

4_model_building_LSTM_F13

November 18, 2022

0.1 4_model_building_LSTM_F13

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Description: Applying the LSTM model on the daily data.

- We are building a basic model using the columns and the target provided in the initial dataset.
- Used Feature Set 13 which are basic features and we have calculated the Lag and rolled data.

0.1.1 Pre requisites:

1. And add the shortcut of the drive link : <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1F8P3UlqSE6lFpHyBidVArD> to your personal drive.

Files: crypto_data_hour_cleaned_v2.csv - Hourly Data

0.1.2 Output files:

Files:LSTM_tw28.h5

```
[ ]: # install packages
! pip install keras-tuner --upgrade
! pip install ta
! pip install seglearn
```

Looking in indexes: <https://pypi.org/simple>, <https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/>

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-addons in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (0.18.0)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorflow-addons) (21.3)

Requirement already satisfied: typeguard>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorflow-addons) (2.7.1)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from packaging->tensorflow-addons) (3.0.9)

Looking in indexes: <https://pypi.org/simple>, <https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/>

Requirement already satisfied: keras-tuner in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (1.1.3)

Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (2.23.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (1.21.6)

Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (2.9.1)

Requirement already satisfied: ipython in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (7.9.0)

Requirement already satisfied: kt-legacy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (1.0.4)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from keras-tuner) (21.3)

Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit<2.1.0,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (2.0.10)

Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (0.7.5)

Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (0.18.1)

Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (5.1.1)

Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (2.6.1)

Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=18.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (57.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pexpect in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (4.8.0)

Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (4.4.2)

Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from ipython->keras-tuner) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: parso<0.9.0,>=0.8.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from jedi>=0.10->ipython->keras-tuner) (0.8.3)

Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from prompt-toolkit<2.1.0,>=2.0.0->ipython->keras-tuner) (0.2.5)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from prompt-toolkit<2.1.0,>=2.0.0->ipython->keras-tuner) (1.15.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from packaging->keras-tuner) (3.0.9)

Requirement already satisfied: ptyprocess>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pexpect->ipython->keras-tuner) (0.7.0)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->keras-tuner) (1.24.3)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->keras-tuner) (2022.9.24)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->keras-tuner) (2.10)

Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->keras-tuner) (3.0.4)
 Requirement already satisfied: protobuf<3.20,>=3.9.2 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (3.19.6)
 Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-data-server<0.7.0,>=0.6.0 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (0.6.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: markdown>=2.6.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (3.4.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: google-auth-oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (0.4.6)
 Requirement already satisfied: grpcio>=1.24.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (1.50.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: google-auth<3,>=1.6.3 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (2.14.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: tensorboard-plugin-wit>=1.6.0 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (1.8.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: werkzeug>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (1.0.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: wheel>=0.26 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (0.38.3)
 Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=0.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from tensorboard->keras-tuner) (1.3.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: rsa<5,>=3.1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from google-auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (4.9)
 Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<6.0,>=2.0.0 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-
 auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (5.2.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-
 auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (0.2.8)
 Requirement already satisfied: requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from google-auth-
 oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (1.3.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=4.4 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from
 markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (4.13.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from importlib-metadata>=4.4->markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard->keras-
 tuner) (3.10.0)
 Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.4 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from importlib-
 metadata>=4.4->markdown>=2.6.8->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (4.1.1)
 Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6 in
 /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1->google-
 auth<3,>=1.6.3->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (0.4.8)
 Requirement already satisfied: oauthlib>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
 packages (from requests-oauthlib>=0.7.0->google-auth-
 oauthlib<0.5,>=0.4.1->tensorboard->keras-tuner) (3.2.2)

1 Load and transform data

```
[ ]: # Connecting to the google drive
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
from IPython.display import clear_output
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np

from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV

#picking models for prediction.
from sklearn.svm import SVC
```

```
[ ]: # file path
folder_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/MADS_23_DL_final_project'
daily = pd.read_csv(folder_path + '/data/crypto_data_daily_cleaned_v1.csv')
```

```
[ ]: daily.head()
```

```
[ ]: 
```

	Open Time	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	train_test	Crypto
0	2013-04-01	93.155	105.90	93.155	104.750	11008.524	Train	BTC
1	2013-04-02	104.720	127.00	99.000	123.016	24187.398	Train	BTC
2	2013-04-03	123.001	146.88	101.511	125.500	31681.780	Train	BTC
3	2013-04-04	125.500	143.00	125.500	135.632	15035.206	Train	BTC
4	2013-04-05	136.000	145.00	135.119	142.990	11697.741	Train	BTC

```
[ ]: daily
```

```
[ ]: 
```

