class 6' (1). Rangalore la chamas bangelove le Hosul M1=1200 N, = 700 CAD 2, 2 452 2 12 2 12 Server Stage 5 2 5 135 Judous (x, -(x, ) - (M, - M2) V 5,3 - 5,3 t = (452-523) -0 ( 1200 ) 600 ( 12)<sup>2</sup> (185)<sup>2</sup> VZ7.45142.78 1+ = -7.92 Hypotheris Stalenals: HO: PB>C = R>H H, ' MB-c + M > H : 1,+12 -> n,+1,-2 degreeg freedom df = n, +n2 - 2 = 1200+ 800-2 Is the degreey feedom in very high and considering 95 1 interest tabled x ±1.96



Since territical < t. so rejecting the necle breproduers (Ho).

Cothe newson of people bravielly from bengelove to chemod in different from neurose of people travelling from Langabore to different from neurose of people travelling from Langabore to How.

(2) Problem Stoleich 2:

Hyphieis slatent ?

Ho: M, -M2 = 65

A, = M, -M2 + 45.

Duracely

Ever 9? 201

M = 100

N2 = 100

x, =308

22 2 224

2, = 84.

464 52 = 67

 $t = \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right)$   $= \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right)$   $= \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right)$   $= \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{x_1} - \frac{1}{x_2}\right)$ 

s + 10051 =

 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{308 - 254}{100} - 45$ 

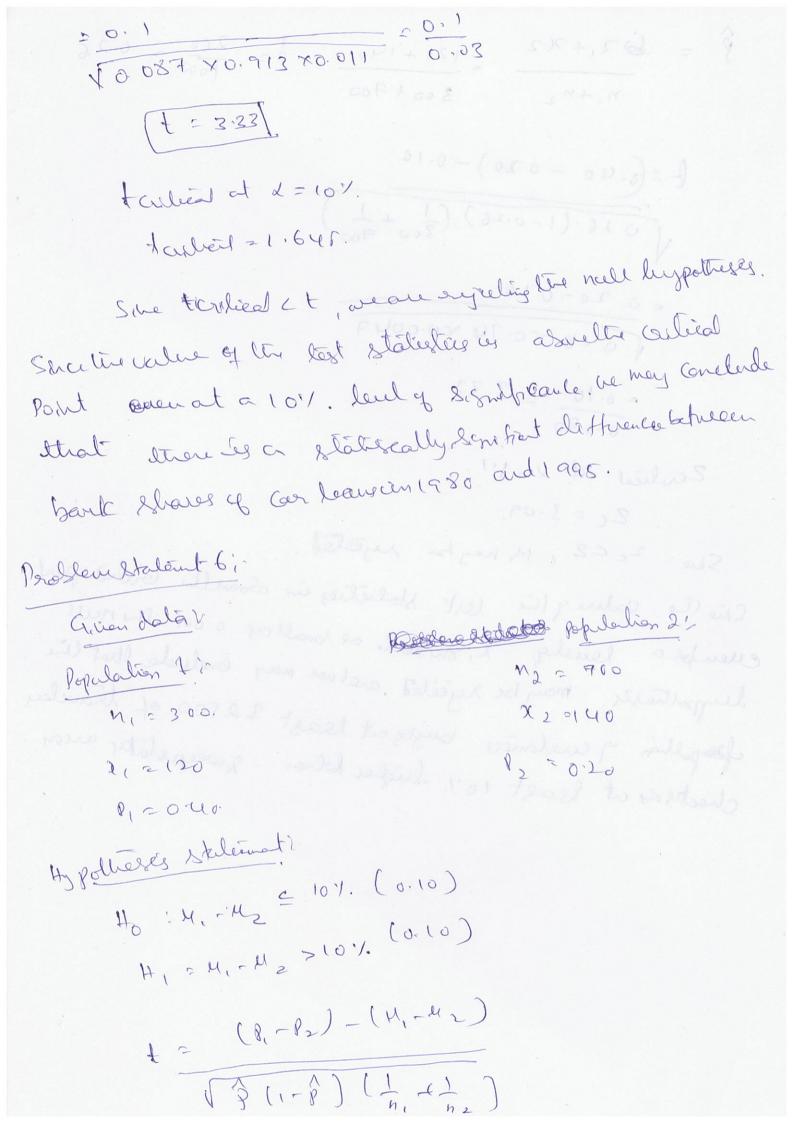
= V70.50+44.89

10.74 (t=0.037) dagueg freedom (dt); n.th. -2 = 100 + 100 - 2 adt= 198 cht, M + crédécat = + 1.984/ 2=0.05 ED PO . O F C F 81 . O 3 -1.784 0.837 +1.984 Sonce t Ordred > t, anogle le réject lie nue hypothèses. Problem Statement 310 000 (120-12180) 34 Hypothesis stelement. Ho: M, -M, =0. Hy + M, - M2 + 0. given dala. Population 1: Paice of Sugar = 19. 27.50 M, = 14. 4, = 0.3(7), and Morrall, galage erace C1 = 0-12%. Population 2: Brice of Sugges = Re. 20.00. S2 = 0.11.10 M2 = 9 22 = 0.21.1.

