

Fourier Series

let $f(x)$ be a periodic function of period $2L$ define in the interval $(C, C + 2L)$ can be represented in the form fourier series as

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\right.$$

$$a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \Big]$$

where $a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_C^{C+2L} f(x) dx$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_C^{C+2L} f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_C^{C+2L} f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

```
In [1]: var('x')
var('n')
f(x) = x^2
assume(n, 'integer')
f = piecewise([[[-1,1],x^2]])
L = 1
an=(1/L)*integrate((x^2)*cos(n*pi*x),x,-1,1)
a0=(1/L)*integrate(f,x,-1,1)
bn=(1/L)*integrate((x^2)*sin(n*pi*x),x,-1,1)
s = a0/2+sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L),n,1,5)
show(an)
show(bn)
show(a0)
show(s)
```

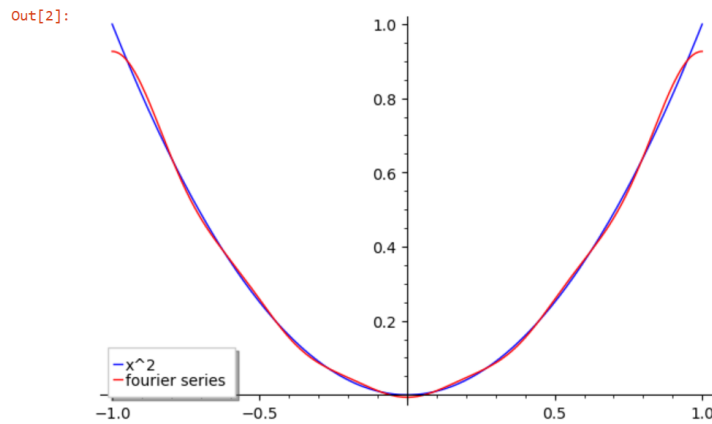
$$\frac{4(-1)^n}{\pi^2 n^2}$$

$$0$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$-\frac{144 \cos(5\pi x) - 225 \cos(4\pi x) + 400 \cos(3\pi x) - 900 \cos(2\pi x) + 3600 \cos(\pi x)}{900\pi^2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

```
In [2]: plot(f,-1,1,legend_label="x^2") + plot(s,-1,1,color = "red",legend_label="fourier series")
```



```
In [3]: g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(10)
show(g)
```

$$\frac{\cos(10\pi x)}{25\pi^2} - \frac{4\cos(9\pi x)}{81\pi^2} + \frac{\cos(8\pi x)}{16\pi^2} - \frac{4\cos(7\pi x)}{49\pi^2} + \frac{\cos(6\pi x)}{9\pi^2} - \frac{4\cos(5\pi x)}{25\pi^2} + \frac{\cos(4\pi x)}{4\pi^2} - \frac{4\cos(3\pi x)}{9\pi^2} + \frac{\cos(2\pi x)}{\pi^2} - \frac{4\cos(\pi x)}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

```
In [4]: show(f.fourier_series_cosine_coefficient(5))
```

$$-\frac{4}{25\pi^2}$$

In [5]: `show(f.fourier_series_sine_coefficient(40))`

0

In [6]: `var('x')
var('n')
f(x) = x^2
assume(n,'integer')
f = piecewise([[[-pi,pi],x^2]])
c = -pi
L = pi
an=(1/pi)*integrate((x^2)*cos(n*pi*x/L),x,-pi,pi)
a0=(1/pi)*integrate(x^2,x,-pi,pi)
bn=(1/pi)*integrate((x^2)*sin(n*pi*x/L),x,-pi,pi)
s = a0/2+sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L),n,1,10)
show(an)
show(bn)
show(a0)
show(s)`