	Open Time	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	\
0	2013-04-01	93.155	105.900	93.155	104.750	11008.524000	
1	2013-04-02	104.720	127.000	99.000	123.016	24187.398000	
2	2013-04-03	123.001	146.880	101.511	125.500	31681.780000	
3	2013-04-04	125.500	143.000	125.500	135.632	15035.206000	
4	2013-04-05	136.000	145.000	135.119	142.990	11697.741000	
...	
20741	2022-09-26	28.350	28.606	27.490	28.460	231982.933089	
20742	2022-09-27	28.460	30.232	27.607	28.130	371967.089380	
20743	2022-09-28	28.147	28.280	26.640	27.630	181253.911464	
20744	2022-09-29	27.649	28.295	27.000	27.790	155764.477192	

```
20745  2022-09-30   27.830   28.362   27.290   27.730  150287.772536
```

```

      train_test Crypto
0         Train   BTC
1         Train   BTC
2         Train   BTC
3         Train   BTC
4         Train   BTC
...         ...   ...
20741        Test   ETC
20742        Test   ETC
20743        Test   ETC
20744        Test   ETC
20745        Test   ETC

```

```
[20746 rows x 8 columns]
```

1.1 Train / Test Split

```
[ ]: daily['train_test'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

```
[ ]: Train    0.82546
      Test     0.17454
      Name: train_test, dtype: float64
```

```
[ ]: df = daily.copy()
```

```
[ ]: # train test split
      train_df = df[df['train_test']=='Train']
      test_df = df[df['train_test']=='Test']
```

```
[ ]: train_df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
      Open Time    Open    High    Low    Close    Volume train_test Crypto
0  2013-04-01   93.155  105.90   93.155  104.750  11008.524    Train   BTC
1  2013-04-02  104.720  127.00   99.000  123.016  24187.398    Train   BTC
2  2013-04-03  123.001  146.88  101.511  125.500  31681.780    Train   BTC
3  2013-04-04  125.500  143.00  125.500  135.632  15035.206    Train   BTC
4  2013-04-05  136.000  145.00  135.119  142.990  11697.741    Train   BTC

```

```
[ ]: train_df.columns
```

```
[ ]: Index(['Open Time', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'train_test',
          'Crypto'],
          dtype='object')
```

1.2 Calculate percentage change for Train and Test

```
[ ]: def calculate_pct_change(df):
    coins = df.Crypto.unique()
    df_pct_change = pd.DataFrame()
    for coin in coins:
        x = df[df['Crypto']==coin]
        x['pct_change_1day'] = x['Close'].pct_change(1)
        df_pct_change = pd.concat([df_pct_change,x])
    return df_pct_change

[ ]: train_df = calculate_pct_change(train_df)
    test_df = calculate_pct_change(test_df)

[ ]: test_df.head()
```

	Open Time	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume \
3098	2021-10-01	43828.89	48500.00	43287.44	48165.76	38375.517
3099	2021-10-02	48185.61	48361.83	47438.00	47657.69	12310.011
3100	2021-10-03	47649.00	49300.00	47119.87	48233.99	14411.104
3101	2021-10-04	48233.99	49530.53	46895.80	49245.54	25695.213
3102	2021-10-05	49244.13	51922.00	49057.18	51493.99	30764.491

	train_test	Crypto	pct_change_1day
3098	Test	BTC	NaN
3099	Test	BTC	-0.010548
3100	Test	BTC	0.012092
3101	Test	BTC	0.020972
3102	Test	BTC	0.045658

1.3 Generate lag features

```
[ ]: # function to calculate the market capitalization of coins at each time point
def create_market_volumn_features(df):

    # calculate value of each cryto at certain time points
    df['Total_Value'] = df['Close']*df['Volume']
    # the sum of values at each time point
    sum_at_timepoints = df.groupby('Open Time').sum()['Total_Value']
    merged = df.merge(sum_at_timepoints, how='left',
                      on='Open Time', suffixes=('', '_market'))
    merged['Value_Weight'] = merged['Total_Value']/merged['Total_Value_market']

    return merged

[ ]: # function to create 1 day lag
def create_shift_features(df, col = 'pct_change_1day'):
    df['1_d_lag'] = df[col].shift(periods=1)
```