degree of freedom of = 4, + 42 - 2 df = 1449-2
[df = 21]  $Sp^2 = (n-1)S_1^2 + (n_2-1)S_2^2$ n, + n2 - 2 = (14-1)(0.12)2+ (9-1)(0.11)2 E0.18A2+0.0963 [S]=0.0135 (n, -x2) - (H, -H2) Sp ( 1 ) 1 ) Selso 1 0 12 t = (0.317-0-21) ro 0. (76 (VIII- ) & DROWS 0.126(V0.071+0.111) = 0.107 = 0, 10 7 04 2 2.165. tordical at <=57. is 2.080. Sheet critical weare rijecting thenull drypothere's.

Problem Stolerut (1) Givendolar Populalien 2 Populaties 1 K2 = 16870 Y, = PS. 659 8. 52 - 669 S1= 83. 844. Hypothere's Stoleneut. Ho: M.-H2 (no increase in sales) H, : M, AM L ( in creale in bales). t = (x, -x, ) - (H, -M2) Sprint in the state careally post  $S_{8} = \left(n_{1}-1\right)S_{1}^{2} + (n_{2}-1)S_{2}^{2}$   $m_{1}+m_{2}-2$  $Sp = \frac{(15-1)(844)^2 + (12-6)(669)^2}{15+12-2}$ t = (6568-6870)-0 771.903/15+12/ (t=-0.909) - INO-120 deserg freedon dy: h,+h2-2

Considereis 2 = 10.1. at in a 2 tabled legt x/2 and fc= ± 1.676 test syeeting the null hypothesis? Problem statement 5: Grien Delain Population 2 148 2001/2 Population ! M2 = 100. 22 = (e3 2,=53. P2 = 0.53. C. H., 4)-C.x-,5) Pi= 0-53 Hygoltieses stelent Ho: Q, -M, =0 H, M, -M 2 +0. M) 2 2 (1-19) t = (P,-M2) - (M,-M2)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{8}} \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} \right) \left( \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \right)$  $\hat{\gamma} = \frac{\chi_1 + \chi_2}{\chi_1 + \chi_2}$ D= 33+43 =96 = 0.087. 1000 + 100 1100 t = 0.53-0.43 -0 (0.0087 (1-0.087) (to00 +20) V0.087 (1-0,087)(1000+100)



2920 + 140/0 0x P = 260 = 0.26 B = 602,+212 300 + 700 n, +n2 l=(0.40 -0.20)=0.10  $\sqrt{0.16(1-0.26)(\frac{1}{300}+\frac{1}{400})}$ 2.20-0.10 0.26 × 0.74 × 0.0047 - 8.10 2 3.33 plust. Volo to were that "words wo v. 030 Lad uplyllosed by sel well doubt 2 culciel at 2211 ; 8 promonder so go recole shoot She 2002, Honoy by rejected. Che le value que los statuelies in abouelle couleir point cumple lovely liquideance at small of 0.001 the necle duppotterée may be rejected and use many onclude that the forpellén 7 andoniers buying at least \$2500 of léaveley cheeks is at loast 10%. Ingher bothen sweepstater arem. (010), Not 2 (010)

Iroslam Stolemant 7: Given dalar A die in theman 132 times. Manyer lieved up 1,2,3,4,5,6 flequency. 16,20, 25,14, 29,23, Hypotheses statement Ho: die is unsiased. H, die se bioled. Expected freezes (nrg) obsievation 22 8 11 623 5 7014 16 210 20 1 = 2 22 25 22 14 22 29 2 2 28 X = 6 £ ((0-E;))2  $\left(16 - 2)^{2} + (20 - 22)^{2} + (14 - 22)^{2} + (14 - 22)^{2} + (14 - 22)^{2} + (14 - 22)^{2}\right)$ 22 [36+4+9+64+Ce9+36] (x) = 9 132 x 132 x 132 = bashi son worker Degree q freedom = h-1 = 6++=s.3-0) Flow Chisqual Table Callied who X = 11.07

KC >X

Sinea le les tost statustical outrest value in greatif that text value andle to reget the null by polhers to (ie diecis au Scrofel)

Proslem Stalenet 8;

	Men	woner	Tolal
voled (M)	2792	2591	6383
Not voted	1486	2131	3 617
Mel Obeca	9.2	5722	1000

Hypothesis Statement's

Ho: Gerder and volling are condependent,

H, : Guder ad Votergaredependent.

