Nov 2020



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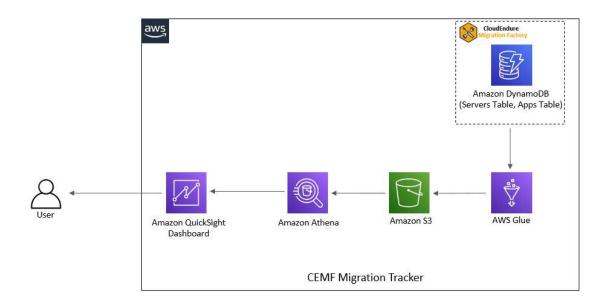
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Introduction

This document describes how to deploy CEMF Migration Tracker. This would enable the customers to visualize the migration status of the workloads being migrated using a QuickSight Dashboard.

Architecture Diagram



Prerequisites

CloudEndure Migration Factory Solution (CEMF) must be deployed before deploying the migration tracker

https://aws.amazon.com/solutions/implementations/aws-cloudendure-migration-factory-solution/

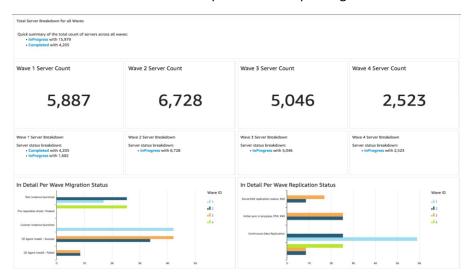
Deployment Steps

- Download CloudFormation template from https://awsmigrationfactory.s3.amazonaws.com/template/CEMF-MigrationTracker.yaml and deploy the stack
- Please provide the Stack Name, Application & environment as parameters for the CloudFormation. Keep environment and Application parameters same as provided during CEMF deployment. DO NOT change the Code bucket name.



- Once the template has run successfully, please wait for 15 minutes. There are two Glue Jobs that run as part of the template. It takes about 10-15 mins for the jobs to finish after the template has been deployed.
- 4. After the glue job successfully executes, you will have the consolidated data available on Athena, which can be integrated with QuickSight for visualization

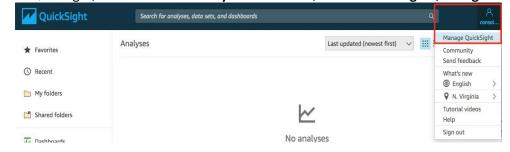
You should have all the data present on QuickSight ready to create custom visuals and reporting dashboards. Please follow the steps to create a quick sight dashboard like the one blow.



Build QuickSight Dashboard

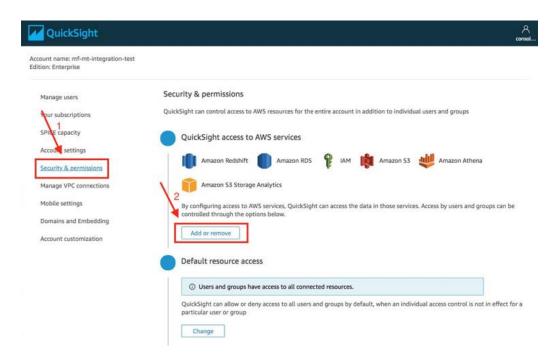
For first time users, <u>click this link</u> for a guide on how to register for a new QuickSight account. Please take note that this solution was designed to be deployed with an Enterprise License. However if you don't want the email reporting and the hourly data refresh, you can opt for a Standard License and it will not cause any issues with Migration Tracker.

In Quicksight, click the icon above your username, and click Manage Quicksight.

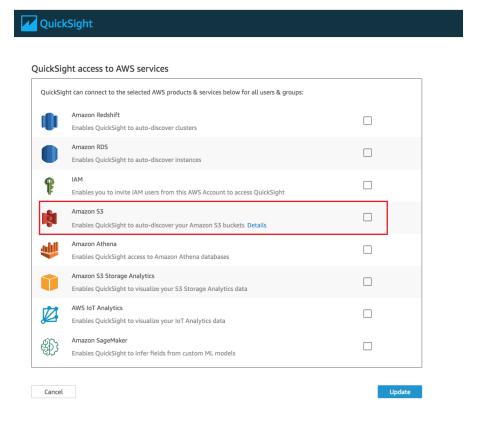


Click Security & permissions, then under QuickSight access to AWS Services, click Add or remove.