```
# df['1_w_lag'] = df[col].shift(periods=7)
return df
```

```
[ ]: # stack all functions together and iterate through all coins
from ta import add_all_ta_features
def create_analysis_columns(df):

    master_df = pd.DataFrame()
    crypto_coins = df['Crypto'].unique()

    for coin in crypto_coins:

        temp_df = df[df['Crypto']==coin]
        temp_df['pct_change_1day'] = temp_df['Close'].pct_change()
        temp_df = create_shift_features(temp_df.copy(), col = 'pct_change_1day')
        temp_df = add_all_ta_features(temp_df.copy(), open="Open", high="High", low="Low", close="Close", volume="Volume", fillna=True)
        if master_df.empty :
            master_df = temp_df
        else:
            master_df = pd.concat([master_df, temp_df])
    return master_df
```

```
[ ]: # apply all functions
train_df = create_analysis_columns(train_df)
test_df = create_analysis_columns(test_df)
```

```
[ ]: # calculate the market capitalization
train_df = create_market_volumn_features(train_df.copy())
test_df = create_market_volumn_features(test_df.copy())
```

```
[ ]: # features selected from previous model importance analysis
feat_to_keep = ['Open Time', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume',
    'train_test',
    'Crypto',
    'pct_change_1day', 'volatility_kcw', 'trend_cci', 'volume_adi', 'momentum_ppo_hist', 'momentum_s',
    'volatility_dcw', 'volume_vpt', 'volatility_bbw', 'Total_Value',
    'Total_Value_market', 'Value_Weight']

lag_cols = [col for col in train_df.columns if 'lag' in col]
feat_to_keep.extend(lag_cols)
```

```
[ ]: # only keep above features
train_df = train_df[feat_to_keep]
test_df = test_df[feat_to_keep]
```

```
[ ]: # function to shift all technical features by 1 because it causes leakage
def shift_vol(df):
    impo_feat = [
        'volatility_kcw', 'trend_cci', 'volume_adi', 'momentum_ppo_hist', 'momentum_stoch', 'volatility',
        'volatility_dcw', 'volume_vpt', 'volatility_bbw']
    master_df = pd.DataFrame()
    crypto_coins = df['Crypto'].unique()

    for coin in crypto_coins:
        temp_df = df[df['Crypto']==coin]
        for feat in impo_feat:

            temp_df[feat] = temp_df[feat].shift(1)
        if master_df.empty :
            master_df = temp_df
        else:
            master_df = pd.concat([master_df, temp_df])
    return master_df
```

```
[ ]: # apply shift function
train_df = shift_vol(train_df.copy())
test_df = shift_vol(test_df.copy())
```

```
[ ]:
```

1.4 Extract year, month, day, hour and weekday from time stamp

1.4.1 Encoding of ordinals

```
[ ]: def encode_cyclicals(df_x):

    df_x['month_sin'] = np.sin(2*np.pi*df_x.month/12)
    df_x['month_cos'] = np.cos(2*np.pi*df_x.month/12)
    df_x.drop('month', axis=1, inplace=True)

    df_x['day_sin'] = np.sin(2*np.pi*df_x.day/31)
    df_x['day_cos'] = np.cos(2*np.pi*df_x.day/31)
    df_x.drop('day', axis=1, inplace=True)

    df_x['dayofweek_sin'] = np.sin(2*np.pi*df_x.weekday/7)
    df_x['dayofweek_cos'] = np.cos(2*np.pi*df_x.weekday/7)
    df_x.drop('weekday', axis=1, inplace=True)

    df_x['hour_sin'] = np.sin(2*np.pi*df_x.hour/24)
    df_x['hour_cos'] = np.cos(2*np.pi*df_x.hour/24)
    df_x.drop('hour', axis=1, inplace=True)
```



```
df_x['hour_sin'] = np.sin(2*np.pi*df_x.minute/60)
df_x['hour_cos'] = np.cos(2*np.pi*df_x.minute/60)
df_x.drop('minute', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
return df_x
```

```
[ ]: # function to extract time features and encode them
def date_values_extraction(new_df):
    df = new_df.copy()
    df['year'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Open Time']).year
    df['month'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Open Time']).month
    df['day'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Open Time']).day
    df['weekday'] = pd.DatetimeIndex(df['Open Time']).dayofweek

    df['Open Time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Open Time'])
    df['minute'] = df['Open Time'].dt.minute
    df['hour'] = df['Open Time'].dt.hour
    df = encode_cyclicals(df.copy())
    return df
```

