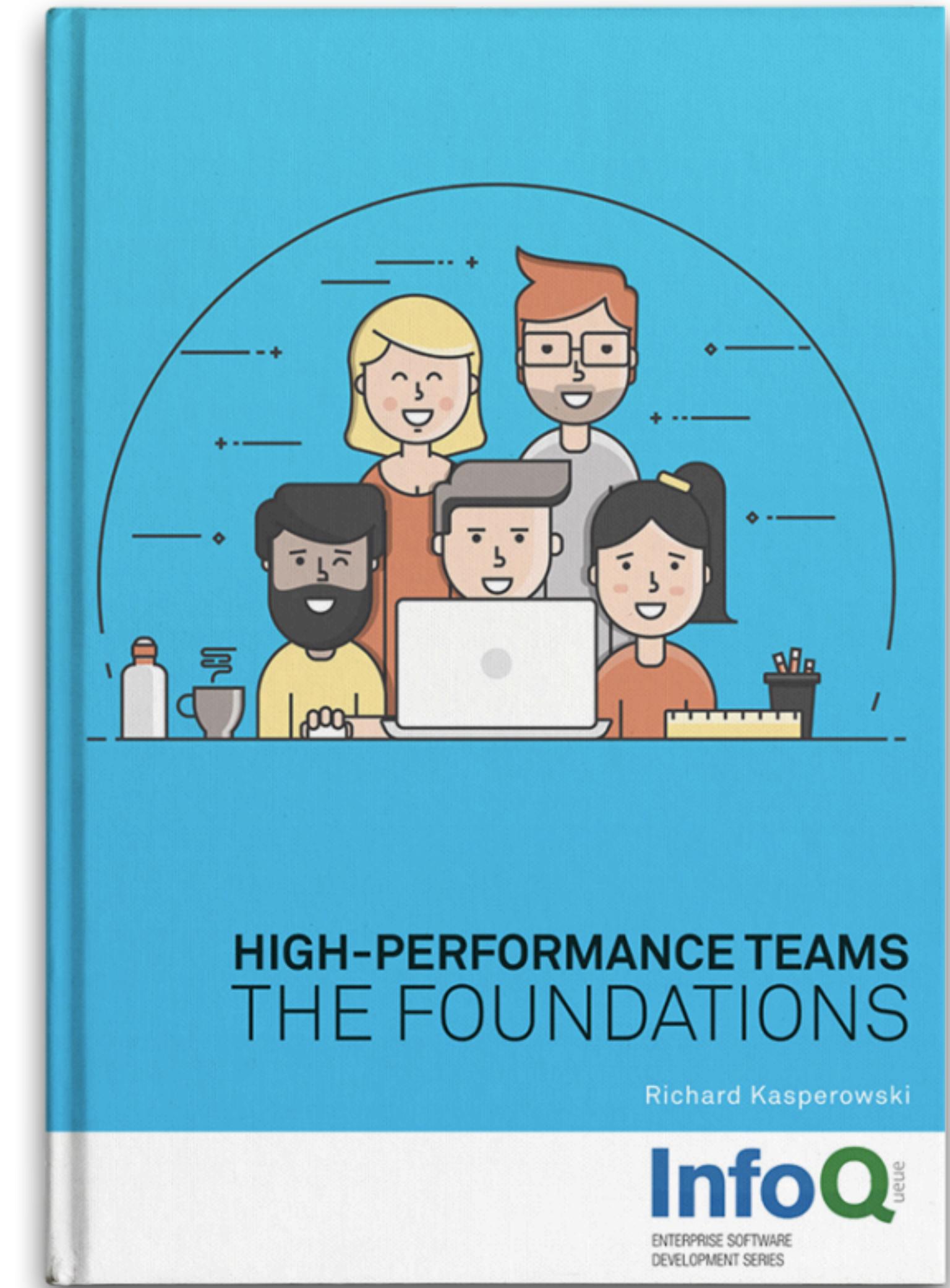


User Story Mapping

Richard Kasperowski | With Great People



Richard Kasperowski

High-Performance Teams

- Core Protocols
- Agile
- Open Space Technology

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