

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P3828

[5561]-249

[Total No. of Pages : 2

B.E. (E&TC)

VLSI DESIGN & TECHNOLOGY
(2012 Pattern) (Semester - I) (404181)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Assume suitable data if necessary.

- Q1)** a) Explain the behavioral, data flow, structural VHDL modeling techniques with example. What are the relevant advantages of each? [8]
- b) Draw and explain the block diagram CPLD architecture. [6]
- c) Explain power distribution and power optimization techniques. [6]

OR

- Q2)** a) Draw the state diagram of lift controller for two floors. Write optimum VHDL code for it. [8]
- b) Explain the following terms. [6]
- i) CLB
 - ii) UCF
 - iii) GRM
 - iv) EDIF
- c) What are the wires parasitic? How it effect the performance in the VLSI chip Design? [6]

- Q3)** a) Explain in detail static and Dynamic power dissipation. [8]
- b) With the help of mathematical analysis & suitable schematic, explain DC transfer Characteristics of CMOS Inverter. [10]

OR

P.T.O.

Q4) a) Design CMOS logic for $Y = AB + CDEFG + H$. [10]

b) Explain the following terms: [8]

- i) Body effect
- ii) Hot Electron effect
- iii) Velocity saturation
- iv) Power delay product

Q5) a) Compare push-pull, current source & active load inverters with respect to voltage gain, voltage range, output resistance & bandwidth in detail. [8]

b) With the help of suitable schematic, explain cascode amplifier. What are its merits? Give the expressions for voltage gain and output resistance. [8]

OR

Q6) a) Draw schematic diagram and I-V characteristics, explain current sink and current source. [8]

b) Draw common drain amplifier. Compare with common source & common gate amplifiers with respect to gain, output resistance & bandwidth. [8]

Q7) a) Draw and explain JTAG in detail. [8]

b) Explain in detail boundary scan technique. [8]

OR

Q8) a) Explain: [8]

- i) Partial scan and full scan
- ii) Stuck at '1' and '0' faults

b) Write short note on BIST. [8]

