



Spatial Simulation Modeling

Senseless Crime Modeling :Gangnam-gu, Seoul

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Spatial Simulation Modeling

Table of CONTENTS

Introduction

01

- Background of study
- Literature review

Result

03

- Running the model

Model

02

- Method framework
- Statechart

Conclusion

04

- Implication
- Research limit

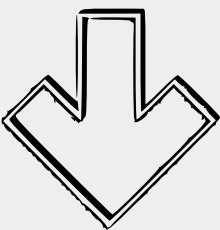
01.
Introduction

■ Background of study

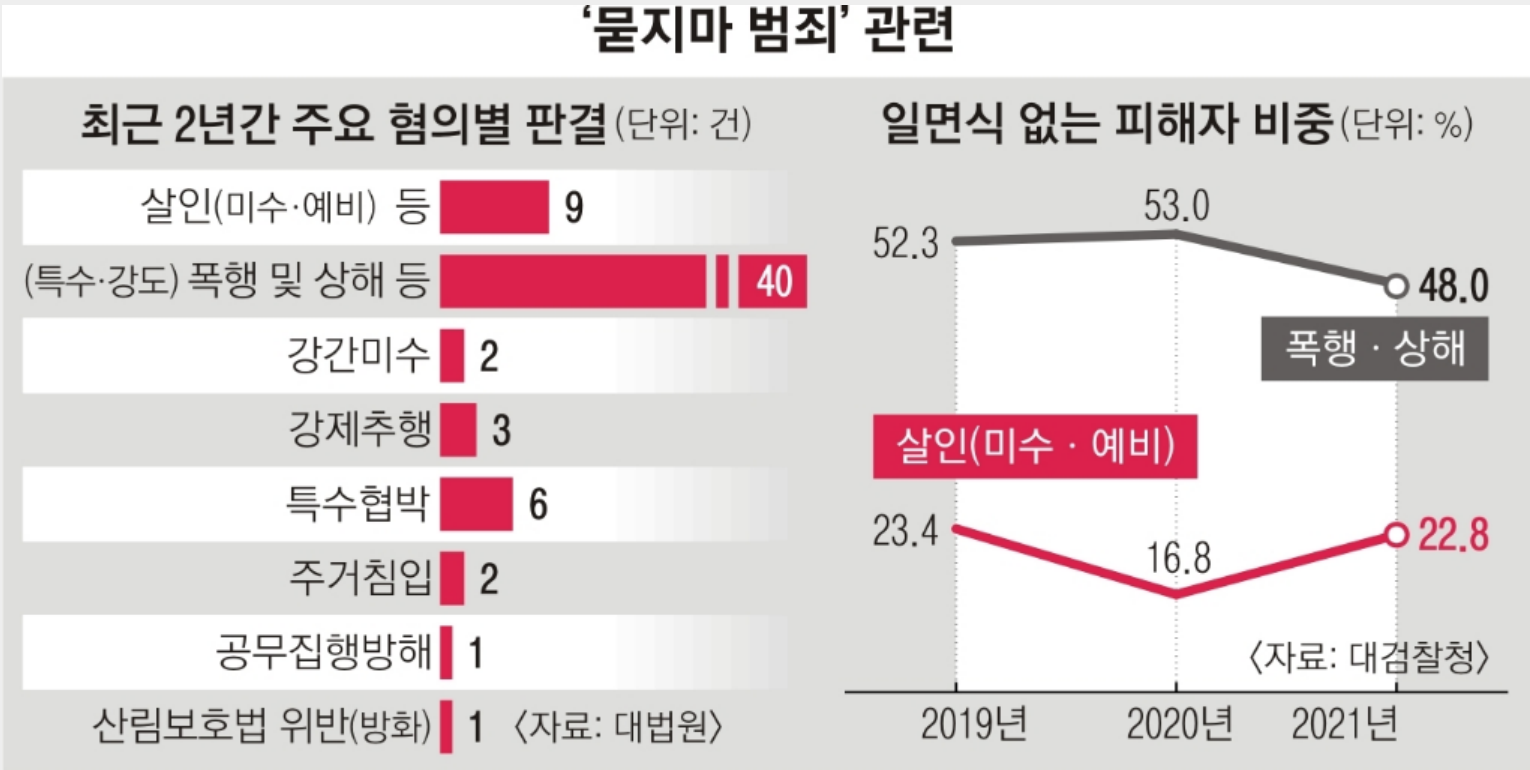
Numerous recent senseless crimes in Korea

->2023.07.21 Stabbing rampage at Sillim station

->2023.08.03 Unprovoked aggression at Seohyeon station AK plaza



Series of copycat crimes against an unspecified number of people suddenly increased



01. Introduction

| Background of study



Features of the 'senseless crime'

- >Randomness of choosing victims
- >The possibility of expanding the extent of the damage region and the number of victims
- >Normally related to social situations (e.g. the economic depression , high unemployment rate)