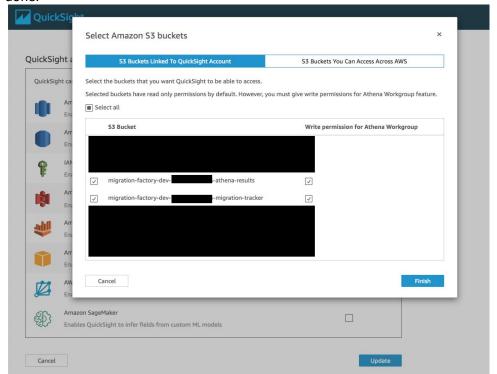


3. Click Amazon S3



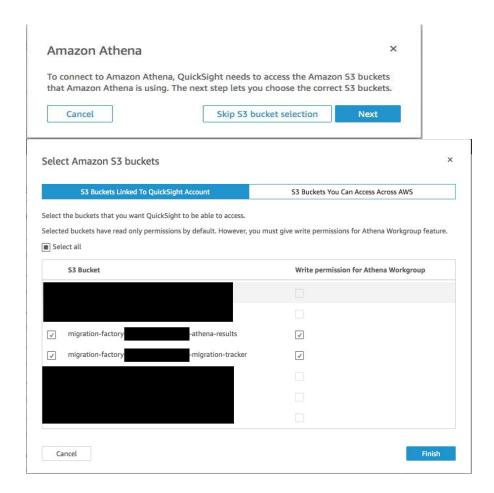


4. Grant access to the **athena-results and migration-tracker** buckets as shown in the boxes below. Make sure to check the boxes on the right and the left of the buckets selected. Click **Finish** once done.

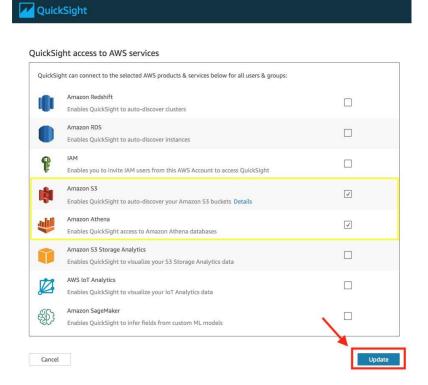


5. After granting access to the S3 buckets, add permissions for Athena. Check the Athena box then click **Next** when asked about the bucket selection and make sure that the same buckets have the same permissions there. Then click **Finish**.



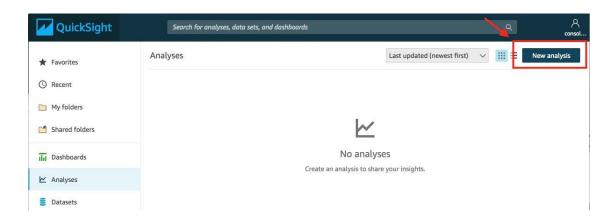


6. After the selections are confirmed, click **Update**.





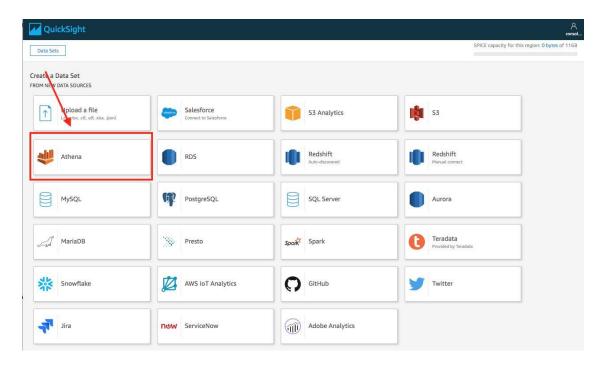
7. Once you have the permissions set. Go back to the homepage and click New analysis.



