Batch: IAI-2 Experiment Number: 6

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**Aim of the Experiment:** Write a program for implementation of Prolog program on 8-Puzzle.

### Program/Steps:

To solve an 8-puzzle you need to call the predicate solvepuzzle with the following parameters

- First parameter is the initial state.
- Second parameter is the goal state.
- \* Third parameter is a variable called Cost that returns the total cost to reach the desired configuration.

Example

solvepuzzle([[1,3,4],[8,0,5],[7,2,6]], [[1,2,3],[8,0,4],[7,6,5]],Cost).

If the puzzle is solvable it returns the total cost with each step to solve it.

If the puzzle is not solvable it returns "No soution".

#### Code:

```
Number>Head.
       Count is 1.
       countInversions(Number, Tail, Aux inversions),
       Inversions is Count+Aux inversions.
countInversions(Number,[Head|Tail],Inversions):-
       Number<Head,
       Count is 0,
       countInversions(Number, Tail, Aux inversions),
       Inversions is Count+Aux inversions.
issolvable([],A):-
       A is 0.
issolvable([Head|Tail],Inversions):-
       countInversions(Head, Tail, Aux inversions),
       issolvable(Tail, Next inversions),
       Inversions is Next inversions+Aux inversions.
iseven(Number):-
       0 is mod(Number,2).
solvepuzzle(Initial state, Goal state, Result):-
       flatten(Initial state, List initial state),
       delete(List initial state, 0, X),
       issolvable(X,Inversions),
       0 is mod(Inversions,2),
       flatten(Goal state, List goal state),
       delete(List goal state, 0, Y),
       issolvable(Y,Inversions two),
       0 is mod(Inversions two,2),
       empty heap(Inital heap),
       Explored set = [List initial state],
astar([List initial state,0],List goal state,Goal state,Inital heap,Explored set,Iterations),
       copy term(Iterations, Result),
       1.
solvepuzzle(Initial state, Goal state, Result):-
       flatten(Initial state, List initial state),
```

```
delete(List initial state, 0, X),
       issolvable(X,Inversions),
       \+0 is mod(Inversions,2),
       flatten(Goal state, List goal state),
       delete(List goal state, 0, Y),
       issolvable(Y,Inversions two),
       +0 is mod(Inversions two,2),
       empty heap(Inital heap),
       Explored set = [List initial state],
astar([List initial state,0],List goal state,Goal state,Inital heap,Explored set,Iterations),
       copy term(Iterations, Result),
       !.
solvepuzzle(_,_,Result):-
       Result = 'No solution'.
create explored set(Old Set,Element,X):-
       Aux = [Element],
       append(Old Set,Aux,X).
divide list([Head]],Head).
print element([], ).
print element([Head|Tail],I):-
       0 \text{ is mod}(I,3),
       Newi=I+1,
       nl,
       print(Head),
       print element(Tail,Newi).
print element([Head|Tail],I):-
       Newi=I+1,
       print(Head),
       print element(Tail, Newi).
print list([], ).
print list([Head|Tail],I):-
```

```
number(Head),
       print list(Tail,I).
print list([Head|Tail],I):-
       Newi=I+1,
       print list(Tail,Newi),
       print element(Head,0),
       nl.
create list with new cost([], , , ).
create list with new cost([Head|Tail], Iterator, Pos cost, [New cost|Tail]):-
       Iterator == Pos cost,
       New iterator is Iterator+1,
       New cost is Head + 1,
       create list with new cost(Tail, New iterator, Pos cost, Tail).
create list with new cost([Head|Tail], Iterator, Pos cost, [Head|Tail2]):-
       New iterator is Iterator+1,
       create list with new cost(Tail,New iterator,Pos cost,Tail2).
astar([Head|Tail],Head, , , ,Result):-
       append([Head],Tail,Fathers),
       print list(Fathers,0),
       length(Tail,Aux),
       Result is Aux-1.
astar(State, Goal state, Grid goal state, Priority queue, Explored set, Result):-
       divide list(State, State to esplore),
       nth0(Position blank tile, State to esplore, 0),
       length(State,Pos cost),
       nth1(Pos cost, State, Cost),
       New cost is Cost + 1,
       create list with new cost(State,1,Pos cost,New state),
findcombinations(New state, Grid goal state, Position blank tile, 0, Priority queue, New cost, Ex
plored set, New priority queue),
       get from heap(New priority queue, , P, Next priority queue),
       divide list(P,Explored),
       create explored set(Explored set,Explored,New explored set),
```

```
astar(P,Goal state,Grid goal state,Next priority queue,New explored set,Result).
astar(,,,Priority queue,,Result):-
       empty heap(Priority queue),
       Result = 'No solution'.
findcost([],_,,_,Nextcost):-
       Nextcost is 0.
findcost([Head|Tail],Matrixinitialstate,Matrixgoalstate, Cost):-
       Head == 0,
       findcost(Tail, Matrixinitial state, Matrixgoal state, Nextcost),
       Cost is 0 + Nextcost.
findcost([Head|Tail], Matrixinitialstate, Matrixgoalstate, Cost):-
       matrix(Matrixgoalstate,K,L,Head),
       matrix(Matrixinitialstate,I,J,Head),
       Manhattan distance is abs(I-K) + abs(J-L),
       findcost(Tail, Matrixinitial state, Matrix goal state, Next cost),
       Cost is Manhattan distance + Nextcost.
convert to matrix(Lista, Nueva lista):-
       aux convert to matrix(Lista,1,N1,T1),
       aux convert to matrix(T1,1,N2,T2),
       aux convert to matrix(T2,1,N3, ),
       append([N1],[N2],Aux),
       append(Aux,[N3],Nueva lista),
       !.
aux convert to matrix([Head|Tail], Iterator, [Head|Tail2], Sobra):-
       Iterator < 3,
       Nuevoi is Iterator+1,
       aux convert to matrix(Tail, Nuevoi, Tail2, Sobra).
aux convert to matrix([Head|Tail], Iterator, [Head], Tail):-
       0 is mod(Iterator,3).
create list of explored states(List, Element, New list):-
       Aux = [Element],
       append(Aux,List,New list).
```

findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 0, Old priority queue, Cost move

```
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
       divide list(State, State to esplore),
       Left is Position blank tile - 1,
       can it move left(Left),
       swap tiles(State to esplore, Position blank tile, Left, Permutation left),
       \+member(Permutation left,Explored set),
       convert to matrix(Permutation left, Matrix per left),
       findcost(Permutation left, Matrix per left, Matrix goal state, Cost),
       create list of explored states(State, Permutation left, State with fathers),
       New cost is Cost move grid + Cost,
       add to heap(Old priority queue, New cost, State with fathers, Aux priority queue),
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 1, Aux priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 0, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 1, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 1, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
       divide list(State,State_to_esplore),
       Right is Position blank tile + 1,
       can it move right(Right),
       swap tiles(State to esplore, Position blank tile, Right, Permutation right),
       \+member(Permutation right,Explored set),
       convert to matrix(Permutation right, Matrix per right),
       findcost(Permutation right, Matrix per right, Matrix goal state, Cost),
       create list of explored states(State, Permutation right, State with fathers),
       New cost is Cost move grid + Cost,
       add to heap(Old priority queue, New cost, State with fathers, Aux priority queue),
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 2, Aux priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
```

findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 1, Old priority queue, Cost move

```
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 2, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 2, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
       divide list(State, State to esplore),
       Down is Position blank tile +3,
       can it move down(Down),
       swap tiles(State to esplore, Position blank tile, Down, Permutation down),
       \+member(Permutation down,Explored set),
       convert to matrix(Permutation down, Matrix per down),
       findcost(Permutation down, Matrix per down, Matrix goal state, Cost),
       create list of explored states(State, Permutation down, State with fathers),
       New cost is Cost move grid + Cost,
       add to heap(Old priority queue, New cost, State with fathers, Aux priority queue),
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 3, Aux priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 2, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 3, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 3, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
       divide list(State, State to esplore),
       Up is Position blank tile -3,
       can it move up(Up),
       swap tiles(State to esplore, Position blank tile, Up, Permutation up),
       \+member(Permutation up,Explored set),
       convert to matrix(Permutation up,Matrix per up),
       findcost(Permutation up, Matrix per up, Matrix goal state, Cost),
       create list of explored states(State, Permutation up, State with fathers),
       New cost is Cost move grid + Cost,
       add to heap(Old priority queue, New cost, State with fathers, Aux priority queue),
```

```
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 4, Aux priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 3, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue):-
findcombinations(State, Matrix goal state, Position blank tile, 4, Old priority queue, Cost move
grid, Explored set, New priority queue).
findcombinations(,,,4,Old priority queue,,,New priority queue):-
       copy term(Old priority queue, New priority queue).
matrix(M, X, Y, Element):-
  nth0(X, M, R),
  nth0(Y, R, Element).
swap tiles(List,Zero,Move,Nl):-
       Ayuda is Move+1,
       Zero==Ayuda,
       nth0(Move,List, Number to find),
       aux swap tiles(List, Move, 0, New list, ,List to explore more),
       append(New list,[0],Nl aux),
       append(N1 aux,[Number to find],N1 aux2),
       delete(List to explore more, 0, X),
       append(N1 aux2,X,N1),
       1.
swap tiles(List,Zero,Move,Nl):-
       Ayuda is Move-1,
       Zero==Ayuda,
       nth0(Move,List,Number to find),
```