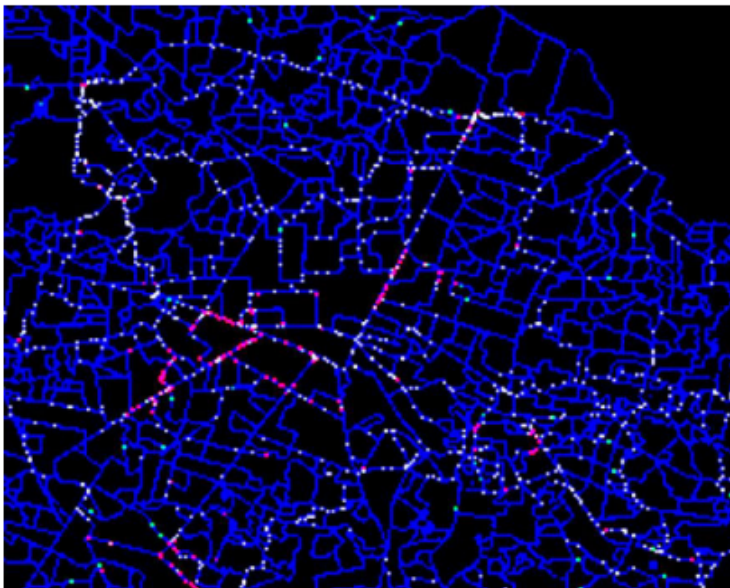
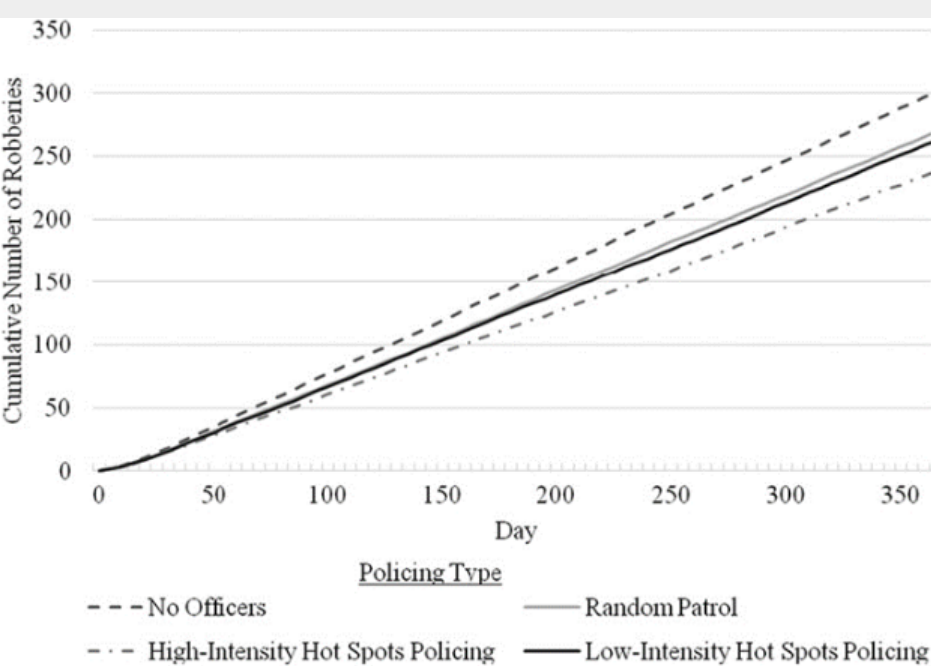
01. Introduction | Literature Review

_Recently, due to the ability to simulate spatial and temporal aspects of criminal activities, ABM based crime researches are largely increased.

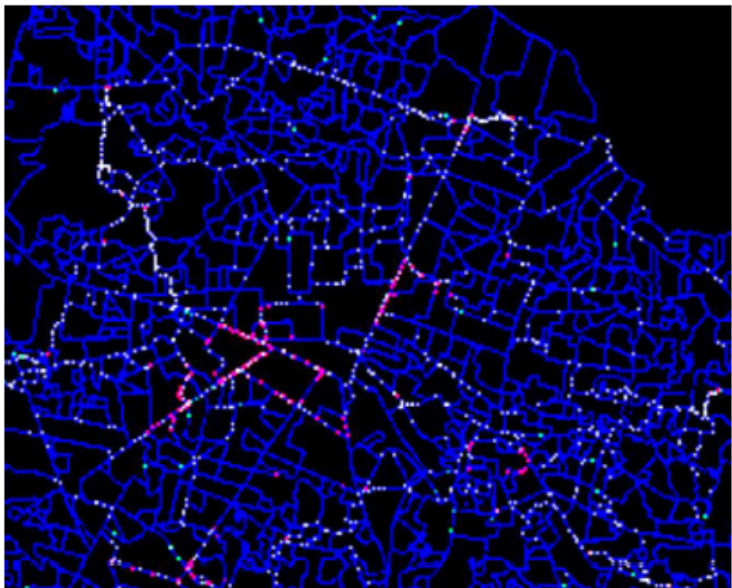
*Malleson, N., Heppenstall, A., & See, L. (2010). Crime reduction through simulation: An agent-based model of burglary. Computers, environment and urban systems, 34(3), 236–250.

