

Write an application that performs few operations on a sentence. Implement the application by defining the functions given below. You can define a fixed size character array in main function to hold the sentence.		
Requirement Tag	Requirement Description	Comments
STR/01	Write a function to accept a sentence (that is a line) from the user.	Hint: Use fgets function
STR/02	Write a function which accepts the sentence and prints one word in a line. A word is a sequence of non-whitespace characters	The function returns the number of words
STR/03	Write a function to print the longest word in the sentence (assume all words are of different length).	The function returns the size of the longest word.
STR/04	Write a function to prompt and read a search sub string, search for the first word containing this substring in input sentence, remove the word and display the sentence after update.	Hint: Use strstr() to search.
STR/05	Print all words in one line without printing any whitespace	
STR/06	Write a function to replace all the whitespaces with "!". The function returns the number of replacement done.	int replacews(mystr, myreplacement)

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    char str[20];
```

```
    fgets(str,20, stdin);
```

```
    printf("%s", str);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Note: The stdin is the short form of the “standard input”, in C programming the term “stdin” is used for the inputs which are taken from the keyboard either by the user or from a

file. The “stdin” is also known as the pointer because **the developers access the data from the users or files and can perform an action on them.**

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100
int main() {
    // Write C code here
    char str[MAX_SIZE];
    printf('ente a sentence');
    fgets(str,MAX_SIZE,stdin);
    int i,end, start=0;
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
    {
        if(str[i] == ' '|| i == strlen(str) - 1)
        {
            end=i;
            printf("%.s\n",(end - start),str + start);
            start= i+1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Answer:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char string[100]="Tom went to department";
    int i,start=0, longest=0, longest_p=0;
    for(i=0; string[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(string[i]==' ')
        {
            start = i+1;
        }
        else
        {
            if(i - start > longest)
            {
                longest = i - start;
                longest_p = start;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("longest word: %d letters,%.s\n", longest, longest, string +
longest_p); return 0;
}
```

Answer:5

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char a[1000];
    int i,k=0;
    printf("enter the string");
    gets(a);
    for(i=0;a[i];i++)
    {
        a[i]=a[i+k];
        if(a[i]==' '||a[i]=='\t')
        {
            k++;
            i++;
        }
    }
    printf("string after removing all blank spaces:");
    printf("%s",a);
    return 0;
}
```

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>

int main()
{
    char s[1000];
    int i,k=0;
    printf("enter the string:");
    gets(s);
    for(i=0;s[i];i++)
    {
        s[i]=s[i+k];
        if(s[i] == ' '|| s[i]=='\t')
        {
            k++;
            i--;
        }
    }

    printf("%s",s);
    return 0;
}
```