8. Then click New dataset.

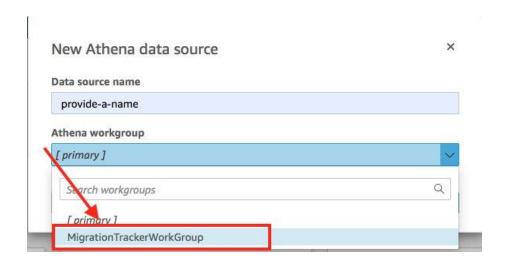


9. Select Athena

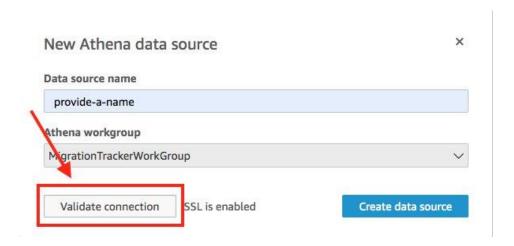




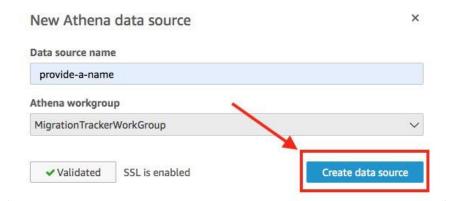
10. Provide any name for your data source and select the Migration Tracker Workgroup