$$\frac{4(-1)^n}{n^2}$$

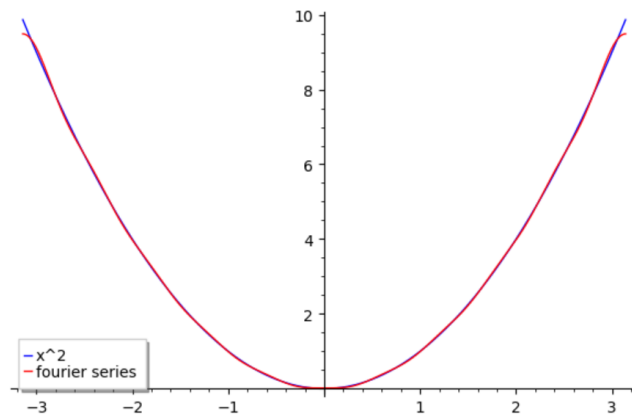
0

$$\frac{2}{3}\pi^2$$

$$\frac{1}{3}\pi^2 + \frac{1}{25}\cos(10x) - \frac{4}{81}\cos(9x) + \frac{1}{16}\cos(8x) - \frac{4}{49}\cos(7x) + \frac{1}{9}\cos(6x) - \frac{4}{25}\cos(5x) + \frac{1}{4}\cos(4x) - \frac{4}{9}\cos(3x) + \cos(2x) - 4\cos(x)$$

In [7]: `plot(f,-pi,pi,legend_label="x^2") + plot(s,-pi,pi,color = "red",legend_label="fourier series")`

Out[7]:



In [8]: `plot?`

In [9]: `g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(5)
show(f.fourier_series_partial_sum(5))`

$$\frac{1}{3}\pi^2 - \frac{4}{25}\cos(5x) + \frac{1}{4}\cos(4x) - \frac{4}{9}\cos(3x) + \cos(2x) - 4\cos(x)$$

In [10]: `show(f.fourier_series_cosine_coefficient(4))`

$$\frac{1}{4}$$

In [11]: `show(f.fourier_series_sine_coefficient(4))`

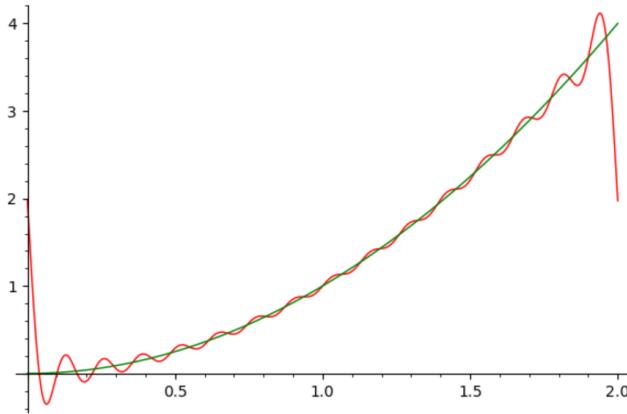
0

```
In [12]: x = var('x')
f1(x) = x^2
f = piecewise([[(0,2),f1]])
g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(15)
show(g)
```

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4 \sin(15 \pi x)}{15 \pi} - \frac{2 \sin(14 \pi x)}{7 \pi} - \frac{4 \sin(13 \pi x)}{13 \pi} - \frac{\sin(12 \pi x)}{3 \pi} - \frac{4 \sin(11 \pi x)}{11 \pi} - \frac{2 \sin(10 \pi x)}{5 \pi} - \frac{4 \sin(9 \pi x)}{9 \pi} - \frac{\sin(8 \pi x)}{2 \pi} - \frac{4 \sin(7 \pi x)}{7 \pi} \\ & - \frac{2 \sin(6 \pi x)}{3 \pi} - \frac{4 \sin(5 \pi x)}{5 \pi} - \frac{\sin(4 \pi x)}{\pi} - \frac{4 \sin(3 \pi x)}{3 \pi} - \frac{2 \sin(2 \pi x)}{\pi} - \frac{4 \sin(\pi x)}{\pi} + \frac{4 \cos(15 \pi x)}{225 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(14 \pi x)}{49 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(13 \pi x)}{169 \pi^2} \\ & + \frac{\cos(12 \pi x)}{36 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(11 \pi x)}{121 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(10 \pi x)}{25 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(9 \pi x)}{81 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(8 \pi x)}{16 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(7 \pi x)}{49 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(6 \pi x)}{9 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(5 \pi x)}{25 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(4 \pi x)}{4 \pi^2} \\ & + \frac{4 \cos(3 \pi x)}{9 \pi^2} + \frac{\cos(2 \pi x)}{\pi^2} + \frac{4 \cos(\pi x)}{\pi^2} + \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

```
In [13]: plot(g,0,2,color="red")+plot(f1,0,2,color="green")
```

