

Total No. of Questions : 6]  
P4915

SEAT No. :   
[Total No. of Pages : 2

**T.E./Insem. - 129**  
**T.E. (E & TC)**  
**ELECTROMAGNETICS AND TRANSMISSION LINES**  
**(2012 Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 1 Hour]*

*[Max. Marks : 30*

*Instructions to the candidates :*

- 1) Attempt Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.*
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

**Q1)** a) State Coulomb's law and derive an expression for electric field intensity (E) due to uniformly charged sheet. **[6]**

b) An electric dipole located at the origin in free space has moment

$$\vec{p} = 3\vec{a}_x - 2\vec{a}_y + \vec{a}_z \text{ nc}_m$$

i) Find V at P<sub>A</sub> (2, 3, 4)

ii) Find V at  $r = 2.5\text{m}$ ,  $\theta = 30^\circ$ ,  $\phi = 40^\circ$ . **[4]**

OR

**Q2)** a) State and prove Divergence theorem. **[5]**

b) State and prove Gauss law. **[5]**

**Q3)** a) Derive current continuity equation in differential form. **[4]**

b) A metallic sphere of radius 10 cm has surface charge density of 10 nc/m<sup>2</sup>. Calculate electric energy stored in the system. **[6]**

OR

**Q4)** a) Derive an expression for capacitance of parallel plate capacitor. **[5]**

b) Derive the boundary condition for electric field at an interface between conductor and free space. **[5]**

**P.T.O.**

**Q5)** a) Using Ampere's circuital law find magnetic field intensity ( $\vec{H}$ ) due to an infinite long straight current carrying conductor. [5]

b) Find the components of the magnetic field (Hz) which traversed from medium 1 to 2,  $Z = 0$  plane is the interface having  $\mu_{r1} = 2.5$  &  $\mu_{r2} = 4$ .

Given that  $\vec{H} = -30\vec{a}_x + 50\vec{a}_y + 70\vec{a}_z$  V/m. [5]

OR

**Q6)** a) Derive the boundary condition at an interface between two magnetic medium. [5]

b) State and explain the scalar and Vector magnetic potentials. [5]

