

**Assignment No: - HPC-Group1-2**

<b>TITLE</b>	Parallel Sorting Algorithms
<b>PROBLEM STATEMENT /DEFINITION</b>	Write a program to implement Parallel Bubble Sort and Merge sort using OpenMP. Use existing algorithms and measure the performance of sequential and parallel algorithms.
<b>OBJECTIVE</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To understand concept of Bubble Sort and Merge Sort based on sequential algorithm.</li><li>• To understand concept of parallel algorithm.</li><li>• To compare performance by varying number of processors used and also with sequential algorithm.</li></ul>
<b>S/W PACKAGES AND HARDWARE APPARATUS USED</b>	Operating Systems 1. Open source Linux or its derivative  2. Master slave parallel computation model
<b>REFERENCES</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ananth Grama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, and Vipin Kumar, "Introduction to Parallel Computing", 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley, 2003, ISBN: 0-201-64865-2.</li></ul>
<b>INSTRUCTIONS FOR WRITING JOURNAL</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Date</li><li>2. Assignment no.</li><li>3. Problem definition</li><li>4. Learning objective</li><li>5. Learning Outcome</li><li>6. Concepts related Theory</li><li>7. Related Mathematics</li><li>8. Algorithm.</li><li>9. Test Cases</li><li>10. Conclusion and applications</li></ol>

## Assignment No: - HPC-Group1-2

**Problem statement:** Write a program to implement Parallel Bubble Sort and Merge sort using OpenMP. Use existing algorithms and measure the performance of sequential and parallel algorithms.

- **Aim**

Write a program to design and implement parallel Bubble Sort and Merge Sort algorithm.

- **Prerequisites**

- Concept of existing sequential algorithms.
- Concept of High Performance Computing.

- **Learning Objectives**

- To understand concept of Bubble Sort and Merge Sort based on sequential algorithm.
- To understand concept of parallel algorithm.
- To compare performance by varying number of processors used and also with sequential algorithm.

- **Learning Outcomes**

After successfully completing this assignment, you should be able to

- Display result for parallel Bubble Sort and Merge Sort.
- Analyze performance by varying number of processors used and also with sequential algorithm.
- Calculate speedup, efficiency, throughput

- **Concepts related Theory :-**

- **Bubble Sort Algorithm:-**

- Sequential Bubble Sort Algorithm:**

- One of the straight-forward sorting methods

- Cycles through the list

- Compares consecutive elements and swaps them if necessary

- Stops when no more out of order pair.

- \_Slow & inefficient

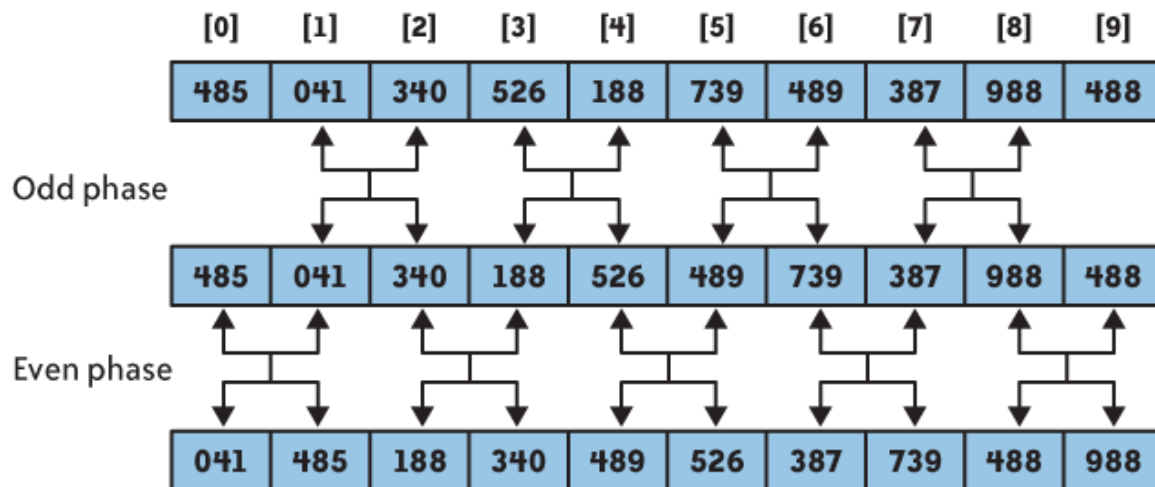
- \_Average performance is  $O(n^2)$ .

- Parallel Bubble Sort**

- Compare all pairs in the list in parallel.

- When to stop?

- Shared flag, sorted, initialized to true at beginning of each iteration (2 phases), if any processor perform swap, sorted = false



### Parallel Bubble Sort Complexity

Sequential bubble sort,  $O(n^2)$ .