```
[ ]: # apply above function
train_df = date_values_extraction(train_df)
test_df = date_values_extraction(test_df)
```

1.5 One hot coding the coins

```
[ ]: # Applying one hot encoding on Crypto Coin
def crypto_one_hot_encoding(df):
    y_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df['Crypto'], prefix='Crypto', drop_first=False)
    # creating a additional column if the model is used for new coin.
    y_dummies['other_crypto'] = 0
    return y_dummies
```

```
[ ]: # roll data for one hot encoded dummy variables
def rolling_hot_data(train_df, TIME_WINDOW):
    train_hot = pd.DataFrame()
    for col in train_df.columns:
        if train_hot.empty:
            train_hot = train_df[train_df[col]==1][:-TIME_WINDOW]
        else:
            train_hot = pd.concat([train_hot, train_df[train_df[col]==1][:-TIME_WINDOW]], axis=0)
    return train_hot
```

```
[ ]: # one hot encoding the coins
train_onehot_data = crypto_one_hot_encoding(train_df)
test_onehot_data = crypto_one_hot_encoding(test_df)

[ ]: # roll the one hot encoded data
TIME_WINDOW=28
train_onehot_data = rolling_hot_data(train_onehot_data,TIME_WINDOW)
test_onehot_data = rolling_hot_data(test_onehot_data,TIME_WINDOW)

[ ]: test_onehot_data.shape

[ ]: (3341, 11)

[ ]: train_df['pct_change_1day'].describe()

[ ]: count      17115.000000
      mean        0.005533
      std         0.162083
      min        -0.564847
      25%        -0.025641
      50%         0.000000
      75%         0.028824
      max         19.058824
      Name: pct_change_1day, dtype: float64

[ ]: test_df['pct_change_1day'].describe()

[ ]: count      3611.000000
      mean       -0.001452
      std        0.046840
      min       -0.204696
      25%       -0.026274
      50%        0.000000
      75%        0.024091
      max        0.344702
      Name: pct_change_1day, dtype: float64
```

2 Defining the Target Variable

We devide the data into 3 classes, one is with return below 0, one is above 0 but below market rate of return, one is above market rate of return. The market rate of return we use here is annual return of S&P 500 index in 2021.

```
[ ]: # function to create classes
def create_target(df, prob='Classification'):
    if prob == 'Classification':
        market_RoR = 26.89
```

```

market_RoR_1d = market_RoR/365
df['Target'] = np.where(df['pct_change_1day']>0, 1,0)
df['Target'] = np.where(df['pct_change_1day']>market_RoR_1d, 2,1)
df['Target'][df['Target']==1] = np.
↪where(df['pct_change_1day'][df['Target']==1]>=0, 1,0)
elif prob == 'Regression':
    df['Target'] = df['pct_change_1day']
return df

```

```

[ ]: # apply function
train_df = create_target(train_df, 'Classification')
test_df = create_target(test_df, 'Classification')

```

```

[ ]: train_df['Target'].value_counts(normalize=True)

```

```

[ ]: 0    0.460088
     1    0.449343
     2    0.090569
     Name: Target, dtype: float64

```

```

[ ]: test_df['Target'].value_counts(normalize=True)

```

```

[ ]: 0    0.491025
     1    0.464513
     2    0.044463
     Name: Target, dtype: float64

```

```

[ ]: test_df.drop(['pct_change_1day'], axis=1, inplace=True) # droppping the column
     ↪as we already extracted the target
train_df.drop(['pct_change_1day'], axis=1, inplace=True) # droppping the column
     ↪as we already extracted the target

```

```

[ ]: train_df.shape

```

```

[ ]: (17125, 32)

```

```

[ ]: test_df.shape

```

```

[ ]: (3621, 32)

```

```

[ ]: # define the targets
target = train_df['Target']
test_target = test_df['Target']

```

```

[ ]:

```

3 Drop columns

```
[ ]: # drop unuseful columns
train_df.drop(['Target', 'Open Time', 'train_test'], axis=1, inplace=True)
test_df.drop(['Target', 'Open Time', 'train_test'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
[ ]: # dropping the list of the columns

drop_columns = ['Open', 'Close']

if drop_columns:
    norm_train_df = train_df.drop(drop_columns, axis=1)
    norm_test_df = test_df.drop(drop_columns, axis=1)
else:
    norm_train_df = train_df
    norm_test_df = test_df
```

