

# MACHINE LEARNING DOCUMENTATION



[Go Up](#)

Name	TextVectors
Version	1.0.0
Description	Text Vectorization for words and sentences
License	<a href="http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0">http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0</a>
Copyright	Copyright (C) 2019 HPCC Systems
Authors	HPCCSystems
DependsOn	ML_Core 3.2.0
Platform	7.0.0

## OVERVIEW

### TextVectors

Text vector bundle

## Table of Contents

<a href="#">Types.ecl</a>
Common Type definitions for TextVectors bundle
<a href="#">Internal</a>

# Types

---

[Go Up](#)

## DESCRIPTIONS

### **TYPES** Types

	Types
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Common Type definitions for TextVectors bundle

#### Children

1. [t\\_WordId](#) : Type definition for a Word Id attribute
2. [t\\_SentId](#) : Type definition for a Sentence Id attribute
3. [t\\_TextId](#) : Type definition for an attribute that can hold either a Word Id
4. [t\\_Vector](#) : Type definition for a vector attribute (used for Word or Sentence Vectors)
5. [t\\_Word](#) : Type definition for the text of a Word
6. [t\\_Sentence](#) : Type definition for the text of a Sentence
7. [t\\_ModRecType](#) : Enumeration of the record type for a Text Model
8. [Sentence](#) : Dataset Record to hold a Sentence
9. [SentInfo](#) : Sentence Information record, including the sentence vector
10. [Word](#) : Dataset Record to hold a Word
11. [WordInfo](#) : Dataset record to hold information about a word, including its vector, number of occurrences in the corpus, and discard probability
12. [Vector](#) : Dataset record to hold a sentence or word vector
13. [TextMod](#) : Record definition for the TextVectors Model
14. [Closest](#) : Used to return a set of closest items (words or sentences) for each of a given set of items to match

15. [TrainStats](#) : Record to hold the return values from GetTrainStats function

---

## **T\_WORDID** t\_WordId

[Types](#) \

	t_WordId
--	----------

Type definition for a Word Id attribute

**RETURN** UNSIGNED4 —

---

## **T\_SENTID** t\_SentId

[Types](#) \

	t_SentId
--	----------

Type definition for a Sentence Id attribute.

**RETURN** UNSIGNED8 —

---

## **T\_TEXTID** t\_TextId

[Types](#) \

	t_TextId
--	----------

Type definition for an attribute that can hold either a Word Id. or a Sentence Id.

**RETURN** UNSIGNED8 —

---

**T\_VECTOR** t\_Vector

Types \

t_Vector
----------

Type definition for a vector attribute (used for Word or Sentence Vectors).

**RETURN** SET ( REAL8 ) —

---

**T\_WORD** t\_Word

Types \

t_Word
--------

Type definition for the text of a Word.

**RETURN** STRING —

---

**T\_SENTENCE** t\_Sentence

Types \

t_Sentence
------------

Type definition for the text of a Sentence.

**RETURN** STRING —

---

## **T\_MODRECTYPE** t\_ModRecType

Types \

t_ModRecType
--------------

Enumeration of the record type for a Text Model.

**RETURN** UNSIGNED1 —

---

## **SENTENCE** Sentence

Types \

Sentence
----------

Dataset Record to hold a Sentence.

**FIELD** sentId ||| UNSIGNED8 — The numeric record id for this sentence.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The text content of the sentence.

---

## **SENTINFO** SentInfo

Types \

SentInfo
----------

Sentence Information record, including the sentence vector.

**FIELD** sentId ||| UNSIGNED8 — The numeric record id for this sentence.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The text content of the sentence.

**FIELD** vec ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The Text Vector for the sentence.

---

## **WORD** Word

Types \

	<b>Word</b>
--	-------------

Dataset Record to hold a Word.

**FIELD** id ||| UNSIGNED4 — The numeric record id for this word.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The text content of the word.

---

## **WORDINFO** WordInfo

Types \

	<b>WordInfo</b>
--	-----------------

Dataset record to hold information about a word, including its vector, number of occurrences in the corpus, and discard probability.

**FIELD** wordId ||| UNSIGNED4 — The numeric record id for this word.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The text content of the sentence.

**FIELD** occurs ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of times this word occurs in the Corpus.

**FIELD** pdisc ||| REAL8 — The computed probability of discard, based on the frequency of the word in the corpus.

**FIELD** vec ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The Text Vector for the word.

---

## VECTOR Vector

Types \

	Vector
--	--------

Dataset record to hold a sentence or word vector.

**FIELD** id ||| UNSIGNED4 — The record id for this vector.

**FIELD** vec ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The contents of the vector.

---

## TEXTMOD TextMod

Types \

	TextMod
--	---------

Record definition for the TextVectors Model. Text Model contains both the word and sentence vectors for the trained corpus.

**FIELD** typ ||| UNSIGNED1 — The type of the record – Word or Sentence (see t\_ModRecType above).

**FIELD** id ||| UNSIGNED8 — The id of the word or sentence.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The textual content of the item (word or sentence).

**FIELD** vec ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The vector for the word or sentence.

---

## CLOSEST Closest

Types \

	Closest
--	---------

Used to return a set of closest items (words or sentences) for each of a given set of items to match. Closest contains the set of closest items, while Similarity is the cosine similarity between the text sentence and each of the closest items. For example, Similarity[1] is the Cosine similarity between Text and Closest[1]. Likewise for each of the K items in Closest and Similarity.

**FIELD** id ||| UNSIGNED8 — The id of the word or sentence.

**FIELD** text ||| STRING — The text of the word or sentence

**FIELD** closest ||| SET ( STRING ) — The text of the K closest words or sentence.

**FIELD** similarity ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The cosine similarity between this word / sentence and each of the K closest words or sentences. This set corresponds 1:1 to the contents of the 'closest' field.

## TRAINSTATS TrainStats

Types \

	<b>TrainStats</b>
--	-------------------

Record to hold the return values from GetTrainStats function. This records describes the set of parameters used for the current training session.

**FIELD** vecLen ||| UNSIGNED4 — The dimensionality of the word and sentence vectors.

**FIELD** nWeights ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of weights needed to train the word vectors.

**FIELD** nSlices ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of slices used to hold the weights.

**FIELD** sliceSize ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of weights in each weight Slice.

**FIELD** nWords ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of words in the vocabulary including N-Grams.

**FIELD** nSentences ||| UNSIGNED8 — The number of sentences in the Corpus.

**FIELD** maxNGramSize ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum N-Gram size to consider.

**FIELD** nEpochs ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum number of epochs for which to train. Zero (default) means auto-compute.

**FIELD** negSamples ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of negative samples used in training for each training sample.

**FIELD** batchSize ||| UNSIGNED4 — The batch size used to train the vectors. Zero (default) indicates auto-compute.



- FIELD** minOccurs ||| UNSIGNED4 — The minimum number of occurrences in the Corpus in order for a word to be considered part of the vocabulary.
- FIELD** maxTextDist ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum number of edits (in edit distance) to make in matching a previously unseen word to a word in the vocabulary.
- FIELD** maxNumDist ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum numeric distance to consider one previously unseen number a match for a number in the vocabulary.
- FIELD** discardThreshold ||| REAL4 — Words with frequency below this number are never discarded from training data. Words with frequency above this number are stochastically sampled, based on their frequency.
- FIELD** learningRate ||| REAL4 — The learning rate used to train the Neural Network.
- FIELD** upb ||| UNSIGNED4 — Updates per batch. The approximate number of weights that are updated across all nodes during a single batch.
- FIELD** upbPerNode ||| UNSIGNED4 — Updates per batch per node. The number of weights updated by each node during a single batch.
- FIELD** updateDensity ||| REAL4 — The proportion of weights updated across all nodes during a single batch.
- FIELD** udPerNode ||| REAL4 — The proportion of weights updated by a single node during a single batch.
-

# Internal

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[Go Up](#)

## Table of Contents

<a href="#">Corpus.ecl</a>
Analyze a corpus of sentences to support vectorization activities
<a href="#">svTrainNN.ecl</a>
Neural Network Training for SentenceVectors
<a href="#">svUtils.ecl</a>
Various utility functions used by TextVectors
<a href="#">Weights.ecl</a>
Module to perform calculations to manage the weights, and their storage as slices

# Internal/ Corpus

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[Go Up](#)

## IMPORTS

Types | `std.Str` | `std.system.Thorlib` |

## DESCRIPTIONS

### **CORPUS** Corpus

Corpus
<code>(DATASET(Sentence) sentences_in=DATASET([], Sentence), UNSIGNED4 wordNGrams = 1, REAL4 discThreshold = .0001, UNSIGNED4 minOccurs = 5, UNSIGNED4 dropoutK = 3)</code>

Analyze a corpus of sentences to support vectorization activities.

Tokenizes sentences into words, provides a Vocabulary of unique words, and supports conversion of sentences into training data.

**PARAMETER** `wordNGrams` ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum sized NGram to generate. 1 indicates unigrams only. 2 indicates unigrams and bigrams. 3 indicates uni, bi, and trigrams. Defaults to 1 (unigrams only).

**PARAMETER** `discThreshold` ||| REAL4 — Discard threshold. Words with frequency greater than or equal to this number are probabilistically discarded based on their frequency. Words with frequencies below this threshold are never discarded (Default .0001).

**PARAMETER** `minOccurs` ||| UNSIGNED4 — Words that occur less than this number of times in the corpus are eliminated (Default 5). Words with very few occurrences in the corpus may not get properly trained due to lack of context.

**PARAMETER** dropoutK ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of NGrams to drop from a sentence (per Sent2Vec paper). Default 3.

**PARAMETER** sentences\_in ||| TABLE ( Sentence ) — No Doc

## Children

1. [sentences](#) : Return a dataset of Sentences, distributed evenly
2. [getNGrams](#) : Produce a series of nGrams from the set of words in a sentence
3. [sent2wordList](#) : Convert a sentence to a list of words (including n-grams if requested)
4. [tokenizedSent](#) : Each sentence transformed to a word list
5. [VocabSize](#) : The size of the vocabulary
6. [wordCount](#) : No Documentation Found
7. [Vocabulary](#) : The set of all the unique words in the corpus
8. [wordIdList](#) : No Documentation Found
9. [WordList2WordIds](#) : Convert a list of textual words making up a sentence to a set of ids representing each word's wordId in the vocabulary
10. [GetTraining](#) : Generate training data based on the corpus
11. [NegativesTable](#) : Negatives Table is a record containing the discard probability of each word in the vocabulary as a single SET, indexed by the wordId

---

## SENTENCES sentences

[Corpus](#) \

<u>sentences</u>
------------------

Return a dataset of Sentences, distributed evenly.

**RETURN** TABLE ( Sentence ) —

---

## GETNGRAMS getNGrams

Corpus \

SET OF VARSTRING	getNGrams
(SET OF VARSTRING words, UNSIGNED4 ngrams, UNSIGNED4 dropoutk = 0)	

Produce a series of nGrams from the set of words in a sentence. For example, if the parameter ngrams is three, it will produce the set of Bigrams (i.e. 2grams) as well as the set of Trigrams (i.e. 3grams). Ngrams are formatted as \_\_Word1\_\_Word2\_\_Word3. Given the sentence ['the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox'] and ngrams set to 3, it will return: ['\_the\_quick', '\_quick\_brown', '\_brown\_fox', '\_the\_quick\_brown', '\_quick\_brown\_fox'].

**PARAMETER** words ||| SET ( VARSTRING ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** ngrams ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**PARAMETER** dropoutk ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** SET ( VARSTRING ) —

---

## SENT2WORDLIST sent2wordList

Corpus \

DATASET(WordList)	sent2wordList
(DATASET(Sentence) sent)	

Convert a sentence to a list of words (including n-grams if requested). Strip out punctuation, cleanup whitespace, and split the words.

**PARAMETER** sent ||| TABLE ( Sentence ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 sentId , SET ( STRING ) words } ) —

---

## TOKENIZEDSENT tokenizedSent

Corpus \

DATASET(WordList)	tokenizedSent
-------------------	---------------

Each sentence transformed to a word list.

---

## VOCABSIZE VocabSize

Corpus \

VocabSize
-----------

The size of the vocabulary

**RETURN** INTEGER8 —

---

## WORDCOUNT wordCount

Corpus \

wordCount
-----------

No Documentation Found

**RETURN** INTEGER8 —

---

## VOCABULARY Vocabulary

Corpus \

## Vocabulary

The set of all the unique words in the corpus. Note: returned vocabulary is distributed by HASH32(text), and sorted by text.

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 wordId , STRING text , UNSIGNED4 occurs , REAL8 pdisc , SET ( REAL8 ) vec } ) —

---

## WORDIDLIST wordIdList

Corpus \

wordIdList
------------

No Documentation Found

**FIELD** sentid ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**FIELD** ord ||| UNSIGNED2 — No Doc

**FIELD** wordids ||| SET ( UNSIGNED4 ) — No Doc

**FIELD** pdisc ||| REAL4 — No Doc

---

## WORDLIST2WORDIDS WordList2WordIds

Corpus \

DATASET(wordIdList)	WordList2WordIds
---------------------	------------------

(DATASET(WordList) sent)
--------------------------

Convert a list of textual words making up a sentence to a set of ids representing each word's wordId in the vocabulary.

**PARAMETER** sent ||| TABLE ( WordList ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 sentId , UNSIGNED2 ord , SET ( UNSIGNED4 )  
wordIds , REAL4 pdisc } ) —

---

## **GETTRAINING** GetTraining

Corpus \

<b>DATASET(TrainingDat)</b>	<b>GetTraining</b>
-----------------------------	--------------------

Generate training data based on the corpus. Each record is a main word and a set of context words (words that occur with that word in a sentence).

---

## **NEGATIVESTABLE** NegativesTable

Corpus \

	<b>NegativesTable</b>
--	-----------------------

Negatives Table is a record containing the discard probability of each word in the vocabulary as a single SET, indexed by the wordId. It is not currently used but is left here for possible future use.

---



# Internal/ svTrainNN

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[Go Up](#)

## IMPORTS

Types |

## DESCRIPTIONS

### **SVTRAINNN** svTrainNN

<b>STREAMED DATASET(SliceExt)</b>	<b>svTrainNN</b>
<pre>(STREAMED DATASET(SliceExt) wts, STREAMED DATASET(trainingDat) train, UNSIGNED4 slicesize, UNSIGNED4 nWeights, UNSIGNED4 numwords, UNSIGNED4 dim, UNSIGNED4 mbsize, REAL lr, UNSIGNED4 negsamp)</pre>	

Neural Network Training for SentenceVectors.

Train specialized SentenceVector neural network given a batch of training data. Takes in weights as a set of weights slices (SliceExt), and returns a set of weight adjustments, also formatted as slices.

**PARAMETER** wts ||| TABLE ( SliceExt ) — The weights slices.

**PARAMETER** train ||| TABLE ( TrainingDat ) — The batch of training data formatted as a main word and set of context words.

**PARAMETER** slicesize ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum number of weights in a slice.

**PARAMETER** nWeights ||| UNSIGNED4 — The total number of weights across all slices.

**PARAMETER** numwords ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of words in the vocabulary.

**PARAMETER** dim ||| UNSIGNED4 — The dimensionality of the vectors being trained

**PARAMETER** mbsize ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of training records in the mini-batch.

**PARAMETER** lr ||| REAL8 — The learning rate to use for this batch.

**PARAMETER** negsamp ||| UNSIGNED4 — The number of negative samples to choose for each main word.

**RETURN** **TABLE** ( **SliceExt** ) — weight updates as DATASET(SliceExt). Note that these are additive changes to the weights, not the final weight values.

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[Go Up](#)

## IMPORTS

Types |

## DESCRIPTIONS

### **SVUTILS** svUtils

	svUtils
--	---------

Various utility functions used by TextVectors

### Children

1. [normalizeVector](#) : Normalize a vector by dividing by the its length to create a unit vector
2. [calcSentVector](#) : Calculate a Sentence Vector by taking the average of the word vectors for all words in the sentence
3. [cosineSim](#) : Cosine similarity a and b are unit vectors
4. [isNumeric](#) : Returns TRUE if a string represents a number (integer)
5. [numDistance](#) : Calculates the numeric distance between two numeric strings as  $ABS(n1 - n2)$
6. [addVecs](#) : Implements  $vec1 + (vec2 * multiplier)$  Allows (potentially) scaled addition of vectors as well as subtraction (using a negative multiplier)

## NORMALIZEVECTOR normalizeVector

svUtils \

t_Vector	normalizeVector
(t_Vector vec)	

Normalize a vector by dividing by the its length to create a unit vector

**PARAMETER** vec ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**RETURN** SET ( REAL8 ) —

---

## CALCSENTVECTOR calcSentVector

svUtils \

t_Vector	calcSentVector
(t_Vector wordvecs, UNSIGNED2 veclen)	

Calculate a Sentence Vector by taking the average of the word vectors for all words in the sentence.

**PARAMETER** wordvecs ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — A concatenated set of vectors for all the words in the sentence.

**PARAMETER** vecLen ||| UNSIGNED2 — The length of each word vector and the resulting sentence vector.

**RETURN** SET ( REAL8 ) —

---

## COSINESIM cosineSim

svUtils \

<b>REAL8</b>	<b>cosineSim</b>
(t_Vector a_in, t_Vector b_in, UNSIGNED4 veclen)	

Cosine similarity a and b are unit vectors. Theta is the angle between vectors. Cosine similarity is  $\text{Cos}(\theta)$ .  $\text{Cos}(\theta) = (a \cdot b) / (\text{L2Norm}(a) * \text{L2Norm}(b))$  Note:  $a \cdot b = \text{L2Norm}(a) * \text{L2Norm}(b) * \text{Cos}(\theta)$  Since we assume the inputs to be unit vectors, the norms will be 1. We therefore simplify the calculation to  $a \cdot b$ .

**PARAMETER** a\_in ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** b\_in ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** vecLen ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** REAL8 —

## ISNUMERIC isNumeric

svUtils \

<b>BOOLEAN</b>	<b>isNumeric</b>
(STRING instr)	

Returns TRUE if a string represents a number (integer). Otherwise FALSE.

**PARAMETER** instr ||| STRING — No Doc

**RETURN** BOOLEAN —

## NUMDISTANCE numDistance

svUtils \

<b>UNSIGNED4</b>	<b>numDistance</b>
(VARSTRING str1, VARSTRING str2)	

Calculates the numeric distance between two numeric strings as  $ABS(n1 - n2)$ .

**PARAMETER** str1 ||| VARSTRING — No Doc

**PARAMETER** str2 ||| VARSTRING — No Doc

**RETURN** UNSIGNED4 —

---

## **ADDECS** addVecs

svUtils \

<b>t_Vector</b>	<b>addVecs</b>
(t_Vector vec1, t_Vector vec2, UNSIGNED4 multiplier = 1)	

Implements  $vec1 + (vec2 * multiplier)$  Allows (potentially) scaled addition of vectors as well as subtraction (using a negative multiplier).

**PARAMETER** vec1 ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** vec2 ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** multiplier ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** SET ( REAL8 ) —

---

# Internal/ Weights

---

[Go Up](#)

## IMPORTS

Types | `std.system.Thorlib` |

## DESCRIPTIONS

### **WEIGHTS** `weights`

<code>weights</code>
(SET OF INTEGER4 <code>shape</code> )

Module to perform calculations to manage the weights, and their storage as slices.

Weights are stored in fixed size slices for ease of distribution and management. Currently only supports 3 layer Neural Network weights as used in word vectorization. Will need to be extended to handle a general Neural Network shape.

**PARAMETER** `shape` ||| SET ( INTEGER4 ) — The number of neurons in each layer of the Neural Network. For example, [100, 10, 200] describes a neural network with 100 neurons in the input layer, 10 in the hidden layer, and 200 in the output layer.

### Children

1. `nWeights` : The total number of weights in the network
2. `toFlatIndex` : Convert the compound index: (layer, j, i) to a contiguous flat index into a set of weights

3. `fromFlatIndex` : Convert a flat index into a list of weights into a compound index into the weights of the neural network: (layer, j, i)
4. `slicesPerNode` : The number of slices needed for each node
5. `nSlices` : The total number of slices used to hold the weights
6. `sliceSize` : The number of weights in each slice
7. `nWeightSlots` : The number of slots to hold weights across all slices
8. `initWeights` : Return an initial set of weight slices with weights set to random values
9. `distributeAllSlices` : Copy weights to all nodes and assign the node id to the copy on each node
10. `toSliceExt` : Make Extended Weights
11. `fromSliceExt` : Take a set of Extended Weight slices (i.e
12. `slices2Linear` : Convert a dataset of replicated slices (SliceExt) into a single SliceExt replicated on each node and containing one linear array (i.e
13. `compressOne` : Compress a set of weights (assumed to be sparse) by converting to a sparse representation [...] packed into a DATA field
14. `decompressOne` : Decompress a set of compressed weights in sparse format (i.e
15. `compressWeights` : Compress a set of extended slices (e.g
16. `decompressWeights` : Decompress a set of compressed slices into the native extended slice format

---

## **NWEIGHTS** `nWeights`

`weights \`

<code>nWeights</code>
-----------------------

The total number of weights in the network

**RETURN** `INTEGER8` —

---



## TOFLATINDEX toFlatIndex

weights \

UNSIGNED4	toFlatIndex
(UNSIGNED2 l, UNSIGNED4 j, UNSIGNED4 i)	

Convert the compound index: (layer, j, i) to a contiguous flat index into a set of weights.

**PARAMETER** l ||| UNSIGNED2 — No Doc

**PARAMETER** j ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**PARAMETER** i ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** UNSIGNED4 —

---

## FROMFLATINDEX fromFlatIndex

weights \

wIndex	fromFlatIndex
(UNSIGNED4 indx)	

Convert a flat index into a list of weights into a compound index into the weights of the neural network: (layer, j, i).

**PARAMETER** indx ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** ROW ( wIndex ) —

---

## SLICESPERNODE slicesPerNode

weights \

<code>slicesPerNode</code>
----------------------------

The number of slices needed for each node

**RETURN** `INTEGER8` —

---

**NSLICES** `nSlices`

`weights \`

<code>nSlices</code>
----------------------

The total number of slices used to hold the weights.

**RETURN** `INTEGER8` —

---

**SLICESIZE** `sliceSize`

`weights \`

<code>sliceSize</code>
------------------------

The number of weights in each slice.

**RETURN** `INTEGER8` —

---

**NWEIGHTSLOTS** `nWeightSlots`

`weights \`

<b>nWeightSlots</b>
---------------------

The number of slots to hold weights across all slices. This may be different from nWeights because nWeights does not always divide exactly into nSlices.

**RETURN** INTEGER8 —

---

## INITWEIGHTS initWeights

weights \

<b>DATASET(slice)</b>	<b>initWeights</b>
-----------------------	--------------------

Return an initial set of weight slices with weights set to random values.

---

## DISTRIBUTEALLSLICES distributeAllSlices

weights \

<b>DATASET(SliceExt)</b>	<b>distributeAllSlices</b>
--------------------------	----------------------------

( <b>DATASET(SliceExt)</b> slices)
------------------------------------

Copy weights to all nodes and assign the node id to the copy on each node.

If running on 7.2 or greater, use the DISTRIBUTE(.., ALL) facility. Otherwise, use NORMALIZE to make copies of each and assign nodeId, then DISTRIBUTE by nodeId.

**PARAMETER** slices ||| TABLE ( SliceExt ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

## TOSLICEEXT toSliceExt

weights \

<b>DATASET(SliceExt)</b>	<b>toSliceExt</b>
(DATASET(Slice) weights)	

Make Extended Weights. Return a dataset of weight slices that have been replicated to all nodes and converted to SliceExt record type that includes a node id.

**PARAMETER** weights ||| TABLE ( Slice ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

---

## FROMSLICEEXT fromSliceExt

weights \

<b>DATASET(Slice)</b>	<b>fromSliceExt</b>
(DATASET(SliceExt) extWeights)	

Take a set of Extended Weight slices (i.e. replicated to all nodes) and return a dataset of Weight slices that are distributed by sliceId. The duplicated copies are filtered out except on the node that owns each slice.

**PARAMETER** extweights ||| TABLE ( SliceExt ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 sliceId , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

---

## SLICES2LINEAR slices2Linear

weights \

<b>SliceExt</b>	<b>slices2Linear</b>
(DATASET(SliceExt) slices)	

Convert a dataset of replicated slices (SliceExt) into a single SliceExt replicated on each node and containing one linear array (i.e. SET) of weights.

**PARAMETER** slices ||| TABLE ( SliceExt ) — No Doc

**RETURN** ROW ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

## COMPRESSONE compressOne

weights \

<b>DATA</b>	<b>compressOne</b>
(t_Vector wts, UNSIGNED4 slicesize)	

Compress a set of weights (assumed to be sparse) by converting to a sparse representation [...] packed into a DATA field.

**PARAMETER** wts ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

**PARAMETER** slicesize ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** DATA —

## DECOMPRESSONE decompressOne

weights \

<b>t_Vector</b>	<b>decompressOne</b>
(DATA cwts, UNSIGNED4 slicesize)	

Decompress a set of compressed weights in sparse format (i.e. [...] into a dense set of weights.

**PARAMETER** cwts ||| DATA — No Doc

**PARAMETER** slicesize ||| UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

**RETURN** SET ( REAL8 ) —

---

## COMPRESSWEIGHTS compressWeights

weights \

DATASET(CSlice)	compressWeights
(DATASET(SliceExt) slices)	

Compress a set of extended slices (e.g. SliceExt) into CSlice format.

**PARAMETER** slices ||| TABLE ( SliceExt ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , DATA cweights } ) —

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## DECOMPRESSWEIGHTS decompressWeights

weights \

DATASET(SliceExt)	decompressWeights
(DATASET(CSlice) cslices)	

Decompress a set of compressed slices into the native extended slice format.

**PARAMETER** cslices ||| TABLE ( CSlice ) — No Doc

**RETURN** TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

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