

→ Introductory class starts at 9:06pm

## AGENDA

- Introduction
- Why is python and DSA important for a devops Engineer?
- Monolithic and Microservice architecture
- What is devops
- Phases of Devops
- How does the internet work?
- What are the top technologies Available in the market?
- How will be we studying DEVOPS?
- What are the job opportunities?

## Introduction.

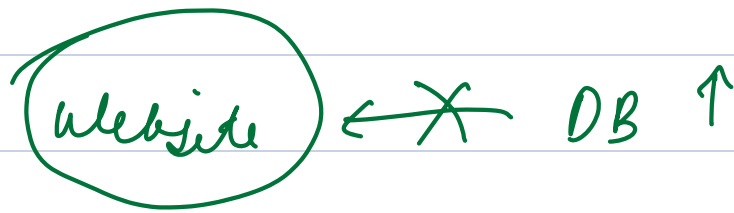
- CKA (Certified Kubernetes Admin)
- AWS Solutions Architect (Professional, Associate)
- Terraform Certified.
- OCI Foundation.

Q/ Why is python and DSA important for a DEVOPS engineer?

① Problem Solving Skill.

② Troubleshooting.

③ Automation and Scripting.



abcd.com.

Monitor the URL for downtime.

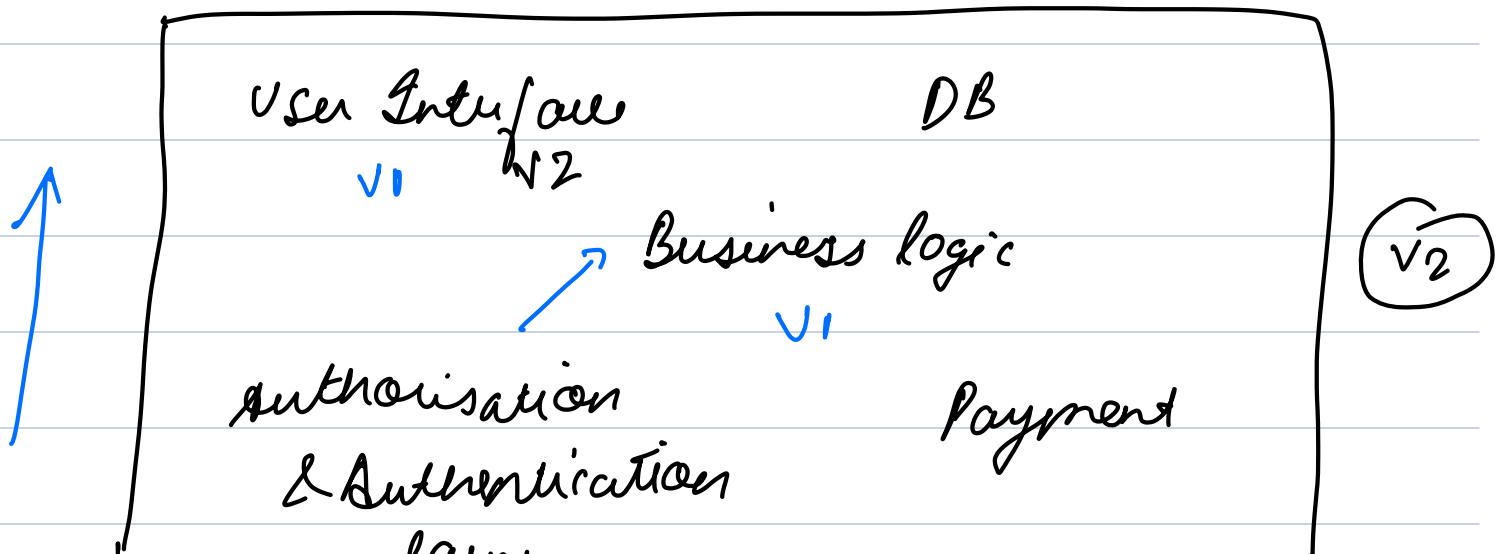
Print if you see any 500 errors.

↳ HTTP response.

→ curl.

Monolithic Architecture.

System



## Challenges

### ① Scaling.

vertical & horizontal  
Scaling.

8GB 4 CPU  
500GB.



16GB 8 core

1TB.

> 64GB.

vertical  
Scaling

Scale up.

8GB 8GB 8GB. →  
Scaling out

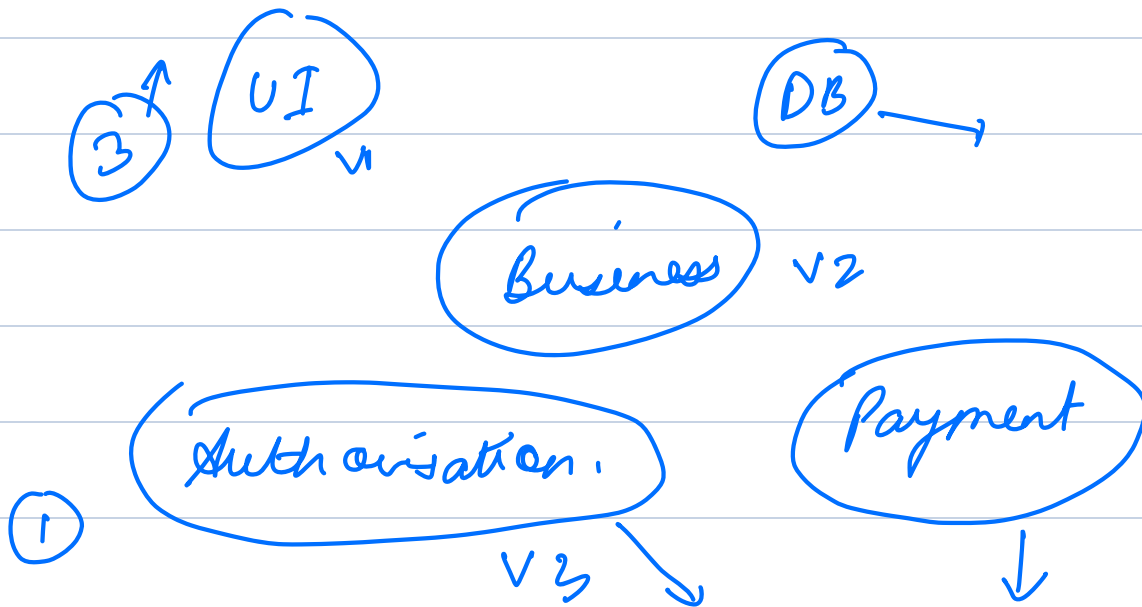
every component experiences a varying  
load.