Out[13]:

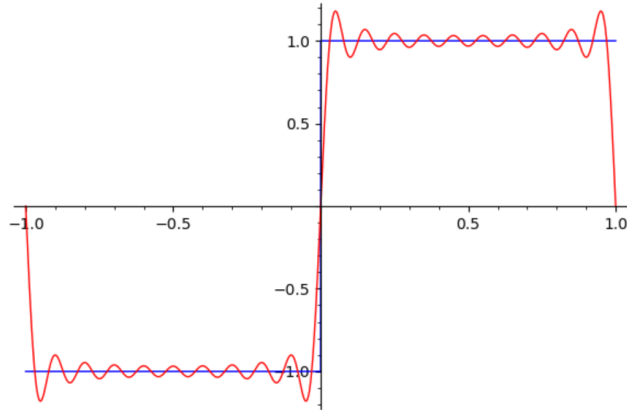


```
In [14]: f = piecewise([((-1,0), -1), ((0,1), 1)])
g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(20)
show(g)
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4 \sin(19 \pi x)}{19 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(17 \pi x)}{17 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(15 \pi x)}{15 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(13 \pi x)}{13 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(11 \pi x)}{11 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(9 \pi x)}{9 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(7 \pi x)}{7 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(5 \pi x)}{5 \pi} + \frac{4 \sin(3 \pi x)}{3 \pi} \\ & + \frac{4 \sin(\pi x)}{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

```
In [15]: plot(f) + plot(g,-1,1,color='red')
```

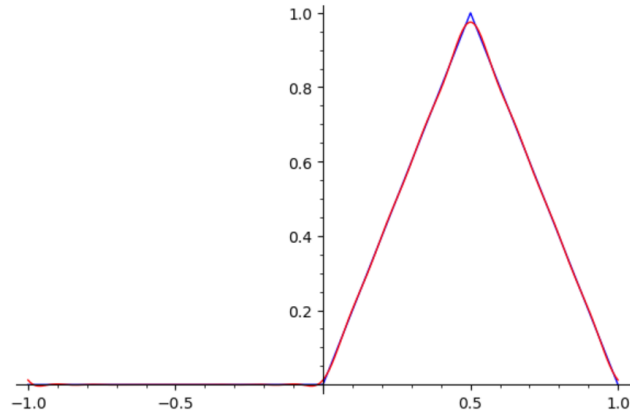
Out[15]:



```
In [16]: f = piecewise([((-1,0), 0), ((0,1/2), 2*x), ((1/2,1), 2*(1-x))])
g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(15)
show(g)
plot(f)+plot(g,-1,1,color = "red")
```

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2 \cos(14 \pi x)}{49 \pi^2} - \frac{2 \cos(10 \pi x)}{25 \pi^2} - \frac{2 \cos(6 \pi x)}{9 \pi^2} - \frac{2 \cos(2 \pi x)}{\pi^2} - \frac{4 \sin(15 \pi x)}{225 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin(13 \pi x)}{169 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \sin(11 \pi x)}{121 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin(9 \pi x)}{81 \pi^2} \\ & - \frac{4 \sin(7 \pi x)}{49 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin(5 \pi x)}{25 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \sin(3 \pi x)}{9 \pi^2} + \frac{4 \sin(\pi x)}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

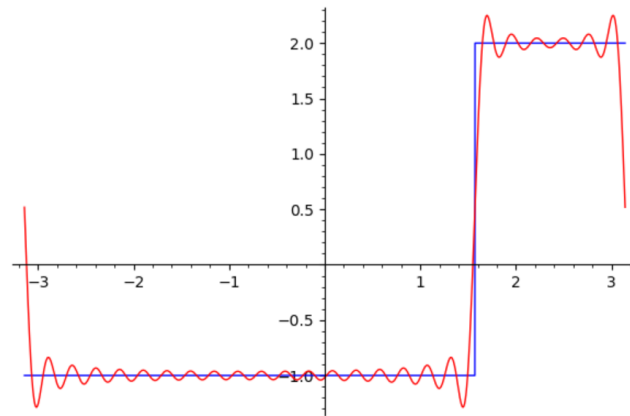
Out[16]:



```
In [18]: f1(x) = -1
f2(x) = 2
f = piecewise([(-pi,pi/2),f1],[(pi/2,pi),f2]])
g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(25)
show(g)
plot(f,-pi,pi) + plot(g,-pi,pi, color = "red")
```

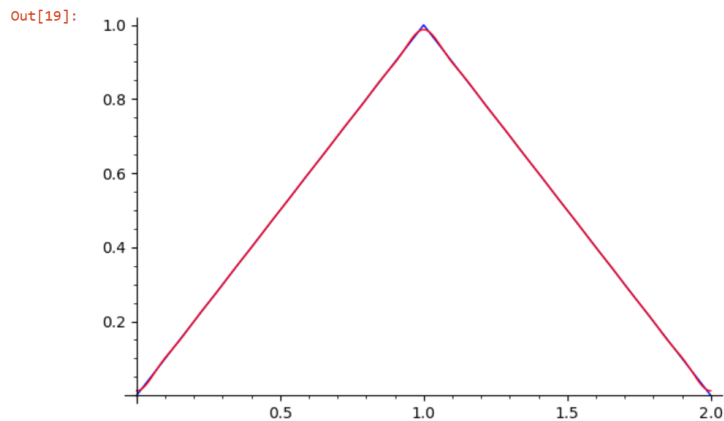
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3 \cos(25 x)}{25 \pi} + \frac{3 \cos(23 x)}{23 \pi} - \frac{\cos(21 x)}{7 \pi} + \frac{3 \cos(19 x)}{19 \pi} - \frac{3 \cos(17 x)}{17 \pi} + \frac{\cos(15 x)}{5 \pi} - \frac{3 \cos(13 x)}{13 \pi} + \frac{3 \cos(11 x)}{11 \pi} - \frac{\cos(9 x)}{3 \pi} \\ & + \frac{3 \cos(7 x)}{7 \pi} - \frac{3 \cos(5 x)}{5 \pi} + \frac{\cos(3 x)}{\pi} - \frac{3 \cos(x)}{\pi} + \frac{3 \sin(25 x)}{25 \pi} + \frac{3 \sin(23 x)}{23 \pi} - \frac{3 \sin(22 x)}{3 \pi} + \frac{\sin(21 x)}{\pi} + \frac{3 \sin(19 x)}{3 \pi} - \frac{\sin(18 x)}{\pi} \\ & + \frac{3 \sin(17 x)}{17 \pi} + \frac{\sin(15 x)}{5 \pi} - \frac{3 \sin(14 x)}{7 \pi} + \frac{\pi}{3 \sin(13 x)} + \frac{25 \pi}{3 \sin(11 x)} - \frac{23 \pi}{3 \sin(10 x)} + \frac{11 \pi}{\sin(9 x)} + \frac{7 \pi}{3 \sin(7 x)} - \frac{19 \pi}{\sin(6 x)} + \frac{3 \pi}{3 \sin(5 x)} \\ & + \frac{\sin(3 x)}{\pi} - \frac{3 \sin(2 x)}{\pi} + \frac{3 \sin(x)}{\pi} - \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Out[18]:



```
In [19]: f = piecewise([(0,1), x), ((1,2), 2-x)])
g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(15)
show(g)
plot(f,0,2) + plot(g,0,2,color = 'red')
```

$$-\frac{4 \cos(15 \pi x)}{225 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(13 \pi x)}{169 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(11 \pi x)}{121 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(9 \pi x)}{81 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(7 \pi x)}{49 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(5 \pi x)}{25 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(3 \pi x)}{9 \pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos(\pi x)}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{2}$$



