## Readme: Access Management Application

## Pre requisites:

- A computer with .NET framework 4.5 installed
- Visual Studio or any other tool to build the application
- SQL Server Express or above
- Internet connection (to download package dependencies)

#### Initializing the database:

- The application uses a SQL Server database
- Setup a new (preferably) local or remote database. Make sure all required permissions are granted
- The source includes a 'Scripts' folder which has all the SQL scripts to setup the database. Run all the scripts

#### Setting up the application & running:

- Easiest way is to open the source code in Visual Studio and build
- The source code does not include binaries and NuGet packages, the system will download packages and build binaries on build
- The database connection and folder paths need to be set correctly in the App.config file
- Once successfully built, select the 'AccessManagement.Console' application as the Start-up project and run. Alternatively it can be run from the created exe file

# A Brief about the application:

- 1. The application has all the frameworks required to support the requirements, built as .NET dlls
- 2. No elaborate UI was built, a simple console application is there to run the application
- 3. Once run, the application gives options to [1] Initialize the database [2] Run daily reports [3] Log in to the system
  - a. Initializing database is the first step. It reads the LDAP service & Access Point APIs (simulated) and populate the database with data
  - b. Daily reports create department wise attendance and activity logs (and stores them locally, as SMTP had conflicts with firewall)
  - c. Login to the system with credentials as stored in LDAP
- 4. There is an option to check access denied notification, but that doesn't do much
- 5. On login, it shows success/failure message
- 6. For departmental managers it gives additional options to [1] View logs [2] See access point details [3] Manage user permissions
  - a. View log simply shows the log location
  - b. Second options show a brief list of all access points as received from Access Point Hardware APIs
  - c. Manager can grant different types of access to others
- 7. Since no real LDAP service of proprietary hardware APIs were available, the application simulates those behaviours with plain csv data stored in \Source\Data

# Sample user data:

User: <a href="mailto:ac@co.com/Password#7">ac@co.com/Password#7</a>

Manager: haack@co.com/Password#4

# Requirement gaps, issues & assumptions:

- 1. Since LDAP maintenance is not part of application, it is assumed that the LDAP has all the necessary details, and is functional all the time.
- 2. Same with Access Point hardware APIs, assumed they are well maintained and accessible all the time.
- 3. The organization structure is not defined clearly. Departments have managers? Do employees have managers, or department managers become their managers too? Groups can have managers? Any restriction on hierarchy level?
- 4. The activity log that would be sent to department managers, what exactly defines activity? It not clear. As of now, any kind of access (entry/exit/access deny) are assumed to be activity.
- 5. It is mentioned that off work access will be considered access violation. Now, what defines duty time/work hours? 9-5 Monday to Friday? Holidays? Leaves? Not defined clearly.
- 6. It is assumed that only one manager is possible per entity (e.g. department). For multiple managers, some change will be required.
- 7. Can employee be part of multiple groups? Assumed yes.
- 8. It has been assumed, that managers are admins by default. No special privileges been granted to any group/department (e.g. HR)
- 9. Employee Login has been assumed to be unique numeric key. Though more details are required for Employees (like LDAP domain, DOB etc) they have been ignored from application perspective.
- 10. Nothing has been mentioned for UI. For simplicity, a simple console application has been built, but the same core can be used for any other type of applications, like web, mobile etc.