### ② Outages

### ③ Redeployment.

→ Microservice.

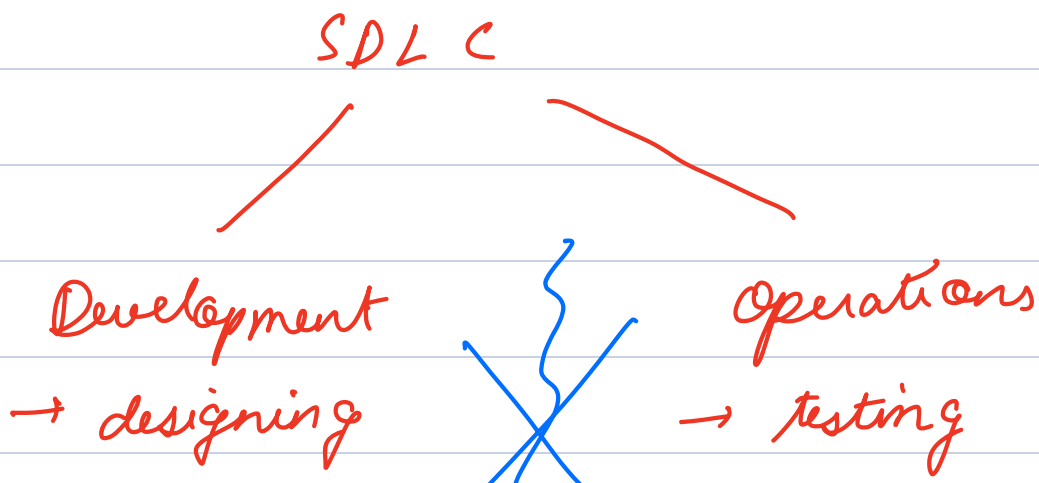
- loosely coupled
- independently deployable.

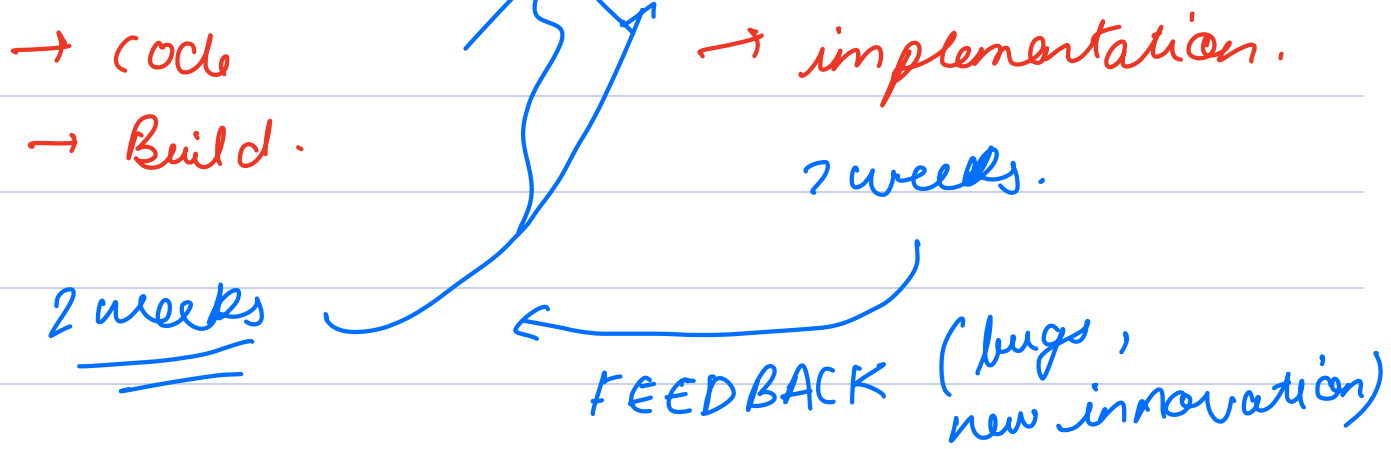


- ① Scaling.
- ② Deployments.
- ③ Fault Isolation.