Parallel bubble sort? (if we have unlimited # of processors)

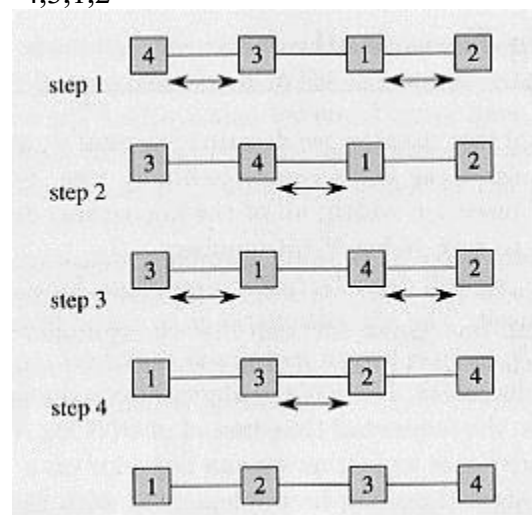
Do  $n-1$  comparisons for each iteration  $\Rightarrow O(n)$

### Parallel Bubble Sort Example:

How many steps does it take to sort the following sequence from least to greatest using the

Parallel Bubble Sort? How does the sequence look like after 2 cycles?

•4,3,1,2



### •Merge Sort Algorithm:-

#### Sequential Merge Sort:

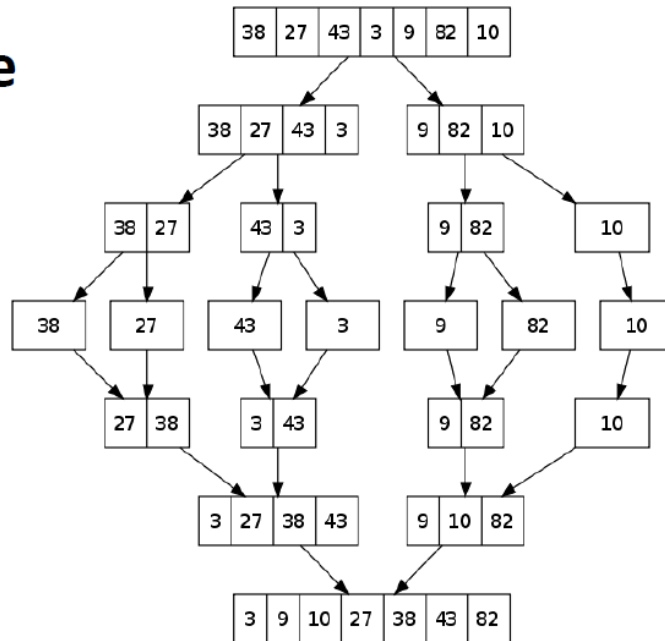
#### Divide and Conquer:

- Dividing problem into sub-problems
- Division usually done through recursion
- Solutions from sub-problems then combined to give solution to the original problem.

Collects sorted list onto one processor

- Merges elements as they come together
- Simple tree structure
- Parallelism is limited when near the root

## Example



### Merge Sort Complexity:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} b & n = 1 \\ 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + bn & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

Solve the recurrence relation

$$T(n) = O(n \log n)$$

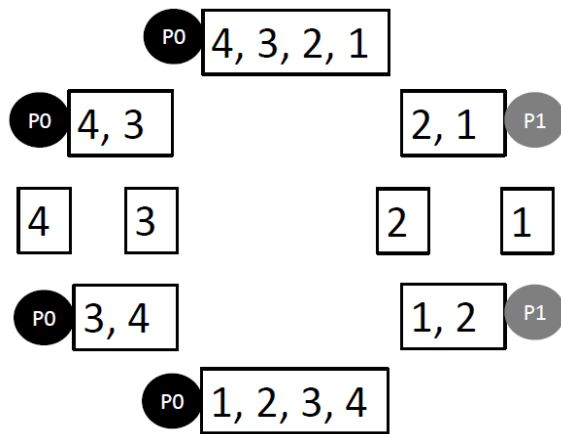
### Parallel Merge Sort:

- Parallelize processing of sub-problems
- Max parallelization achieved with one processor per node (at each layer/height).

### Parallel Merge Sort Example:

Perform Merge Sort on the following list of elements. Given 2 processors, P0 & P1, which processor is responsible for which comparison?

•4,3,2,1



### Parallel Merge Sort Complexity:

- Merge sort,  $O(n \log n)$
- Easy way to remember complexity,  $n$  (elements)  $\times \log n$  (tree depth)
- If we have  $n$  processors,  $O(\log n)$

- **Test Cases:**

Students should write test cases depending on their input and test the program on large input data

- **YouTube video links:**

<https://youtu.be/F8Cluc31bJc>

<https://youtu.be/SpBPp3JjFb4>

<https://youtu.be/QaiEB4BjjNg>

- **Conclusion :**

After successfully completing this assignment, student should be able to understand and implement parallel bubble sort and merge sort in OpenMP.