aux swap tiles(List, Zero, 0, New list, ,List to explore more),

append(New list,[Number to find],Nl aux),

delete(List to explore more, Number to find, X),

append(N1 aux,[0],N1 aux2),

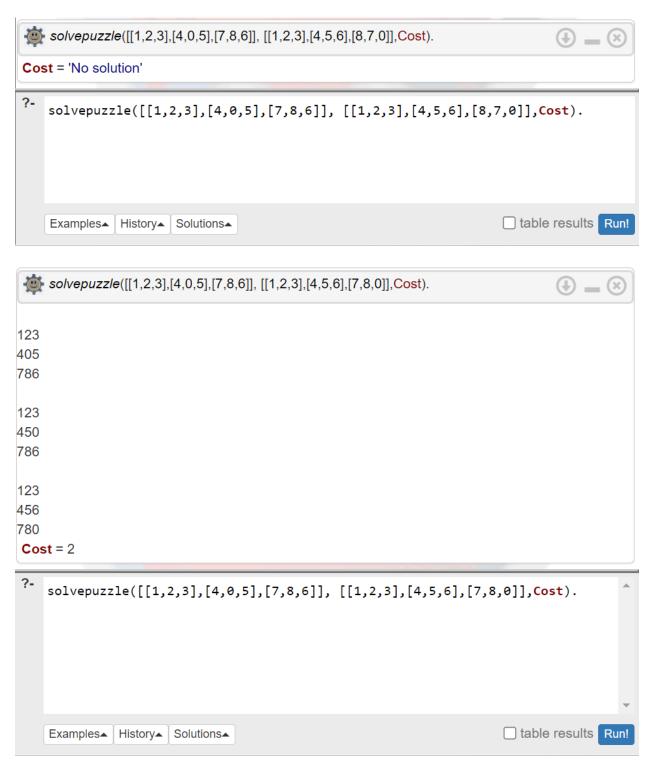
append(N1 aux2,X,N1),

swap\_tiles(List,Zero,Move,Nl):-Ayuda is Move+1,

1.

```
Ayuda dos is Move-1,
       Zero<Move,
      \+Zero==Ayuda,
      \+Zero==Ayuda dos,
       nth0(Move,List, Number to find),
       aux swap tiles(List,Zero,0,New list,Current iterator,List to explore more),
       append(New list,[Number to find],Nl aux),
aux swap tiles(List to explore more, Move, Current iterator+1, New list two, ,List to explore
more two),
       append(Nl aux, New list two, Nl aux two),
       append(N1 aux two,[0],N1 aux three),
       append(Nl aux three,List to explore more two,Nl),
swap tiles(List,Zero,Move,Nl):-
       Ayuda is Move+1,
       Ayuda dos is Move-1,
       Zero>Move.
      \+Zero==Ayuda,
      \+Zero==Ayuda dos,
       nth0(Move,List, Number to find),
       aux swap tiles(List, Move, 0, New list, Current iterator, List to explore more),
       append(New list,[0],Nl aux),
aux swap tiles(List to explore more, Zero, Current iterator+1, New list two, ,List to explore
more two),
       append(Nl aux,New list two,Nl aux two),
       append(Nl aux two,[Number to find],Nl aux three),
       append(Nl aux three,List to explore more two,Nl),
       !.
aux swap tiles([ |Tail],Limit,Iterator,[],X,Tail):-
       Iterator==Limit,
       copy term(Iterator,X).
aux swap tiles([Head|Tail],Limit,Iterator,[Head|Tail2],X,List to explore more):-
      Iterator<Limit,
      New iterator is Iterator+1,
       aux swap tiles(Tail,Limit,New iterator,Tail2,X,List to explore more).
```

# **Output/Result:**



#### KJSCE/IT/SY/SEM IV/HO-IAI/2023-24

Outcomes: Ability to formally state the problem and develop the appropriate proof for a given logical deduction problem.

## Conclusion (Based on the Results and outcomes achieved):

The experiment on implementing an 8-Puzzle solver with Prolog demonstrated Prolog's efficacy in complex problem-solving, leveraging its backtracking and state space search capabilities. This implementation highlighted Prolog's potential in logic programming and AI applications, emphasizing its strength in managing state transitions and achieving goals logically. The success of this project not only showcased Prolog's adaptability to challenging puzzles but also underscored its broader applicability in developing intelligent systems, marking a promising avenue for future AI and computational logic explorations.

#### **References:**

- 1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Second Edition, Pearson Publication
- 2. Luger, George F. Artificial Intelligence: Structures and strategies for complex problem solving, 2009, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
- 3. Ivan Bratko, Prolog Programming for AI, 2011, 4th Edition, Pearson Publication