v1

Q What is DEVOPS



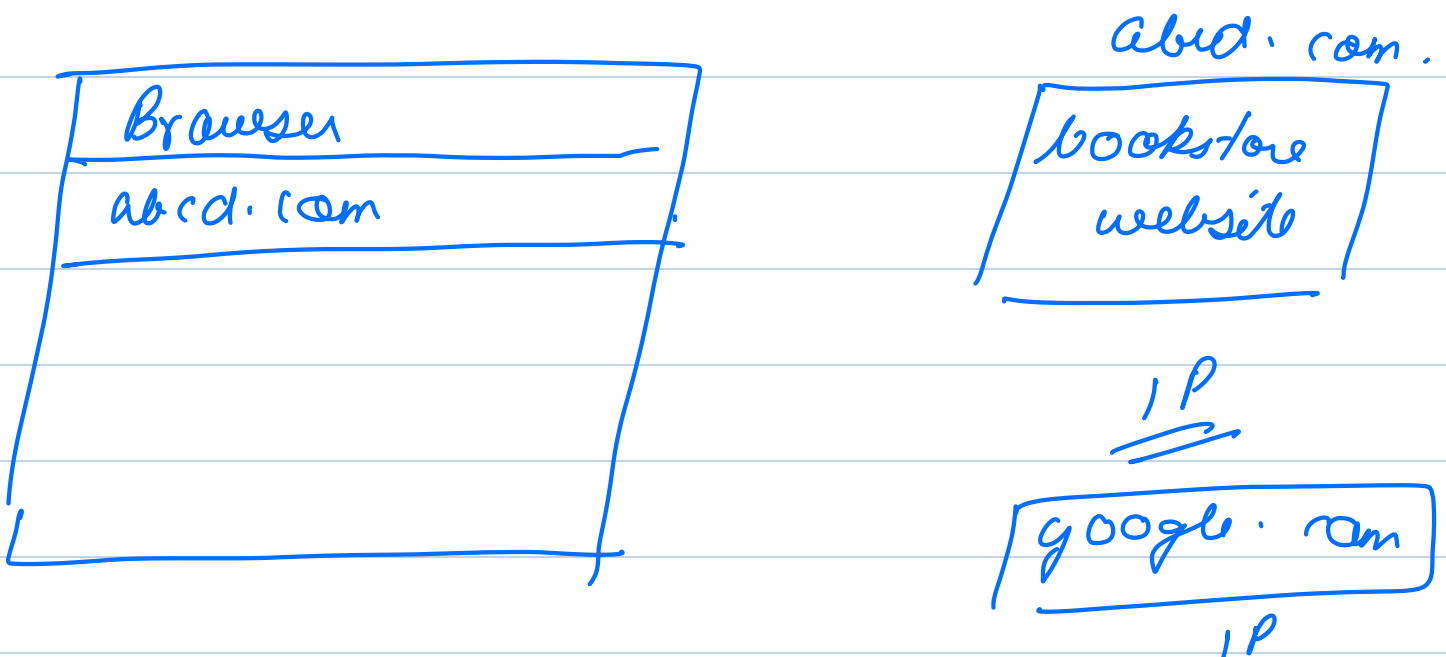


SD is taking time

Devops is a practice where the development and the operations team work together to improve the software delivery time.

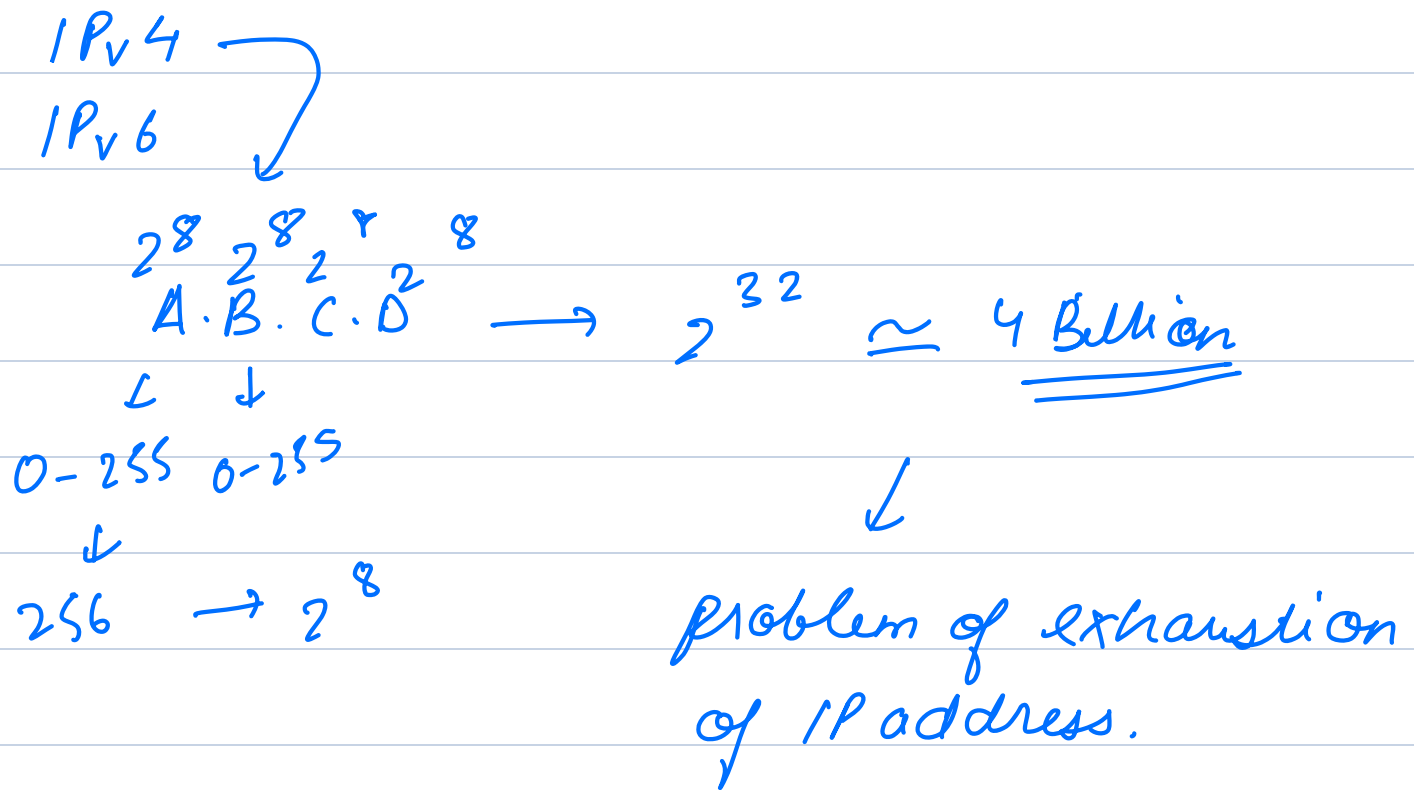
Q How does the internet work.

application is live.