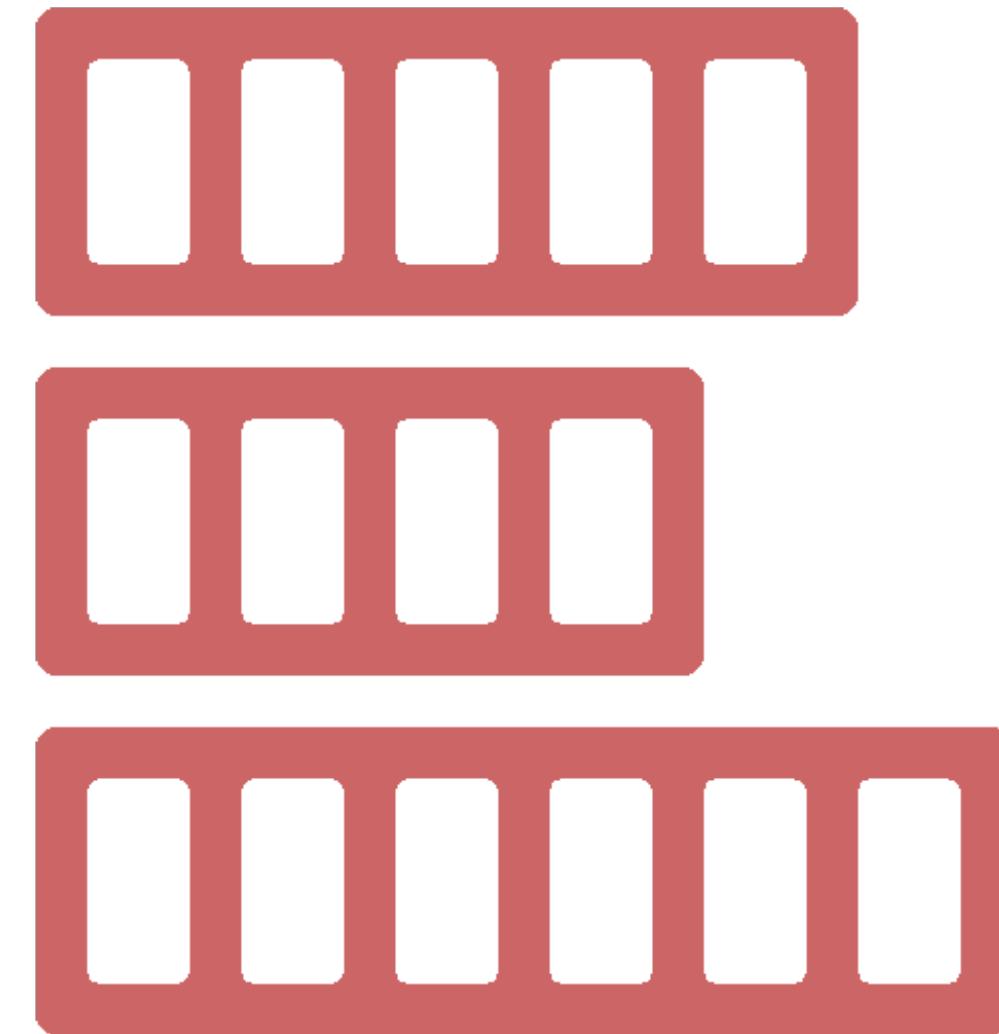
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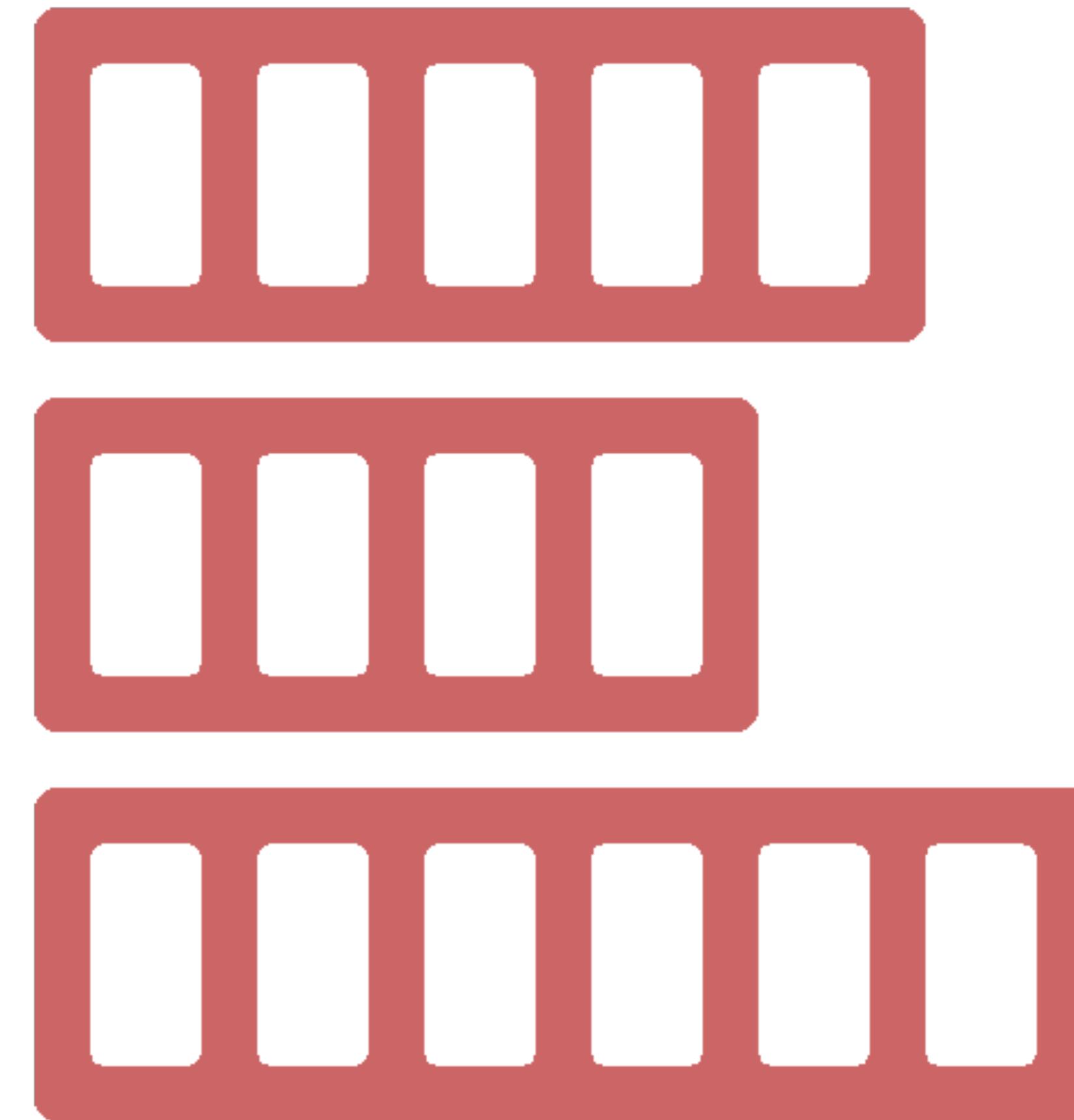


Goal

- ✓ You will know enough about user story mapping to begin using it as soon as you return to work



