

Big Data - Case Study

Subject - Big Data Analytics and Architecture

PROJECT

Automobile Analysis

Automobile Dataset Analysis Using Apache Hive

Project Overview

This project focuses on performing data analysis and insights extraction from an automobile dataset using Apache Hive. The primary goal is to use Hive's SQL-like capabilities to analyze key automotive trends such as company performance, vehicle distribution, fuel efficiency, and pricing patterns. The project demonstrates how to manage structured automotive data on a Big Data platform (**Cloudera/Hadoop**) and use **HiveQL** for analytical querying and decision support.

Dataset Description

The dataset, `automobiles.csv`, contains detailed information about various cars, including:

- Company
- Model
- Fuel Type
- Body Style
- Horsepower
- Engine Size
- Mileage
- Price
- Number of Cylinders
- Drive Type, etc.

Objectives

The key objectives of this project are:

- To import and store CSV data into Hive tables efficiently.
- To perform analytical queries on automobile specifications.
- To extract business insights like:
 - Most popular car manufacturers.
 - Average car price by fuel type or company.
 - Trends in engine size vs. price.
 - Correlation between horsepower and mileage.
 - Distribution of cars by body style.

Technologies Used

- **Apache Hive**
- **Hadoop (Cloudera environment)**
- **HiveQL (SQL-like queries)**
- **CSV file data ingestion**
- **HDFS storage**

Steps Performed

1. Created a database and Hive table schema for the automobile dataset.
2. Loaded CSV data from local/HDFS into the Hive table.
3. Executed multiple Hive queries to summarize and visualize insights:
 - `SELECT COUNT(*)` → total records.
 - `GROUP BY` → company and fuel analysis.
 - `AVG()` and `MAX()` → average and maximum price

insights.

- ORDER BY and LIMIT → top car makers and performance trends.

4. Generated analytical reports summarizing data-driven insights.

Key Insights

- Identified top 5 car manufacturers by number of models.
- Discovered pricing variations across fuel types.
- Observed the relationship between engine power and fuel efficiency.
- Highlighted dominant body styles and their market share.

Conclusion

This project showcases how Apache Hive can be leveraged for large-scale data analysis in the automotive sector. By integrating structured queries with big data tools, analysts can derive meaningful insights that support business intelligence and automotive market research

Use Database

```
cloudera@quickstart:~/Desktop
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hive

Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j.p
roperties
WARNING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended.
hive> use automobiles;
OK
Time taken: 0.806 seconds
hive> desc project_data;
OK
ordernumber          int
quantityordered      int
priceeach            double
orderlinenumber      int
sales                double
orderdate            string
productline          string
msrp                 int
productcode          string
country              string
dealsize              string
Time taken: 1.584 seconds, Fetched: 11 row(s)
hive> █
```

Load Data :

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/automobiles.csv' into table project_data;█
```

1. Total Number of Orders

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ORDERNUMBER) AS total_orders FROM project_data;
```

Insight: Shows total unique customer orders.

```
hive> use automobiles;
OK
Time taken: 0.666 seconds
hive> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ORDERNUMBER) AS total_orders FROM project_data;
```

Output -

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 4 seconds 200 msec
OK
298
```

2. Total Number of Products Sold

```
SELECT SUM(QUANTITYORDERED) AS total_quantity FROM project_data;
```

Insight: Total units sold across all orders.

```
hive> SELECT SUM(QUANTITYORDERED) AS total_quantity FROM project_data;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027003131_b6fb658f-26f7-4480-9bdb-64b753e3694a
Total jobs = 1
```

Output -

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 250 msec
OK
96428
```

3. Total Revenue

```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_revenue FROM project_data;
```

Insight: Overall revenue generated from all sales.

```
hive> SELECT ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_revenue FROM project_data;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027003636_def43d91-b48a-453e-b050-4d03b755d162
Total jobs = 1
```

Output –

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 350 msec
OK
9760221.71
```

4. Top 5 Product Lines by Sales

```
SELECT PRODUCTLINE, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
FROM project_data
GROUP BY PRODUCTLINE
ORDER BY total_sales DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Insight: Identifies which product categories bring the most revenue.

```
hive> select productline, round(sum(sales),2) as total_sales from project_data group by productline order by total_sales desc limit 5;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027004444_a23b76b9-57e4-4dc6-bdf7-c8e43abec29d
Total jobs = 2
Launching Job 1 out of 2
```

Output -

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 670 msec
OK
Classic Cars      3842868.54
Vintage Cars      1806675.68
Trucks and Buses  1111559.19
Motorcycles       1103512.19
Planes            969323.42
Time taken: 43.52 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> █
```

5. Top 5 Countries by Sales

```
SELECT COUNTRY, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
FROM project_data
```

GROUP BY COUNTRY

ORDER BY total_sales DESC

LIMIT 5;

Insight: Shows which countries contribute most to sales.

```
hive> select country, round(sum(sales),2) as total_sales from project_data group by country order by total_sales desc limit 5;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027005252_c165fcf0-addb-45d1-8495-f5a96e8cff86
Total jobs = 2
```

Output –

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 750 msec
OK
USA      3355575.69
Spain    1215686.92
France   1110916.52
Australia 630623.1
UK        478880.46
Time taken: 42.645 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> █
```

6. Monthly Sales Trend

Insight: Reveals sales pattern month-by-month.

```
Time taken: 42.645 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> SELECT SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7) AS month_year, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS monthly_sales
> FROM project_data
> GROUP BY SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7)
> ORDER BY month_year;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027010000_22dc5b32-56ff-42c9-b9f0-7e0a6555f40c
Total jobs = 2
```


Output –

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 980 msec
OK
01-2018 129753.6
01-2019 292688.1
01-2020 339543.42
02-2018 140836.19
02-2019 311419.53
02-2020 303982.56
03-2018 155809.32
03-2019 205733.73
03-2020 374262.76
04-2018 201609.55
04-2019 206148.12
04-2020 261633.29
05-2018 192673.11
05-2019 273438.39
05-2020 457861.06
06-2018 168082.56
06-2019 286674.22
07-2018 187731.88
07-2019 327144.09
08-2018 197809.3
08-2019 461501.27
09-2018 263973.36
09-2019 320750.91
10-2018 448452.95
10-2019 552924.25
11-2018 1029837.66
11-2019 1058699.29
12-2018 236444.58
12-2019 372802.66
ERDATE NULL
Time taken: 41.216 seconds, Fetched: 30 row(s)
hive> █
```

7. Average Sale per Order

```
SELECT ROUND(SUM(SALES)/COUNT(DISTINCT ORDERNUMBER),2) AS avg_sale_per_order

FROM project_data;
```

Insight: Shows how much revenue an average order brings.

```
hive> SELECT ROUND(SUM(SALES)/COUNT(DISTINCT ORDERNUMBER),2) AS avg_sale_per_order
> FROM project_data;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027010606_d94103f6-0f71-4fb9-b5ca-aa3489482d77
Total jobs = 1
Execution Time: 1.00 sec of 1
```

Output –

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.19 sec HDFS Read: 214306 HDFS Write: 9 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 190 msec
OK
32752.42
-----
```

8. Deal Size Distribution

```
SELECT DEALSIZE, COUNT(*) AS num_orders, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales

FROM project_data

GROUP BY DEALSIZE

ORDER BY total_sales DESC;
```

Insight: Compares performance of Small, Medium, and Large deals.

```
hive> SELECT DEALSIZE, COUNT(*) AS num_orders, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
> FROM project_data
> GROUP BY DEALSIZE
> ORDER BY total_sales DESC;
```

Query ID = cloudera_20251027011111_94c8e703-c3bd-40d4-8e26-a62be7052355

Total jobs = 2

Output –

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 730 msec

OK

Medium	1349	5931231.47
--------	------	------------

Small	1246	2570033.84
-------	------	------------

Large	152	1258956.4
-------	-----	-----------

DEALSIZE	1	NULL
----------	---	------

Time taken: 38.531 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)

hive> █

9. Top 5 Best-Selling Products

```
SELECT PRODUCTCODE, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
```

```
FROM project_data
```

```
GROUP BY PRODUCTCODE
```

```
ORDER BY total_sales DESC
```

```
LIMIT 5;
```

Insight: Identifies top-performing product codes.

Time taken: 38.531 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)

```
hive> SELECT PRODUCTCODE, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
```

```
> FROM project_data
```

```
> GROUP BY PRODUCTCODE
```

```
> ORDER BY total_sales DESC
```

```
> LIMIT 5;
```

Query ID = cloudera_20251027011616_c265bc30-ad95-4ccd-982e-3849bb8a428f

Total jobs = 2

Launching job 1 out of 2

Output -

```

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 740 msec
OK
S18_3232          284249.02
S10_1949          179815.23
S12_1108          168585.32
S10_4698          158202.48
S18_2238          154623.95
Time taken: 40.513 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> █

```

10. Average Price per Product Line

```

SELECT PRODUCTLINE, ROUND(AVG(PRICEEACH),2) AS avg_price
FROM project_data
GROUP BY PRODUCTLINE
ORDER BY avg_price DESC;

```

```

hive> SELECT PRODUCTLINE, ROUND(AVG(PRICEEACH),2) AS avg_price
> FROM project_data
> GROUP BY PRODUCTLINE
> ORDER BY avg_price DESC;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027012222_e56e48cf-2b49-4ef3-a33b-79b599482f7d
Total jobs = 2

```

Output –

```

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 4 seconds 290 msec
OK
Classic Cars      115.2
Trucks and Buses  104.34
Motorcycles       99.77
Planes  90.52
Vintage Cars      90.01
Ships  88.17
Trains  84.11
PRODUCTLINE      NULL
Time taken: 44.137 seconds, Fetched: 8 row(s)
hive> █

```

11. Identify Peak Selling Month

```

SELECT SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7) AS month_year, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
FROM project_data
GROUP BY SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7)
ORDER BY total_sales DESC
LIMIT 1;

```

Insight: Finds the month with the highest sales — useful for demand forecasting.

```

Time taken: 44.137 seconds, Fetched: 8 row(s)
hive> SELECT SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7) AS month_year, ROUND(SUM(SALES),2) AS total_sales
> FROM project_data
> GROUP BY SUBSTR(ORDERDATE, 4, 7)
> ORDER BY total_sales DESC
> LIMIT 1;
Query ID = cloudera_20251027013636_ebc92c5b-fbb9-468f-a02a-73f69b324912
Total jobs = 2

```

Output –

```

Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 4 seconds 750 msec
OK
11-2019 1058699.29
Time taken: 48.181 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive> █

```

12. Difference Between MSRP and Actual Price

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(MSRP - PRICEEACH),2) AS avg_discount  
FROM project_data;
```

Insight: Average difference between suggested retail price and actual selling price — measures discounts.

```
Time taken: 48.181 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)  
hive> SELECT ROUND(AVG(MSRP - PRICEEACH),2) AS avg_discount  
      > FROM project_data;  
Query ID = cloudera_20251027014444_86c1ccda-2bfc-4d07-aca9-c5b6687fcd14  
Total jobs = 1
```

Output –

```
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 880 msec  
OK  
-0.41  
Time taken: 26.828 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)  
hive> █
```