ICANN → Internet corporation of

# Assigned Names and Numbers.



private IP  
public IP  $\rightarrow$  internet facing.

Class A  $\rightarrow$  10.0.0.0  $\rightarrow$  10.255.255.255

Class B  $\rightarrow$  172.16.0.0  $\rightarrow$  172.31.255.255

Class C  $\rightarrow$  192.168.0.0  $\rightarrow$  192.168.255.255



NAT  $\rightarrow$   
network address  
translator.

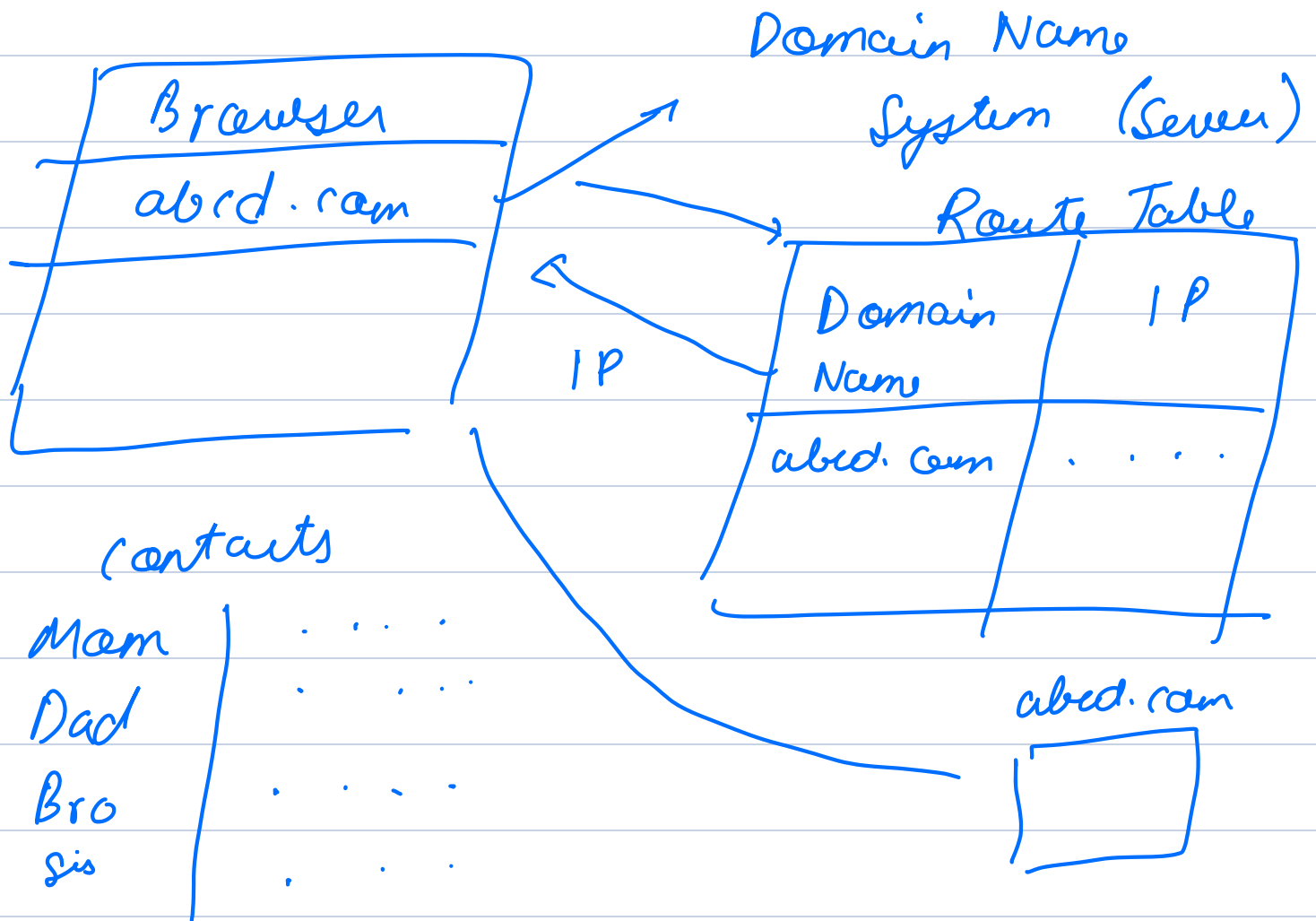
IP<sub>4</sub>

ISP  
(airtel,  
in)

IP<sub>2</sub>

for

IP<sub>3</sub>



→ Break 10:20

## Phases of DEVOPS

- ① Planning. eg:- jira, Confluence, Service Now.
- ② Coding.

v1, v2 eg:- github.  
L) ↗ bitbucket  
perforce?