*Cornelius, C. V., Lynch, C. J., & Gore, R. (2017, April). Aging out of crime: Exploring the relationship between age and crime with agent based modeling. In Proceedings of the agent-directed simulation symposium (pp. 1–12).

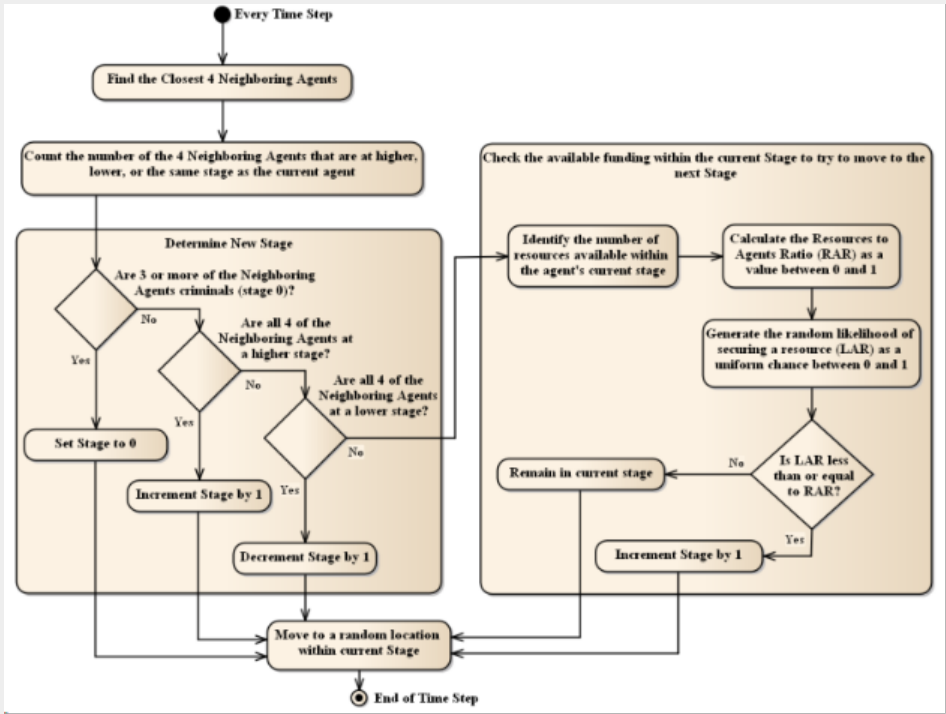
*Escobar, H., Cuevas, E., Toski, M., Ceron, F., & Perez-Cisneros, M. (2023). An agent-based model for public security strategies by predicting crime patterns. IEEE Access.



(c) 800 iterations



(d) 1000 iterations



02.

