Module 2 - ICE

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DATA 3300

Exercise

Import the masonrybldg.xls dataset into Notebooks, then complete the data cleaning activities noted below. Once complete, you'll have a single Excel document that includes the scrubbed data. We will be performing all data cleaning activities using the pandas and numpy libraries!

```
# import required libraries - pandas and numpy
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# add in file path and specify read_ type
mason = pd.read_excel('/content/masonrybldg.xlsx')

# produce a dataframe heading
mason.head()
```

	Unnamed:	0bsID	Preliminary Risk Category	Neighborhood	Address	Year Built	No. Stories	Retrofit Level
0	NaN	19	High Risk	Capitol Hill	925 E Pike St	1916	1	Substantial Alteration
1	NaN	40	Medium Risk	Capitol Hill	1621 12th Ave	1917	1	Substantial Alteration
2	NaN	265	Medium Risk	Capitol Hill	1510 Melrose Ave	1930	2	Substantial Alteration
3	NaN	95	Medium Risk	Alki-Admiral	1321 Harbor Ave SW	1915	1	No visible retrofit
4	NaN	49	Medium Risk	Alki/Admiral	2124 California Ave SW	1928	3	No visible retrofit

^{1.} Remove any leading and trailing spaces from all text columns. *Note: The trim feature does not remove additional spaces between two words*.

remove trailing and leading whitespaces

```
mason['Preliminary Risk Category'] = mason['Preliminary Risk Category'].str.strip()
mason['Neighborhood'] = mason['Neighborhood'].str.strip()
mason['Address'] = mason['Address'].str.strip()
mason['Retrofit Level'] = mason['Retrofit Level'].str.strip()
mason['Building Use'] = mason['Building Use'].str.strip()
mason['Confirmation Source'] = mason['Confirmation Source'].str.strip()
```

2. Eliminate any records that have no Address or Retrofit Level data.

```
# retain only observations that are complete for address and retrofit level
mason_full = mason[mason['Address'].notna()]
mason_full = mason_full[mason_full['Retrofit Level'].notna()]
# print out mason_full
mason_full.head()
```

	Unnamed: 0	ObsID	Preliminary Risk Category	Neighborhood	Address	Year Built	No. Stories	Retrofit Level
0	NaN	19	High Risk	Capitol Hill	925 E Pike St	1916	1	Substantial Alteration
1	NaN	40	Medium Risk	Capitol Hill	1621 12th Ave	1917	1	Substantial Alteration
2	NaN	265	Medium Risk	Capitol Hill	1510 Melrose Ave	1930	2	Substantial Alteration
3	NaN	95	Medium Risk	Alki-Admiral	1321 Harbor Ave SW	1915	1	No visible retrofit
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3. Ensure that the labels for Neighborhood and Retrofit Level are consistent (i.e., there's shouldn't be different spellings, abbreviations, or just multiple ways of saying the same thing).

```
# examine levels of neighborhood via value counts
```

mason_full['Neighborhood'].value_counts()

Capitol Hill	139
Duwamish/SODO	79
Cascade/Eastlake	71
Belltown	68
Ballard	66
Downtown	57
First Hill	45
Greenwood/Phinney Ridge	29
Columbia City	27
Central Area/Squire Park	24
Green Lake	20
Georgetown	17
Fremont	13
Judkins Park	13
Fauntleroy/Seaview	11
Beacon Hill	6
Interbay	5

```
Cap Hill
                                   3
    Cedar Park/Meadowbrook
                                   2
    Alki-Admiral
    Broadview/Bitter Lake
    Alki/Admiral
    Cascade/Eastlak
                                   1
    Highland Park
    Name: Neighborhood, dtype: int64
# replace redundant neighborhood values
mason_full = mason_full.replace({'Cap Hill':'Capitol Hill',
                                  'Alki-Admiral':'Alki/Admiral',
                                  'Cascade/Eastlak':'Cascade/Eastlake'})
# examine levels of retrofit via value counts
mason_full['Retrofit Level'].value_counts()
    No visible retrofit
                               373
    Permitted Retrofit
                               126
    Substantial Alteration
                                89
    Visible retrofit
                                70
    None visible
                                45
    Name: Retrofit Level, dtype: int64
# replace redundant retrofit levels
mason_full = mason_full.replace('None visible','No visible retrofit')
mason_full['Retrofit Level'].value_counts()
    No visible retrofit
                               418
    Permitted Retrofit
                               126
    Substantial Alteration
                                89
    Visible retrofit
                                70
    Name: Retrofit Level, dtype: int64
```

4. Many of the buildings are dual-use. This is indicated in the Building Use column. Create two separate columns from the Building Use column, one for the first use listed and the other for the second.

```
# split building use into two new columns
mason_full[['Primary Use','Secondary Use']] = mason_full['Building Use'].str.split('/', expand=True)
```

5. Create a new column called "IsCritical". For those buildings shown with a preliminary risk value of "Critical Risk", the value for "IsCritical" should be 1. For all others, the value should be 0.

```
# create new 'IsCritical' column
mason_full['IsCritical'] = np.where(mason_full['Preliminary Risk Category'] == 'Critical Risk',1,0)
```

6. We'd like to be able to categorize the buildings' age. Create a new column and name it Era. Populate this column with information reflecting to which of the following 'eras' each building belongs: "before 1920", "1920-1939", "1940-1959", "1960-1979", or "after 1979".

```
# create new era variable

conditions = [
          (mason_full['Year Built'] < 1920),
          (mason_full['Year Built'] < 1940),
          (mason_full['Year Built'] < 1960),
           (mason_full['Year Built'] < 1980),
            (mason_full['Year Built'] > 1979)
]

values = ['before 1920', '1920-1939', '1940-1959', '1960-1979', 'after 1979']

mason_full['Era'] = np.select(conditions, values)
```

- 7. Delete any unnecessary columns and SORT the data by Observation ID.
- 8. Save this .ipynb file, print it to a PDF, and export the cleaned data as an Excel file. You'll upload all three files to this Canvas assignment!