-chong
2 commits / 4 ++ / 4 --
```



```
allieus #10
1 commit / 55 ++ / 59 --
```

softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits

```
logits = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(logits)
```

```
# Cross entropy cost/loss
cost = tf.reduce_mean(-tf.reduce_sum(Y * tf.log(hypothesis), axis=1))
```

hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(X,W))

tf.matmul(X,W)
$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{LOGISTIC} \\
\text{2.0} \\
\text{1.0} \\
\text{S(yi)} = \frac{e^{yi}}{\sum_{i} e^{yi}} \\
\text{3.1} \\
\text{SCORES} \\
\end{array}$$
PROBABILITIES

https://www.udacity.com/course/viewer#!/c-ud730/l-6370362152/m-6379811817

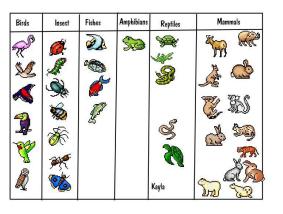
softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits

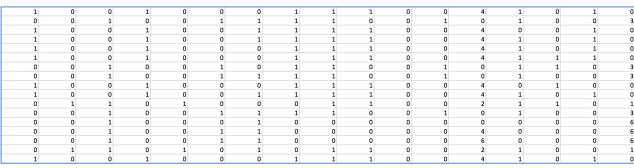
```
logits = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(logits)
```

```
# Cross entropy cost/loss
cost = tf.reduce_mean(-tf.reduce_sum(Y * tf.log(hypothesis), axis=1))
```

Animal classification

with softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits





```
# Predicting animal type based on various features
xy = np.loadtxt('data-04-zoo.csv', delimiter=',', dtype=np.float32)
x_data = xy[:, 0:-1]
y_data = xy[:, [-1]]
```

tf.one_hot and reshape

1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	3
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	6
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	0

```
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.int32, [None, 1]) # 0 ~ 6, shape=(?, 1)
Y_one_hot = tf.one_hot(Y, nb_classes) # one hot shape=(?, 1, 7)
Y_one_hot = tf.reshape(Y_one_hot, [-1, nb_classes]) # shape=(?, 7)
```

If the input indices is rank N, the output will have rank N+1. The new axis is created at dimension axis (default: the new axis is appended at the end). https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/one_hot

```
# Predicting animal type based on various features
xy = np.loadtxt('data-04-zoo.csv', delimiter=',', dtype=np.float32)
x_data = xy[:, 0:-1]
y data = xy[:, [-1]]
nb classes = 7 \# 0 \sim 6
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 16])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.int32, [None, 1]) # \theta \sim 6
Y_one_hot = tf.one_hot(Y, nb_classes) # one hot
Y one hot = tf.reshape(Y one hot, [-1, nb classes])
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([16, nb_classes]), name='weight')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([nb_classes]), name='bias')
# tf.nn.softmax computes softmax activations
# softmax = exp(logits) / reduce sum(exp(logits), dim)
logits = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(logits)
# Cross entropy cost/loss
cost_i = tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=logits,
                                                labels=Y one hot)
cost = tf.reduce mean(cost i)
```

optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=0.1).minimize(cost)

https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-06-2-softmax_zoo_classifier.py

```
cost = tf.reduce mean(cost i)
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=0.1).minimize(cost)
prediction = tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1)
correct prediction = tf.equal(prediction, tf.argmax(Y one hot, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce mean(tf.cast(correct prediction, tf.float32))
# Launch graph
with tf.Session() as sess:
   sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
   for step in range(2000):
       sess.run(optimizer, feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
       if step % 100 == 0:
           loss, acc = sess.run([cost, accuracy], feed dict={
                                X: x data, Y: y data})
           print("Step: {:5}\tLoss: {:.3f}\tAcc: {:.2%}".format(
               step, loss, acc))
   # Let's see if we can predict
   pred = sess.run(prediction, feed dict={X: x data})
   # y data: (N,1) = flatten => (N, ) matches pred.shape
   for p, y in zip(pred, y data.flatten()):
       print("[{}] Prediction: {} True Y: {}".format(p == int(y), p, int(y)))
```

```
with tf.Session() as sess:
   sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
   for step in range(2000):
        sess.run(optimizer, feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
                                                                                   Step: 1100 Loss: 0.101 Acc: 99.01%
        if step % 100 == 0:
                                                                                   Step: 1200 Loss: 0.092 Acc: 100.00%
            loss, acc = sess.run([cost, accuracy], feed dict={
                                                                                   Step: 1300 Loss: 0.084 Acc: 100.00%
                                    X: x data, Y: y data})
            print("Step: {:5}\tLoss: {:.3f}\tAcc: {:.2%}".format(
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
                 step, loss, acc))
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 3 True Y: 3
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
   # Let's see if we can predict
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
   pred = sess.run(prediction, feed dict={X: x data})
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
   # y data: (N,1) = flatten => (N, ) matches pred.shape
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
   for p, y in zip(pred, y data.flatten()):
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 3 True Y: 3
        print("[{}] Prediction: {} True Y: {}".
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 3 True Y: 3
               format(p == int(y), p, int(y)))
                                                                                   [True] Prediction: 0 True Y: 0
                                        https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-06-2-softmax_zoo_classifier.by
```

optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=0.1).minimize(cost)

correct_prediction = tf.equal(prediction, tf.argmax(Y_one_hot, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce mean(tf.cast(correct prediction, tf.float32))

cost = tf.reduce mean(cost i)

Launch graph

prediction = tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1)

Lab 7 Learning rate, Evaluation

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