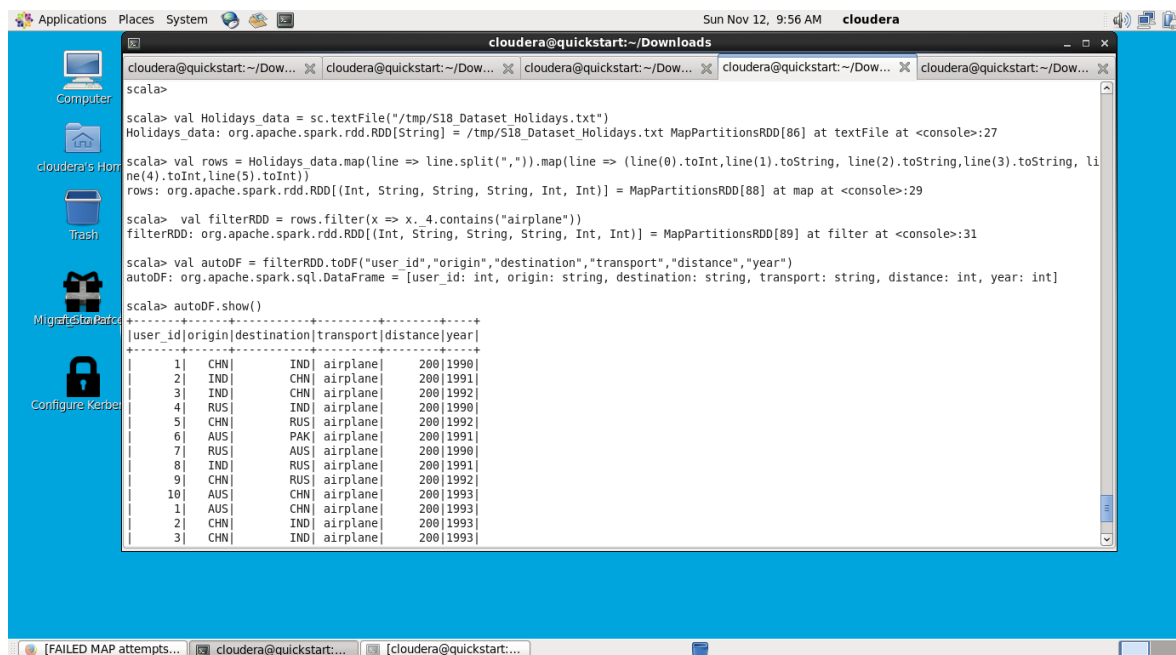


Convert text file to data frame to run queries:



```
scala> val Holidays_data = sc.textFile("/tmp/S18_Dataset Holidays.txt")
Holidays_data: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /tmp/S18_Dataset Holidays.txt MapPartitionsRDD[86] at textFile at <console>:27

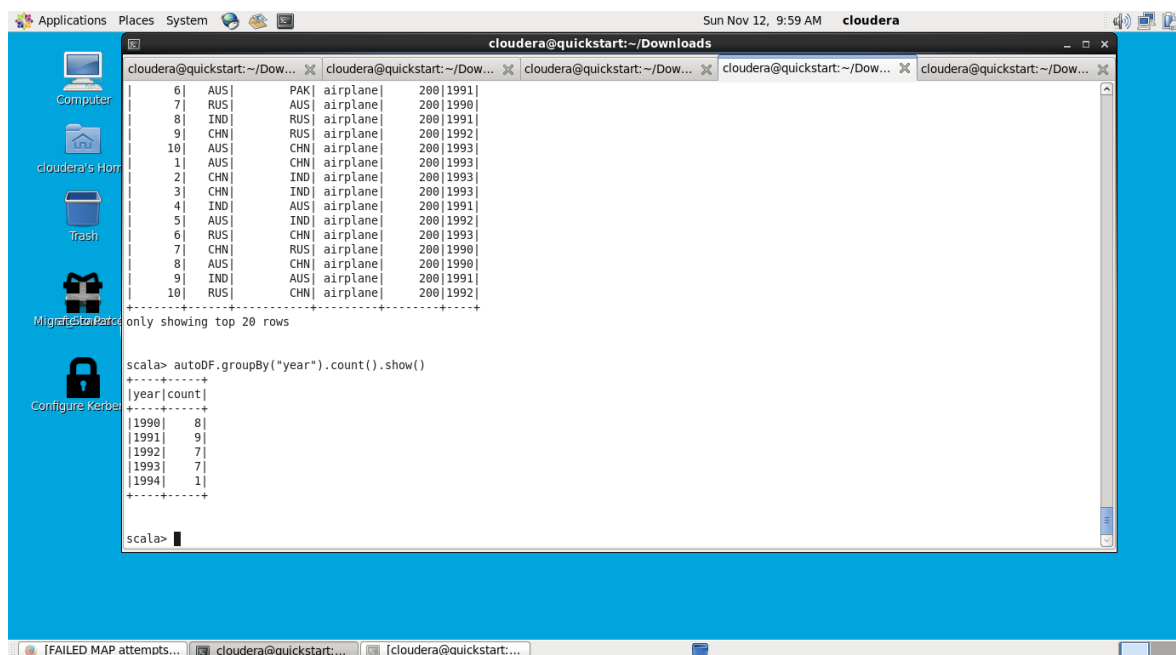
scala> val rows = Holidays_data.map(line => line.split(",")).map(line => (line(0).toInt, line(1).toString, line(2).toString, line(3).toString, line(4).toInt, line(5).toInt))
rows: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(Int, String, String, String, Int, Int)] = MapPartitionsRDD[88] at map at <console>:29

scala> val filterRDD = rows.filter(x => x._4.contains("airplane"))
filterRDD: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(Int, String, String, String, Int, Int)] = MapPartitionsRDD[89] at filter at <console>:31

scala> val autoDF = filterRDD.toDF("user_id", "origin", "destination", "transport", "distance", "year")
autoDF: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [user_id: int, origin: string, destination: string, transport: string, distance: int, year: int]

scala> autoDF.show()
+-----+
|user_id|origin|destination|transport|distance|year|
+-----+
|1|CHN|IND|airplane|200|1990|
|2|IND|CHN|airplane|200|1991|
|3|IND|CHN|airplane|200|1992|
|4|RUS|IND|airplane|200|1990|
|5|CHN|RUS|airplane|200|1992|
|6>AUS|PAK|airplane|200|1991|
|7>RUS>AUS|airplane|200|1990|
|8>IND>RUS|airplane|200|1991|
|9>CHN>RUS|airplane|200|1992|
|10>AUS>CHN|airplane|200|1993|
|1>AUS>CHN|airplane|200|1993|
|2>CHN>IND|airplane|200|1993|
|3>CHN>IND|airplane|200|1993|
```

1) What is the distribution of the total number of air-travelers per year



```
scala> autoDF.groupBy("year").count().show()
