

# **THE INDIAN PENAL CODE**

## **CHAPTER XII OF OFFENCES RELATING TO COIN AND GOVERNMENT STAMPS**

The offences described in this Chapter relate to (I) Coins and (II) Government Stamps.

### **(I) Coins.—**

The offences relating to coins may be classified into three divisions:—

(1) Counterfeiting, (2) alteration, and (3) acts of mint employees.

#### **1. Counterfeiting—**

- (1) Counterfeiting coins (sections 231, 232).
- (2) Making or selling instrument for counterfeiting (sections 233, 234).
- (3) Possession of instrument for counterfeiting (section 235).
- (4) Abetting in India the counterfeiting of coin out of India (section 236).
- (5) Importing or exporting of counterfeit coin (sections 237, 238).
- (6) Delivering counterfeit coin knowing it to be so (sections 239, 240).
- (7) Delivering counterfeit coin not known to be so when first possessed (section 241).
- (8) Possession of counterfeit coin knowing it to be so (sections 242, 243).

#### **2. Alteration—**

- (1) Diminishing the weight or altering the composition of any coin (sections 246, 247).
- (2) Altering appearance of any coin to pass it off as a different coin (sections 248, 249).
- (3) Delivering coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered (sections 250, 251).
- (4) Possessing altered coin knowing it to be so (sections 252, 253).
- (5) Delivering altered coin which the deliverer did not know to be altered when first possessed (section 254).

#### **3. Acts of mint employees—**

- (1) Persons employed in a mint causing coin to be of a different weight or composition from that fixed by law (section 244).
- (2) Unlawful taking from a mint any coining instrument (section 245).

### **(II) Government Stamps.—**

- (1) Counterfeiting a stamp (section 255).
- (2) Possession of an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 256).

- (3) Making or selling an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 257).
- (4) Sale of a counterfeit stamp (section 258).
- (5) Possession of a counterfeit stamp (section 259).
- (6) Using as genuine a stamp known to be counterfeit (section 260).
- (7) Effacing any writing from a substance bearing a stamp or removing from a document a stamp used for it, with intent to cause loss to Government (section 261).
- (8) Using a stamp known to have been before used (section 262).
- (9) Erasure of mark denoting that a stamp has been used (section 263).
- (10) Making, uttering, or dealing in, or selling or using for postal purpose, any fictitious stamp; or possessing any fictitious stamp; or making or possessing any instrument for manufacturing fictitious stamps (section 263A).

**[s 258] Sale of counterfeit Government stamp.**

**Whoever, sells, or offers for sale, any stamp which he knows or has reason to believe to be a counterfeit of any stamp issued by Government for the purpose of revenue, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.**

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- (1) Counterfeiting coins (sections 231, 232).
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- (5) Importing or exporting of counterfeit coin (sections 237, 238).
- (6) Delivering counterfeit coin knowing it to be so (sections 239, 240).
- (7) Delivering counterfeit coin not known to be so when first possessed (section 241).
- (8) Possession of counterfeit coin knowing it to be so (sections 242, 243).

#### **2. Alteration—**

- (1) Diminishing the weight or altering the composition of any coin (sections 246, 247).
- (2) Altering appearance of any coin to pass it off as a different coin (sections 248, 249).
- (3) Delivering coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered (sections 250, 251).
- (4) Possessing altered coin knowing it to be so (sections 252, 253).
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#### **3. Acts of mint employees—**

- (1) Persons employed in a mint causing coin to be of a different weight or composition from that fixed by law (section 244).
- (2) Unlawful taking from a mint any coining instrument (section 245).

### **(II) Government Stamps.—**

- (1) Counterfeiting a stamp (section 255).
- (2) Possession of an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 256).

