| Total No. of Questions : 8] | 9 | SEAT No. : | |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|-----|
| P-9700 | | [Total No. of Pages | : 4 |

[6179]-229A S.E. (E & TC/Electronics) DATA STRUCTURES

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (204184)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70 Instructions to the condidates:

- 1) Answer QI or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6 and Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 4) Near diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- Q1) a) Write a 'C' function to Push and POP elements from a stack of characters using an array.[6]
 - b) What are the disadvantages of the linear queue? Suggest a suitable method to overcome them. [6]
 - c) Convert the given infix expression to a postfix expression using stack : (a^b)*c-d/d [5]

Note: ^=Exponent operator.

OR

Q2) a) Identify the expression and convert them into the remaining two forms:

i)
$$AB + C * DE - FG + + $$$

ii) -A/B * C \$DE

Note \$ = Exponent operator

- b) Write a 'C' function to insert and delete element from queue using an array. [6]
- c) Define Queue. What are conditions for 'Queue empty' and 'Queue full' when queue is implemented using Array? Explain. [5]

[6]

| Q3) a | Explain traversal operations in a singly linked list. [6] |
|----------------|---|
| b) | A doubly linked list with numbers to be created. Write node structure and |
| | a 'C' function to create a double linked list. [6] |
| c) | Draw and explain the circular anked list. State the limitations of a singly |
| | linked list. [6] |
| | OR |
| Q4) a) | Write limitations of arrays over linked list? Represent the following |
| | polynomial using a singly linked list. [6] |
| | $23x^9 + 18x^7 + 41x^6 + 16x^4 + 3$ |
| b) | What is a singly linked list? Write C function for inserting a node at a given |
| | location into a singly linked list. [6] |
| c) | Write a'c function for Inserting a number at the front of the circular linked list. [6] |
| | iniked hist. |
| (05) a) | Write are cursive 'C' function for inorder and preorder traversal of Binary |
| Q 5) a) | Search Tree. [6] |
| b) \ | Explain with suitable example how binary tree can be represented using: |
| 9) | i) Array |
| | ii) Linked List |
| | [6] |
| c) | Write an algorithm to insert an element in a binary search tree implemented |
| , | using linked representation. [5] |
| | OR |
| Q6) a) | Construct the Binary Search Tree (BST) from the following data: [6] |
| | 5, 2, 8, 4, 1, 9, 7 |
| | Also show preorder, postorder and inorder traversal for the same. |
| b) | Explain basic concept of AVL tree. Also explain four rotations in AVL tree. |
| | [6] |
| c) | Define the following terms with respect to Trees [5] |
| | i) Root |
| | ii) Subtree |
| | iii) Level of node |
| | iv) Depth of Tree |
| | v) Siblings |
| | |
| | iii) Level of node iv) Depth of Tree |

Q7) a) Represent the following graph using the adjacency matrix and adjacency list.

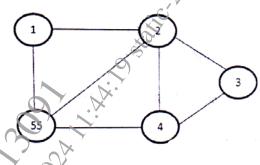


Fig. 1

b) Define indegree and outdegree of a vertex in graph. Find the indegree and outdegree of following graph. [6]

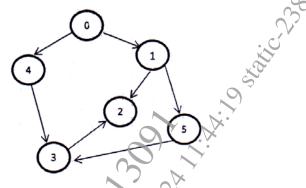


Fig. 2

c) Define with an examples.

[6]

- i) Undirected Graph
- ii) Directed Graph
- iii) Weighted Graph

OR

Q8) a) Find out Minimum spanning Tree of the following graph (figure 3) using Kruskal's algorithm.[6]

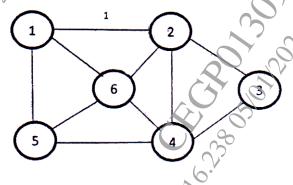


Fig. 3

b) Explain with suitable example, DFS and BFS traversal of a graph. [6]

Find the shortest path from node 'a'to all nodes in the graph shown in c) fig. 4 using Dijkstra's algorithm. **[6]** 100 10 30 е 10 60

[6179]-229A