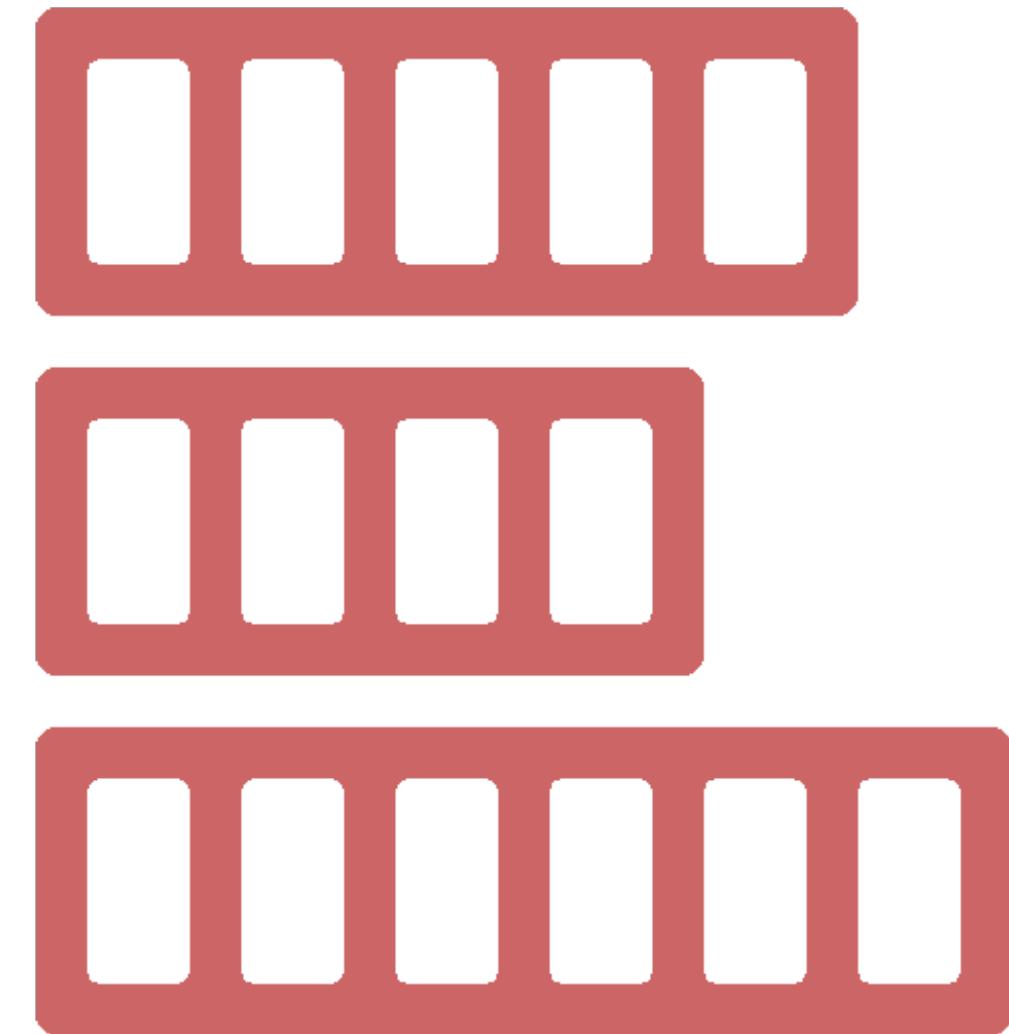
What is user story mapping?



Created by Vignesh Nandha Kumar
from Noun Project

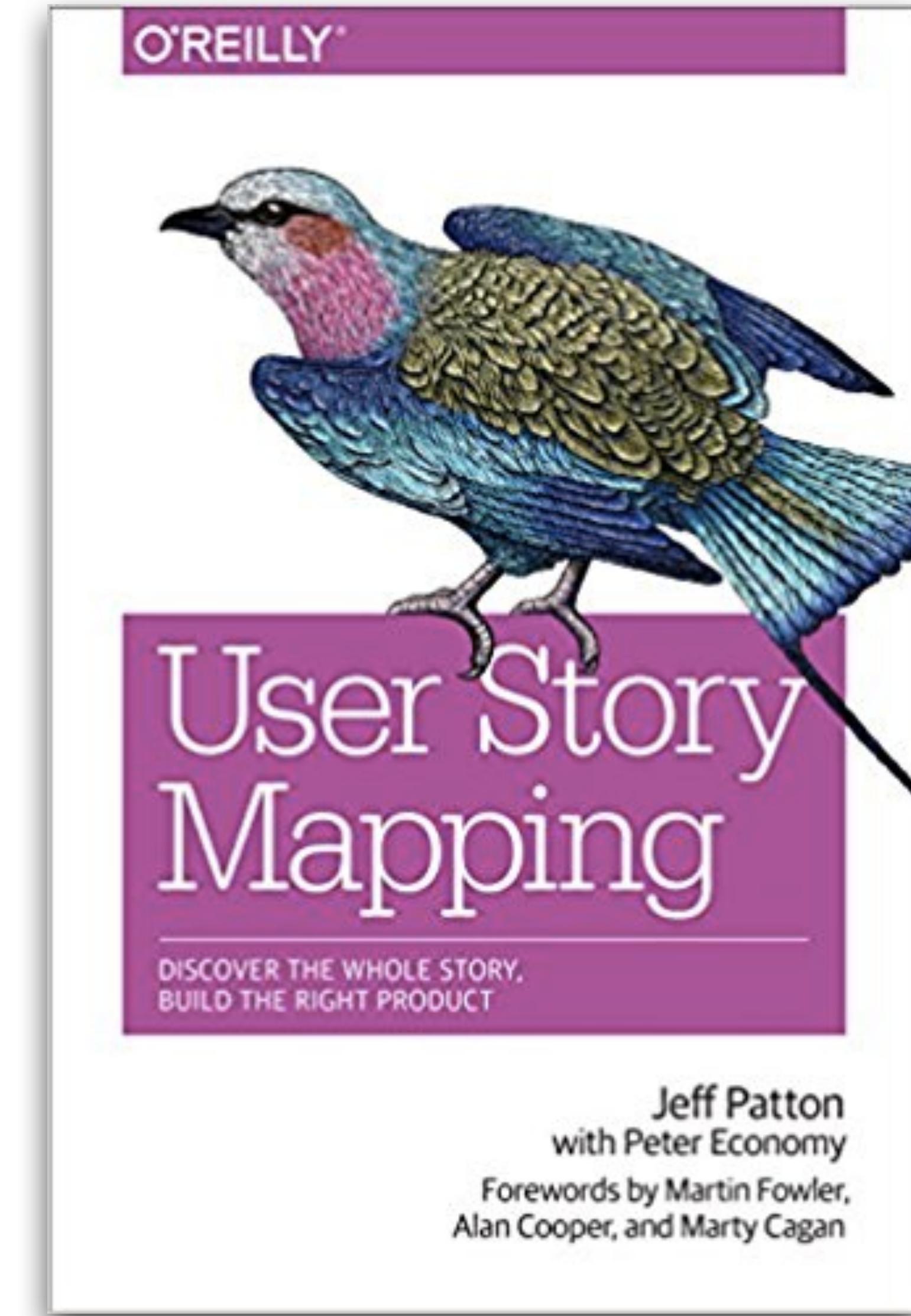
What is user story mapping?