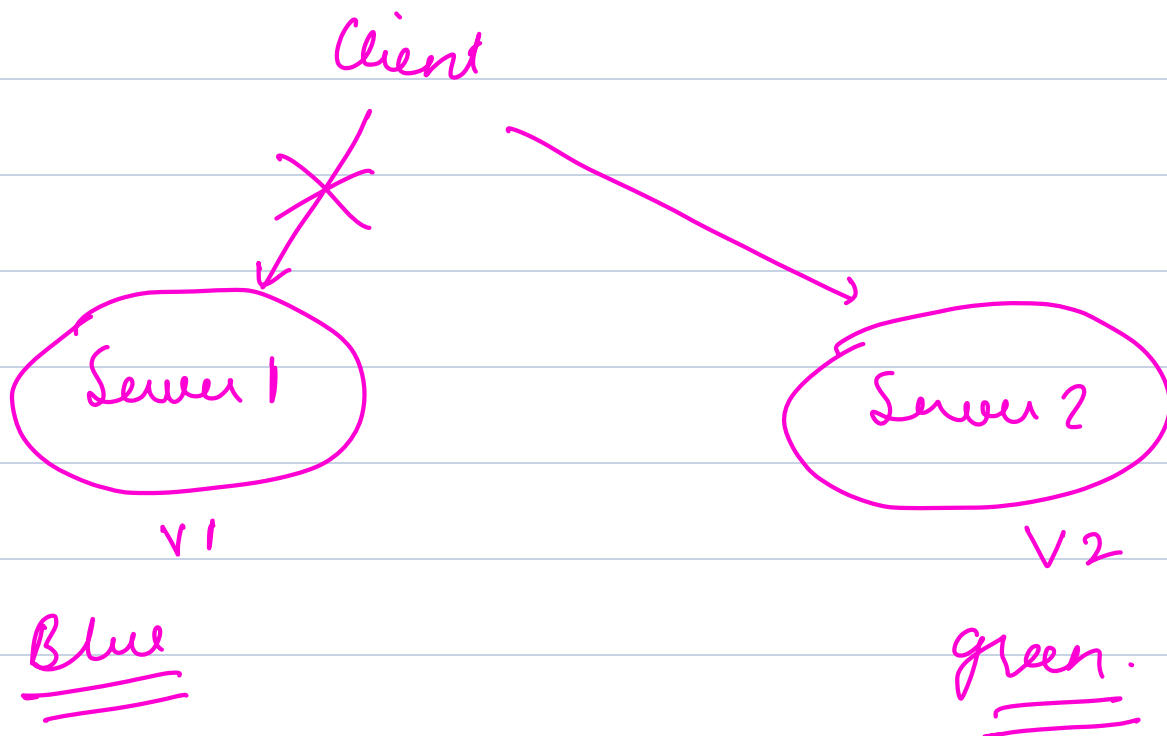
③ Build. (code needs to become executable).  
Maven, gradle.

④ Testing. selenium, postman.

⑤ Deployment.

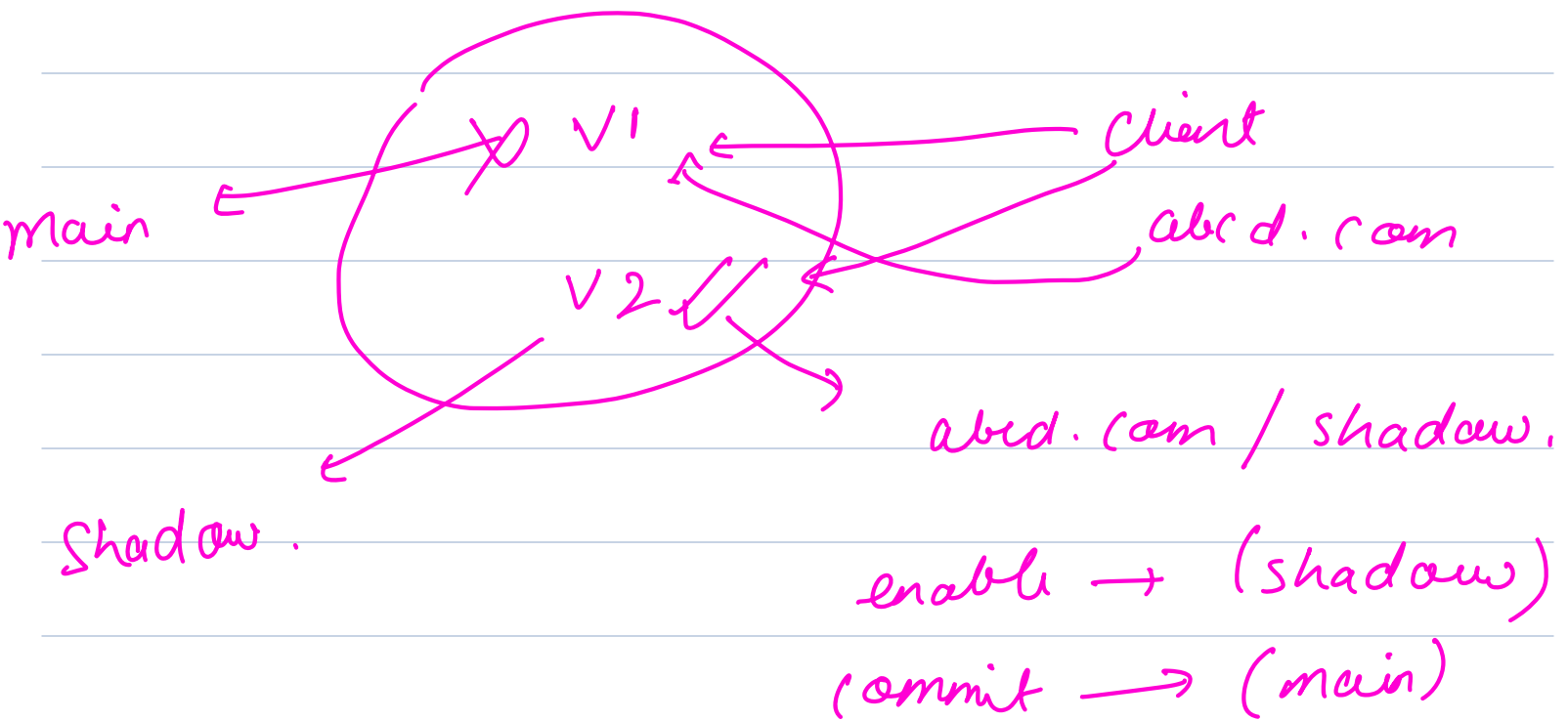
different deployment strategies

① Blue - green deployment.

