Experiment No: 5

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Question 1: Medium Level Problem

Problem Title: Normal View vs. Materialized View

- 1. Create a large dataset:
 - Create a table names transaction_data (id , value) with 1 million records.
 - take id 1 and 2, and for each id, generate 1 million records in value column
 - Use Generate series () and random() to populate the data.
- 2. Create a normal view and materialized view to for sales_summary, which includes total_quantity_sold, total_sales, and total_orders with aggregation
- 3. Compare the performance and execution time of both.

Solution:

```
CREATE TABLE transaction_data (
    id INT,
    value INT
);

-- For id = 1
INSERT INTO transaction_data (id, value)
SELECT 1, random() * 1000 -- simulate transaction amounts 0-1000
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

-- For id = 2
INSERT INTO transaction_data (id, value)
```

```
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```

SELECT 2, random() * 1000 FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);

SELECT *FROM transaction data

--WITH NORMAL VIEW
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW sales_summary_view AS
SELECT
id,
COUNT(*) AS total_orders,
SUM(value) AS total_sales,
AVG(value) AS avg_transaction
FROM transaction_data
GROUP BY id;

EXPLAIN ANALYZE SELECT * FROM sales_summary_view;

--WITH MATERIALIZED VIEW
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW sales_summary_mv AS
SELECT
id,
COUNT(*) AS total_orders,
SUM(value) AS total_sales,
AVG(value) AS avg_transaction

FROM transaction_data GROUP BY id;

EXPLAIN ANALYZE
SELECT * FROM sales_summary_mv;

Question 2: Hard Level Problem

Problem Title: Securing Data Access with Views and Role-Based Permissions

The company TechMart Solutions stores all sales transactions in a central database. A new reporting team has been formed to analyze sales but they should not have direct access to the base tables for security reasons.

The database administrator has decided to:

- 1. Create restricted views to display only summarized, non-sensitive data.
- 2. Assign access to these views to specific users using DCL commands (GRANT, REVOKE).

Solution:

```
CREATE VIEW vW_ORDER_SUMMARY AS

SELECT

O.order_id,
O.order_date,
P.product_name,
C.full_name,
(P.unit_price * O.quantity) - ((P.unit_price * O.quantity) * O.discount_percent / 100)

AS final_cost

FROM customer_master AS C

JOIN sales_orders AS O
ON O.customer_id = C.customer_id

JOIN product_catalog AS P
ON P.product_id = O.product_id;

SELECT * FROM vW_ORDER_SUMMARY;
```

CREATE ROLE CLIENT_USER
LOGIN
PASSWORD 'client_password';

GRANT SELECT ON vW_ORDER_SUMMARY TO CLIENT_USER;

REVOKE SELECT ON vW_ORDER_SUMMARY FROM CLIENT_USER;