- ✓ A better way to work with agile user stories
- ✓ Talk about the user's journey through your product by building a simple model that tells the user's story as you do
- ✓ Makes working with user stories a lot easier
- ✓ Keeps your users and what they're doing with your product front and center



Based on <http://www.jpattonassociates.com/user-story-mapping/>, retrieved 2018-11-04

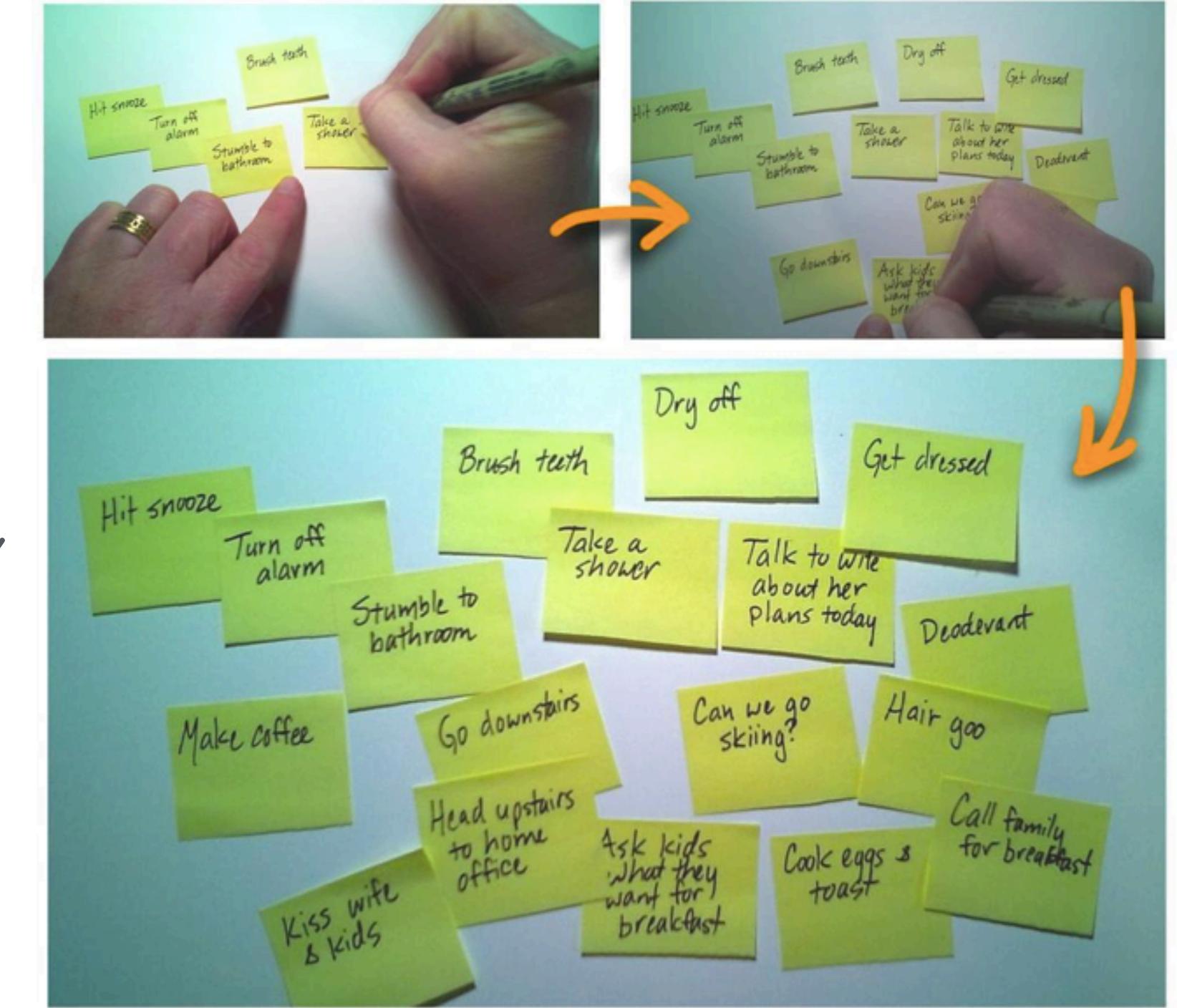
Write your story



Write your story

- ✓ Tasks

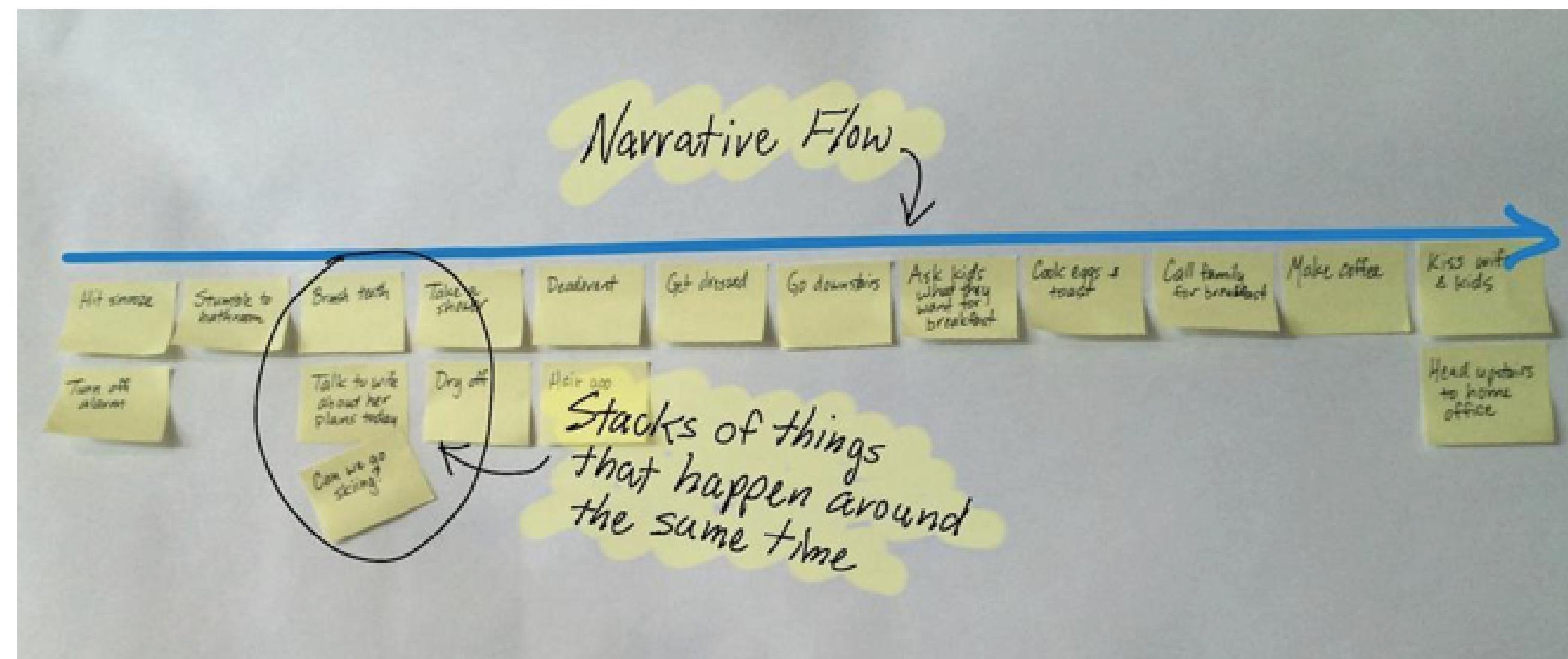
- ✓ From the moment you woke up this morning through the moment you arrived at the conference, what did you do?
- ✓ Examples: turn off alarm clock, check weather forecast, brush teeth
- ✓ Maybe some subtasks
- ✓ Actions



