## BitTorrent Phase I

Min Chai(netid - mxc3), Terence Williams(netid - trw63)

October 17, 2016

## 1 RUBTClient class

We take a torrent file and parse the data inside using the given TorrentInfo class. Then, we connect to the tracker with a randomly generatedID and get the tracker info. Bencoder2 was used to decode the tracker info. From that we make a peer list, taking those that begin with the peerID '-RU'. For phase I, we are only downloading from one peer. After building the peer list, we perform a handshake to the remote peer to try to download the file. Upon successful communication with the peer, the file will be written into a path specified by argsv[1]. RUBTClient creates a new fileoutputstream before contacting the peers. Contacting the tracker that a successful download of the file was completed is done here.

## 2 Peer class

The Peer class represents a peer retrieved from the peer list inside tracker info. Each peer is constructed by its peerID, IP, and port number. The Peer class is also used to perform handshaking. Necessary fields likes output streams and input streams are stored inside this class. SHA-1 verification is also done inside this class(which utilized the MessageDigest class). This Peer calls on the PeerMessages class. As pieces are being downloaded and SHA-1 verified, pieces are written to the specified download path

## 3 PeerMessages class

The PeerMessages class implements the messages needed to contact the peer. This class holds input and output streams between the local client and the remote peer. The Peer class uses this class to try to download pieces of the file. A peer calls PeerMessages.start() and PeerMessages.showInterest() to start the download.