```
[ ]: norm_train_df.columns
```

```
[ ]: Index(['High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'Crypto', 'volatility_kcw', 'trend_cci',
          'volume_adi', 'momentum_ppo_hist', 'momentum_stoch', 'volatility_kcp',
          'volume_em', 'volatility_dcw', 'volume_vpt', 'volatility_bbw',
          'Total_Value', 'Total_Value_market', 'Value_Weight', '1_d_lag', 'year',
          'month_sin', 'month_cos', 'day_sin', 'day_cos', 'dayofweek_sin',
          'dayofweek_cos', 'hour_sin', 'hour_cos'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[ ]: norm_train_df.shape
```

```
[ ]: (17125, 27)
```

```
[ ]: target.shape
```

```
[ ]: (17125,)
```

```
[ ]: norm_train_df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
      High      Low      Volume Crypto  volatility_kcw  trend_cci  volume_adi \
0  105.90   93.155  11008.524   BTC          NaN          NaN          NaN
1  127.00   99.000  24187.398   BTC      25.170751    0.000000  9021.893541
2  146.88  101.511  31681.780   BTC      37.448244    66.666667  26326.249139
3  143.00  125.500  15035.206   BTC      50.324142    82.362074  28148.148762
4  145.00  135.119  11697.741   BTC      43.448762    98.871690  30522.852156

      momentum_ppo_hist  momentum_stoch  volatility_kcp  ...  1_d_lag  year  \
0              NaN              NaN              NaN  ...    NaN  2013
1              0.000000              90.976854      0.636590  ...    NaN  2013
```

2	1.098643	88.228690	0.848816	...	0.174377	2013
3	1.848551	60.204746	0.698938	...	0.020192	2013
4	2.762857	79.063751	0.816463	...	0.080733	2013

	month_sin	month_cos	day_sin	day_cos	dayofweek_sin	dayofweek_cos	\
0	0.866025	-0.5	0.201299	0.979530	0.000000	1.000000	
1	0.866025	-0.5	0.394356	0.918958	0.781831	0.623490	
2	0.866025	-0.5	0.571268	0.820763	0.974928	-0.222521	
3	0.866025	-0.5	0.724793	0.688967	0.433884	-0.900969	
4	0.866025	-0.5	0.848644	0.528964	-0.433884	-0.900969	

	hour_sin	hour_cos
0	0.0	1.0
1	0.0	1.0
2	0.0	1.0
3	0.0	1.0
4	0.0	1.0

[5 rows x 27 columns]

```
[ ]: norm_test_df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
      High      Low      Volume Crypto  volatility_kcw  trend_cci  \
0  48500.00  43287.44  38375.517   BTC              NaN          NaN
1  48361.83  47438.00  12310.011   BTC      22.347013    0.000000
2  49300.00  47119.87  14411.104   BTC      12.991160   66.666667
3  49530.53  46895.80  25695.213   BTC      11.656914   71.870986
4  51922.00  49057.18  30764.491   BTC      11.452558   85.715360
```

	volume_adi	momentum_ppo_hist	momentum_stoch	volatility_kcp	...	\
0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	...	
1	33454.083845	0.000000	93.587796	0.645293	...	
2	26998.800050	-0.067370	83.840762	0.568863	...	
3	27316.816963	-0.029487	82.270281	0.621071	...	
4	47453.298136	0.129936	95.435113	0.761919	...	

	1_d_lag	year	month_sin	month_cos	day_sin	day_cos	dayofweek_sin	\
0	NaN	2021	-0.866025	0.5	0.201299	0.979530	-0.433884	
1	NaN	2021	-0.866025	0.5	0.394356	0.918958	-0.974928	
2	-0.010548	2021	-0.866025	0.5	0.571268	0.820763	-0.781831	
3	0.012092	2021	-0.866025	0.5	0.724793	0.688967	0.000000	
4	0.020972	2021	-0.866025	0.5	0.848644	0.528964	0.781831	

	dayofweek_cos	hour_sin	hour_cos
0	-0.900969	0.0	1.0
1	-0.222521	0.0	1.0
2	0.623490	0.0	1.0

3	1.000000	0.0	1.0
4	0.623490	0.0	1.0

[5 rows x 27 columns]

[]:

4 Roll the train and test data

