Math Document Template

C ANISH

Abstract—This is a document explaining a question about the concept of sum of angles in a triangle.

Download all python codes from

svn co https://github.com/chakki1234/summer -2020/trunk/linearalg/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

svn co https://github.com/chakki1234/summer -2020/trunk/linearalg/figs

1 Problem

In a $\triangle ABC$, $\angle C = 3\angle B = 2(\angle A + \angle B)$. Find the three angles.

2 Construction

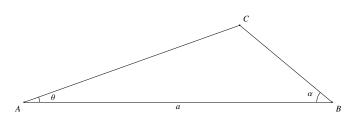


Fig. 2.0: Triangle by Latex-Tikz

- 2.1. The figure obtained looks like Fig. ??.
- 2.2. The design parameters used for construction See Table. ??.

Design Parameters		
Parameters	Value	
a		10

TABLE 2.2: Triangle ABC

2.3. To find the coordinates of C in Fig ?? Solution:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.3.1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.3.2}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.3.3}$$

Finding the Scalar Products:

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}\| \cos \theta$$
(2.3.4)

$$(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \cos \alpha$$
(2.3.5)

On simplifying equation ?? and ??:

$$x^2 \tan \theta^2 = y^2 \tag{2.3.6}$$

$$(x-a)^2 = ((x-a)^2 + y^2)\cos\alpha^2 \qquad (2.3.7)$$

Substituting ?? in ??:

$$x^{2} \left(1 - \cos \alpha^{2} - \tan \theta^{2} \cos \alpha^{2}\right) + x\left(2a\cos \alpha^{2} - 2a\right) + a^{2}\sin \alpha^{2}$$

$$(2.3.8)$$

If θ and α are accute angles:

$$x = \frac{\left(-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)}{2a} \tag{2.3.9}$$

else:

$$x = \frac{\left(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}\right)}{2a} \tag{2.3.10}$$

The value of x can then be substituted in ?? to find the coordinates of C

2.4. From the given information, The values are From the given information: listed in ??

$$\frac{\angle C}{6} + \frac{\angle C}{3} + \angle C = 180^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore \angle C = 120^{\circ} \angle A = 20^{\circ} \angle B = 40^{\circ}$$
(5.2)

Output values	
Parameter	Value
C	$\binom{7}{2.5}$

TABLE 2.4: Values of C

2.5. Draw Fig. ??.

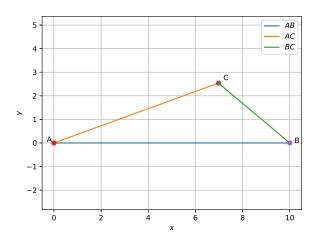


Fig. 2.5: Triangle generated using python

Solution: The following Python code generates Fig. ??

and the equivalent latex-tikz code generating Fig. ?? is

The above latex code can be compiled as a standalone document as

3 Solution

Theorem 3.1. Sum of all angles in a triangle equals 180°.

Solution: From theorem ??

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^{\circ} \tag{5.1}$$