```
In [20]: var('x')
var('n')
f(x) = x/2
assume(n,'integer')
f = piecewise([[0,1],x/2]])
c = 0
L = 1/2
an=(1/L)*integrate((x/2)*cos(2*n*pi*x),x,0,1)
a0=(1/L)*integrate(f,x,0,1)
bn=(1/L)*integrate((x/2)*sin(2*n*pi*x),x,0,1)
s = (a0/2)+sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L)+bn*sin(n*pi*x/L),n,1,5)
show(an)
show(bn)
show(a0)
show(s)
```

0

$$-\frac{1}{2\pi n}$$

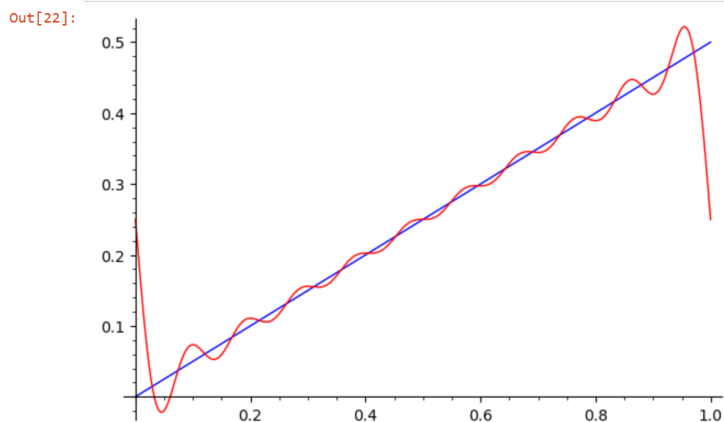
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-\frac{12 \sin(10\pi x) + 15 \sin(8\pi x) + 20 \sin(6\pi x) + 30 \sin(4\pi x) + 60 \sin(2\pi x)}{120\pi} + \frac{1}{4}$$

```
In [21]: g = f.fourier_series_partial_sum(10)
show(g)
```

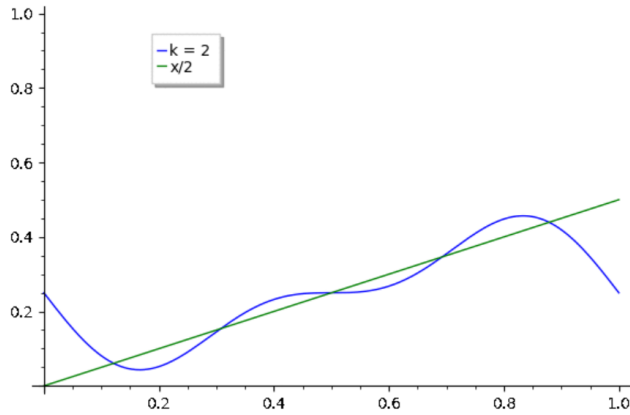
$$-\frac{\sin(20\pi x)}{20\pi} - \frac{\sin(18\pi x)}{18\pi} - \frac{\sin(16\pi x)}{16\pi} - \frac{\sin(14\pi x)}{14\pi} - \frac{\sin(12\pi x)}{12\pi} - \frac{\sin(10\pi x)}{10\pi} - \frac{\sin(8\pi x)}{8\pi} - \frac{\sin(6\pi x)}{6\pi} - \frac{\sin(4\pi x)}{4\pi} - \frac{\sin(2\pi x)}{2\pi} + \frac{1}{4}$$

```
In [22]: plot(f,0,1) + plot(g,0,1,color = 'red')
```



```
In [23]: n = var("n")
frames = []
xr = (x, 0, 1)
for k in srange(1,5):
    g = plot(fourier_series_partial_sum(k), xr, color="blue", legend_label='k = %d' % k)
    g += plot(x/2, xr, color="green", legend_label="x/2")
    frames.append(g)

a = animate(frames, ymin=0.0, ymax=1.0, legend_loc=(0.2,0.8))
a.show()
```



```
In [24]: animate??
```

The alternative form to the classical Fourier series is its complex form Fourier series

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n e^{in\pi x/L} \quad \text{where} \quad C_n = \frac{1}{2L} \int_C^{C+2L} f(x) e^{-in\pi x/L} dx, \quad n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots;$$