```
[ ]: # use past 28 days to forecast the next day
TIME_WINDOW=28
FORECAST_DISTANCE=1
```

```
[ ]: from seglearn.transform import FeatureRep, SegmentXYForecast, last

# function to roll data
def Segment_multi(train_df, target):
    master_df_x = pd.DataFrame()
    master_df_y = pd.DataFrame()

    crypto_coins = df['Crypto'].unique()

    segmenter = SegmentXYForecast(width=TIME_WINDOW, step=1, y_func=last,
    ↪forecast=FORECAST_DISTANCE)
    for coin in crypto_coins:

        coin_index = train_df[train_df['Crypto']==coin].index
        X_train_rolled, y_train_rolled, _=segmenter.fit_transform([train_df.
    ↪iloc[coin_index].drop(['Crypto'], axis=1).values], [target.iloc[coin_index].
    ↪values])

        if coin == 'BTC' :
            master_df_x = X_train_rolled
            master_df_y = y_train_rolled
        else:
            master_df_x = np.concatenate([master_df_x, X_train_rolled], axis=0)

            master_df_y = np.concatenate([master_df_y, y_train_rolled], axis=0)

    return master_df_x, master_df_y
```

```
[ ]: # roll train and test data
train_roll, y_roll = Segment_multi(norm_train_df.fillna(0), target)
test_roll, y_test_roll = Segment_multi(norm_test_df.fillna(0), test_target)
```

```
[ ]: norm_train_df.columns
```

```
[ ]: Index(['High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'Crypto', 'volatility_kcw', 'trend_cci',  
         'volume_adi', 'momentum_ppo_hist', 'momentum_stoch', 'volatility_kcp',  
         'volume_em', 'volatility_dcw', 'volume_vpt', 'volatility_bbw',  
         'Total_Value', 'Total_Value_market', 'Value_Weight', '1_d_lag', 'year',  
         'month_sin', 'month_cos', 'day_sin', 'day_cos', 'dayofweek_sin',  
         'dayofweek_cos', 'hour_sin', 'hour_cos'],  
         dtype='object')
```

```
[ ]: train_roll.shape
```

```
[ ]: (16845, 28, 26)
```

```
[ ]: test_roll.shape
```

```
[ ]: (3341, 28, 26)
```

5 Evaluation function

```
[ ]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score  
def generate_model_report(y_actual, y_predicted, metric_type):  
    print("=====Printing the {} metrics=====".  
        format(metric_type))  
    if metric_type=='micro':  
        print("Accuracy = " , round(accuracy_score(y_actual, y_predicted),4))  
        print("Precision = " ,round(precision_score(y_actual, y_predicted, average=metric_type),4))  
        print("Recall = " ,round(recall_score(y_actual, y_predicted, average=metric_type),4))  
        print("F1 Score = " ,round(f1_score(y_actual, y_predicted, average=metric_type),4))  
    print("=====")
```

```
[ ]:
```

6 stateless LSTM model

```
[ ]: from tensorflow import keras  
from kerastuner.tuners import RandomSearch  
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, LSTM, Bidirectional, BatchNormalization, Input, concatenate  
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model  
from tensorflow.keras import backend as be  
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping
```

```
import keras_tuner
```

```
[ ]: # use 2 inputs because LSTM cannot process non-sequential data
# so we use another dense layer to handle coin dummy data
float_input = Input(shape=(train_roll.shape[1],train_roll.shape[2]))
one_hot_input = Input(shape=(11,))

first_lstm = LSTM(60)(float_input)#,stateful=True
# we also tried stateful/bidirectional LSTM but no improvement on the result
first_dense = Dense(50)(one_hot_input)
merge_one = concatenate([first_dense, first_lstm])
dense_inner = Dense(10)(merge_one)
dense_output = Dense(3, activation='softmax')(dense_inner)