Women voled = 5722 × 6383 = 3652

Women pot voted = 5722 × 3617 = 2069

$$X_{\alpha}^{2} = \mathcal{E}\left[\left(0 - \mathcal{E}\right)^{2}\right]$$

 $= (2792 - 2730)^{2} + (3591 - 3652)^{2} + (3$ (1486-1567) + (2131-2069) x2=106-689() (14-11) + (20 Degree gleedom et = (n-1) (n-1 = (2-1)(2-1) From chiquaulelle = 3.84 (20.05) for 95 1. -, Xendied X cretical X So, rijeeling the null hypotheses voluels rendrealig that Gouder ad volingare iendependent. Problem Statement 9: apen data. n=100. (Sample votees). Obseration for 4 Cardidales Higgirs leadown while Chaellen 16. L. P.C. X=14.96 df=3 ~=0.05 >5.15 Hypothesis Statement

All condidates are Grally popular All andidoles are not Equally Repulse Expuled value E7 = 100 = 25 (Equal probability)  $\chi^2 = \Sigma\left(\left(0; -\varepsilon;\right)^2\right)$ (19-25)2+(24-25)2+(16-25)2)  $=\frac{1}{25}\left((41-25)^2+\right)$ = 1 [256+36+1+81] dt=3 \* Carlied = 7.81 al 2 = 0.05. X= 14.96. The callied 2 x2 so rejecting the nut hypothesis All lie Candidates are not Equally popular statement 10 is 18 40 7-8 70 40 (0) 200 100 60 40 2 =0.05 x= 29.4. dd=4. No relationship believe age and pholographs preferences Hypotheris Statement: There between age and photograph

Ase group (5-6) for 
$$A = \frac{40800}{260} = 12$$
.

Ase group (5-6) M  $B = \frac{60860}{260} = 18$ 

Ase group (5-6) for  $C = \frac{60400}{200} = 30$ .

Ase group (7-3) for  $B = \frac{60840}{200} = 20$ .

Ase group (7-3) for  $B = \frac{60840}{200} = 20$ .

As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100840}{200} = 20$ .

As group (9-10) for  $B = \frac{60800}{200} = 20$ .

As group (9-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 20$ .

As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

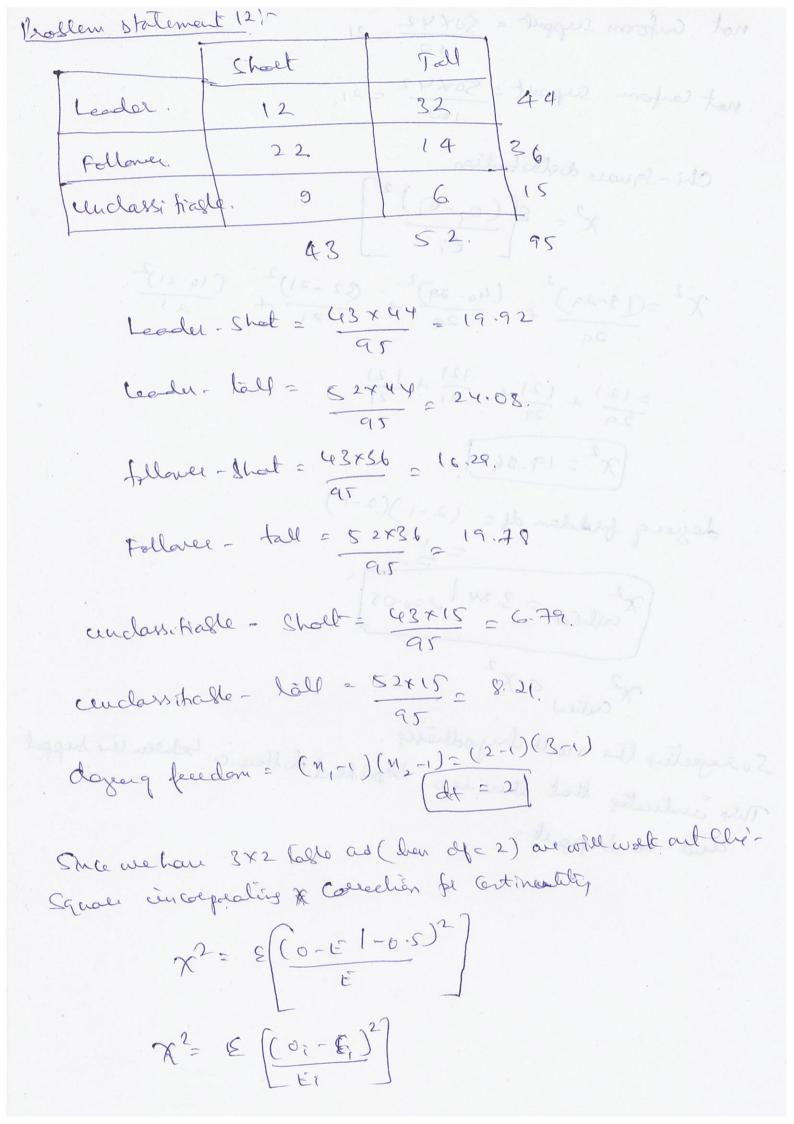
$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .

$$As group (7-10) for  $C = \frac{100490}{200} = 25$ .$$$$$$$$$$$$

depoeg freedom = (n-1) (n-1) = (3-1)(3-1) (X = 9.49) Since Gillied values less than the x value sejecters the nell It indivales that there is a significant relationship between agend epholograph freferences. Problem Statement 11: No Support. Not Conform to x2 = 19.87, d+=1, 2=0.05 Ho : No Significant different between the Support and ho Support Hypothesis Stalenat 1 H, : Sognificant difference before the supported no support andthy Conform Support = 50758 = 29. Canform Mon-Support = 58 + 50 = 29.

Conform Support = 50x42 = 21 not Conform Support = 50×42 = 21. Chi-Square dietaibulias  $\chi^2 = \mathcal{E}\left(0, -\mathcal{E}_i\right)^2$  $\chi^2 = (18-29)^2 + (40-29)^2 + (32-21)^2 + (10-21)^2$  $=\frac{121}{29}+\frac{121}{29}+\frac{121}{21}+\frac{121}{21}$ (x2 = 19.868) 1 = 22820 = tall seveled (x2 califed = 3.84 / 2=0.05) X Cartical CX Surgesters the nall hypothèsis. This indicates that there is a significant difference between his support and no support " and has also see the



 $= (12 - 19.92)^{2} + (22 - 24.08)^{2} + (22 - 16.29)^{2} + (14 - 19.71)^{2}$   $= (12 - 19.92)^{2} + (22 - 16.29)^{2} + (14 - 19.71)^{2}$   $= (12 - 19.92)^{2} + (22 - 16.29)^{2} + (14 - 19.71)^{2}$ + (9-6.79)2 - (6-8.21)2 box 8 200 whole  $(x^2 = 10.712)$ (xalua)= 5.991 10.712 is greater than x at 0.01, Significance level. Hence they is a estationship between heights and landership qualities. Problem State mat 13 ! More married. Maried. | Widowd & Separated. 679 Unsuployed. Not in lasor been 42 (8 Emplayed at maried = 784 x896 = 654.063. Employed & wildowed, dushed = 131 x 896 = 109,288 (0740) Employed & nieue noesciel = 159 x 896 = 132.6 ce 8. un suplayed & married 2 784 x 93 267.88F. 1076 unsuplayed & david ad = 131×93 = 11.843. er unployed & onever marent - 159 × 93 = 13. 763.

Not in balon & mouried = 784×85 62.043. Motivilade 9 widard (durited = 131x85 = 10.367 Not un loss & pener married = 159 x 85 = 12-583.  $\chi^2 = \mathcal{E}\left(0; -E;\right)^2$ = (679-654.063) + (103-109.288)<sup>2</sup> + (114-132.648)<sup>2</sup> 654.063  $+(63-67-888)^{2} + (10-11.343)^{2} + (20-13.763)^{3}$ 67-933  $+(62-62.048)^{2}$   $+(18-10.364)^{2}$   $+(25-12.583)^{2}$   $+(25-12.583)^{2}$ SA field we love told  $\chi^2 = 31.616$ df = (n=1)(n-1)= (3-1)(3-1)=4. 22 cd = 0.05 R2 = 9.69 To cxt so rejecting the nell hypothèsis. it indication Stat men q different moerles states have different distribution of books force stolay . + Pos Ens 11 . Eb 2.181 esuspepted & mens want = 154 797 - 13. 763