Model

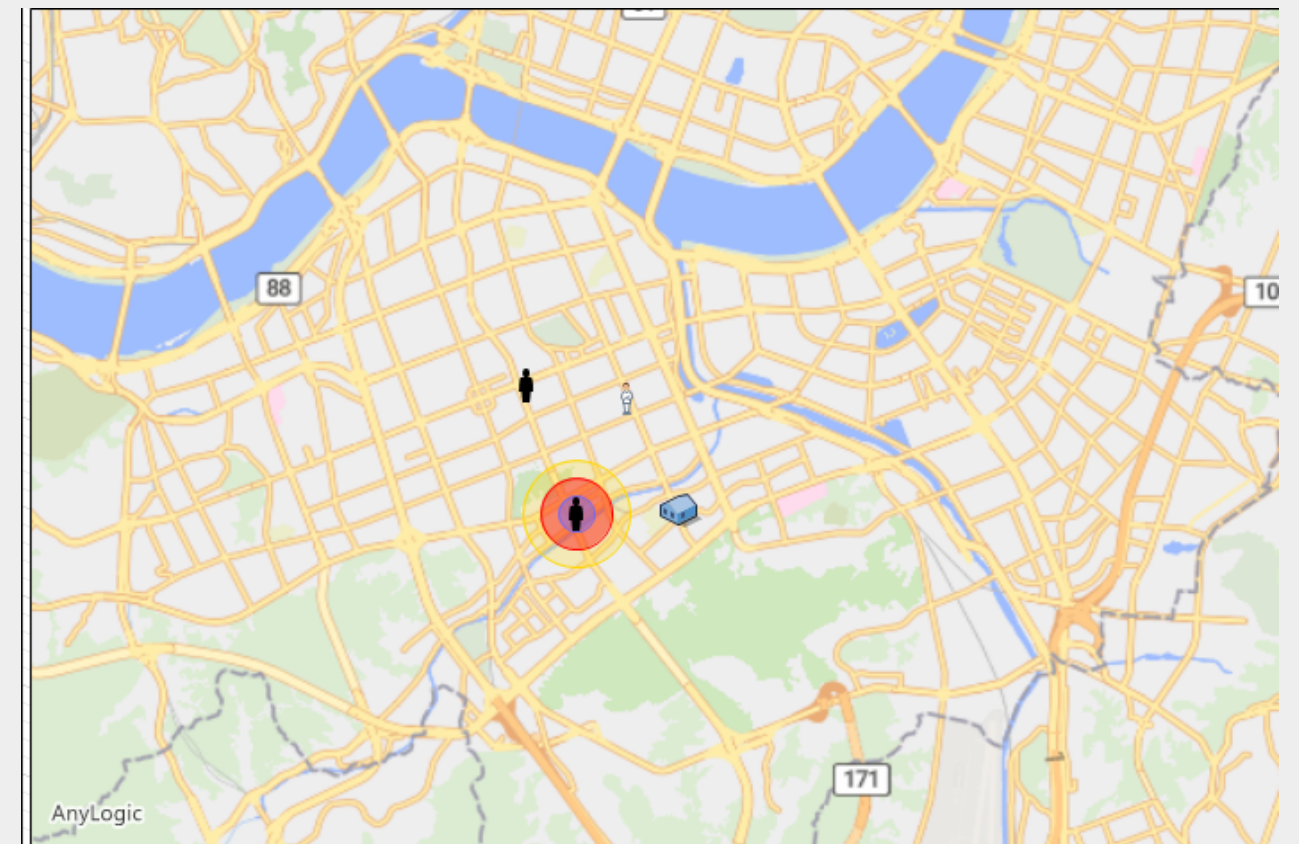
■ Method framework

Research area ; Gangnam-gu

- >Areas with high pedestrian traffic
- >Numerous locations with large-scale entertainment districts and a high incidence of crime
- >Recent frequent occurrences of senseless crimes
- >Areas where significant damage is anticipated

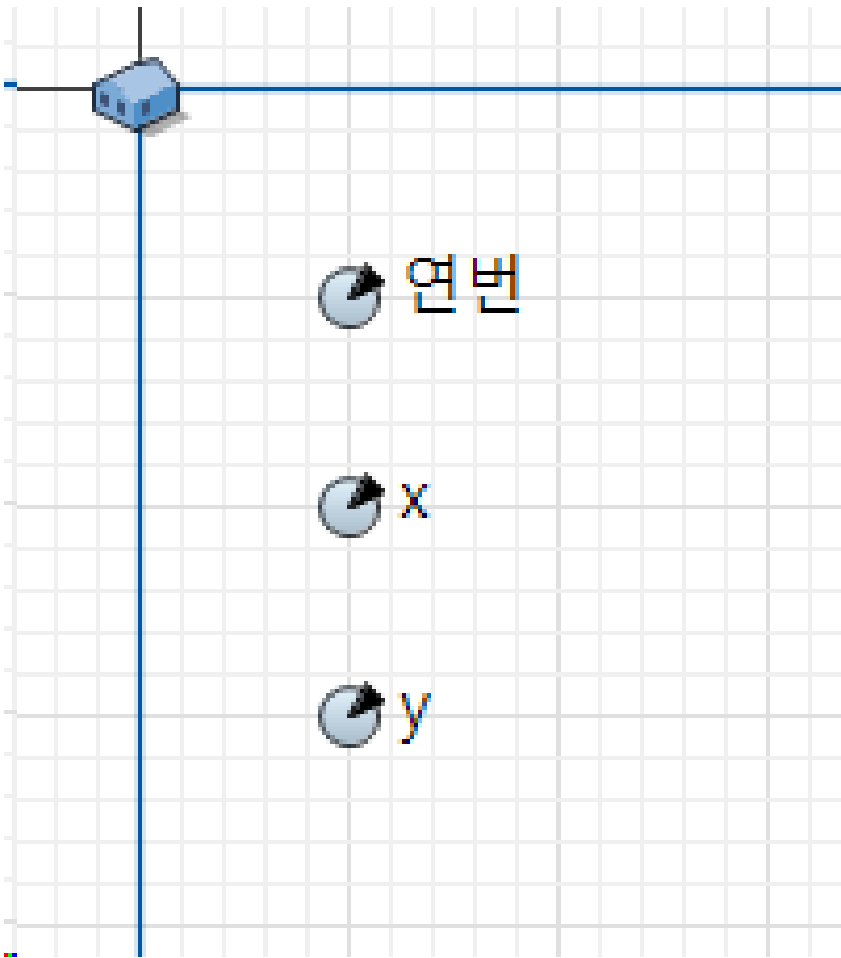
4 police_please

- > 🚔 Criminal
- > 🚔 **Main**
- > 🚔 Police
- > 🚔 PoliceStation
- > 🚔 Victim
- > ⚙️ Simulation: Main
- > ⚙️ Run Configuration: Main
- > 🗄️ Database