```
In [25]: var('x')
var('n')
assume(n, 'integer')
L=1;
f=piecewise([(0,2),(e^(2*x))])
Cn=1/2*integrate((e^(2*x))*e^(-i*n*pi*x),x,0,2)
show(Cn)
```

$$-\frac{\cosh(4) + \sinh(4)}{2(i\pi n - 2)} + \frac{1}{2(i\pi n - 2)}$$

```
In [26]: s = sum(Cn*e^(i*n*pi*x),n,-1,1)
show(s)
```

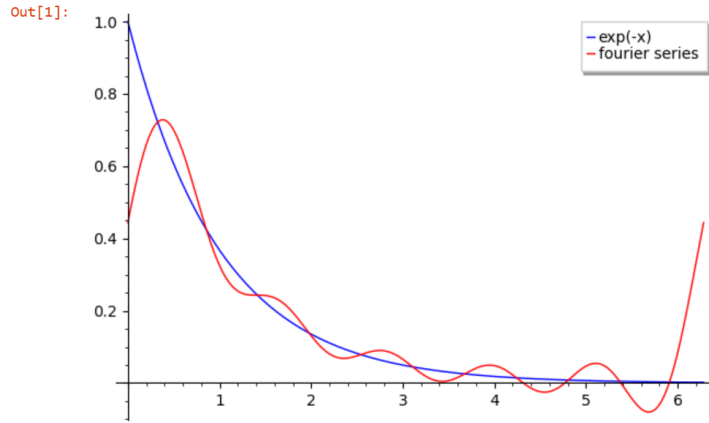
$$\frac{(2i\pi - 2(i\pi - 2)\cosh(4) + (-2i\pi - 2(-i\pi - 2)\cosh(4) - 2(-i\pi - 2)\sinh(4) - 4)e^{2i\pi x})e^{-i\pi x} - (\pi^2 - (\pi^2 + 4)\cosh(4) - (\pi^2 + 4)\sinh(4) + 4)e^{i\pi x} - 2(i\pi - 2)\sinh(4) - 4}{4(\pi^2 + 4)}$$

1) Find fourier Series of the following function and also plot graph of function and fourier series.

i) $f(x) = e^{(-x)}$ in $(0, 2\pi)$

```
In [1]: var('x')
var('n')
f = exp(-x)
assume(n, 'integer')
L = pi
C = 0
a0 = (1/L) * integrate(f, x, 0, 2*pi)
show("a0 = ", a0)
an = (1/L) * integrate((exp(-x))*cos(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
show("an = ", an)
bn = (1/L) * integrate((exp(-x))*sin(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
show("bn = ", bn)
s = a0/2 + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L) + bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 5)
show("s = ", s)
plot(f, 0, 2*pi, legend_label = "exp(-x)") + plot(s, 0, 2*pi, color = "red", legend_label = "fourier series")
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= -\frac{e^{(-2\pi)} - 1}{\pi} \\
 a_n &= -\frac{\frac{1}{n^2 e^{(2\pi)} + e^{(2\pi)}} - \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}}{\pi} \\
 b_n &= -\frac{\frac{n}{n^2 e^{(2\pi)} + e^{(2\pi)}} - \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}}{\pi} \\
 &\frac{(85 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \cos(5x) + 130 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \cos(4x) + 221 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \cos(3x) + 442 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \cos(2x) + 1105 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \cos(x) + 425 e^{(-2\pi)} (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \sin(5x) + 520 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \sin(4x) + 663 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \sin(3x) + 884 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \sin(2x) + 1105 (e^{(2\pi)} - 1) \sin(x))}{\frac{2210\pi}{e^{(-2\pi)} - 1} - \frac{2\pi}{2\pi}}
 \end{aligned}$$



