

Objective

The goal of this analysis is to explore how **trader behavior** — such as profitability, leverage, and trade volume — aligns or diverges from the **overall market sentiment**, categorized as *Fear* or *Greed*. The insights are intended to reveal trading patterns that could inform smarter strategies in a Web3 environment.

Datasets Used

1. Bitcoin Market Sentiment (Fear & Greed Index)

- Columns: date, classification
- Values range from *Extreme Fear* to *Extreme Greed*

2. Historical Trader Data from Hyperliquid

- Columns: Timestamp, Execution Price, Size, Side, ClosedPnL, Leverage, etc.
 - Cleaned and summarized into daily aggregates
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Data Preprocessing

- Unix millisecond timestamps converted to datetime
 - Daily aggregates computed:
 - Average execution price
 - Total trade size
 - Average and total PnL
 - Sentiment classification cleaned and normalized
 - Final merged dataset created on the common date field
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Key Insights from EDA

1. Average Profitability vs. Sentiment

- Traders had **higher average PnL during periods of Greed**.
- Profitability dropped significantly in periods classified as Fear or Extreme Fear.

2. Trade Volume vs. Sentiment

- Total trade volume was **generally higher during Fear**, indicating more cautious but frequent trading.
- This could suggest short-term strategies during uncertain times.

3. Execution Price Trends

- Execution price trends aligned moderately with sentiment phases.
- Greed phases often coincided with rising execution prices, hinting at bullish activity.



Visual Outputs

All charts saved in the outputs/ folder:

- avg_pnl_by_sentiment.png
- volume_by_sentiment.png
- exec_price_trend.png



Conclusion

The analysis indicates a **clear behavioral shift** between Fear and Greed phases. Understanding this sentiment-performance relationship can help in **optimizing entry/exit strategies** in volatile crypto markets.