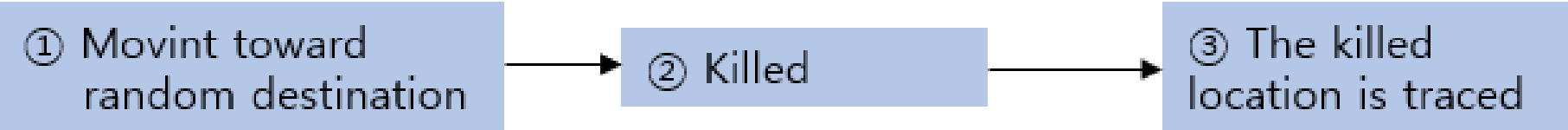
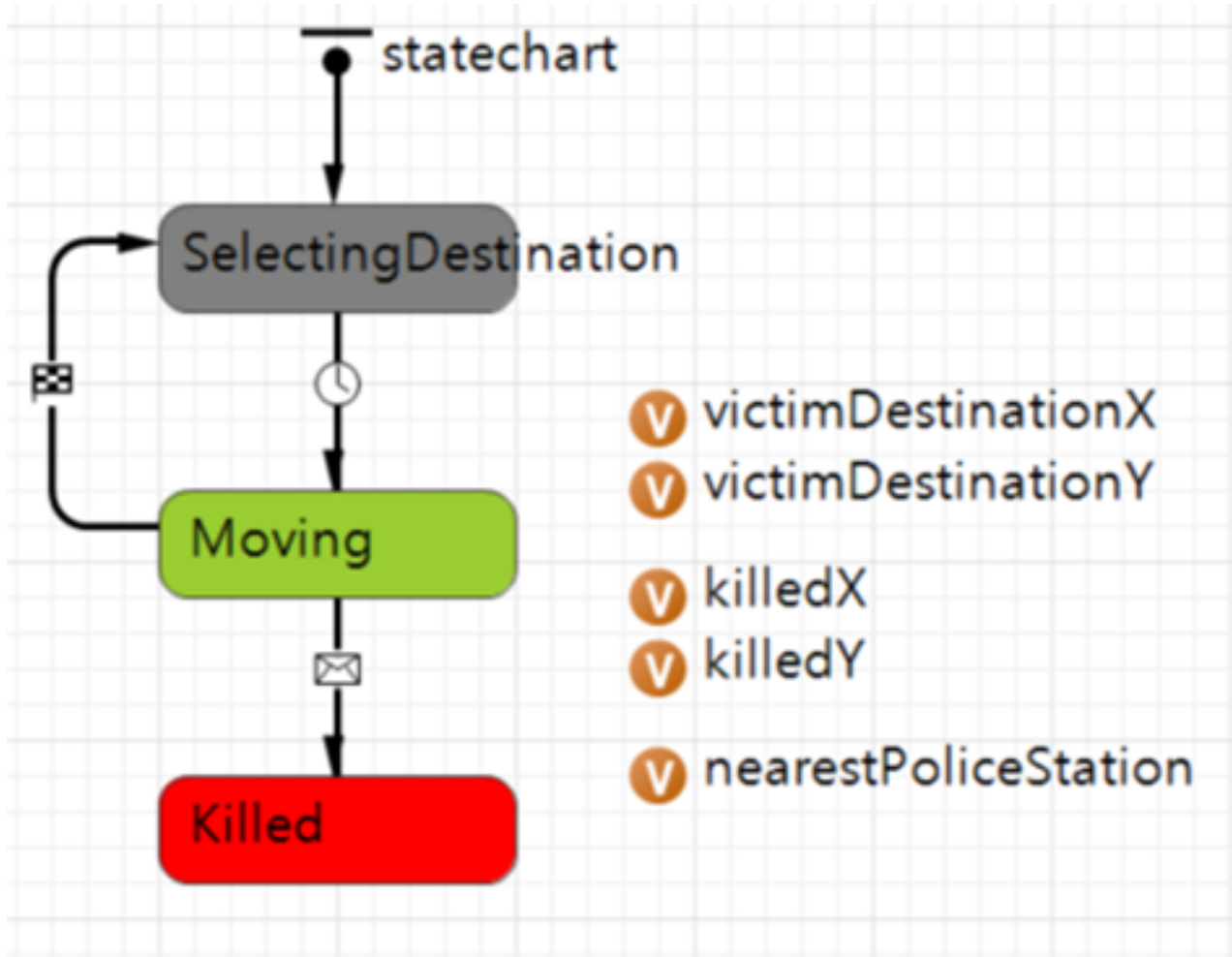
02. Model Statechart

