The Basics of Wallets & Wallet Security













A Little About Me...

- Software Engineer @ Microsoft in Pittsburgh
- Run https://chaintuts.com creating Bitcoin & blockchain related tutorials
 - Articles, videos, and code projects
 - On YouTube, Twitter, Github
 - Support: Patreon, Crypto, Spreadshirt Apparel
- Focus is on understanding & teaching core concepts



First, A Quick Disclaimer

- Security is a complex, evolving topic
- There is not a one size fits all solution
- Know your threat model, and learn about tools you can use
- We'll discuss some Bitcoin fundamentals and the surrounding security tools



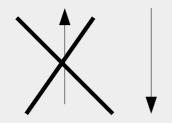
- Really a collection of private keys
- Private keys used to be randomly generated, but now come from a seed phrase
- Crypto-secure seed encoded as words for easy backup





0x12351bc143badf2348fe38e8f8b785b...

PRIVATE KEY



Elliptic Curve (secp256k1)

0x04135981abcd7f7a7d7b7c720....

PUBLIC KEY



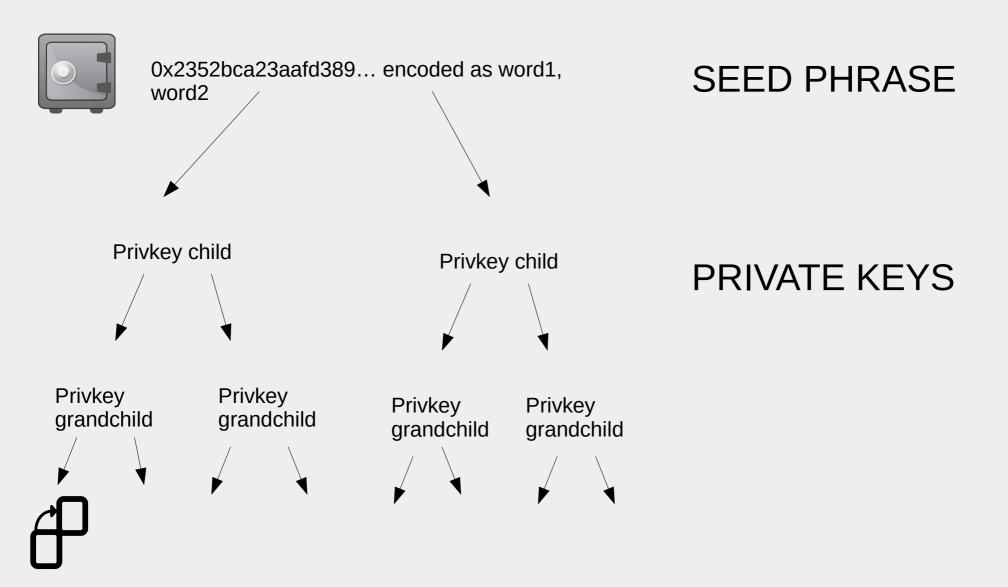
"Double hash" (SHA-256 and RIPEMD160)
And Base58check encoding



1MT3uNoFLP82j2aSD5Qtibm2kXJ7RWumAM

ADDRESS (PUBLIC KEY HASH)





- The process of deriving keys from a seed phrase is deterministic
- Same seed phrase, same keys, same addresses when restoring a wallet!
- With one caveat...



- Different wallets use different derivation paths
- Ex: m/44'/0'/0'/0/0
 - M/44' is constant
 - 0' is Bitcoin
 - 0' is the first account
 - 0 means external, 1 for change addrs
 - 0 is the first address

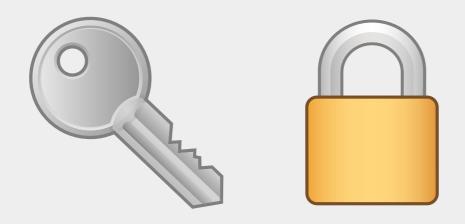


- What about addresses, transactions, balances, etc.???
- All of that is stored on the public blockchain, NOT in the wallet!
- Wallet software simply fetches this data as needed, or stores the full chain



Private Keys & The #1 Rule...

