Optimization Assignment - 2

Cheenepalli Chandana

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Problem Statement -let x and y be two real variables such that $x \ge 0$ and xy = 1 Find the minimum value of x + y

Solution

Theoretical approximation

Let x and y variables of the given function

Given

$$xy = 1 \tag{1}$$

can be written in quadratic form as

$$\mathbf{x}^{\top}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{x} + f = 0$$

The given constraints can be expressed as conics with parameters

$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = -1$$

And

$$x > 0 \tag{5}$$

The minimum value of the function is given by, Generally,

$$(x^2 - 1) \le 0 \quad \forall x \in \mathbf{R}$$

 $\implies -(x - 1)^2 \le 1$
 $\implies x^2 \le 1$

By solving this, we get

$$x = \pm 1 \tag{6}$$

$$since, its given x \ge 0$$

(9)

(3)

(4)

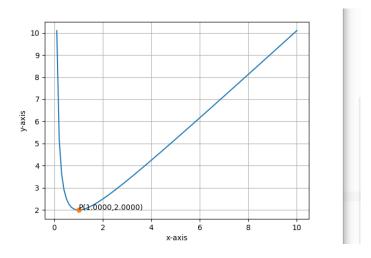


Figure 1: Graph of f(x) vs x

Gradient descent (2)

Let x be the variable of the given function The minimum value of given function is expressed as

$$f = \min_{x,y} x + y \tag{10}$$

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$$\mathbf{x}^{\top} \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \tag{12}$$

$$x \ge 0 \tag{13}$$

Using gradient ascent method we can find its minima

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + \alpha \nabla f(x_n) \tag{14}$$

$$\implies x_{n+1} = x_n + \alpha(\frac{1 - x^2}{x^2}) \tag{15}$$

Taking $x_0 = 1, \alpha = 0.001$ and precision = 0.00000001, values obtained using python are:

$$| Minima Point = 1 | (17)$$