Source: Jeff Patton's User Story Mapping

Write your story

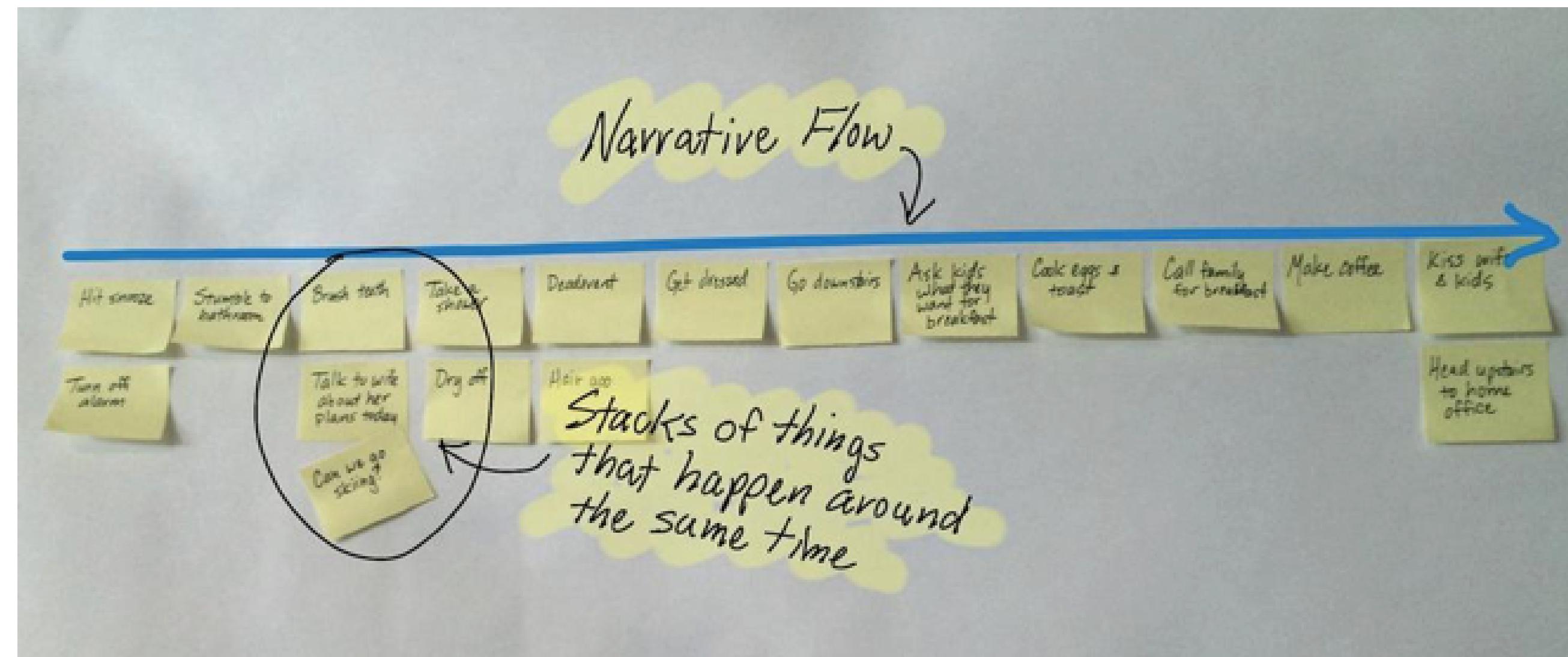
- ✓ Tasks
- ✓ Organize your story
 - ✓ Narrative flow from left to right
 - ✓ Stacks of things that happen at about the same time



Source: Jeff Patton's User Story Mapping

Write your story

- ✓ Tasks
- ✓ Organize your story
- ✓ Combine your stories (groups of 5)



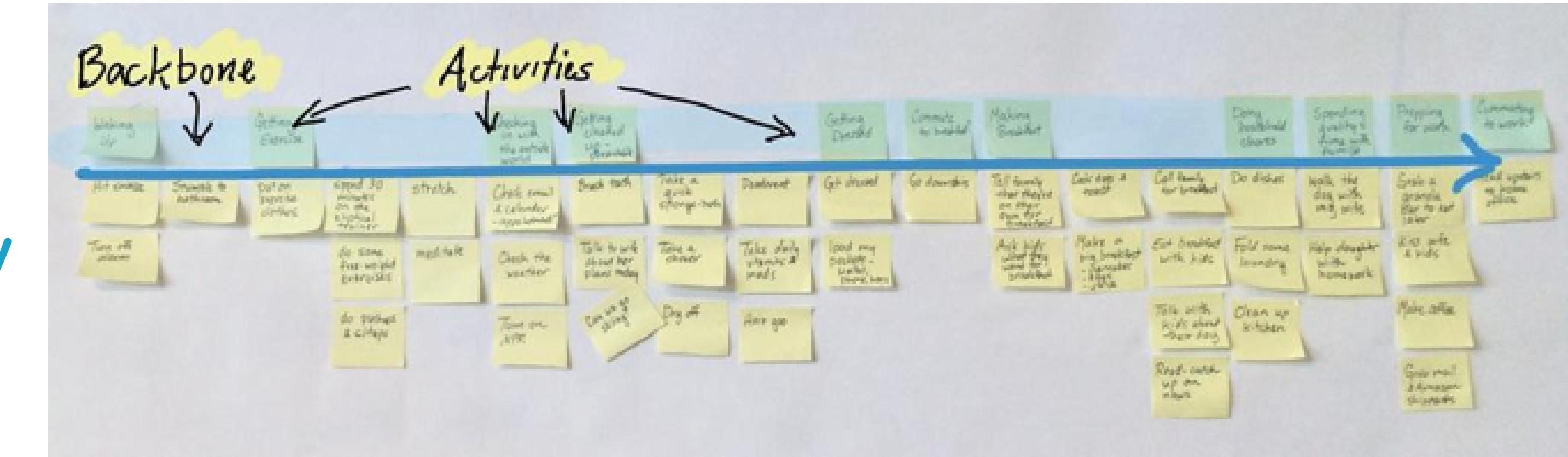
Source: Jeff Patton's User Story Mapping

