Seat No.

[4857]-1043

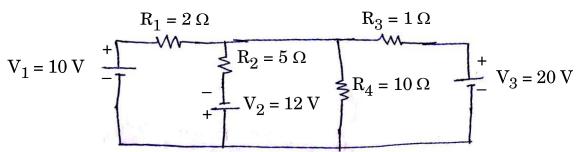
S.E. (Electronics/E&TC) (I Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2015 NETWORK THEORY (2012 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

N.B.:— (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (iii) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
 - (iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) For the network shown below, find the current through the $10~\Omega$ resistor using Thevenin's theorem. [6]



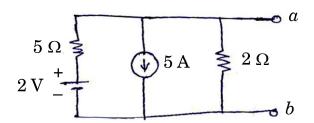
(b) A reduced incidence matrix of a graph is given by :

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

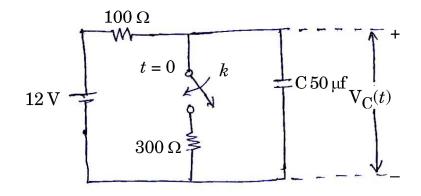
Obtain the number of possible trees.

[6]

2. (a) Find the Norton's equivalent circuit across a-b for the network shown: [6]



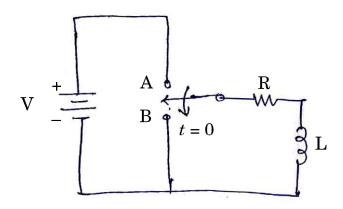
- (b) Explain the following terms with example: [6]
 - (i) Directed graph
 - (ii) Incidence Matrix
 - (iii) Fundamental Tie-set matrix.
- 3. (a) For the network shown, initially switch is kept open for a long time and closed at t=0. Find expression for $V_C(t)$. [6]



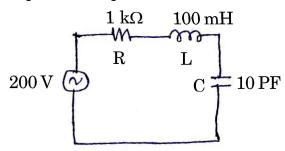
(b) Define figure of merit. Prove that the bandwidth of a series resonant circuit is given by: [6]

BW =
$$(f_2 - f_1) = \frac{R}{2\Pi L}$$

4. (a) Derive the expression for current i(t) for the series R_L circuit shown below. [6]



- (b) For the network shown, determine: [6]
 - (i) Resonance frequency
 - (ii) Quality factor
 - (iii) Half power frequencies

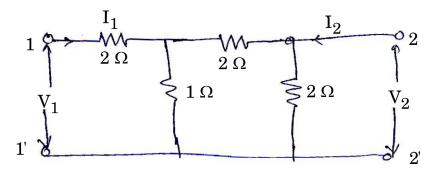


- **5.** (a) Sketch the reactance curves for a constant-K T sectoin HPF. Also obtain the expression for cut-off frequency. [7]
 - (b) Derive expression for Z_{0T} in terms of open and short circuit impedances. [6]

Or

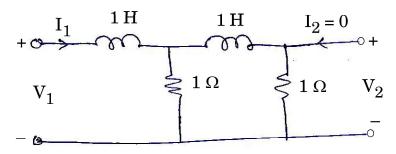
- **6.** (a) What are low pass filter? Derive expression for the cut-off frequency of prototype low pass filter in terms of L and C. [7]
 - (b) Define decibel and neper units. How are they related to each other? Derive the expression for the same. [6]

7. (a) For the network shown, derive the open-circuit impedance parameters and draw its equivalent circuit. [7]



- (b) Define Y-parameters and draw its equivalent circuit. [6]

 Or
- 8. (a) Determine the voltage transfer function $\frac{v_2}{v_1}$ for the network shown below. [7]



(b) Find out the driving point impedance function and voltage ratio transfer function for the given two port N/W. [6]

