

Lesson 0 Homework

4) 2 Managers
12 Analysts
20 Techs

34 Total

$$\binom{34}{3} = 5984 \text{ Total combinations}$$

a) All analysts $\binom{12}{3} = 220$ $\frac{220}{5984} = .0368$

b) Both managers $\binom{2}{2} \binom{32}{1} = 32$ $\frac{32}{5984} = .0053$

c) Two of one job category + one other category

techs $\binom{20}{2} \binom{14}{1} = 190(14) = 2660$

analysts $\binom{12}{2} \binom{22}{1} = 66(22) = 1452$

manager $\binom{2}{2} \binom{32}{1} = 1(32) = 32$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2660 \\ 1452 \\ 32 \end{array} \right\} 4144$$

$$\frac{4144}{5984} = .6925$$

d) Atleast 2 from same team

$$5984 - \binom{20}{1} \binom{12}{1} \binom{2}{1} \Rightarrow 5984 - 480 = 5504$$

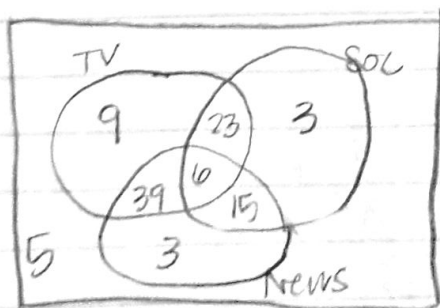
5) a) $0.77 - 0.45 = 0.32$

b) $1 - 0.77 - 0.29 \Rightarrow 1 - 0.48 \Rightarrow 0.52$

c) Just TV $77 - 6 - 29 - 23 = 9$

News $63 - 6 - 15 - 29 = 3$

Social $47 - 6 - 15 - 23 = 3$



$$100 - 9 - 23 - 3 - 15 - 3 - 29 - 6 = 5$$

None of the sources = 5%.

	Pos	Neg	
10 Disease	$99\% \cdot (100) = 99$	$1\% \cdot (100) = 1$	$10\% \cdot (1000) = 100$
No Disease	$2\% \cdot (900) = 18$	$98\% \cdot (900) = 882$	$90\% \cdot (1000) = 900$
	117	883	1000

a) $\frac{99}{1000} = 0.099$

b) $\frac{882}{1000} = 0.882$

test is more reliable for those without the disease. not great at diagnosis.

c)

	P	N	
D	9.9	0.1	10
ND	19.8	970.2	990
	29.7	970.3	1000

$\frac{9.9}{1000} = 0.0099$

d) This test gets less reliable as prevalence decreases. To accurately diagnosis a rare disease, a better test should be used.

9

	Defect	No Defect	
A	25.2	604.8	630
B	29.6	340.4	370
	54.8	945.2	1000

a) $\frac{25.2}{1000} = 0.0252$

b) $\frac{54.8}{1000} = 0.0548$

c) $\frac{25.2}{54.8} = 0.4598$

13 a) Discrete b) 0.4 c) 0.6

14

16 a) $\int 2x^{-3} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} + C$

b) $P(X \leq \theta_p) = F(\theta_p) = -\frac{1}{\theta_p^2} + C$

16 contd

$$b) F(0.5) = \frac{-1}{0.5^2} + c$$

$$17) \text{Var}(aX+b) = a^2 \text{Var}(X) \quad E(Y) = aE(X) + b$$

$$Y = aX+b \quad \text{Var}(Y) = a^2(\text{Var}(X))$$