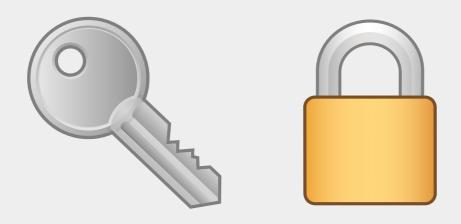
Not your keys... NOT YOUR BITCOIN





Private Keys & The #2 Rule...

Not your keys... NOT YOUR BITCOIN





Types of Wallets

- Custodial Wallets
- Online Wallets (SPV & Full Node)
- Offline Wallets (Hardware & Paper Wallets)



Custodial Wallets

- Ex: Coinbase, Binance, etc.
- Hold private keys for you, doesn't give a seed phrase
- Pros: Ease of use, ease of security
 - Great if you're new or less tech savvy
- Cons: Not your keys, not your coins!
 - Ultimately like a traditional bank model that can fail (Mt. Gox)



Online Wallets

- Ex: Coinomi, Bitcoin.com, Bitcoin Core
- Wallet is on an online device
- You control private keys (seed phrase)
- Pros: Still easy to use, everyday transactions, control you own coins
- Cons: Online is more vulnerable to attacks, you can make mistakes



Offline Wallets

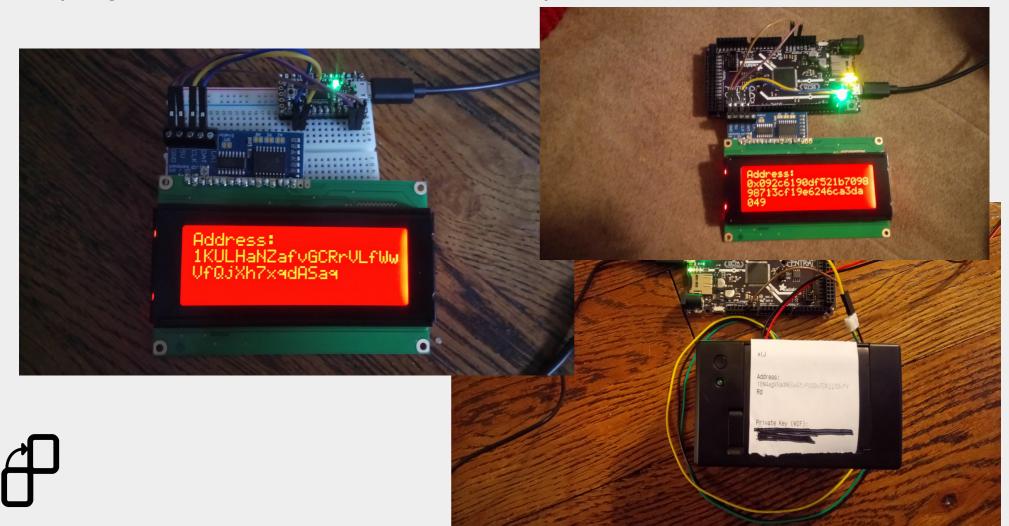
- Ex: KeepKey, Ledger, Paper wallets
- You control private keys, stored with no internet connection
- Pros: Highest level of security, long term storage
- Cons: Most complicated
 - Paper/metal wallets are easy to screw up
 - Hardware wallets less so preferred method



Offline Wallets

If you're extra nerdy, make your own!

https://github.com/chaintuts/ubitaddr/tree/development



Potential Threats

- Exchange goes under or steals your coins
 - Mt. Gox, Quadriga CX
- SIM swap attacks used to gain access
- DNS hijacking/malware swaps address
- Social engineering
- Physical attacks (the ol' wrench attack)



So What Should I Use?

- Factors to consider: level of tech savvy, use cases, amounts
 - Custodial: Great for small amounts, purchase/sell, non-tech savvy
 - Online: For day to day purchases, small to medium amounts, reasonably savvy
 - Offline: Large amounts, long term savings, more tech savvy individuals (hardware wallets help bridge the gap)



Final Thoughts

- Remember, private keys are the core of our security focus
- Not your keys, not your Bitcoin!
- Before you Bitcoin, know:
 - Your level of technical knowledge
 - Your threat model and usage (amounts, spend vs. save, etc.)
 - Understand core concepts and ask for help if you need it!



Questions?