+-----+
|year|count|
+-----+
|1990|8|
|1991|9|
|1992|7|
|1993|7|
|1994|1|
+-----+

scala>
```

2) What is the total air distance covered by each user per year

The screenshot shows a terminal window on a Cloudera system. The command executed is `scala> autoDF.groupBy("year", "user_id").sum("distance").show()`. The output is a table with columns `year`, `user_id`, and `sum(distance)`. The data is sorted by year and then by user\_id. The output shows 20 rows of data, with the last row being `1992|10|200`. The terminal window also shows a status bar at the bottom with the text `[FAILED MAP attempts...`.

```
scala> autoDF.groupBy("year", "user_id").sum("distance").show()
+-----+
|year|user_id|sum(distance)|
+-----+
|1993|6|200|
|1993|10|200|
|1994|5|200|
|1990|1|200|
|1990|4|400|
|1990|7|600|
|1990|8|200|
|1990|10|200|
|1991|2|400|
|1991|3|200|
|1991|4|200|
|1991|5|200|
|1991|6|400|
|1991|8|200|
|1991|9|200|
|1992|3|200|
|1992|5|400|
|1992|8|200|
|1992|9|400|
|1992|10|200|
+-----+
only showing top 20 rows

scala>
```

3) Which user has travelled the largest distance till date

The screenshot shows a terminal window on a Cloudera system. The command executed is `scala> autoDF.groupBy("user_id").agg(max("distance")).show()`. The output is a table with columns `user_id` and `max(distance)`. The data is sorted by user\_id. The output shows 10 rows of data, with the last row being `10|200`. The terminal window also shows a status bar at the bottom with the text `[FAILED MAP attempts...`.

```
scala> autoDF.groupBy("user_id").agg(max("distance")).show()
+-----+
|user_id|max(distance)|
+-----+
|1|200|
|2|200|
|3|200|
|4|200|
|5|200|
|6|200|
|7|200|
|8|200|
|9|200|
|10|200|
+-----+

scala>
```

4) What is the most preferred destination for all users.