Write your story

- ✓ Tasks
- ✓ Organize your story
- ✓ Combine your stories (groups of 5)
- ✓ Explore alternate story lines
 - ✓ What was yesterday like?
 - ✓ What if something went wrong—like no hot water, ran out of coffee, BART ticket didn't work?
 - ✓ What about ideal morning?
 - ✓ Typical day, fabulous day, emergency
 - ✓ Details, alternatives, variations get stacked vertically

Write your story

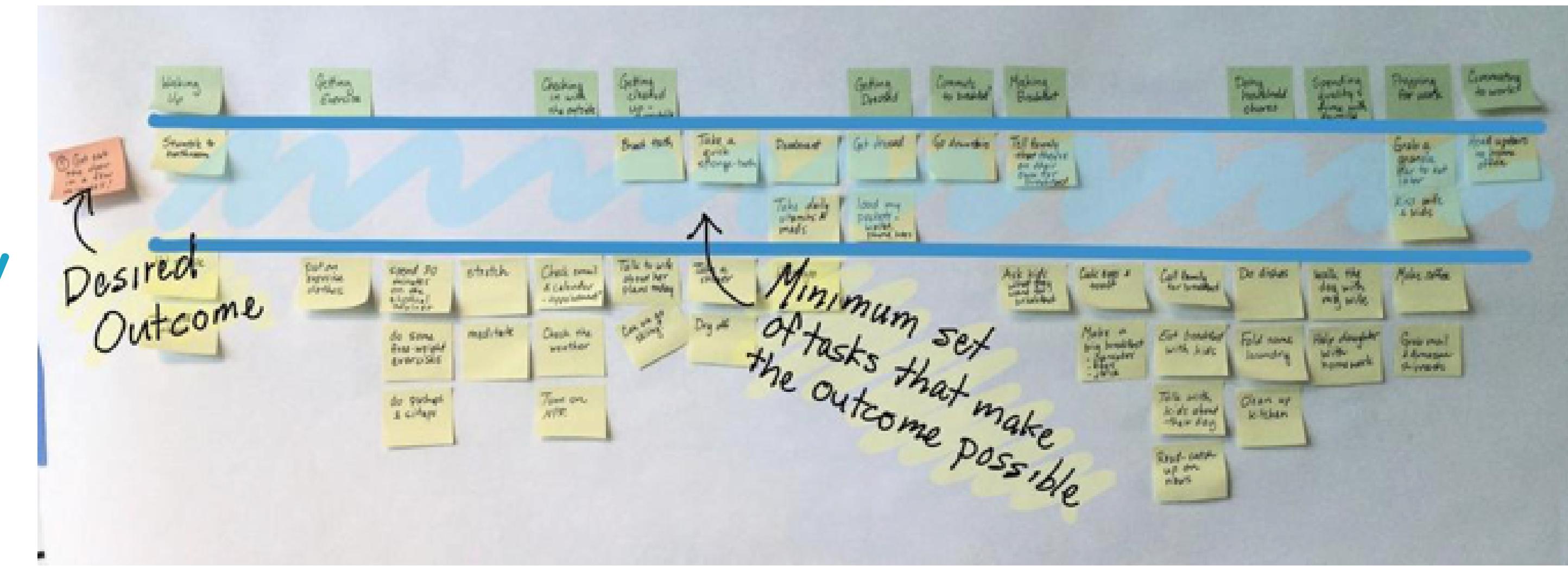
- ✓ Tasks
- ✓ Organize your story
- ✓ Combine your stories (groups of 5)
- ✓ Explore alternate story lines
- ✓ Distil your map to make a backbone
 - ✓ Summarize tasks with higher level activities
 - ✓ Activities and high-level tasks form the backbone of the map



Source: Jeff Patton's User Story Mapping

Write your story

- ✓ Tasks
- ✓ Organize your story
- ✓ Combine your stories (groups of 5)
- ✓ Explore alternate story lines
- ✓ Distil your map to make a backbone
- ✓ Slice out tasks to help you reach a specific outcome
 - ✓ Use another colored post-it for the desired outcome
 - ✓ Minimum set of tasks to make the outcome possible



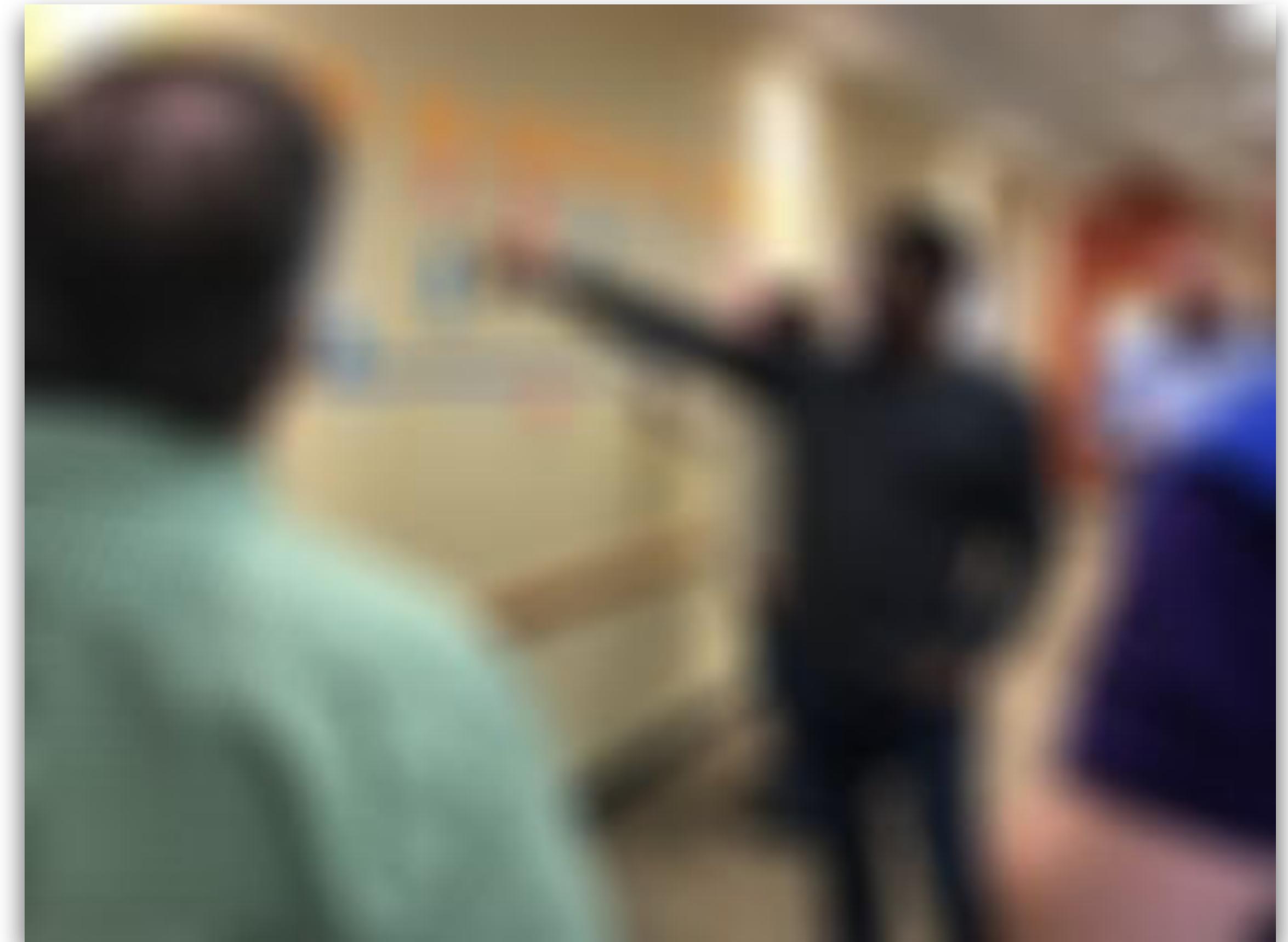
Source: Jeff Patton's User Story Mapping

Jargon summary

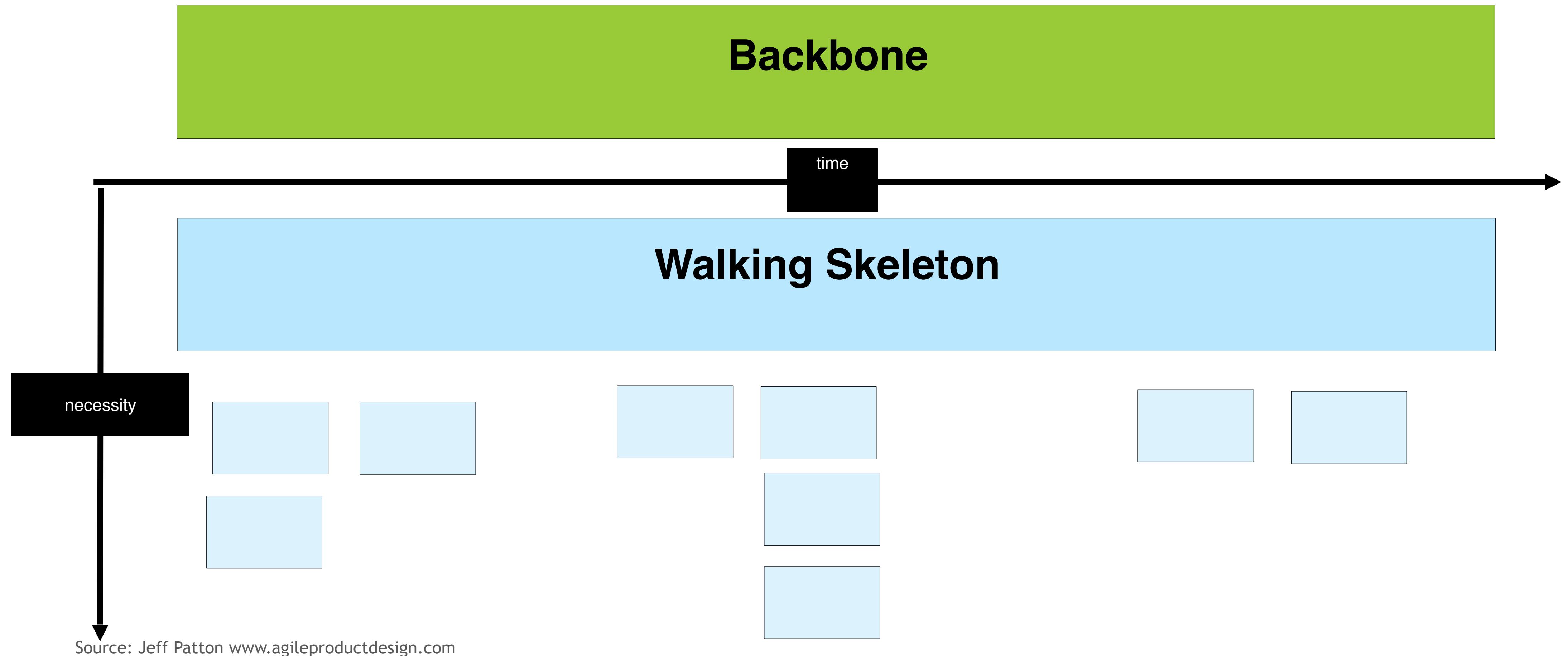
- ✓ **Tasks** are short verb phrases that describe what people do
- ✓ Tasks have different **goal levels**
- ✓ Tasks in a map are arranged in a left-to-right **narrative flow**
- ✓ The **depth** of the map contains variations and alternate tasks
- ✓ Tasks are organized by **activities** across the top of the map
- ✓ Activities form the **backbone** of the map
- ✓ You can **slice the map** to identify tasks you'll need to reach a specific **outcome**

Next step

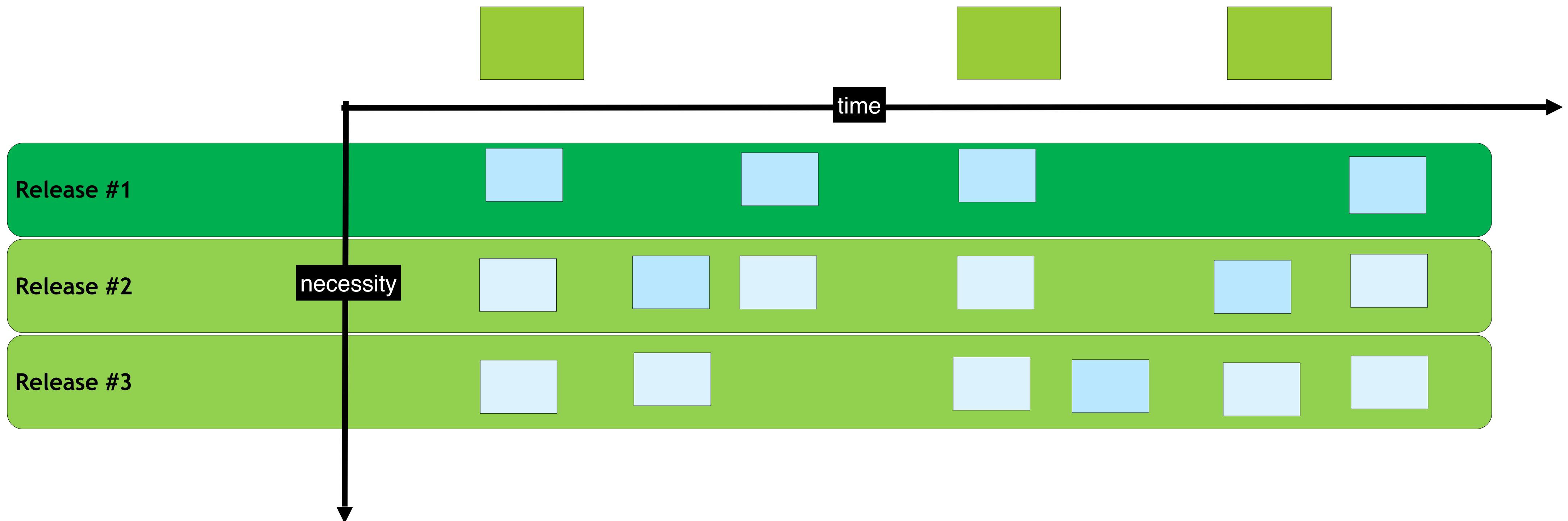
- ✓ In a longer workshop, the next step is to collaboratively story-map your future product



Walking skeleton



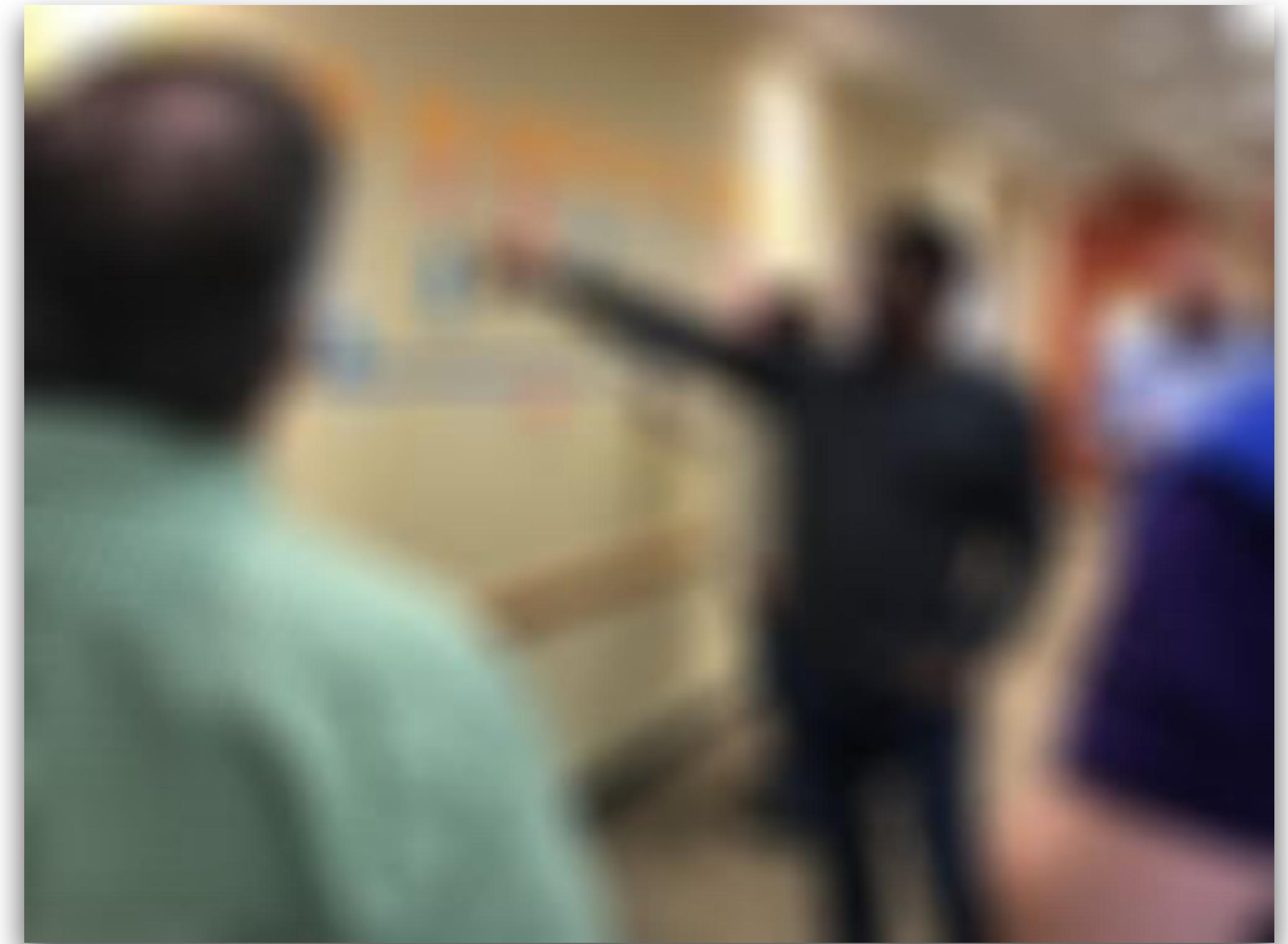
Release planning



Source: Jeff Patton www.agileproductdesign.com

What's the point?

- ✓ Talk to each other – biz people, dev team, stakeholders
- ✓ Get aligned on what we're building and why
- ✓ Understand the minimum we'd have to deliver to help a stakeholder achieve each particular goal
- ✓ Deliver quickly, get fast feedback, inspect and adapt



Your key take-away?

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