11. Validate the connection to make sure QuickSight can communicate with Athena.

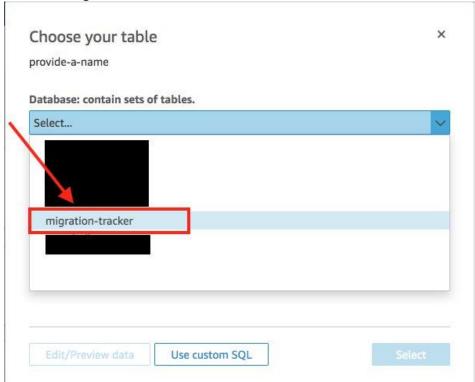


12. Once the connection has been validated, click Create data source.

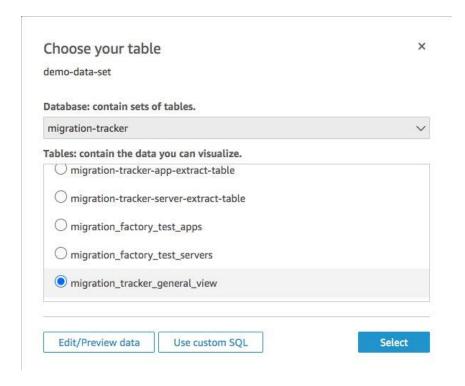




13. Select the **Migration Tracker table** for the Athena table.

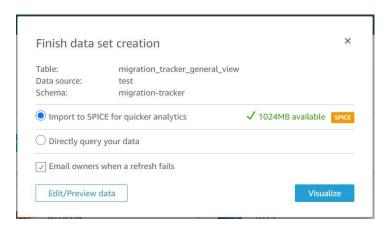


14. Choose the migration_tracker_general_view. Then click Select

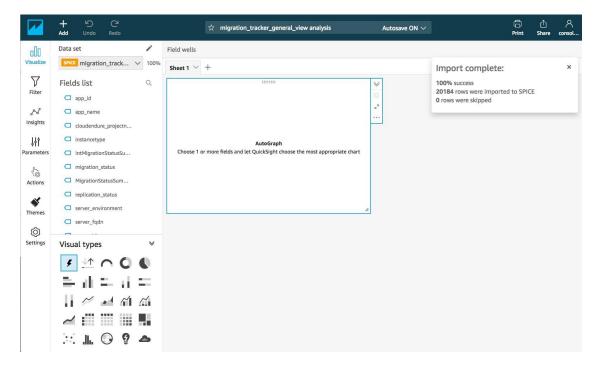




15. Once done, select Visualize.

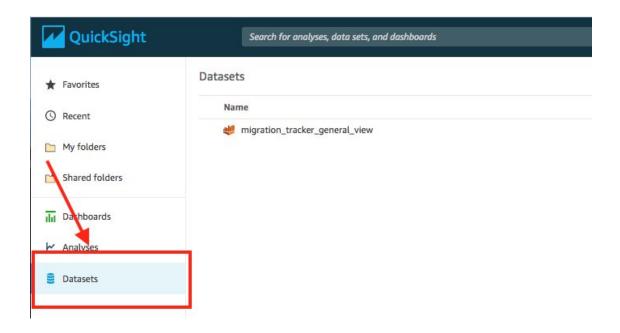


16. Once the data is imported, you will be redirected to the Analysis page to create the visuals.

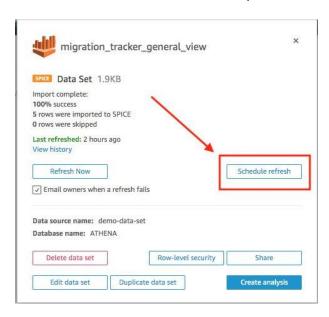


17. To make sure that your data is up to date, you can schedule a refresh of your data set. To do that, go to the **quicksight homepage** → **Datasets**.





18. Then click on the name of the dataset you want to configure and click Schedule refresh

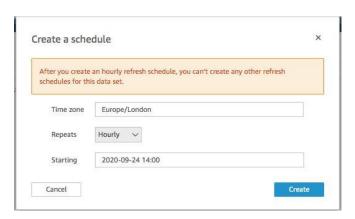


19. Click Create to create a scheduled refresh.





20. **Change it to the timezone** you want and customize your frequency by clicking on **repeats** then change the **starting time** to when you want the refresh to start. Once you have confirmed your options click **Create**.



Visuals

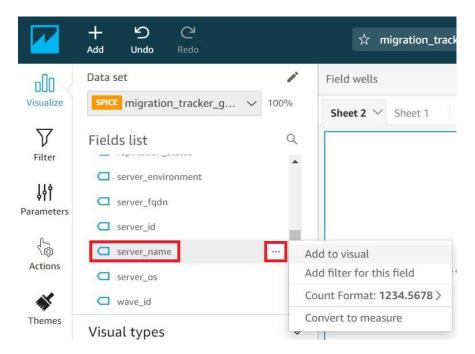
There are multiple ways you can display your data on Quicksight. It can be customized to shows views that are necessary to your team. Here are two examples of visuals that we think is necessary for your migration.



First is the count overview, this view counts all of the servers in the data set then are grouped per wave to give you a more granular view of how many servers there are in total. You can create this view by converting the server_name into measure, then counting the distinct servers names. Then finally, create a wave by wave filter to make it look like this.

- 1. To add a visual, click the + button on the left hand side of the screen and select Add Visual.
- 2. Find a **unique id** on your dataset. For Migration Factory, we will use the server name field to make sure we get the unique entries. **Hover over the unique field** and **click the three dots** on the right of it.





3. In order for us to count each entry, we have to convert the dataset to measure instead of dimension. To do this, click the **Convert to measure.** The tag will the **turn green** to indicate that it is now measure and not a dimension.

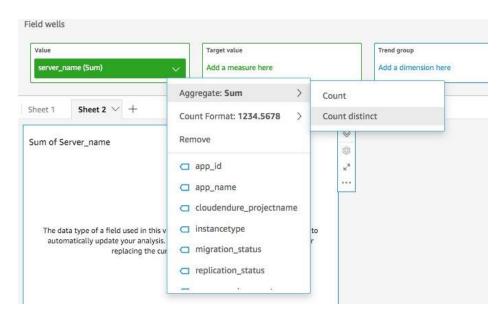


Color will change to green like below:

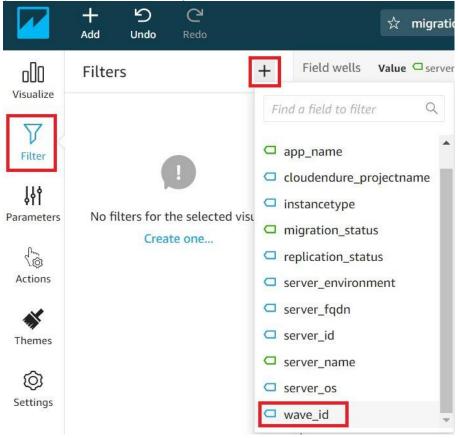


- 4. **Click the field we just converted to measure** (ie. server name) to visualize the image. You will then see the visual with an error message saying that we have to update the field data types. Don't worry, we'll fix that on the next step.
- 5. To fix that error and make sure we get the count. Under field wells, click the drop down beside server_name (Sum) → Aggregate: Sum → Count Distinct.