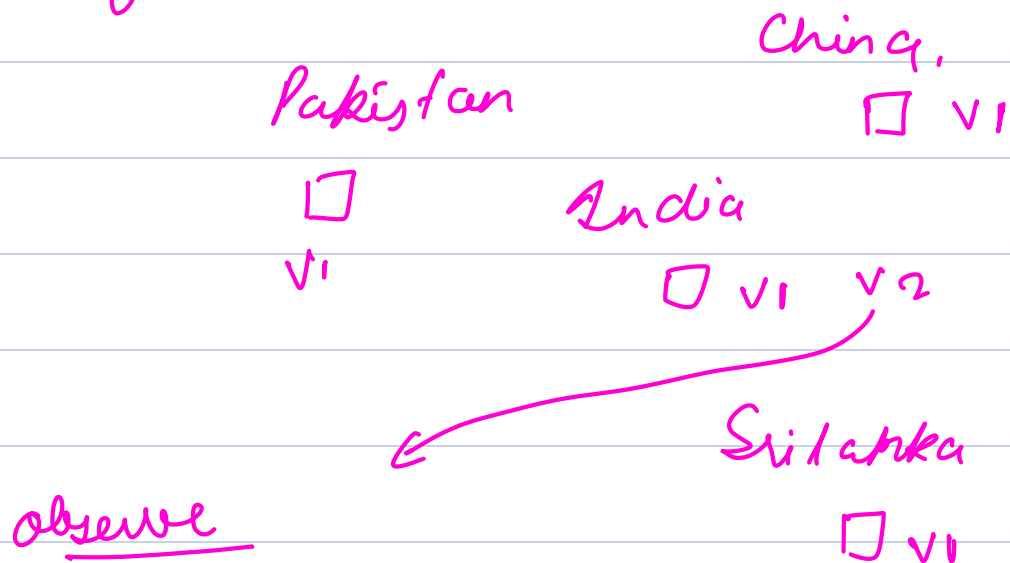




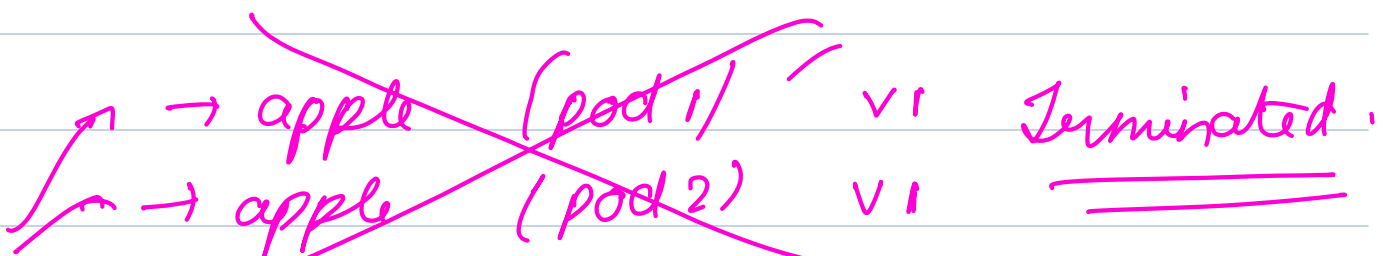
## ② Shadow deployment.

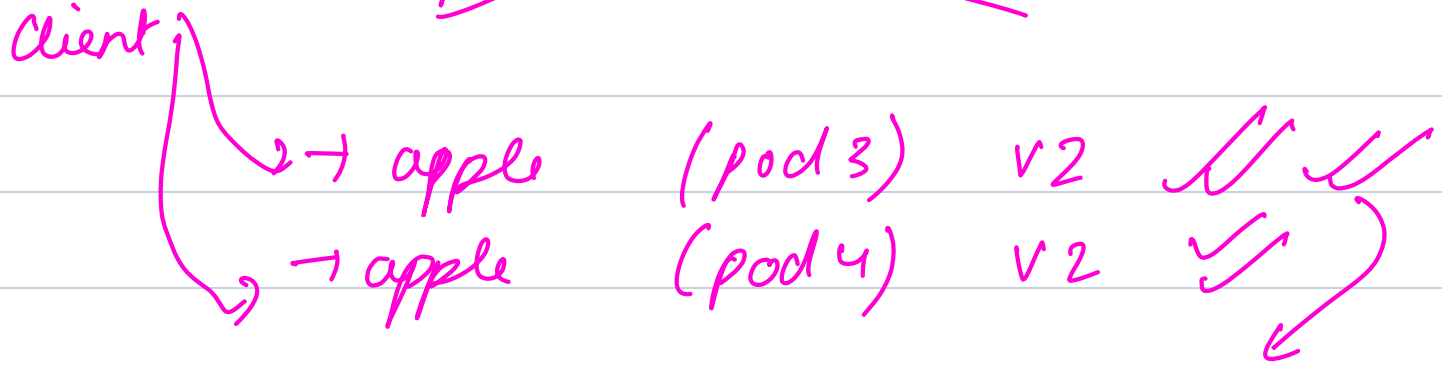


## ③ Canary deployment.

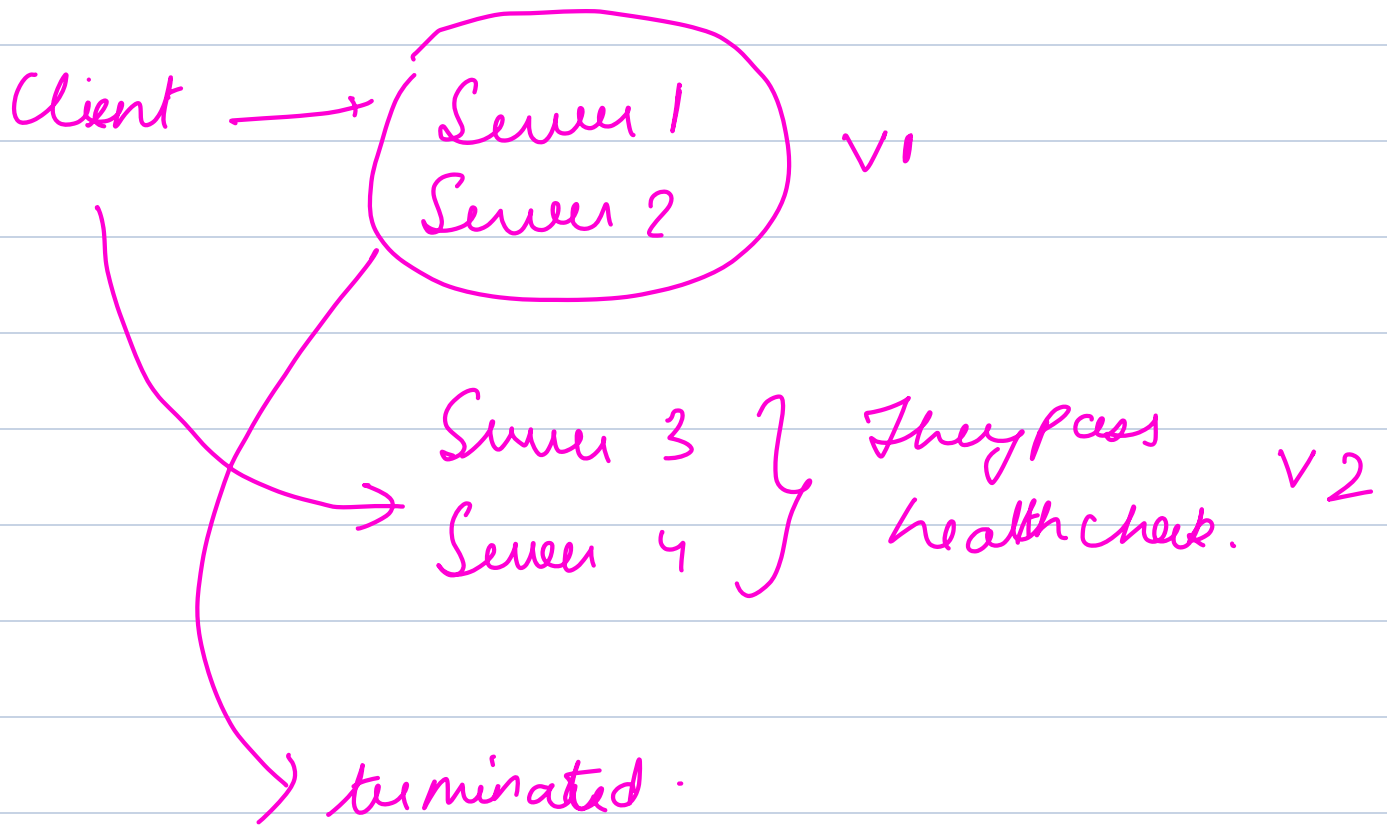


## ④ Rolling update. (guaranteed 0 time)





Health checks.



⑥ Operate phase.

- monitoring
- maintenance
- logging
- scaling

→ Security.

→ Alerting.

Top technologies in the market.

① Which Cloud?

AWS.

EC2 instances.

Auto Scaling group.

Azure

Virtual machine

VMSS (Scale set)

GCP

instances

instance group.

↓

instance template.

② Scripting.

→ python shell

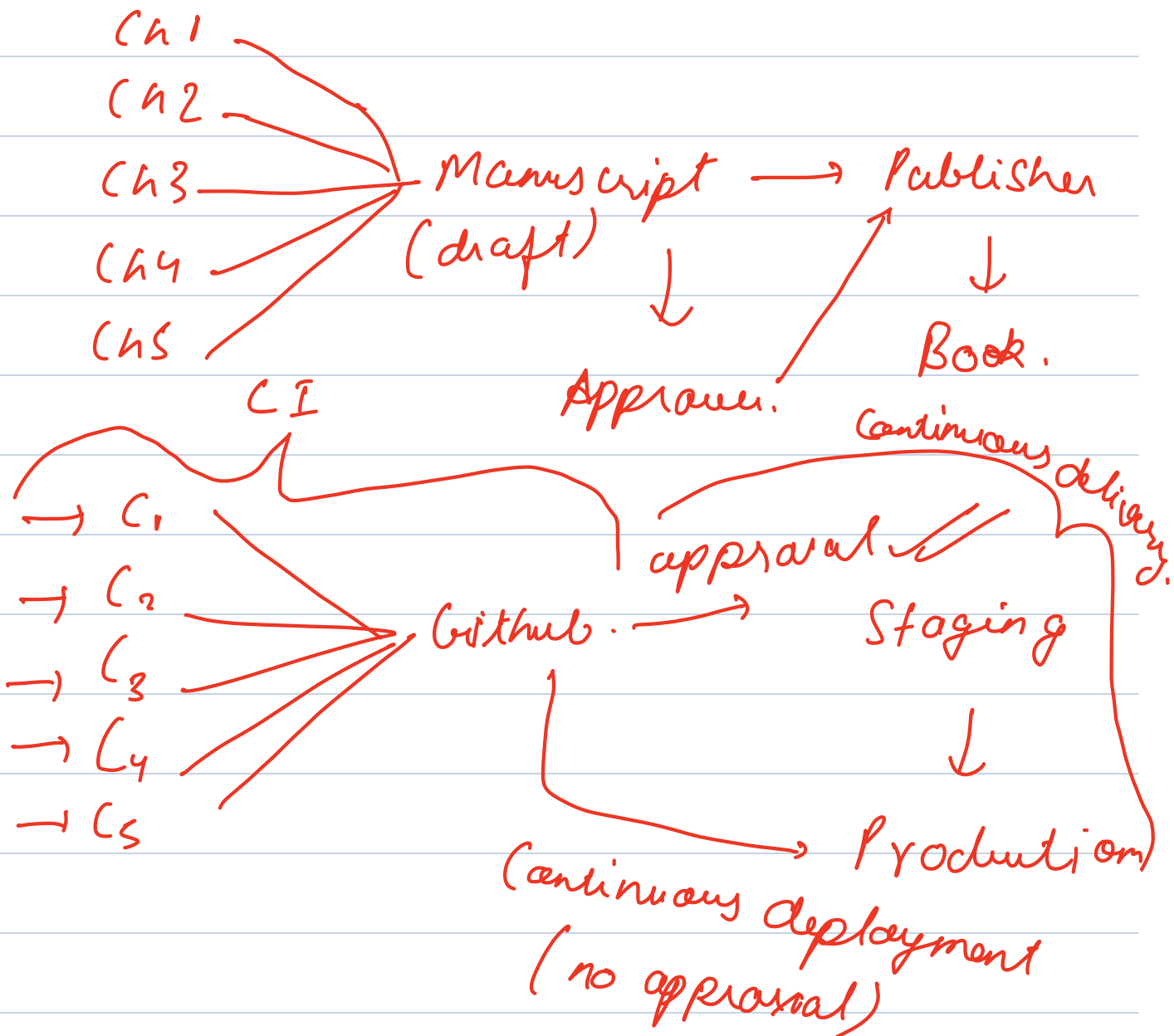
→ js.

→ groovy (Jenkins pipelines)

→ Ruby.

→ go.

### ③ CI CD.



→ gitops → Production.

→ Argo CD

→ Jenkins

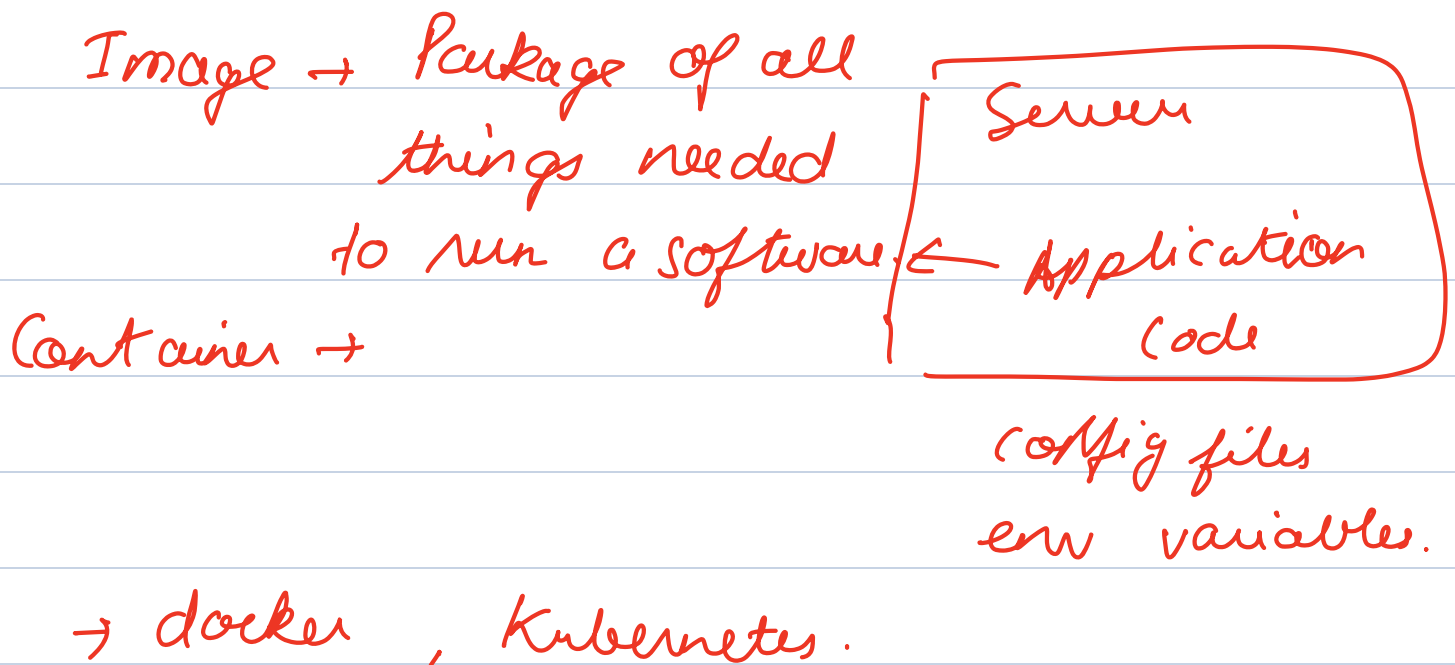
## ④ Infrastructure as a Code.

- terraform (AWS, Azure, GCP)
- CloudFormation. (AWS)

## ⑤ Configuration Management.

- Ansible puppet Chef.

## ⑥ Containerisation.



## ⑦ Monitoring Tools.

- ① Infra Monitoring tools

Prometheus, zabbix, nagios.

② Cloud Monitoring tools.

cloudwatch, azure monitor.

③ Container monitoring tools.

Prometheus, grafana.

④ Logging

Kibana. ELK.

How will we be learning DEVOPS?

Module 1 → Python } done

Module 2 → DSA

Module 3 → Linux and Computer Systems.

(2.5 months) → OS (Linux)

→ Shell scripting

→ Computer networks.

→ Databases.

Module 4 → Devops Tools.

(2.5 months) → Docker

→ Kubernetes

→ Jenkins

→ Terraform

→ Ansible

→ Chef

→ puppet

→ github, ArgoCD, gitops, git

→ Prometheus, grafana.

Module 5 → AWS

Module 6 → System design

Module 7 → Advance DSA.

Devops Engineer

→ Automation

→ infrastructure provisioning.

→ Containerisation.

SRE →

→ Automation

→ Reliability & uptime.

→ Incident planning.

Cloud Engineer.

- architecture
- cloud infra
- automation.