

PIZZA SALES SQL QUERIES

A. KPI's

1. Total Revenue:

```
SELECT
```

```
    ROUND(SUM(total_price), 2) AS total_revenue  
FROM pizza_sales;
```

Result Grid	
	total_revenue
▶	817860.05

2. Average Order Value

```
SELECT
```

```
    ROUND(SUM(total_price) / COUNT(DISTINCT order_id), 2) AS  
avg_order_value  
FROM pizza_sales;
```

	avg_order_value
▶	38.31

3. Total Pizzas Sold

```
SELECT
```

```
    SUM(quantity) AS total_pizzas_sold  
FROM pizza_sales;
```

Result Grid	
	total_pizzas_sold
▶	49574

4. Total Orders

```
select count(distinct order_id) as Total_order from pizza_sales;
```

Result Grid	
	Total_order
▶	21350

5. Average Pizzas Per Order

SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM(quantity) / COUNT(DISTINCT order_id), 2) AS  
avg_pizzas_per_order  
FROM pizza_sales;
```

Result Grid	
	avg_pizzas_per_order
▶	2.32

B. Daily Trend for Total Orders

SELECT

```
DAYNAME(order_date) AS order_day,  
COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM pizza_sales  
GROUP BY DAYNAME(order_date)  
ORDER BY FIELD(order_day,  
'Monday','Tuesday','Wednesday','Thursday','Friday','Saturday','Sunday');
```

Output:

Result Grid	
	order_day
▶	Monday
	2794
	Tuesday
	2973
	Wednesday
	3024
	Thursday
	3239
	Friday
	3538
	Saturday
	3158
	Sunday
	2624

C. Hourly Trend for Orders

SELECT

```
HOUR(order_time) AS order_hour,  
COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM pizza_sales
```

```
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time)
ORDER BY order_hour;
```

Output

The screenshot shows a MySQL Workbench result grid titled "Result Grid". The grid has two columns: "order_hour" and "total_orders". The data is as follows:

	order_hour	total_orders
▶	9	1
	10	8
	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28

D. % of Sales by Pizza Category

```
SELECT
    pizza_category,
    ROUND(SUM(total_price), 2) AS total_revenue,
    ROUND((SUM(total_price) * 100) / (SELECT SUM(total_price) FROM
    pizza_sales), 2) AS percentage_sales
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_category
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC;
```

Output

	pizza_category	total_revenue	percentage_sales
▶	Classic	220053.1	26.91
	Supreme	208197	25.46
	Chicken	195919.5	23.96
	Veggie	193690.45	23.68

E. % of Sales by Pizza Size

```

SELECT
    pizza_size,
    ROUND(SUM(total_price), 2) AS total_revenue,
    ROUND((SUM(total_price) * 100) / (SELECT SUM(total_price) FROM
    pizza_sales), 2) AS percentage_sales
FROM pizza_sales
GROUP BY pizza_size
ORDER BY pizza_size ASC;

```

Output

	pizza_size	total_revenue	percentage_sales
▶	L	375318.7	45.89
	M	249382.25	30.49
	S	178076.5	21.77
	XL	14076	1.72
	XXL	1006.6	0.12

F. Total Pizzas Sold by Pizza Category

```
SELECT  
    pizza_category,  
    SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity_sold  
FROM pizza_sales  
GROUP BY pizza_category  
ORDER BY total_quantity_sold DESC;
```

Output

	pizza_category	total_quantity_sold
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

G. Top 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizzas Sold

```
SELECT  
    pizza_name,  
    SUM(quantity) AS total_pizzas_sold  
FROM pizza_sales  
GROUP BY pizza_name  
ORDER BY total_pizzas_sold DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

Output

	pizza_name	total_pizzas_sold
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

H. Bottom 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizzas Sold

```
SELECT  
    pizza_name,  
    SUM(quantity) AS total_pizzas_sold  
FROM pizza_sales  
GROUP BY pizza_name  
ORDER BY total_pizzas_sold ASC  
LIMIT 5;
```

Output

	pizza_name	total_pizzas_sold
▶	The Brie Carre Pizza	490
	The Mediterranean Pizza	934
	The Calabrese Pizza	937
	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	950
	The Soppressata Pizza	961

Monthly Filter Example (e.g., February Sales)

```
SELECT  
    pizza_category,  
    SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity_sold  
FROM pizza_sales  
WHERE MONTH(order_date) = 2  
GROUP BY pizza_category  
ORDER BY total_quantity_sold DESC;
```

	pizza_category	total_quantity_sold
▶	Classic	1178
	Supreme	964
	Veggie	944
	Chicken	875