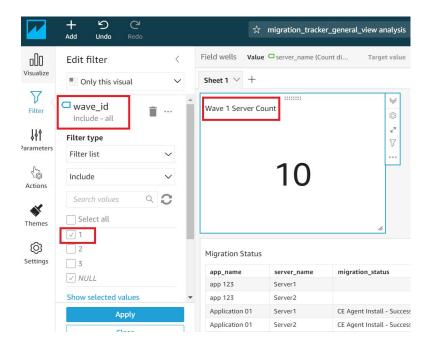


- 6. After you do that, it should now show a count of how many unique server names you have in your dataset. Don't forget to convert your dataset back to dimension when you create another visual. Resize the visualization to make it look better. You can now add filters by following the steps above to know the server count for each wave.
- 7. To get the server count for each wave, you need to apply a wave_id filter. To **create filters** for your data set: **click the visual you want to filter** → **Filter** → **+ Button** → **Choose Wave_id.**





8. Select Wave_id Filter, and select the correct Wave_id, in this example, we will select wave id 1. Change the visual name to Wave 1 Server Count. You can repeat this step as needed for other waves



Next view is the in Progress vs Completed view:



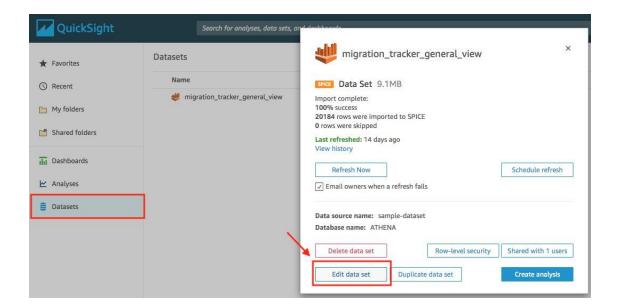
In this view, we made use of SPICE Queries by creating a new column on the data set that tells us that if the status is not Completed, then it must be In Progress. This combines all of the values that doesn't say Completed in the dataset and turns it into In Progress. In general, this would show you up to 5 migration/replication status but since we created a new column called MigrationStatusSummary with this query:

ifelse(migration_status ='Cutover instance launched', 'Completed', 'InProgress')

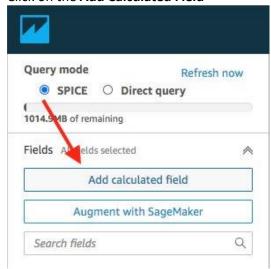
It helped us combine the values of the other statuses together to make one column that we can use for visualization. Here is a reference page for how to <u>add a SQL Query</u>

To create the MigrationStatusSummary column, go to Datasets → click on the Migration
 Tracker Dataset → Edit Data Set





2. Click on the Add Calculated Field



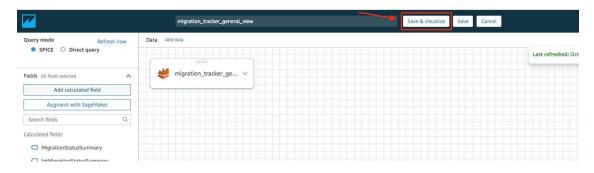
3. Add a name to your new SQL query (this will serve as the column name as well), then write the query on the text field below and click Save. Use the query below:

ifelse(migration_status ='Cutover instance launched', 'Completed', 'InProgress')

