F.Y. B. Tech SEM-II Applied Mathematics-II

Practice Problems Linear Differential Equation with Constant Coefficient

(Module 1: Sub-module 1.3 & 1.4)

Solve the following.

1.
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 5\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 8\frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 0$$
 [Ans: $y = (c_1 + c_2 x)e^{2x} + c_3 e^x$]

2.
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = 0$$
 [Ans: $y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} + c_3e^{3x}$]

$$3. \quad \frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + k^4y = 0$$

[Ans:

$$y = e^{(k/\sqrt{2})x} \left[c_1 \cos(k/\sqrt{2})x + c_2 \sin(k/\sqrt{2})x \right] + e^{-(k/\sqrt{2})x} \left[c_3 \cos(k/\sqrt{2})x + c_4 \sin(k/\sqrt{2})x \right]$$

4.
$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$$
 Ans: $y = (c_1 + c_2 x)\cos\sqrt{3}x + (c_3 + c_4 x)\sin\sqrt{3}x$

5.
$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$$

6.
$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + y = 0$$

[Ans:
$$y = e^{(x/\sqrt{2})} [c_1 \cos(x/\sqrt{2}) + c_2 \sin(x/\sqrt{2})] + e^{-(x/\sqrt{2})} [c_3 \cos(x/\sqrt{2}) + c_4 \sin(x/\sqrt{2})]$$
]

7.
$$(D^3 - D^2 + D - 1)y = 0$$

8.
$$(D^3 - 3D^2 + 4)y = 0$$

9.
$$(D^2-1)(D-1)^2 y = 0$$

10.
$$(D^4 + 8D^2 + 16)y = 0$$
 [Ans: $y = (c_1 + c_2 x)\cos 2x + (c_3 + c_4 x)\sin 2x$]

11.
$$(D^4 - 4D^3 + 8D^2 - 8D + 4)y = 0$$
 [Ans: $y = e^x[(c_1 + c_2 x)\cos x + (c_3 + c_4 x)\sin x]$]

12.
$$(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = 0$$

13. Solve
$$(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = e^x + 1$$

14. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{-x}$$

15. Solve
$$(D^4 - 4D^3 + 8D^2 - 8D + 4)y = e^x + 1$$

16. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - (a+b)\frac{dy}{dx} + ab y = e^{ax} + e^{bx}$$

17. Solve
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \cos h^2 2x$$

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18. Solve
$$(2D+1)^2 y = 4e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

19. Solve
$$(D^4 + 1)y = \cos h \ 4x \sin h \ 3x$$

20. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sin x \sin 2x$$

21. Solve
$$(D^3 + D^2 + D + 1)y = \sin^2 x$$

22. Solve
$$(D^4 + 10D^2 + 9)y = 96 \sin 2x \cos x$$

23. Solve
$$(D^3 + 2D^2 + D)y = x^2 + x$$

24. Solve
$$(D^2 - D - 2)y = 2 \log x + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

25. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \sin(e^x)$$

26. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \csc x$$

27. Solve
$$(D^2 - 4)y = x \sin hx$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-2x} - \frac{x}{3} \sin hx - \frac{2}{9} \cos hx \right]$$

28. Solve
$$(D^2 - 1)y = x^2 \sin 3x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} - \frac{1}{10} \left\{ x^2 \sin 3x + \frac{6}{5} x \cos x - \frac{13}{25} \sin 3x \right\} \right]$$

29. Solve
$$(D^4 + 2D^2 + 1)y = x^2 \cos x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = (c_1 + c_2 x) \cos x + (c_3 + c_4 x) \sin x - \frac{1}{48} (x^4 - 9x^2) \cos x + \frac{x^3}{12} \sin x \right]$$

30. Solve
$$(D^2 + 1)y = x^2 \sin 2x$$

31. Solve
$$(D^2 - 1)y = e^x \sin 3x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} - \frac{e^x}{117} (6\cos 3x + 9\sin 3x) \right]$$

32. Solve
$$([D^3 - D^2 - D + 1])y = \cos hx \sin x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = (c_1 + c_2 x)e^x + c_3 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{10}e^x(\cos x - 2\sin x) - \frac{e^{-x}}{50}(3\cos x - 4\sin x) \right]$$

33. Solve
$$(D^2 - 1)y = x \sin hx$$

Answer:
$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + \frac{x^2}{4} \cos hx - \frac{x}{4} \sin hx$$

Hint
$$Put \left[\sin hx = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}, \cos hx = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \right]$$

34. Solve
$$(D^3 - 3D^2 + 3D - 1)y = x e^x + e^x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = (c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2) e^x + e^x \frac{x^4}{24} + e^x \frac{x^3}{6} \right]$$

35. Solve
$$(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = \frac{3e^x}{x^2}$$

Answer:
$$[y = (c_1 + c_2 x)e^x - 3e^x \log x]$$

36. Solve
$$(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = e^{-2x} + e^x \cos 2x$$

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37. Solve
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = e^x \cos 3x$$

38. Solve
$$(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = 2e^x \sin(\frac{x}{2})$$

39. Solve
$$(D^3 - 7D - 6)y = e^{2x}(x + 1)$$

40. Solve
$$(D^3 - 2D + 4)y = 3x^2 - 5x + 2$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 e^{-2x} + e^x (c_2 \cos x + c_3 \sin x) + \frac{1}{4} [3x^2 - 2x + 1] \right]$$

Hint:
$$D^3 - 2D + 4 = D^3 + 2D^2 - 2D^2 - 4D + 2D + 4 = 0 = (D+2)(D^2 - 2D + 2) = 0$$

= $D = -2$, $1 \pm i$

41. Solve
$$\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + \frac{dy}{dt} = \cos t + t^3 + 3$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 + c_2 \cos t + c_3 \sin t + \frac{1}{2} \left[-t \cos t + \sin t \right] + \frac{t^3}{3} + t \right]$$

42. Solve
$$(D^2 + 4D + 4)y = x^2$$
 Answer: $[y = (c_1 + c_2 x)e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{4}[x^2 - 2x + \frac{3}{2}]$

43. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = x - 2x^2$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = e^{-x} \left(c_1 \cos \sqrt{2}x + c_2 \sin \sqrt{2}x \right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{10}{9} + \frac{11}{3}x - 2x^2 \right) \right]$$

44. Solve
$$(D^3 - D^2 + 6D)y = x^2 + \sin x$$

Answer:
$$\left[y = c_1 + c_2 e^{-2x} + c_3 e^{-3x} - \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{6} + \frac{7x}{18} \right) + \frac{1}{50} (\sin x + 7\cos x) \right]$$

45. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 2e^x \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$
 [Answer: $\dot{y} = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} + \frac{8}{5}e^x \left[-2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right]$]