Police station



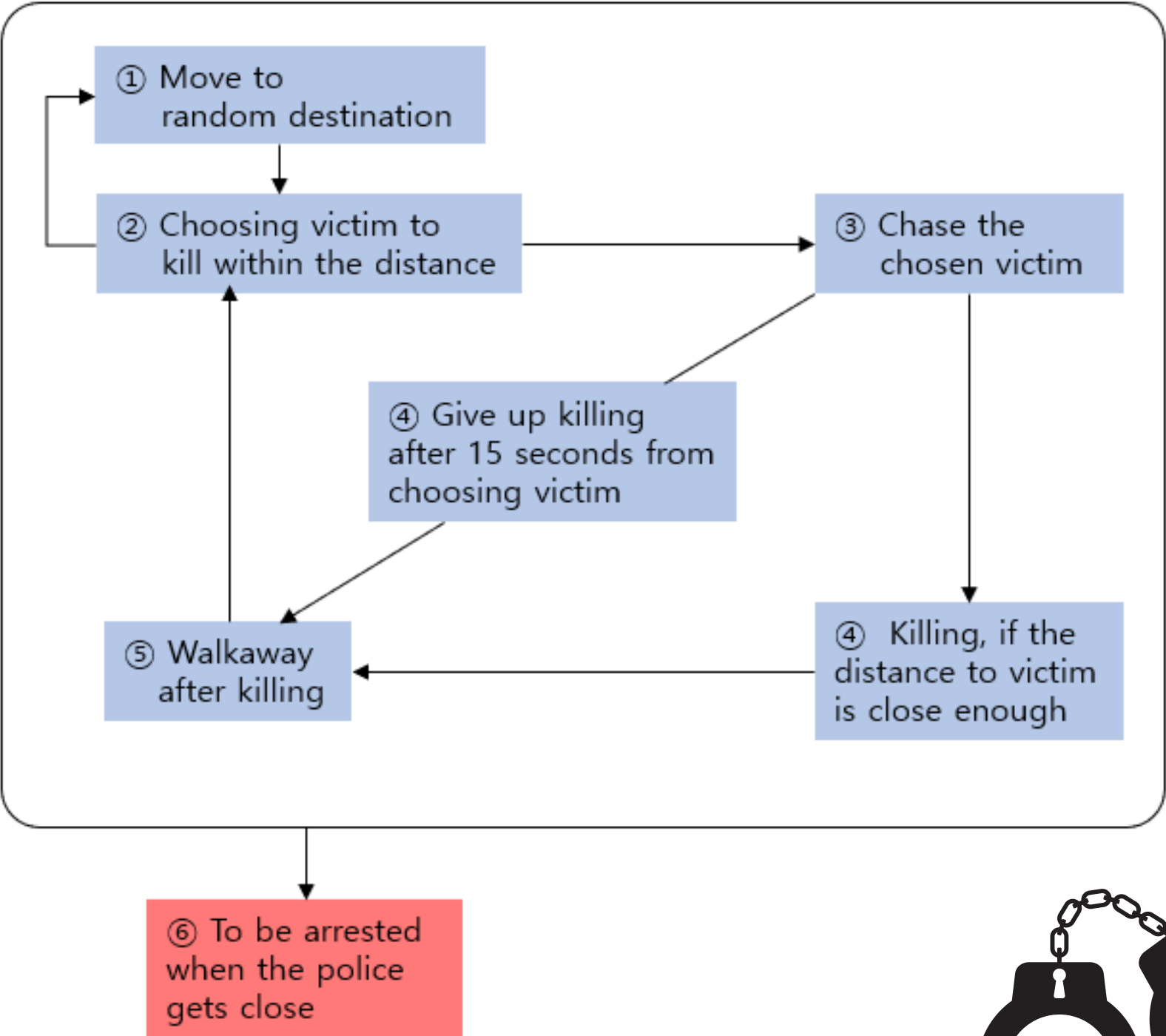
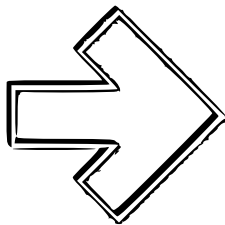
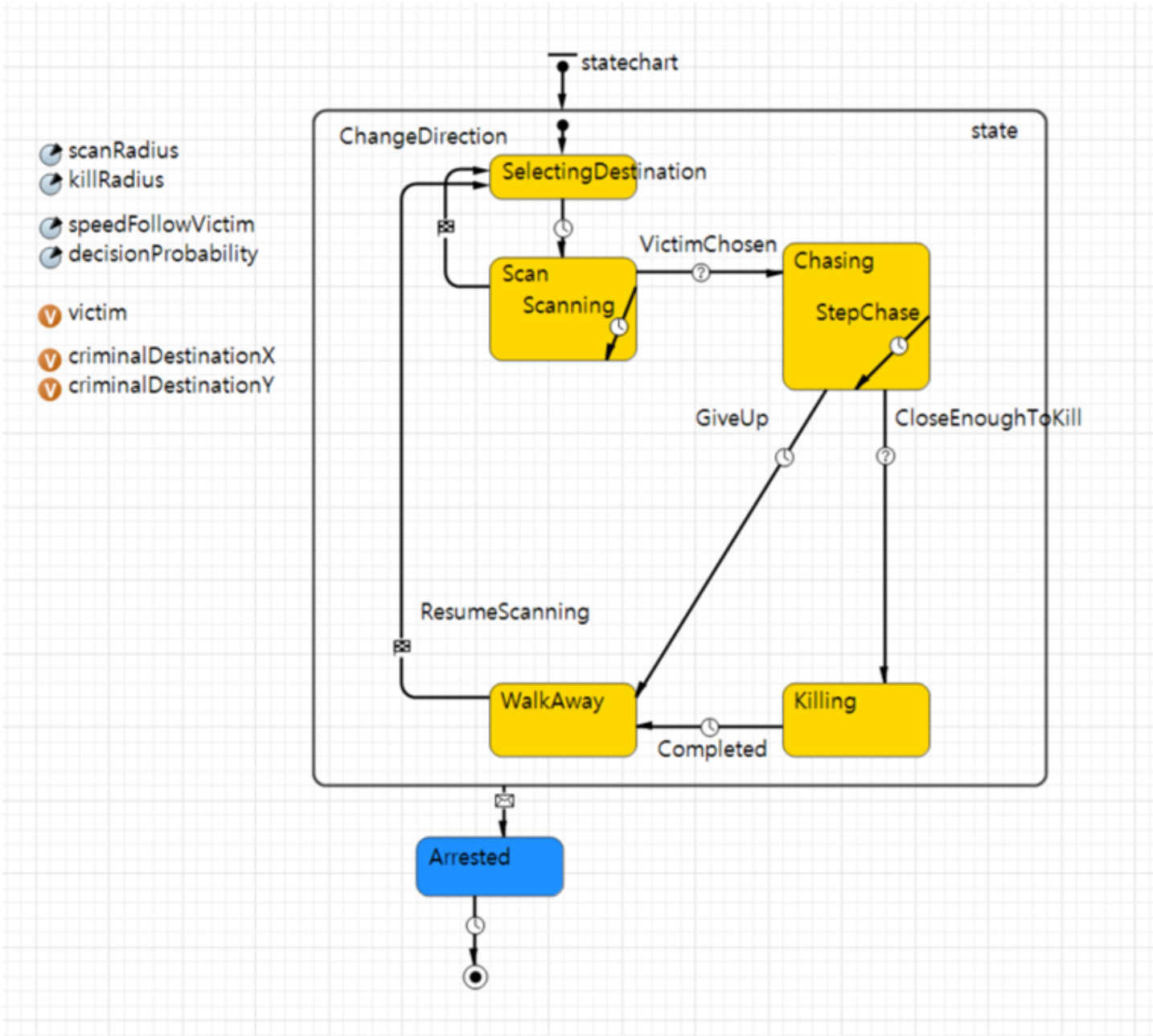
	연번	x	y
1	139	127.041	37.508
2	140	127.029	37.514
3	141	127.034	37.515
4	142	127.061	37.515
5	143	127.043	37.512
6	144	127.053	37.521
7	145	127.024	37.518
8	146	127.036	37.529
9	238	127.044	37.501
10	239	127.063	37.495
11	240	127.105	37.489
12	241	127.107	37.465
13	242	127.083	37.492
14	243	127.051	37.48

