Simulate the functioning of Lamport's Logical Clock in C

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int max(int a,int b);
int main()
   int i,j,k,p1[20],p2[20],e1,e2,dep[20][20];
  printf("*** Lamport's Logical Clock ***\n");
  printf("Enter the events: ");
  scanf("%d %d",&e1,&e2);
  for(i=0;i<e1;i++)
     p1[i]=i+1;
  for(i=0;i<e2;i++)
     p2[i]=i+1;
  printf("Enter the Dependency matrix:\n");
  printf("\nEnter 1 if E1->E2 \nEnter -1, if E2->E1 \nElse Enter 0 \n\n"); printf(" ");
  for(i=0;i<e2;i++)
     printf(" e2%d",i+1);
  for(i=0;i<e1;i++){}
     printf("\ne1%d ",i+1);
     for(j=0;j<e2;j++)
        scanf("%d",&dep[i][j]);
     }
  }
  for(i=0;i<e1;i++){}
     for(j=0;j<e2;j++){}
        if(dep[i][j]==1){
           p2[i]=max(p2[i],p1[i]+1);
           for(k=j;k<e2;k++)
             p2[k+1]=p2[k]+1;
        }
        if(dep[i][j] == -1){
           p1[i]=max(p1[i],p2[j]+1);
           for(k=i;k<e1;k++)
             p2[k+1]=p1[k]+1;
        }
     }
  printf("\nP1:");
  for(i=0;i<e1;i++){}
     printf("%d ",p1[i]);
  printf("\nP2:");
  for(j=0;j<e2;j++)
  printf("%d ",p2[j]);
  printf("\n");
  return 0;
}
int max(int a, int b)
        if (a>b)
```

```
return a;
else
return b;
}
```

Output:

```
[(base) Shivs-Air:Distributed Computing championballer$ gcc Lamport.c -o lamport
[(base) Shivs-Air:Distributed Computing championballer$ ./lamport
*** Lamport's Logical Clock ***
Enter the events : 2 4
Enter the Dependency matrix:

Enter 1 if E1->E2
Enter -1, if E2->E1
Else Enter 0

    e21 e22 e23 e24
e11 0 0 1 -1
e12 1 1 0 1

P1 : 5 2
P2 : 3 4 5 6
```