- (3) Making or selling an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 257).
- (4) Sale of a counterfeit stamp (section 258).
- (5) Possession of a counterfeit stamp (section 259).
- (6) Using as genuine a stamp known to be counterfeit (section 260).
- (7) Effacing any writing from a substance bearing a stamp or removing from a document a stamp used for it, with intent to cause loss to Government (section 261).
- (8) Using a stamp known to have been before used (section 262).
- (9) Erasure of mark denoting that a stamp has been used (section 263).
- (10) Making, uttering, or dealing in, or selling or using for postal purpose, any fictitious stamp; or possessing any fictitious stamp; or making or possessing any instrument for manufacturing fictitious stamps (section 263A).

**[s 259] Having possession of counterfeit Government stamp.**

**Whoever has in his possession any stamp which he knows to be a counterfeit of any stamp issued by Government for the purpose of revenue, intending to use, or dispose of the same as a genuine stamp, or in order that it may be used as a genuine stamp, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.**

**COMMENT.—**

This section corresponds to section 243.

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- (7) Delivering counterfeit coin not known to be so when first possessed (section 241).
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#### **2. Alteration—**

- (1) Diminishing the weight or altering the composition of any coin (sections 246, 247).
- (2) Altering appearance of any coin to pass it off as a different coin (sections 248, 249).
- (3) Delivering coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered (sections 250, 251).
- (4) Possessing altered coin knowing it to be so (sections 252, 253).
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#### **3. Acts of mint employees—**

- (1) Persons employed in a mint causing coin to be of a different weight or composition from that fixed by law (section 244).
- (2) Unlawful taking from a mint any coining instrument (section 245).

### **(II) Government Stamps.—**

- (1) Counterfeiting a stamp (section 255).
- (2) Possession of an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 256).

- (3) Making or selling an instrument for counterfeiting a stamp (section 257).
- (4) Sale of a counterfeit stamp (section 258).
- (5) Possession of a counterfeit stamp (section 259).
- (6) Using as genuine a stamp known to be counterfeit (section 260).
- (7) Effacing any writing from a substance bearing a stamp or removing from a document a stamp used for it, with intent to cause loss to Government (section 261).
- (8) Using a stamp known to have been before used (section 262).
- (9) Erasure of mark denoting that a stamp has been used (section 263).
- (10) Making, uttering, or dealing in, or selling or using for postal purpose, any fictitious stamp; or possessing any fictitious stamp; or making or possessing any instrument for manufacturing fictitious stamps (section 263A).

**[s 260] Using as genuine a Government stamp known to be counterfeit.**

**Whoever uses as genuine any stamp, knowing it to be counterfeit of any stamp issued by Government for the purpose of revenue, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.**

**COMMENT.—**

This section corresponds to section 254.

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#### **3. Acts of mint employees—**

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- (4) Sale of a counterfeit stamp (section 258).
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- (8) Using a stamp known to have been before used (section 262).
- (9) Erasure of mark denoting that a stamp has been used (section 263).
- (10) Making, uttering, or dealing in, or selling or using for postal purpose, any fictitious stamp; or possessing any fictitious stamp; or making or possessing any instrument for manufacturing fictitious stamps (section 263A).

**[s 261] Effacing writing from substance bearing Government stamp, or removing from document a stamp used for it, with intent to cause loss to Government.**

**Whoever, fraudulently or with intent to cause loss to the Government, removes or effaces from any substance, bearing any stamp issued by Government for the purpose of revenue, any writing or document for which such stamp has been used, or removes from any writing or document a stamp which has been used for such writing or document, in order that such stamp may be used for a different writing or document, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.**

**COMMENT.—**

This section may be compared with sections 246 and 248. It punishes (1) the effacing of a writing from a stamp, and (2) removing of a stamp from a document.



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- (10) Making, uttering, or dealing in, or selling or using for postal purpose, any fictitious stamp; or possessing any fictitious stamp; or making or possessing any instrument for manufacturing fictitious stamps (section 263A).

**[s 262] Using Government stamp known to have been before used.**

**Whoever, fraudulently or with intent to cause loss to the Government, uses for any purpose a stamp issued by Government for the purpose of revenue, which he knows to have been before used, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.**

**COMMENT.—**

Under this section the fraudulent use of a stamp already used is made punishable.