Victim



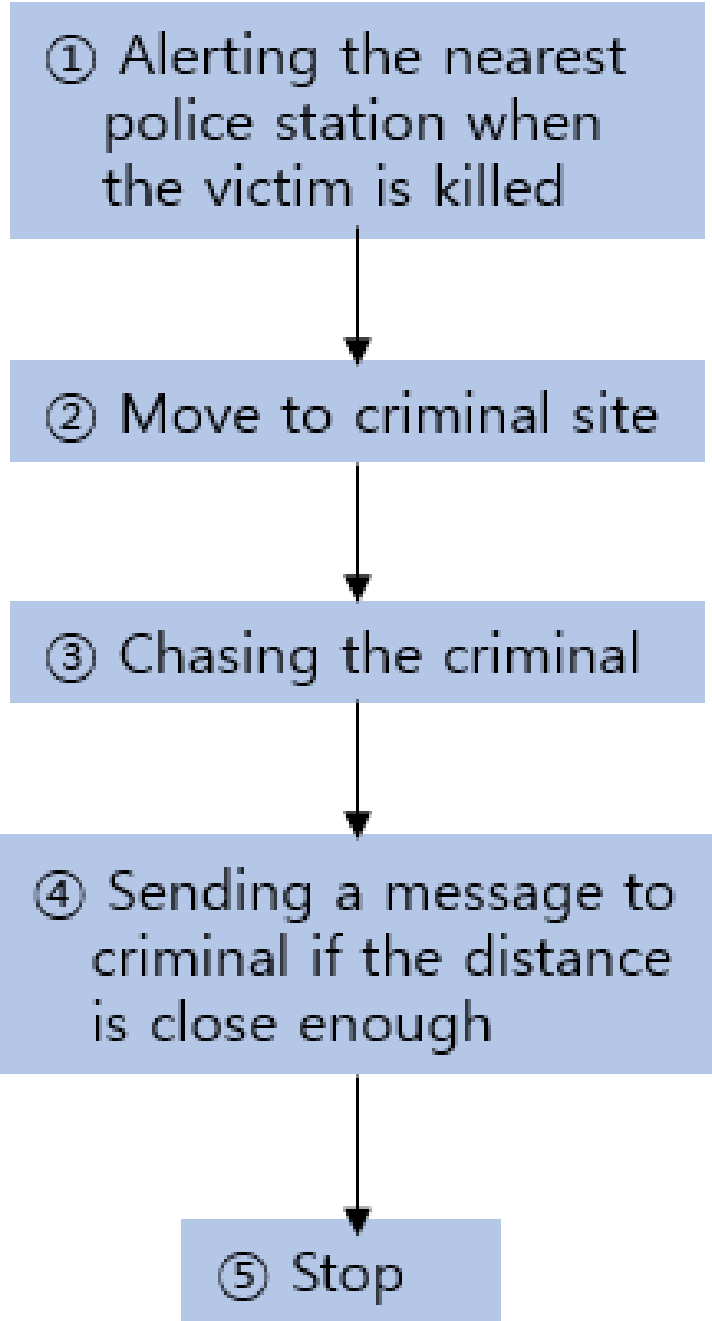
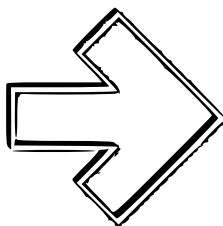
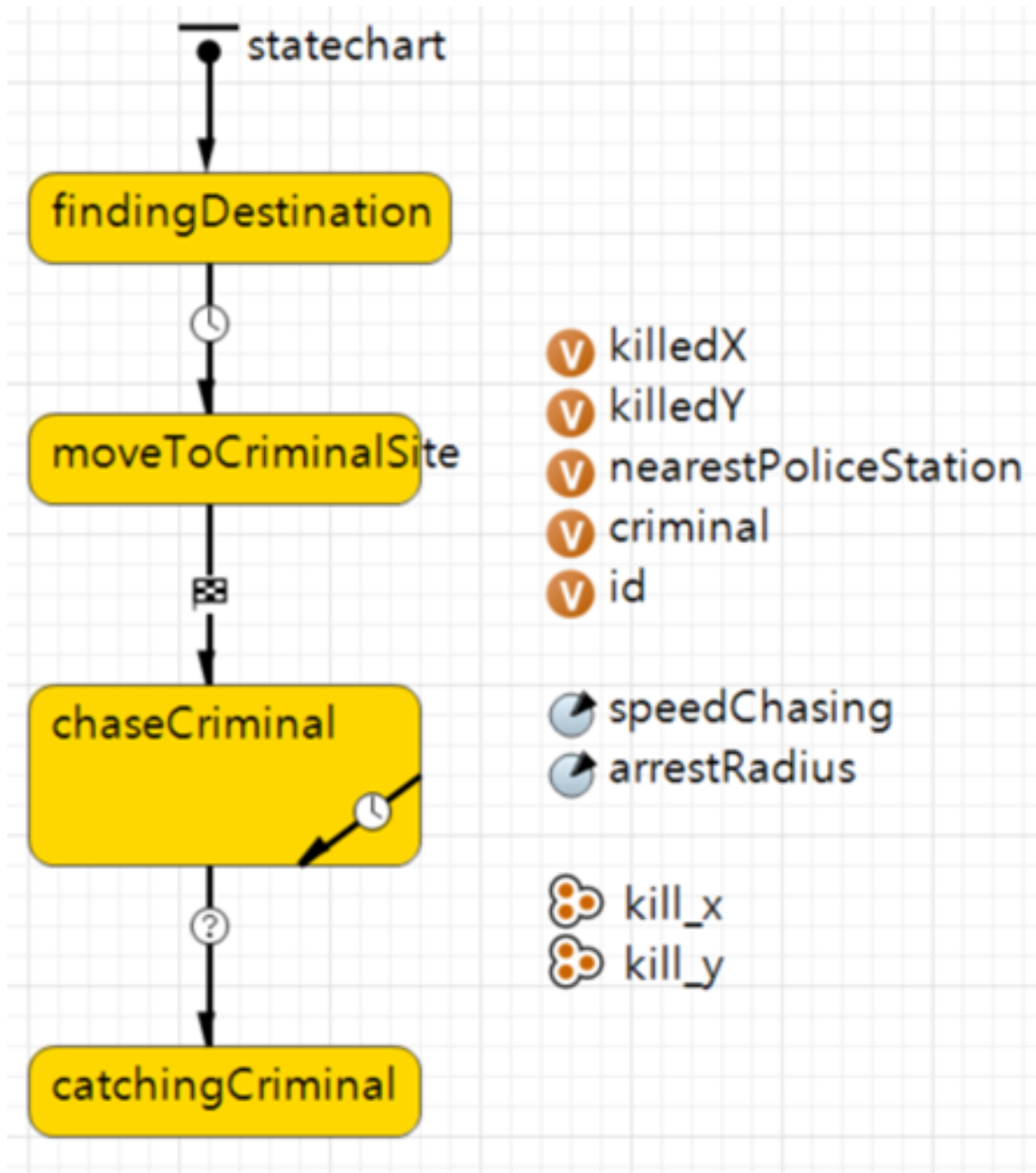
02. Model - Statechart

Criminal



02. Model - Statechart

Police



04.

Conclusion

■ Implication

■ Research limit

_Implication

- >Micro-Level Understanding
- >Emergent Patterns and Trends
- >Scenario Testing for Policy Evaluation
- >Spatial and Temporal Dynamics
- >Adaptability and Flexibility

_Research limit

- >Data Requirements
- >Sensitivity to Parameterization
- >Validation and Calibration Complexity



Thank you