model = Model(inputs=[float_input, one_hot_input], outputs=dense_output)
model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', # we select it because
    ↳it's multi-class classification
              optimizer='Adam',
              metrics=['sparse_categorical_crossentropy'])
#model.summary()
model.fit([train_roll,train_onehot_data], y_roll, epochs=20,
        validation_data = ([test_roll,test_onehot_data],
    ↳y_test_roll))#batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
```

Epoch 1/20

527/527 [=====] - 12s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9503 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9503 - val_loss: 0.8651 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8651

Epoch 2/20

527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9288 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9288 - val_loss: 0.8682 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8682

Epoch 3/20

527/527 [=====] - 10s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9257 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9257 - val_loss: 0.8562 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8562

Epoch 4/20

527/527 [=====] - 9s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9244 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9244 - val_loss: 0.8758 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8758

Epoch 5/20

527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9234 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9234 - val_loss: 0.8802 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8802

Epoch 6/20

527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9232 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9232 - val_loss: 0.8732 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8732

Epoch 7/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9224 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9224 - val_loss: 0.8827 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8827

Epoch 8/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9218 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9218 - val_loss: 0.8597 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8597

Epoch 9/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9217 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9217 - val_loss: 0.8733 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8733

Epoch 10/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9216 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9216 - val_loss: 0.8774 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8774

Epoch 11/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9209 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9209 - val_loss: 0.8615 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8615

Epoch 12/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9205 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9205 - val_loss: 0.8677 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8677

Epoch 13/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9208 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9208 - val_loss: 0.8802 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8802

Epoch 14/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9206 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9206 - val_loss: 0.8824 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8824

Epoch 15/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9205 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9205 - val_loss: 0.8775 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8775

Epoch 16/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9203 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9203 - val_loss: 0.8863 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8863

Epoch 17/20
527/527 [=====] - 10s 18ms/step - loss: 0.9204 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9204 - val_loss: 0.8894 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8894

Epoch 18/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9207 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9207 - val_loss: 0.8650 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8650

```
Epoch 19/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9198 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9198 - val_loss: 0.8891 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8891
Epoch 20/20
527/527 [=====] - 9s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9201 -
sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.9201 - val_loss: 0.8767 -
val_sparse_categorical_crossentropy: 0.8767
```

```
[ ]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd0140a6bd0>
```

```
[ ]: nn_pred=model.predict([test_roll,test_onehot_data])
```

```
105/105 [=====] - 1s 6ms/step
```

```
[ ]: # take argmax in each roll
df = pd.DataFrame(nn_pred)
nn_pred = df.idxmax(axis=1)
```

```
[ ]: # model reports
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, nn_pred, 'micro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, nn_pred, 'macro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, nn_pred, 'weighted')
```

```
=====Printing the micro metrics=====
```

```
Accuracy = 0.4975
Precision = 0.4975
Recall = 0.4975
F1 Score = 0.4975
```

```
=====
```

```
=====Printing the macro metrics=====
```

```
Precision = 0.3303
Recall = 0.3434
F1 Score = 0.3251
```

```
=====
```

```
=====Printing the weighted metrics=====
```

```
Precision = 0.4733
Recall = 0.4975
F1 Score = 0.4686
```

```
=====
```

```
[ ]: from tensorflow import keras
from kerastuner.tuners import BayesianOptimization, RandomSearch
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, LSTM, Bidirectional,
↳BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras import backend as be
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping
import keras_tuner
```

```

column_count=len(norm_train_df.columns)
TIME_WINDOW=28
DROPOUT_RATE=0.3
BATCH_SIZE = 32

# function to wrap the model
def build_model(hp):

    be.clear_session()

    float_input = Input(shape=(train_roll.shape[1],train_roll.shape[2] ))
    one_hot_input = Input(shape=(11,))

    first_lstm = LSTM(units=hp.Int('units',min_value=32,
                                   max_value=64,
                                   step=2))(float_input)
    first_dense = Dense(50)(one_hot_input)
    merge_one = concatenate([first_lstm, first_dense])
    dense_inner = Dense(10)(merge_one)
    dense_output = Dense(3, activation='softmax')(dense_inner)

    model = Model(inputs=[float_input, one_hot_input], outputs=dense_output)
    model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                  optimizer='Adam',
                  metrics=['sparse_categorical_accuracy'])

    return model

# run random search on the hyperparameters
random_opt_tuner = RandomSearch(
    build_model,
    objective=keras_tuner.Objective('val_sparse_categorical_accuracy','max'),
    # we tried to optimize on f1_macro, but nothing worked, the model didn't
    learn with customized f1 function
    max_trials=10,
    executions_per_trial=1,
    project_name='kerastuner_random_poc',
    overwrite=True)

random_opt_tuner.search([train_roll,train_onehot_data], y_roll, epochs=20,
    batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,

```