ii) $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $(0, 2\pi)$

```

In [2]: var('x')
var('n')
f = x * sin(x)
assume(n, 'integer')
L = pi
C = 0
a0 = (1/L) * integrate(f, x, 0, 2*pi)
show("a0 = ", a0)
an = (1/L) * integrate((x * sin(x))*cos(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
show("an = ", an)
an_1 = (1/L) * integrate((x * sin(x))*cos(1*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
show("an_1 = ", an_1)
bn = (1/L) * integrate((x * sin(x))*sin(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, 2*pi)
show("bn = ", bn)
s = a0/2 + an_1*cos(1*pi*x/L) + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L), n, 2, 5) + sum(bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 5)
show("s = ", s)
plot(f, x, 0, 2*pi, legend_label="x * sin(x)") + plot(s, x, 0, 2*pi, color="red", legend_label="Fourier series")

```

$$a_0 = -2$$

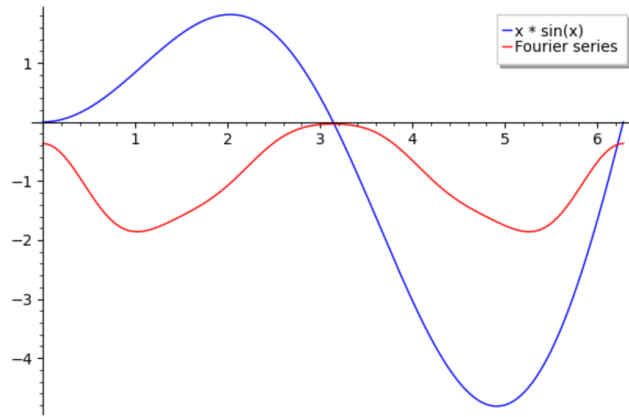
$$a_n = \frac{2}{n^2 - 1}$$

$$a_{n_1} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$b_n = 0$$

$$s = \frac{1}{12} \cos(5x) + \frac{2}{15} \cos(4x) + \frac{1}{4} \cos(3x) + \frac{2}{3} \cos(2x) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(x) - 1$$

Out[2]:



2) obtain half range sine series in $(0, \pi)$ for $\cos x$

In [3]:

```
var('x')
var('n')
f = cos(x)
assume(n, 'integer')
L = pi
C = 0
a0 = (2/L) * integrate(f, x, 0, pi)
show("a0 = ", a0)
an = 0
show("an = ", an)
bn = (2/L) * integrate(cos(x)*sin(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, pi)
show("bn = ", bn)
bn_1 = (2/L) * integrate(cos(x)*sin(1*pi*x/L), x, 0, pi)
show("bn_1 = ", bn_1)
s = a0/2 + bn_1*sin(1*pi*x/L) + sum(bn*sin(n*pi*x/L), n, 2, 5)
show("s = ", s)
plot(f, 0, pi, legend_label="cos(x)") + plot(s, x, 0, pi, color="red", legend_label="Half range sine series")
```

$a_0 = 0$

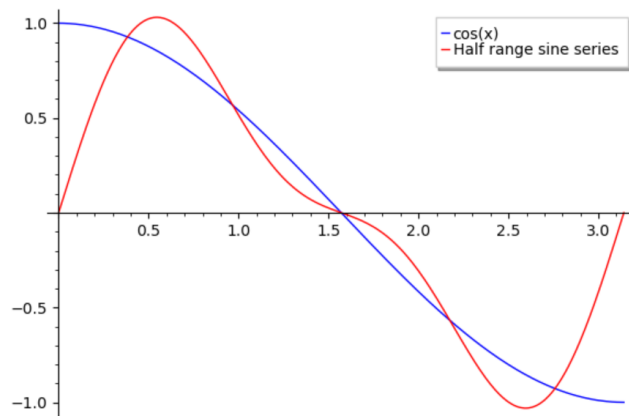
$a_n = 0$

$$b_n = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(-1)^n n}{n^2 - 1} + \frac{n}{n^2 - 1} \right)}{\pi}$$

$b_{n_1} = 0$

$$s = \frac{8 (2 \sin(4x) + 5 \sin(2x))}{15 \pi}$$

Out[3]:



3) obtain half range cosine series in $(0, \pi)$ for $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$

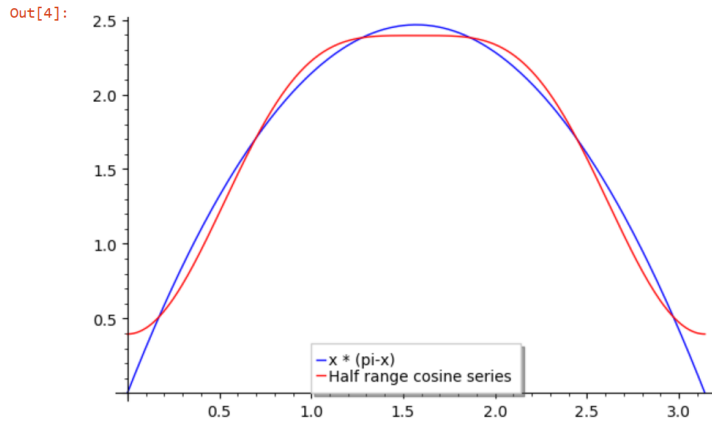
```
In [4]: var('x')
var('n')
f = x * (pi-x)
assume(n, 'integer')
L = pi
C = 0
a0 = (2/L) * integrate(f, x, 0, pi)
show("a0 = ", a0)
an = (2/L) * integrate((x * (pi-x))*cos(n*pi*x/L), x, 0, pi)
show("an = ", an)
bn = 0
show("bn = ", bn)
s = a0/2 + sum(an*cos(n*pi*x/L), n, 1, 5)
show("s = ", s)
plot(f, 0, pi, legend_label="x * (pi-x)") + plot(s, x, 0, pi, color="red", legend_label="Half range cosine series")
```

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{3} \pi^2$$

$$a_n = -\frac{2 \left(\frac{\pi(-1)^n}{n^2} + \frac{\pi}{n^2} \right)}{\pi}$$

$$b_n = 0$$

$$s = \frac{1}{6} \pi^2 - \frac{1}{4} \cos(4x) - \cos(2x)$$



4) Find the complex form of the Fourier series for $f(x) = 2x$ in $(0, 2\pi)$

```
In [5]: var('x')
var('n')
assume(n, 'integer')
C=0
L=pi
f=piecewise([[0,2*pi],2*x])
Cn=1/(2*pi)*integrate(2*x*e^(-i*n*pi*x),x,0,2*pi)
Cn_neg1=1/(2*pi)*integrate(2*x*e^(-i*-1*pi*x),x,0,2*pi)
Cn_0=1/(2*pi)*integrate(2*x*e^(-i*0*pi*x),x,0,2*pi)
Cn_1=1/(2*pi)*integrate(2*x*e^(-i*1*pi*x),x,0,2*pi)
show("Cn = ", Cn)
show("Cn_neg1 = ", Cn_neg1)
show("Cn_0 = ", Cn_0)
show("Cn_1 = ", Cn_1)
s = Cn_neg1+Cn_0+Cn_1
show("s = ", s)
plot(f, 0, 2*pi, legend_label="2*x") + plot(s, x, 0, 2*pi, color="red", legend_label="Complex form of Fourier series")
```

$$C_n = \frac{(2i\pi^2n+1)e^{(-2i\pi^2n)}}{\pi^2n^2} - \frac{1}{\pi^2n^2}$$

$$C_{n_neg1} = -\frac{(2i\pi^2-1)e^{(2i\pi^2)}}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{\pi^2}$$

$$C_{n_0} = 2\pi$$

$$C_{n_1} = \frac{(2i\pi^2+1)e^{(-2i\pi^2)}}{\pi^2} - \frac{1}{\pi^2}$$

$$s = 2\pi - \frac{(2i\pi^2-1)e^{(2i\pi^2)}}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{\pi^2} + \frac{(2i\pi^2+1)e^{(-2i\pi^2)}}{\pi^2} - \frac{1}{\pi^2}$$

Out[5]:

