# MACHINE LEARNING DOCUMENTATION



# Go Up

Name	TextVectors
Version	1.0.0
Description	Text Vectorization for words and sentences
License	http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
Copyright	Copyright (C) 2019 HPCC Systems
Authors	HPCCSystems
DependsOn	ML_Core 3.2.0
Platform	7.0.0

# **OVERVIEW**

## **TextVectors**

Text vector bundle

# **Table of Contents**

Types.ecl
Common Type definitions for TextVectors bundle
Internal

# **Types**

Go Up

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

# **TYPES** Types

**Types** 

Common Type definitions for TextVectors bundle

#### Children

- 1. t\_WordId : Type definition for a Word Id attribute
- 2. t\_SentId : Type definition for a Sentence Id attribute
- 3. t\_TextId: Type definition for an attribute that can hold either a Word Id
- 4. t\_Vector : Type definition for a vector attribute (used for Word or Sentence Vectors)
- 5. t\_Word : Type definition for the text of a Word
- 6. t\_Sentence : Type definition for the text of a Sentence
- 7. t\_ModRecType : Enumeration of the record type for a Text Model
- 8. Sentence: Dataset Record to hold a Sentence
- 9. SentInfo: Sentence Information record, including the sentence vector
- 10. Word: Dataset Record to hold a Word
- 11. WordInfo: Dataset record to hold information about a word, including its vector, number of occurrences in the corpus, and discard probability
- 12. Vector: Dataset record to hold a sentence or word vector
- 13. TextMod: Record definition for the TextVectors Model
- 14. Closest: Used to return a set of closest items (words or sentences) for each of a given set of items to match

15. TrainStats: Record to hold the return values from GetTrainStats function

T WORDID	t WordId
----------	----------

Types \

 $t\_WordId$ 

Type definition for a Word Id attribute

RETURN UNSIGNED4 —

# T\_SENTID t\_SentId

Types \

 $t_SentId$ 

Type definition for a Sentence Id attribute.

RETURN UNSIGNED8 —

# T\_TEXTID t\_TextId

Types \

 $t\_TextId$ 

Type definition for an attribute that can hold either a Word Id. or a Sentence Id.

# T\_VECTOR t\_Vector

Types \

 $t_{-}Vector$ 

Type definition for a vector attribute (used for Word or Sentence Vectors).

RETURN SET ( REAL8 ) —

# T\_WORD t\_Word

Types  $\setminus$ 

 $t_{-}Word$ 

Type definition for the text of a Word.

RETURN STRING —

# T\_SENTENCE t\_Sentence

Types \

t Sentence

Type definition for the text of a Sentence.

# T\_MODRECTYPE t\_ModRecType

Types \

 $t\_ModRecType$ 

Enumeration of the record type for a Text Model.

RETURN UNSIGNED1 —

# **SENTENCE** Sentence

Types \

Sentence

Dataset Record to hold a Sentence.

FIELD <u>sentId</u> ||| UNSIGNED8 — The numeric record id for this sentence.

**FIELD** <u>text</u> || STRING — The text content of the sentence.

# **SENTINFO** SentInfo

Types \

**SentInfo** 

Sentence Information record, including the sentence vector.

- **FIELD** sentId ||| UNSIGNED8 The numeric record id for this sentence.
- FIELD text || STRING The text content of the sentence.
- FIELD <u>vec</u> ||| SET ( REAL8 ) The Text Vector for the sentence.

## **WORD** Word

Types \

Word

Dataset Record to hold a Word.

- FIELD <u>id</u> || UNSIGNED4 The numeric record id for this word.
- **FIELD** <u>text</u> ||| STRING The text content of the word.

# **WORDINFO** WordInfo

Types \

#### WordInfo

Dataset record to hold information about a word, including its vector, number of occurrences in the corpus, and discard probability.

- **FIELD** wordId ||| UNSIGNED4 The numeric record id for this word.
- **FIELD** <u>text</u> ||| STRING The text content of the sentence.
- FIELD occurs || UNSIGNED4 The number of times this word occurs in the Corpus.
- **FIELD** <u>**pdisc**</u> ||| REAL8 The computed probability of discard, based on the frequency of the word in the corpus.
- **FIELD** <u>vec</u> ||| SET ( REAL8 ) The Text Vector for the word.

# **VECTOR** Vector

#### Types \

#### Vector

Dataset record to hold a sentence or word vector.

FIELD <u>id</u> || UNSIGNED4 — The record id for this vector.

FIELD <u>vec</u> ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The contents of the vector.

## TEXTMOD TextMod

#### Types \

#### **TextMod**

Record definition for the TextVectors Model. Text Model contains both the word and sentence vectors for the trained corpus.

**FIELD** typ || UNSIGNED1 — The type of the record – Word or Sentence (see t\_ModRecType above).

**FIELD**  $\underline{id}$  ||| UNSIGNED8 — The id of the word or sentence.

**FIELD** <u>text</u> ||| STRING — The textual content of the item (word or sentence).

**FIELD** <u>vec</u> ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — The vector for the word or sentence.

# **CLOSEST** Closest

## Types \

Closest

Used to return a set of closest items (words or sentences) for each of a given set of items to match. Closest contains the set of closest items, while Similarity is the cosine similarity between the text sentence and each of the closest items. For example, Similarity[1] is the Cosine similarity between Text and Closest[1]. Likewise for each of the K items in Closest and Similarity.

- FIELD id || UNSIGNED8 The id of the word or sentence.
- FIELD <u>text</u> || STRING The text of the word or sentence
- **FIELD** <u>closest</u> ||| SET ( STRING ) The text of the K closest words or sentence.
- **FIELD** <u>similarity</u> ||| SET ( REAL8 ) The cosine similarity between this word / sentence and each of the K closest words or sentences. This set corresponds 1:1 to the contents of the 'closest' field.

## TRAINSTATS TrainStats

#### Types \

#### **TrainStats**

Record to hold the return values from GetTrainStats function. This records describes the set of parameters used for the current training session.

- **FIELD** <u>vecLen</u> || UNSIGNED4 The dimensionality of the word and sentence vectors.
- **FIELD nWeights** ||| UNSIGNED4 The number of weights needed to train the word vectors.
- **FIELD** <u>nSlices</u> || UNSIGNED4 The number of slices used to hold the weights.
- FIELD <u>sliceSize</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 The number of weights in each weight Slice.
- FIELD <u>nWords</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 The number of words in the vocabulary including N-Grams.
- **FIELD** <u>nSentences</u> ||| UNSIGNED8 The number of sentences in the Corpus.
- **FIELD** <u>maxNGramSize</u> || UNSIGNED4 The maximum N-Gram size to consider.
- **FIELD** <u>nEpochs</u> || UNSIGNED4 The maximum number of epochs for which to train. Zero (default) means auto-compute.
- regSamples || UNSIGNED4 The number of negative samples used in training for each training sample.
- **FIELD** <u>batchSize</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 The batch size used to train the vectors. Zero (default) indicates auto-compute.

- **FIELD** minOccurs ||| UNSIGNED4 The minimum number of occurrences in the Corpus in order for a word to be considered part of the vocabulary.
- **FIELD** <u>maxTextDist</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 The maximum number of edits (in edit distance) to make in matching a previously unseen word to a word in the vocabulary.
- **FIELD** <u>maxNumDist</u> || UNSIGNED4 The maximum numeric distance to consider one previously unseen number a match for a number in the vocabulary.
- **FIELD** <u>discardThreshold</u> ||| REAL4 Words with frequency below this number are never discarded from training data. Words with frequency above this number are stochastically sampled, based on their frequency.
- FIELD learningRate ||| REAL4 The learning rate used to train the Neural Network.
- **FIELD** <u>upb</u> || UNSIGNED4 Updates per batch. The approximate number of weights that are updated across all nodes during a single batch.
- **FIELD** <u>upbPerNode</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 Updates per batch per node. The number of weights updated by each node during a single batch.
- **FIELD** <u>updateDensity</u> ||| REAL4 The proportion of weights updated across all nodes during a single batch.
- **FIELD** <u>udPerNode</u> ||| REAL4 The proportion of weights updated by a single node during a single batch.

# Internal

## Go Up

# **Table of Contents**

#### Corpus.ecl

Analyze a corpus of sentences to support vectorization activities

#### svTrainNN.ecl

Neural Network Training for SentenceVectors

#### svUtils.ecl

Various utility functions used by TextVectors

#### Weights.ecl

Module to perform calculations to manage the weights, and their storage as slices

## Internal/

# Corpus

Go Up

# **IMPORTS**

Types | std.Str | std.system.Thorlib |

## **DESCRIPTIONS**

# **CORPUS** Corpus

#### Corpus

(DATASET(Sentence) sentences\_in=DATASET([], Sentence), UNSIGNED4 wordNGrams = 1, REAL4 discThreshold = .0001, UNSIGNED4 minOccurs = 5, UNSIGNED4 dropoutK = 3)

Analyze a corpus of sentences to support vectorization activities.

Tokenizes sentences into words, provides a Vocabulary of unique words, and supports conversion of sentences into training data.

- **PARAMETER** wordNGrams ||| UNSIGNED4 The maximum sized NGram to generate. 1 indicates unigrams only. 2 indicates unigrams and bigrams. 3 indicates uni, bi, and trigrams. Defaults to 1 (unigrams only).
- **PARAMETER** <u>discThreshold</u> ||| REAL4 Discard threshold. Words with frequency greater than or equal to this number are probabilistically discarded based on their frequency. Words with frequencies below this threshold are never discarded (Default .0001).
- **PARAMETER** minOccurs ||| UNSIGNED4 Words that occur less than this number of times in the corpus are eliminated (Default 5). Words with very few occurrences in the corpus may not get properly trained due to lack of context.

PARAMETER dropoutK || UNSIGNED4 — The number of NGrams to drop from a sentence (per Sent2Vec paper). Default 3.

PARAMETER sentences\_in || TABLE ( Sentence ) — No Doc

#### Children

- 1. sentences: Return a dataset of Sentences, distributed evenly
- 2. getNGrams: Produce a series of nGrams from the set of words in a sentence
- 3. sent2wordList: Convert a sentence to a list of words (including n-grams if requested)
- 4. tokenizedSent: Each sentence transformed to a word list
- 5. VocabSize: The size of the vocabulary
- 6. wordCount: No Documentation Found
- 7. Vocabulary: The set of all the unique words in the corpus
- 8. wordIdList: No Documentation Found
- 9. WordList2WordIds: Convert a list of textual words making up a sentence to a set of ids representing each word's wordId in the vocabulary
- 10. GetTraining: Generate training data based on the corpus
- 11. Negatives Table: Negatives Table is a record containing the discard probability of each word in the vocabulary as a single SET, indexed by the wordId

## **SENTENCES** sentences

## Corpus \

#### sentences

Return a dataset of Sentences, distributed evenly.

RETURN TABLE (Sentence) —

# **GETNGRAMS** getNGrams

#### Corpus \

```
SET OF VARSTRING getNGrams

(SET OF VARSTRING words, UNSIGNED4 ngrams, UNSIGNED4 dropoutk = 0)
```

Produce a series of nGrams from the set of words in a sentence. For example, if the parameter ngrams is three, it will produce the set of Bigrams (i.e. 2grams) as well as the set of Trigrams (i.e. 3grams). Ngrams are formatted as \_Word1\_Word2\_Word3. Given the sentence ['the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox'] and ngrams set to 3, it will return: ['\_the\_quick', '\_quick\_brown', '\_brown\_fox', '\_the\_quick\_brown', '\_quick\_brown\_fox'].

PARAMETER words | SET (VARSTRING) — No Doc

PARAMETER ngrams || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

PARAMETER dropoutk || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN SET ( VARSTRING ) —

## SENT2WORDLIST sent2wordList

## Corpus \

DATASET(WordList)	sent2wordList
(DATASET(Sentence) sent)	

Convert a sentence to a list of words (including n-grams if requested). Strip out punctuation, cleanup whitespace, and split the words.

PARAMETER sent || TABLE (Sentence) — No Doc

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 sentId , SET ( STRING ) words } ) —

# TOKENIZEDSENT tokenizedSent

Corpus	\
--------	---

DATASET(WordList) tokenizedSent

Each sentence transformed to a word list.

# **VOCABSIZE** VocabSize

Corpus \

VocabSize

The size of the vocabulary

RETURN INTEGER8 —

# **WORDCOUNT** wordCount

Corpus \

wordCount

No Documentation Found

RETURN INTEGER8 —

# **VOCABULARY** Vocabulary

Corpus \

### Vocabulary

The set of all the unique words in the corpus. Note: returned vocabulary is distributed by HASH32(text), and sorted by text.

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 wordId , STRING text , UNSIGNED4 occurs , REAL8 pdisc , SET ( REAL8 ) vec } ) —

## **WORDIDLIST** wordldList

### Corpus \

wordIdList

No Documentation Found

FIELD sentid || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

FIELD ord || UNSIGNED2 — No Doc

FIELD wordids || SET ( UNSIGNED4 ) — No Doc

**FIELD pdisc** ||| REAL4 — No Doc

# WORDLIST2WORDIDS WordList2WordIds

## Corpus \

DATASET(wordIdList) WordList2WordIds

(DATASET(WordList) sent)

Convert a list of textual words making up a sentence to a set of ids representing each word's wordId in the vocabulary.

PARAMETER sent || TABLE ( WordList ) — No Doc

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED4 sentId , UNSIGNED2 ord , SET ( UNSIGNED4 ) wordIds , REAL4 pdisc } ) —

# **GETTRAINING GetTraining**

## Corpus \

DATASET(TrainingDat)
----------------------

Generate training data based on the corpus. Each record is a main word and a set of context words (words that occur with that word in a sentence).

# **NEGATIVESTABLE** NegativesTable

### Corpus \

NegativesTable

Negatives Table is a record containing the discard probability of each word in the vocabulary as a single SET, indexed by the wordId. It is not currently used but is left here for possible future use.

# $\frac{ Internal/}{svTrainNN}$

Go Up

## **IMPORTS**

Types |

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

# **SVTRAINNN** svTrainNN

# STREAMED DATASET(SliceExt) sv

svTrainNN

(STREAMED DATASET(SliceExt) wts, STREAMED
DATASET(trainingDat) train, UNSIGNED4 slicesize,
UNSIGNED4 nWeights, UNSIGNED4 numwords, UNSIGNED4 dim,
UNSIGNED4 mbsize, REAL lr, UNSIGNED4 negsamp)

Neural Network Training for SentenceVectors.

Train specialized SentenceVector neural network given a batch of training data. Takes in weights as a set of weights slices (SliceExt), and returns a set of weight adjustments, also formatted as slices.

**PARAMETER** wts || TABLE (SliceExt) — The weights slices.

**PARAMETER** <u>train</u> ||| TABLE (TrainingDat) — The batch of training data formatted as a main word and set of context words.

PARAMETER <u>slicesize</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 — The maximum number of weights in a slice.

PARAMETER <u>nWeights</u> ||| UNSIGNED4 — The total number of weights across all slices.

PARAMETER numwords || UNSIGNED4 — The number of words in the vocabulary.

- PARAMETER dim || UNSIGNED4 The dimensionality of the vectors being trained
- PARAMETER <u>mbsize</u> || UNSIGNED4 The number of training records in the mini-batch.
- **PARAMETER**  $\underline{\mathbf{lr}} \parallel \parallel \text{REAL8} \text{The learning rate to use for this batch.}$
- **PARAMETER** negsamp ||| UNSIGNED4 The number of negative samples to choose for each main word.

**RETURN TABLE (SliceExt)** — weight updates as DATASET(SliceExt). Note that these are additive changes to the weights, not the final weight values.

# Internal/ svUtils

Go Up

# **IMPORTS**

Types |

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

# **SVUTILS** svUtils

svUtils

Various utility functions used by TextVectors

#### Children

- 1. normalizeVector: Normalize a vector by dividing by the its length to create a unit vector
- 2. calcSentVector: Calculate a Sentence Vector by taking the average of the word vectors for all words in the sentence
- 3. cosineSim: Cosine similarity a and b are unit vectors
- 4. isNumeric: Returns TRUE if a string represents a number (integer)
- 5. numDistance: Calculates the numeric distance between two numeric strings as ABS(n1 n2)
- 6. addVecs: Implements vec1 + (vec2 \* multiplier) Allows (potentially) scaled addition of vectors as well as subtraction (using a negative multiplier

## NORMALIZEVECTOR normalizeVector

svUtils \

t_Vector	normalizeVector
(t_Vector vec)	

Normalize a vector by dividing by the its length to create a unit vector

PARAMETER vec || SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

RETURN SET ( REAL8 ) —

# **CALCSENTVECTOR** calcSentVector

svUtils \

t\_Vector calcSentVector

(t\_Vector wordvecs, UNSIGNED2 veclen)

Calculate a Sentence Vector by taking the average of the word vectors for all words in the sentence.

**PARAMETER** wordvecs ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — A concatenated set of vectors for all the words in the sentence.

**PARAMETER** veclen ||| UNSIGNED2 — The length of each word vector and the resulting sentence vector.

RETURN SET ( REAL8 ) —

# COSINESIM cosineSim

svUtils \

#### REAL8 cosineSim

(t Vector a in, t Vector b in, UNSIGNED4 veclen)

Cosine similarity a and b are unit vectors. Theta is the angle between vectors. Cosine similarity is Cos(theta).  $Cos(theta) = (a \cdot b) / (L2Norm(a) * L2Norm(b))$  Note: a . b = L2Norm(a) \* L2Norm(b) \* Cos(theta) Since we assume the inputs to be unit vectors, the norms will be 1. We therefore simplify the calculation to a . b.

PARAMETER a\_in ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

PARAMETER b\_in ||| SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

PARAMETER veclen || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN REAL8 —

# **ISNUMERIC** isNumeric

svUtils \

BOOLEAN is Numeric

(STRING instr)

Returns TRUE if a string represents a number (integer). Otherwise FALSE.

PARAMETER instr || STRING — No Doc

RETURN BOOLEAN —

## **NUMDISTANCE** numDistance

svUtils \

UNSIGNED4 | numDistance

(VARSTRING str1, VARSTRING str2)

Calculates the numeric distance between two numeric strings as ABS(n1 - n2).

```
PARAMETER str1 || VARSTRING — No Doc
```

RETURN UNSIGNED4 —

# **ADDVECS** addVecs

svUtils \

```
t_Vector addVecs
(t_Vector vec1, t_Vector vec2, UNSIGNED4 multiplier = 1)
```

Implements vec1 + (vec2 \* multiplier) Allows (potentially) scaled addition of vectors as well as subtraction (using a negative multiplier.

```
PARAMETER vec1 || SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc
```

RETURN SET ( REAL8 ) —

# Internal/ Weights

Go Up

# **IMPORTS**

Types | std.system.Thorlib |

# **DESCRIPTIONS**

# **WEIGHTS** weights

weights

(SET OF INTEGER4 shape)

Module to perform calculations to manage the weights, and their storage as slices.

Weights are stored in fixed size slices for ease of distribution and management. Currently only supports 3 layer Neural Network weights as used in word vectorization. Will need to be extended to handle a general Neural Network shape.

PARAMETER shape ||| SET (INTEGER4) — The number of neurons in each layer of the Neural Network. For example, [100, 10, 200] describes a neural network with 100 neurons in the input layer, 10 in the hidden layer, and 200 in the output layer.

#### Children

- 1. nWeights: The total number of weights in the network
- 2. toFlatIndex : Convert the compound index: (layer, j, i) to a contiguous flat index into a set of weights

- 3. fromFlatIndex: Convert a flat index into a list of weights into a compound index into the weights of the neural network: (layer, j, i)
- 4. slicesPerNode: The number of slices needed for each node
- 5. nSlices: The total number of slices used to hold the weights
- 6. sliceSize: The number of weights in each slice
- 7. nWeightSlots: The number of slots to hold weights across all slices
- 8. initWeights: Return an initial set of weight slices with weights set to random values
- 9. distributeAllSlices: Copy weights to all nodes and assign the node id to the copy on each node
- 10. toSliceExt: Make Extended Weights
- 11. fromSliceExt: Take a set of Extended Weight slices (i.e
- 12. slices2Linear: Convert a dataset of replicated slices (SliceExt) into a single SliceExt replicated on each node and containing one linear array (i.e
- 13. compressOne: Compress a set of weights (assumed to be sparse) by converting to a sparse representation [...] packed into a DATA field
- 14. decompressOne: Decompress a set of compressed weights in sparse format (i.e.
- 15. compressWeights: Compress a set of extended slices (e.g.
- 16. decompressWeights: Decompress a set of compressed slices into the native extended slice format

# **NWEIGHTS** nWeights

weights \

nWeights

The total number of weights in the network

RETURN INTEGER8 —

# **TOFLATINDEX** toFlatIndex

weights \

UNSIGNED4 toFlatIndex

(UNSIGNED2 1, UNSIGNED4 j, UNSIGNED4 i)

Convert the compound index: (layer, j, i) to a contiguous flat index into a set of weights.

PARAMETER 1 || UNSIGNED2 — No Doc

PARAMETER j || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

PARAMETER <u>i</u> || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN UNSIGNED4 —

# FROMFLATINDEX fromFlatIndex

weights \

wIndex | fromFlatIndex

(UNSIGNED4 indx)

Convert a flat index into a list of weights into a compound index into the weights of the neural network: (layer, j, i).

PARAMETER indx || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN ROW ( wIndex ) —

# **SLICESPERNODE** slicesPerNode

weights \

slicesPerNode
The number of slices needed for each node
RETURN INTEGER8 —
NSLICES nSlices
weights \
nSlices
The total number of slices used to hold the weights.  RETURN INTEGER8 —
SLICESIZE sliceSize
weights \
sliceSize
The number of weights in each slice.
RETURN INTEGER8 —
NWEIGHTSLOTS nWeightSlots

#### nWeightSlots

The number of slots to hold weights across all slices. This may be different from nWeights because nWeights does not always divide exactly into nSlices.

RETURN INTEGER8 —

# **INITWEIGHTS** initWeights

weights \

DATASET(slice) initWeights

Return an initial set of weight slices with weights set to random values.

# **DISTRIBUTEALLSLICES** distributeAllSlices

weights \

DATASET(SliceExt) distributeAllSlices

(DATASET(SliceExt) slices)

Copy weights to all nodes and assign the node id to the copy on each node.

If running on 7.2 or greater, use the DISTRIBUTE(.., ALL) facility. Otherwise, use NORMALIZE to make copies of each and assign nodeId, then DISTRIBUTE by nodeId.

PARAMETER slices || TABLE (SliceExt ) — No Doc

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

# TOSLICEEXT toSliceExt

weights \

```
DATASET(SliceExt) toSliceExt

(DATASET(Slice) weights)
```

Make Extended Weights. Return a dataset of weight slices that have been replicated to all nodes and converted to SliceExt record type that includes a node id.

```
PARAMETER weights ||| TABLE (Slice) — No Doc
```

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } )—

## FROMSLICEEXT fromSliceExt

weights \

DATASET(Slice)	fromSliceExt
(DATASET(SliceExt) extWeights)	

Take a set of Extended Weight slices (i.e. replicated to all nodes) and return a dataset of Weight slices that are distributed by sliceId. The duplicated copies are filtered out except on the node that owns each slice.

```
PARAMETER extweights || TABLE (SliceExt) — No Doc
```

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 sliceId , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

# **SLICES2LINEAR** slices2Linear

weights \

SliceExt | slices2Linear

(DATASET(SliceExt) slices)

Convert a dataset of replicated slices (SliceExt) into a single SliceExt replicated on each node and containing one linear array (i.e. SET) of weights.

PARAMETER slices || TABLE (SliceExt ) — No Doc

RETURN ROW ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —

# **COMPRESSONE** compressOne

weights \

DATA | compressOne

(t Vector wts, UNSIGNED4 slicesize)

Compress a set of weights (assumed to be sparse) by converting to a sparse representation [...] packed into a DATA field.

PARAMETER wts || SET ( REAL8 ) — No Doc

PARAMETER slicesize || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN DATA —

## **DECOMPRESSONE** decompressOne

weights \

 $t_{Vector} \mid decompressOne$ 

(DATA cwts, UNSIGNED4 slicesize)

Decompress a set of compressed weights in sparse format (i.e. [...] into a dense set of weights.

PARAMETER cwts || DATA — No Doc

PARAMETER slicesize || UNSIGNED4 — No Doc

RETURN SET ( REAL8 ) —

# **COMPRESSWEIGHTS** compressWeights

weights \

DATASET(CSlice) compressWeights

(DATASET(SliceExt) slices)

Compress a set of extended slices (e.g. SliceExt) into CSlice format.

PARAMETER slices || TABLE (SliceExt) — No Doc

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , DATA cweights } ) —

# **DECOMPRESSWEIGHTS** decompressWeights

weights \

DATASET(SliceExt) decompressWeights

(DATASET(CSlice) cslices)

Decompress a set of compressed slices into the native extended slice format.

PARAMETER cslices || TABLE ( CSlice ) — No Doc

RETURN TABLE ( { UNSIGNED2 nodeId , UNSIGNED2 sliceId , REAL4 loss , REAL4 minLoss , UNSIGNED4 minEpoch , UNSIGNED4 maxNoProg , UNSIGNED8 batchPos , SET ( REAL8 ) weights } ) —