# Universite de M'sila Département math et informatique Master 2 IA logique et algebre de processus

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# exercice n01: la demonstration des trois lois pour l'operateur []

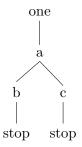
- 1.  $A[B = B[A \rightarrow A \quad Commutativité]$
- \* on a A[]B  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A et B[]A  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A alors A[]B = B[]A
- 2.  $A[]stop = stop[]A = A \rightarrow A Zéro absorption$
- \* on a A[]stop  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A et  $stop[]A \stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A alors stop[]A = A[]stop = A
- 3. A[](B[]C) = (A[]B)[]C  $\rightarrow$  Associativité on a B[]C  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow} B$  (1) on a A[]B  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow} B$  (2) depuis (1) et (2) on trouve que : A[](B[]C)  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow} B$  (A) et (A[]B)[]C  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow} B$  (B) depuis (A) et (B) on trouve que : A[](B[]C) = (A[]B)[]C

# exercice n02: la demonstration des trois lois pour l'operateur —

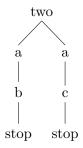
- 1.  $A||B = B||A \rightarrow A$  Commutativité
- \* on a A||B  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A et B||A  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  A alors A||B = B||A
- 2. A $\|stop = stop\|A = A \rightarrow$  A Zéro absorption
- \* on a A||stop  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  stop et stop||A  $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$  stop alors stop||A = A||stop = stop
- 3.  $A||(B||C) = (A||B)||C \rightarrow Associativité$

## exercice03

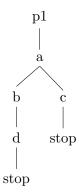
process one [a,b,c] a; (b; stop [] c; stop) endproc



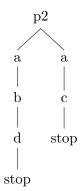
process two [a,b,c] a; b; stop [] a; c; stop Endproc



P1 := a; (b; d; stop [] c; stop)



## P2 := a;b;d;stop[]a;c;stop



### exercice04

Les spécifications lotos pour les circuits logiques: or, and et xor

la spécification lotos pour le circuit logique OR

```
spec OR [a,b,c] :noexit
type BIT is
{\rm sorts} \,\, {\rm BIT}
opns 0 (*! constructor *),
1 (*! constructor *) : \rightarrow BIT
or:BIT,BIT\to BIT
eqns
of sort BIT
or(0,0) = 0;
or(0,1) = 1;
or(0,1) = 1;
or(1,1) = 1;
endtype
behaviour
gateOR[a, b, c]
where
process\ gate-OR[a,b]:noexit:=
a ?aa : Bit; b ?bb : Bit; c !or(aa, bb); stop
endproc
endspec
```

#### la spécification lotos pour le circuit logique AND

```
spec AND [a,b,c] :noexit
type BIT is
sorts BIT
opns 0 (*! constructor *),
1 (*! constructor *) : \rightarrow BIT
and:BIT,BIT \rightarrow BIT
eqns
of sort BIT
and(0,0) = 0;
and(0,1) = 0;
and(0,1) = 0;
and(1,1) = 1;
endtype
behaviour
gate_and[a,b,c]
where
processgate - AND[a, b] : noexit :=
a?aa:Bit; andb?bb:Bit; andc!and(aa,bb); andstop
endproc
endspec
```

#### la spécification lotos pour le circuit logique XOR

```
spec XOR [a,b,c] :noexit
type BIT is
sorts BIT
opns 0 (*! constructor *),
1 (*! constructor *) : \rightarrow BIT
xor: BIT, BIT \rightarrow BIT
eqns
of sort BIT
xor(0,0) = 0;
xor(0,1) = 1;
xor(0,1) = 1;
xor(1,1) = 0;
endtype
behaviour
gate - XOR[a, b, c]
where
processgate_XOr[a,b]:noexit:=
a?aa:Bit; andb?bb:Bit; andc!xor(aa,bb); stop
```

endproc endspec