Total No. of Questions: 6]					3	SEAT No.:	
P400					oʻ	[Total	No. of Pages : 2
B.E./Insem./APR-55							
<b>B.E.</b> (Electronics & Telecommunication) (Semester - II)							
MOBILE COMMUNICATION							
(2012 Pattern)							
Time: 1 Hour   [Max. Marks: 30]							
Instructions to the candidates:							
	<i>1)</i>		ver Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3	3 or Q.4, Q.5	or Q.6.		
	2)		diagrams must b			sary.	
	<i>3)</i>	~	res to the right in	-		290	
	4)		of electronic pock		is allowed.		
	<i>5)</i>	Assu	me suitable data,	if necessary.		; C	
		(					
		2	)."				
<b>Q</b> 1)	a)	State	e and explain swi	tching functi	ions of swit	ching system	n. [6]
b) During the busy hour a group of trunks is offered 100 calls having a							alls having an
	average duration of 3 minutes. One of the calls fails to find a disengaged						
							[4]
					(V)		[-]
		i)	Traffic offered.	(3)	35'		
		ii)	Traffic carried.				
		11)		26			0
		iii)	Traffic lost.	13			
		iv)	Grade of service	0.			
		11)	Constitute of Service	h.			
				OR			
<b>Q2</b> )	a)	a) Explain in detail, message switching and circuit switching.					
<b>L</b> -)							[6]
b) Define the following terms:						[4]	
		i)	Grade of Service	e.		0,00	
					2	(A)	
		ii)	Holding Time.		A)		
		iii)	Call completion	rate.		30	

iv) Congestion.

- What is mean by grading? Explain in detail progressive grading and **Q3)** a) homogeneous grading.
  - Design a two stage switching network for connecting 100 incoming trunks b) to 100 outgoing trunks. [5]

- What is mean by common channel signaling? Explain the advantages of **Q4)** a) common channel signaling.
  - Calculate the unavailability of single and dual processor system with b) MTBF = 2200 HRS. and MTTR = 6 HRS. in 20 years.
- **Q5)** a) Explain the different channel assignment strategies used in cellular networks. [6]
  - For given path loss exponent n = 4 and frequency reuse factor of N = 7calculate S/I ratio in a cellular system.

- Compare TDMA, FDMA and CDMA access techniques. **Q6)** a)  $[6] \hookrightarrow$ 
  - A spectrum of 30 MHz is allocated to a wireless FDD cellular system b) which uses two 25KHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice and control channels compute the number of channels available per cell if a system. [4]
    - Uses for cell reuse and i)
    - Seven cell reuse ii)

