## **Introduction – Malicious Website Verification**

Following this procedure will determine if a website is actually malicious or being used for malicious purpose(s). Based on this analysis, determine if an incident has possibly occurred and begin the next appropriate procedure.

## **Instructions**

- **A.** Use these selected URL reputation tools below, to investigate what our security partners, other vendors, and other companies have discovered about the site. These URL reputation tools will identify:
  - The category of the URL and if it has deemed malicious.
  - Detection and analysis of web-based malware.
  - Analyze files and URLs enabling the identification of viruses, worms, trojans and other kinds of malicious content detected by antivirus engines and website scanners

\*\*\*If an URL is a shortening service provider e.g. tinyURL, goo.gl url, bitly, owly, or other TLD service provider:

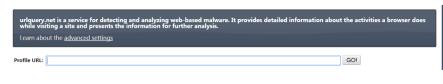
Expand shortened url first, and proceed with the rest of the work instruction.
(Example of url expander service site; <a href="http://urlex.org/">http://urlex.org/</a>)



- https://fortiguard.com/webfilter
  - \*The category of the URL and if it's deemed malicious

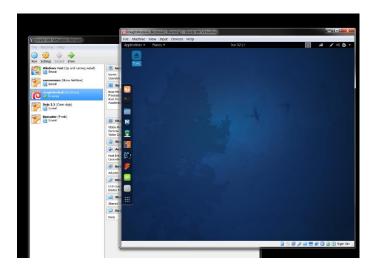


- <a href="https://virustotal.com">https://virustotal.com</a> or <a href="https://urlscan.io">https://urlscan.io</a>
- \*Detection and analysis of web-based malware
- \*Analyze files and URLs enabling the identification of viruses, worms, trojans and other kinds of malicious content detected by antivirus engines and website scanners

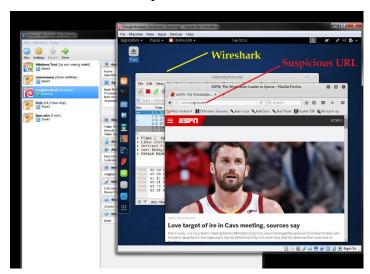




- **B.** Utilize a virtual machine, a dirty laptop connected to the outside internet line, or AWS ec2 instance to visit the URL in question and analyze the URL.
- ➤ Load a clean snapshot of Window or Linux to a virtual machine



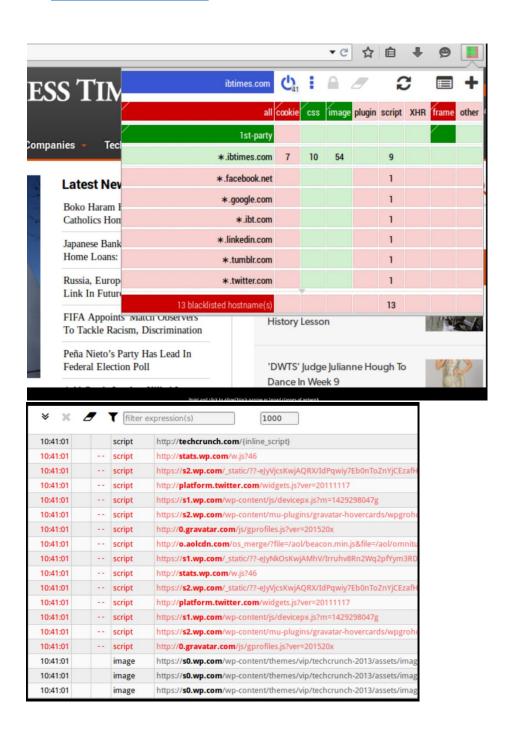
- > Start a network packet capture e.g. tcpdump / wireshark
- ➤ Visit the URL in question



After 1 minute stop packet capture and examine the packet capture data and/or save packet capture files to be uploaded to static analysis site

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### 10.001316.00 190.70.06.170 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.028 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 240 42.057316.00 190.70.06.170 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.028 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 240 42.0559481) 190.70.06.170 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.01717/1.1 200 00 (text/css) 2550.42.7559965 23.80.80 190.70.06.171 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.01717/1.1 200 00 (text/css) 2550.42.7559965 23.80.82 80 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.01717/1.1 200 00 (text/css) 2550.42.7559965 23.80.82 80 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.01717/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2707 47.26047185) 25.84.124.178 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200.177/1.1 302 00 (application/ 2807 47.860411891 190.70.06.178 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200.177/1.1 302 00 (application/ 2809 47.800411891 190.70.06.178 10.0.2.15 HTTP 4053 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 47.901602583 130.104.188.6 10.0.2.15 HTTP 750 HTTP/1.1 302 00 (application/ 2808 47.901602583 130.104.188.6 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 200 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 10.000 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274853 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274863 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP 50 HTTP/1.1 200 00 (application/ 2808 48.072274863 172.82.206.18 10.0.2.15 HTTP
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C. Use a browser add-on such as uMatrix to see ALL the remote connections, failed or attempted, depending on whether they were blocked or allowed (<a href="https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/umatrix/">https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/umatrix/</a>)



## Checklist - Malicious URL Verification

- o Is domain categorized as a known: Phishing, Malicious Websites, Newly Observed Domain, Newly Registered Domain, Spam URLs, Dynamic DNS hosted site.
- o Was suspicious website traffic associated with a known good domain.
- O Was suspicious website traffic seen.
- o Was suspicious traffic isolated.
- o Was there any malware downloaded.
- Was there any redirects or callouts to foreign host(s)

Based on the analysis determine if an incident has possibly occurred and begin the appreciate procedure.