```

        validation_data = ([test_roll, test_onehot_data],
↪ y_test_roll), verbose=1) #validation_split=0.2,

random_opt_model_best_model = random_opt_tuner.get_best_models(num_models=1)
model = random_opt_model_best_model[0]

```

Trial 10 Complete [00h 03m 01s]

val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5106255412101746

Best val_sparse_categorical_accuracy So Far: 0.5157138705253601

Total elapsed time: 00h 30m 07s

```

[ ]: from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

# fit the untuned model
model_saver = ModelCheckpoint('/content/drive/MyDrive/MADS_23_DL_final_project/
↪ data/model_files/LSTM_daily',
                                save_weights_only=True,
                                monitor='val_sparse_categorical_accuracy',
                                mode='max',
                                save_best_only=True)
early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_sparse_categorical_accuracy',
↪ min_delta= 0.001, patience=5, baseline= 0.5)
model.fit([train_roll, train_onehot_data],
        y_roll,
        epochs=50,
        validation_data = ([test_roll, test_onehot_data], y_test_roll),
        batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
        callbacks=[early_stopping, model_saver])

```

Epoch 1/20

527/527 [=====] - 11s 17ms/step - loss: 0.9230 -
 sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4904 - val_loss: 0.8682 -
 val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4987

Epoch 2/20

527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9230 -
 sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4903 - val_loss: 0.8563 -
 val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5037

Epoch 3/20

527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9233 -
 sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4855 - val_loss: 0.8660 -
 val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4984

Epoch 4/20

527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9224 -
 sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4923 - val_loss: 0.8648 -
 val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5061

Epoch 5/20

```

527/527 [=====] - 8s 16ms/step - loss: 0.9227 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4879 - val_loss: 0.8598 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5109
Epoch 6/20
527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9226 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4899 - val_loss: 0.8689 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5055
Epoch 7/20
527/527 [=====] - 8s 16ms/step - loss: 0.9220 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4883 - val_loss: 0.8626 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5073
Epoch 8/20
527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9219 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4907 - val_loss: 0.8607 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4990
Epoch 9/20
527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9219 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4895 - val_loss: 0.8613 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5094
Epoch 10/20
527/527 [=====] - 8s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9221 -
sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.4876 - val_loss: 0.8576 -
val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.5052

```

```
[ ]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd0191cca10>
```

```
[ ]: # predict with test data and get the argmax
lstm_pred = model.predict([test_roll, test_onehot_data])
df = pd.DataFrame(lstm_pred)
lstm_pred = df.idxmax(axis=1)
```

```
105/105 [=====] - 1s 5ms/step
```

```
[ ]: # model reports
# there's a little bit increase of F1 macro
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'micro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'macro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'weighted')
```

```
=====Printing the micro metrics=====
```

```
Accuracy = 0.5052
Precision = 0.5052
Recall = 0.5052
F1 Score = 0.5052
```

```
=====
```

```
=====Printing the macro metrics=====
```

```
Precision = 0.3359
Recall = 0.3501
F1 Score = 0.338
```

```

=====
=====Printing the weighted metrics=====
Precision = 0.4814
Recall = 0.5052
F1 Score = 0.4861
=====

```

[]:

```

[ ]: # this is actually the best LSTM we have but didn't get to save the notebook
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
model = load_model('/content/drive/MyDrive/MADS_23_DL_final_project/data/
↳model_files/LSTM_daily/LSTM_tw28.h5')

```

```

[ ]: # predict and get argmax
lstm_pred = model.predict([test_roll, test_onehot_data])
df = pd.DataFrame(lstm_pred)
lstm_pred = df.idxmax(axis=1)

```

105/105 [=====] - 1s 6ms/step

```

[ ]: # model reposts
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'micro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'macro')
generate_model_report(y_test_roll, lstm_pred, 'weighted')

```

```

=====Printing the micro metrics=====
Accuracy = 0.5016
Precision = 0.5016
Recall = 0.5016
F1 Score = 0.5016
=====
=====Printing the macro metrics=====
Precision = 0.3337
Recall = 0.349
F1 Score = 0.3405
=====
=====Printing the weighted metrics=====
Precision = 0.4783
Recall = 0.5016
F1 Score = 0.4887
=====

```

[]:

6.1 End of notebook

[]:

[]: