

Total No. of Questions : 6]

SEAT No. :

P32

Oct./TE/Insem.-146

[Total No. of Pages : 2

T.E. (E & TC)

DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

(2015 Pattern) (Semester - I) (304181)

Time : 1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6.*
- 2) *Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

Q1) a) With the block diagram explain the generation and reconstruction of PCM signal. **[5]**

b) Considers a DM system designed to accomodate analog message signals limited to bandwidth $W = 5\text{ KHz}$. A sinusoidal test signal of amplitude $A = 1\text{ Volt}$ and frequency $f_m = 1\text{ KHz}$ is applied to the system. The sampling rate of the system is 50 KHz . **[5]**

- i) Calculate the minimum step size required to minimize slope overload.
- ii) Calculate SNR of the system for the specified sinusoidal test signal.

OR

Q2) a) Explain with block diagram. Adaptive delta modulation. **[5]**

b) Explain how compounding improves the signal to noise ratio of PCM system with respect to μ -law. **[5]**

Q3) a) Explain T_1 multiplexing system in detail. **[5]**

b) Given a six channel main multiplexes with $f_s = 8\text{ KHz}$. Device a telemetry system including a marker that accommodates six input signals having following bandwidth $8.0, 3.5, 2.0, 1.8$ and 1.2 KHz . Make sure that successive samples of each input signal are equispaced in time. Calculate the resulting baseband transmission bandwidth. Draw the block schematic of designed telemetry system. **[5]**

OR

P.T.O.

- Q4) a)** Draw waveforms for the bit sequence 11010100 to [5]
- i) RZ unipolar
 - ii) NRZ polar
 - iii) Bipolar NRZ
 - iv) Manchester
 - v) Polar Quaternary NRZ
- b) What is bit synchronization? Explain closed loop bit synchronizer. [5]

- Q5) a)** If $X_c(t) = A \cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$ is random process with ϕ is a random variable uniformly distributed over $(0, 2\pi)$ Prove that $x(t)$ is ergodic in mean. [5]
- b) Explain random process with classification. [5]

OR

- Q6) a)** Explain various sources of noise. [5]
- b) Given a random process $x(t) = k$, where k is an random variable uniformly distributed in the range $(-1, +1)$. Find process is wide sense stationary or not. [5]