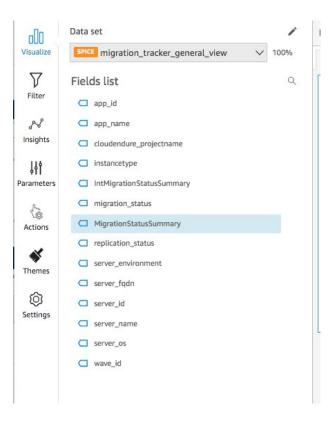




4. Click **Save & Visualize** before leaving the page to save your changes.



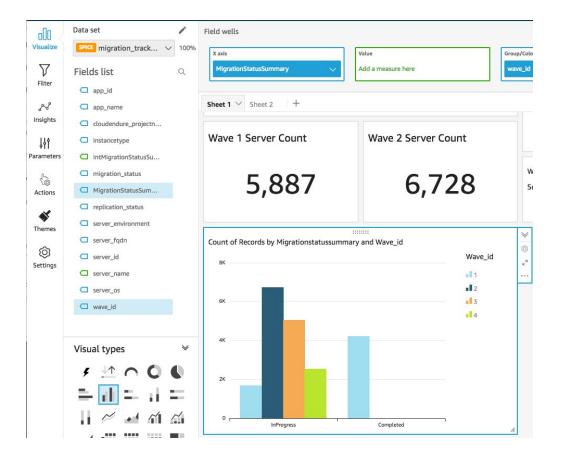
5. You should now be able to see that field on your Data Set Fields list once you visualize your data.



To Build the Dashboard:

- 1. To build the dashboards above, add a visual by clicking the + button
- 2. Click on the new column you built, in this case: **MigrationStatusSummary** as the main value, then select **Wave** to break it down by wave.





3. As a bonus, after you create the custom columns, insights will be generated and you can customize your narratives per insight. For example:



4. You can break this down by waves to give you this kind of insight:

```
Wave 1 Server Breakdown

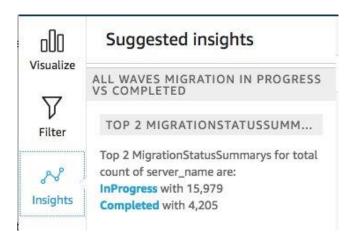
Server status breakdown:

• Completed with 4,205

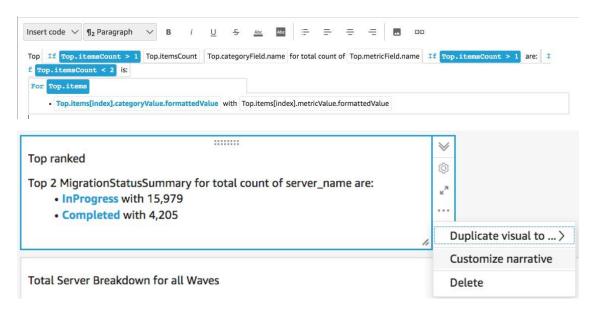
• InProgress with 1,682
```



5. Click on **Insights (Note: This option is only available if you use Enterprise license)**, and find the insight that shows the breakdown of Completed and In Progress



6. Click on that insight and add it to your analysis, then click **Customize Narrative**.

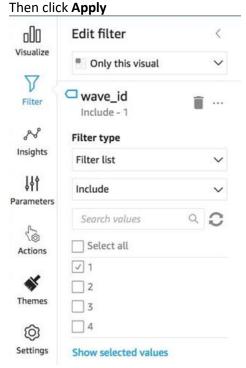


7. Edit the **narrative** to fit your use case. In our case it should look like this. Click **Save**:





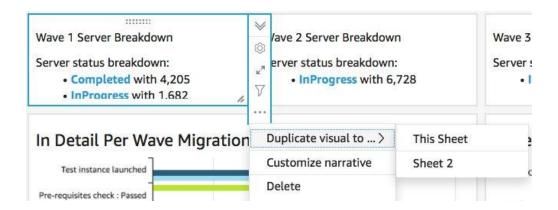
8. After you hit save, go back to the dashboard and then filter it to show it per wave. To do this, click Filter → Plus + button and select wave_id. Then choose the wave you need for the visual.



9. You should now be able to see this:



10. To create visual for all waves, duplicate the visuals to the same sheet by clicking the **3 dots** on the left hand side of the visual then **Duplicate visual to..** >





11. Modify your filters per visual and it should show you a breakdown for all your waves per filter. This insight was customized to tell you a quick summary of the total count of servers across all waves. For more information and guide on how to customize insights click this link: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/quicksight/latest/user/computational-insights.html

Overall, an example dashboard can look like this but can also be customizable depending on how you want your data visualized:

