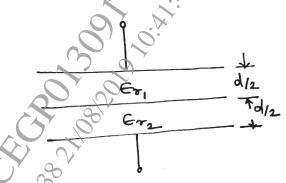
Total No	o. of Questions : 6]	SEAT No. :
P34	Oct./TE/Insem148	[Total No. of Pages : 2
		•
T.E. (Electronics and Telecommunication)		
ELECTROMAGNETICS		
	(2015 Pattern) (Semester - I)	(304183)
Time: 1	Hour]	[Max. Marks : 30
Instruct	ions to the candidates:	
1)	Answer Q. No. 1 or 2, Q. No. 3 or 4, Q. No. 5 or 6.	
2)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.	
3)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	200
4)	Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.	
5)	Assume suitable data, if necessary.	
		.×°
<b>Q1</b> ) a)	State Gauss Law. Derive an expression for	electric field intensity $\overline{E}$ at
	point P due to point charge using Gauss Da	w. [6]
	22	
b)	OR	
<b>Q2</b> ) a)		
	distributions present in free space.	
	i) Point charge of 12 nc at (-2, 0, 6).	
	ii) Uniform surface charge density 0.3 no	$y/m^2$ at $z = 2$ .
b)	State physical significance of gradient, dive	rgance and curl. [4]
<b>Q3</b> ) a)	Derive the expression for energy density in	static electric field. [6]
b)	Explain the concept at polarization in dielection	trics. [4]
	OR P. P.	P.T.O.

- Derive the boundary conditions for static electric field at the interface of **Q4**) a) dielectric and conductor.
  - Determine the capacitance of capacitor as shown in figure, if  $E_{r_i} = 4$ , b)  $E_{r_2} = 6 d = 5 mm, S = 30 cm^2$ [4]



- A current element Idi is located in xy plane in the form of circular ring. **Q5**) a) Determine the magnetic field intensity  $\overline{4}$  at point (0, 0, h). Consider centre at ring at origin. **[5]** 
  - A current distribution gives rise to the vector magnetic potential  $\overline{A} = x^2 y$  $\hat{a}_x + y^2 x \hat{a}y - 4xyz \hat{a}_z$  ub/m². Calculate **[5]** 
    - $\bar{B}$  at (-1, 2, 5)i)
    - The flux through the surface defined by z = 1,  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $-1 \le y \le 1$ ii)

State and explain Ampere's circuit law. **Q6**) a)

> The region x < 0 is medium 1 with  $\mu_{r_1} = 4.5$  and  $\overline{H_1} = 4\hat{a}_x + 3\hat{a}_y$ b) The region x > 0 is medium 2 with  $\mu_{r_2} = 6$ . Find  $\overline{H}_2$  in medium 2 and angle made by  $\overline{H}_2$  with normal to interface. [6]