# The Science of Digital Money











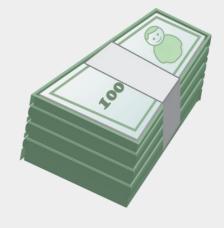
#### A Little About Me...

- Software Engineer @ Microsoft in Pittsburgh
- Run https://chaintuts.com creating Bitcoin & blockchain related tutorials
  - Articles, videos, and code projects
  - On YouTube, Twitter, Github
  - Support: Patreon, Crypto, Spreadshirt Apparel
- Strong believer in digital sovereignty with digital money!



## What are Cryptocurrencies?

- Cryptocurrencies like Bitcoin Cash, Litecoin, etc. are digital cash
- Different form of money than what we are used to – money without central authorities or trust
- Have several key technical properties:
  - Decentralized
  - Peer-to-peer
  - Cryptographically secured





#### Key Properties of Cryptocurrencies

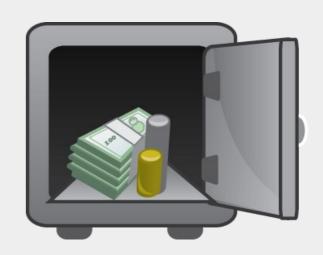
- Decentralized
  - No one single party controls issuance or transaction processing
- Peer-to-peer
  - Network of users running software, no central "servers"
- Cryptographically secured
  - Transaction validation is backed by math & consensus algorithms, not trust



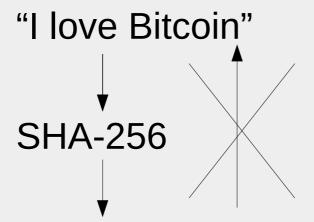
#### How...does that work?

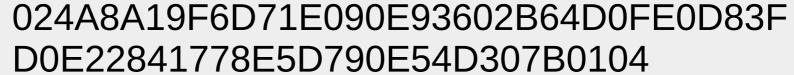
- Core computing/information systems concepts
  - The big buzzword Blockchains
    - Hash functions
    - Proof-of-work
  - Public Key cryptography
    - Private keys where the money is
    - Public keys & addresses
    - Digital signatures
- Don't Panic we're just going to get the basics:)





- First, cryptographic hashes
  - A one-way function that takes any data, gives a unique "fingerprint"
  - Ex:







- Hash properties are used for "Proof-of-Work" to secure the blockchain
- Every 10 minutes, transactions are pooled together and batch processed
- "Proof-of-work" nonce is added to tx data to get a verifiable block hash



Tx data +
"Nonce" - random number

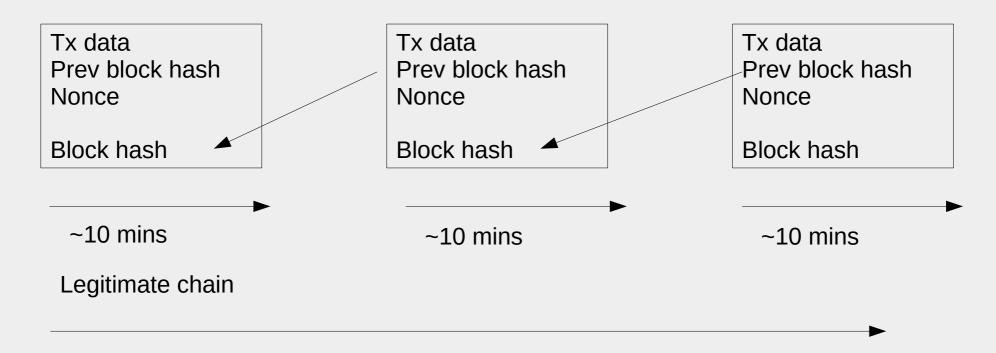
"Block hash" ex:

000000000000000059ddd45ec 82331174a165f3322235d909ccf1b a3052f32 Goal is to find a nonce such that the block hash is less than the difficulty target



- How does that help secure the blockchain?
- Each block contains the hash of the previous block
- Remember if any data changes, the hash changes
- It turns out the further back you go in history, the more difficult it is to change





Attacker: Has to outcompute legitimate miners – 30 mins worth of mining in under 10 minutes...no way!

