

Topic: Comparing Files

We can compare data of two files by using the following commands:

- 1) cmp
- 2) diff
- 3) sdiff
- 4) vidiff
- 5) comm

1) cmp Comamnd:

It will compare byte by byte.

cmp file1.txt file2.txt

- If content is same then we won't get any output.
- If the content is different, then it provides information about only first difference. byte number and line number will be provided.

\$ cmp a.txt c.txt

a.txt c.txt differ: byte 7, line 2

Note: cmp command won't show all differences and show only first difference.

2) diff Comamnd:

It will show all differences in the content.

diff file1.txt file2.txt

- **♣** If the content is the same then no output.
- If the content is different then it will show all differences.

\$ diff a.txt b.txt

\$ diff a.txt c.txt

2,3c2,3

< Bunny

< Chinny

> bunny

> chinny

h

For the diff command we can use the following options.

- -q shows message when files are different.
- -s shows message when files are same | identical
- -y shows comparison line by line (parallel comparison)

\$ diff -q a.txt c.txt

Files a.txt and c.txt differ

\$ diff -s a.txt b.txt

Files a.txt and b.txt are identical

\$ diff -y a.txt c.txt

Sunny Sunny

Bunny | bunny

Chinny | chinny

Vinny Vinny



Pinny Pinny

If we want to suppress common lines then we should use --suppress-common-lines option with - y option.

\$ diff -y --suppress-common-lines a.txt c.txt

Bunny | bunny

Chinny | chinny

3) sdiff Command:

We can use sdiff command for side by side comparison (parallel comparison)

\$ sdiff a.txt b.txt

Sunny Sunny

Bunny Bunny

Chinny Chinny

Vinny Vinny

Pinny Pinny

\$ sdiff a.txt c.txt

Sunny Sunny

Bunny | bunny

Chinny | chinny

Vinny Vinny

Pinny Pinny

Note: sdiff command and diff command with -y option are same.

4) vimdiff Command:

- It will highlight differences in vim.
- To support this command, we have to install vim by using the following command.
- sudo apt install vim

vimdiff a.txt b.txt

ctrl+w+w → To go to next window

:q → Close current window

:qa → Close all windows

:qa! → Close all windows forcely.

5) comm Command:

By using this command we can compare data of two files.

comm file1.txt file2.txt

It display results in 3 columns

column-1: Data present only in file1.txt but not in file2.txt

column-2: Data present only in file2.txt but not in file1.txt

column-3: Common data of both files.

\$ comm a.txt c.txt

Sunny

bunny

Bunny

chinny

Chinny



Vinny

Pinny

- **❖** With comm command we can use the following options
- -1→ If we don't want to display column-1
- -2 → If we don't want to display column-2
- -3 → If we don't want to display column-3
- -12 \rightarrow If we don't want to display columns 1 and 2

Note: We can compare files from various builds by using our comparison commands (cmp, diff, sdiff, vimdiff, comm).