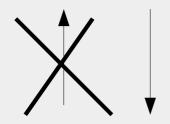


### Understanding Public Key Crypto



0x12351bc143badf2348fe38e8f8b785b...

PRIVATE KEY



Elliptic Curve (secp256k1)

0x04135981abcd7f7a7d7b7c720....

**PUBLIC KEY** 



"Double hash" (SHA-256 and RIPEMD160) And Base58check encoding



1MT3uNoFLP82j2aSD5Qtibm2kXJ7RWumAM

ADDRESS (PUBLIC KEY HASH)



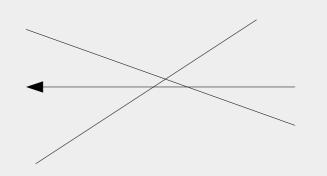
## Understanding Public Key Crypto

User private key



Tx data (message)

Public key Digital signature



signs



Cannot get private key from public key, but

CAN prove the user owns those funds via the signature!



#### Understanding Public Key Crypto

- To spend funds sent to you, sign a tx with key without revealing it
- User keeps private keys to prove they own funds sent to public address
- User does not have to reveal private keys, ever
- Address is completely public
- This is different than what we're used to push vs. pull transaction



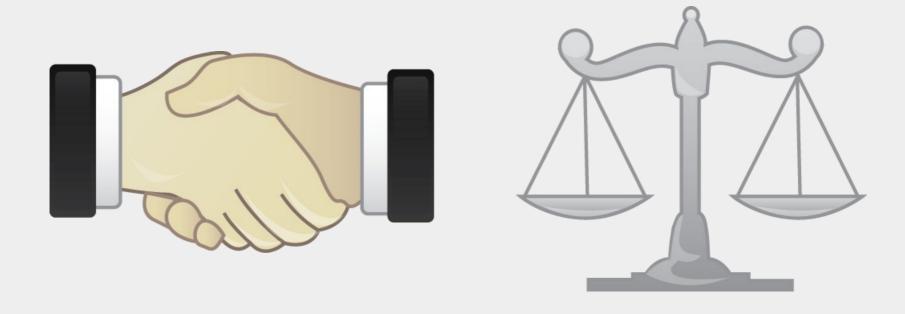
#### Confused??? It's Okay

- The important thing is not understanding every system detail – it's understanding why the implementation is important
- This is a good lesson for computing in general
  - Understanding roughly why software does what it does allows you to use it safely & effectively



#### Confused??? It's Okay

 Let's discuss why the technical properties impact society and finance





Because cryptocurrencies are:

They are

- Decentralized
- Peer-to-peer
- Cryptographically secured

- Trustless
- Global
- Censorship resistant



- Bitcoin is Trustless
  - No need to trust corporations or governments
  - Corruption and greed happen people steal, bad decisions are made, etc.
  - Trustless systems operate without a central point of failure!



- Bitcoin is Global
  - No borders on the blockchain!
  - International transactions are fast & cheap
  - Compare to traditional services imagine being a migrant worker or a refugee
    - Western union will charge you 30% to send money back home
    - It takes days or weeks, not minutes
  - With Bitcoin Cash, etc. send money anywhere, any time, for less than a penny



- Bitcoin is Censorship resistant
  - No central authority, no censorship
  - Extremely valuable to dissidents, journalists, and the oppressed
    - Real world use case the new Snowden book!
    - Make payments for services like VPNs, secure email
    - The list goes on
  - Allows civil disobedience and truly free as in freedom transacting



#### Final Thoughts

- My opinion Bitcoin is the most fascinating applications of computer science to date
- The technical properties of cryptocurrencies give them some incredible social and economic properties
- What you're learning here matters study how it applies to emerging technologies!



#### The Fun Part – Free Money!

- Go to app store of your choice
- Download the bitcoin.com wallet or Coinomi wallet
- Set up a Bitcoin Cash (Not Bitcoin BTC) or Litecoin wallet
- See me as time permits for some free currency of your choice!



# Questions?

