

## ASSIGNMENT 6:-

### PROBLEM STATEMENT :

Uploading a static website on AWS S3.

To upload the website ->

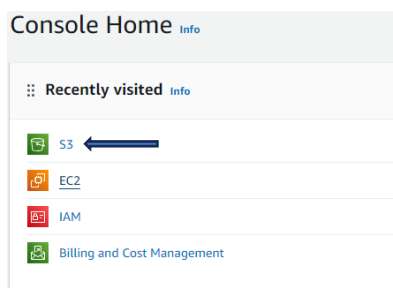
STEP 1-> Create 3 Static Webpages using HTML

```
index.html X about.html services.html
index.html > html > head > title
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <meta charset="UTF-8">
5   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6   <title>Index Page</title>
7 </head>
8 <body>
9   <a href="about.html"> About Page</a>
10  <a href="services.html"> Services Page</a>
11 </body>
12 </html>
```

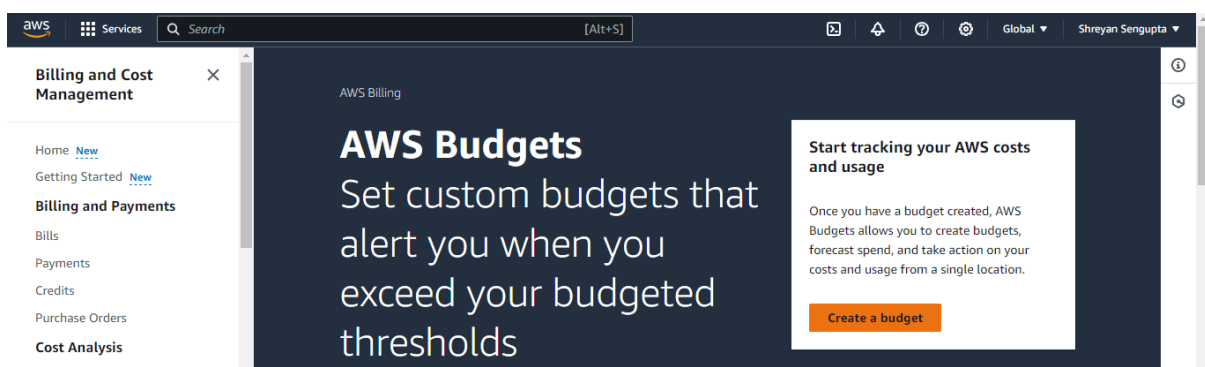
```
index.html about.html X services.html
about.html > html > body > a
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <meta charset="UTF-8">
5   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6   <title>About Page</title>
7 </head>
8 <body>
9   <a href="index.html">Index Page</a>
10  <a href="services.html">Services Page</a>
11 </body>
12 </html>
```

```
index.html about.html services.html X
services.html > html > body > C:\Users\sengu\OneDrive\Desktop\HTML\services.html
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <meta charset="UTF-8">
5   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6   <title>Services Page</title>
7 </head>
8 <body>
9   <a href="index.html">Index Page</a>
10  <a href="about.html">About Page</a>
11 </body>
12 </html>
```

STEP 2-> Click on the S3 button



STEP 3->Click on "Create Bucket".



STEP 4-> Give name, and Select “ACL s enabled” option under the Object Ownership heading.

Instances | EC2 | ap-south-1 | Instance details | EC2 | ap-south-1 | Create S3 bucket | S3 | ap-south-1

ap-south-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/bucket/create?region=ap-south-1&bucketType=general

AWS Region  
Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1

Bucket name [Info](#)  
shreyanbucket  
Bucket name must be unique within the global namespace and follow the bucket naming rules. [See rules for bucket naming](#)

Copy settings from existing bucket - optional  
Only the bucket settings in the following configuration are copied.  
[Choose bucket](#)  
Format: s3://bucket/prefix

**Object Ownership** [Info](#)  
Control ownership of objects written to this bucket from other AWS accounts and the use of access control lists (ACLs). Object ownership determines who can specify access to objects.

☐ ACLs disabled (recommended)  
All objects in this bucket are owned by this account. Access to this bucket and its objects is specified using only policies.

☒ ACLs enabled  
Objects in this bucket can be owned by other AWS accounts. Access to this bucket and its objects can be specified using ACLs.

⚠ We recommend disabling ACLs, unless you need to control access for each object individually or to have the object writer own the data they upload. Using a bucket policy instead of ACLs to share data with users outside of your account simplifies permissions management and auditing.

CloudShell Feedback

© 2024, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookie preferences

Type here to search

29°C Haze 20:33 07-04-2024

STEP 5-> Uncheck Block all public access & click the I acknowledge checkbox

Instances | EC2 | ap-south-1 | Instance details | EC2 | ap-south-1 | Create S3 bucket | S3 | ap-south-1

ap-south-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/bucket/create?region=ap-south-1&bucketType=general

AWS Region  
Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1

Bucket name [Info](#)  
shreyanbucket  
Bucket name must be unique within the global namespace and follow the bucket naming rules. [See rules for bucket naming](#)

Copy settings from existing bucket - optional  
Only the bucket settings in the following configuration are copied.  
[Choose bucket](#)  
Format: s3://bucket/prefix

**Block all public access**  
Turning this setting on is the same as turning on all four settings below. Each of the following settings are independent of one another.

☐ Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new access control lists (ACLs)  
S3 will block public access permissions applied to newly added buckets or objects, and prevent the creation of new public access ACLs for existing buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing permissions that allow public access to S3 resources using ACLs.

☐ Block public access to buckets and objects granted through any access control lists (ACLs)  
S3 will ignore all ACLs that grant public access to buckets and objects.

☐ Block public access to buckets and objects granted through new public bucket or access point policies  
S3 will block new bucket and access point policies that grant public access to buckets and objects. This setting doesn't change any existing policies that allow public access to S3 resources.

☐ Block public and cross-account access to buckets and objects through any public bucket or access point policies  
S3 will ignore public and cross-account access for buckets or access points with policies that grant public access to buckets and objects.

⚠ Turning off block all public access might result in this bucket and the objects within becoming public. AWS recommends that you turn on block all public access, unless public access is required for specific and verified use cases such as static website hosting.

☒ I acknowledge that the current settings might result in this bucket and the objects within becoming public.

**Bucket Versioning**  
Versioning is a means of keeping multiple variants of an object in the same bucket. You can use versioning to preserve, retrieve, and restore deleted objects from your Amazon S3 bucket. With versioning, you can easily recover from both unintentional and intentional deletions.

CloudShell Feedback

© 2024, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy Terms Cookie preferences

Type here to search

29°C Haze 20:36 07-04-2024

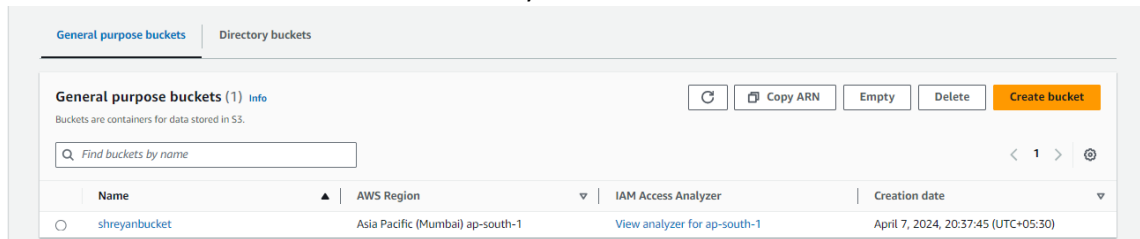
STEP 6-> Click on Create Bucket.

► Advanced settings

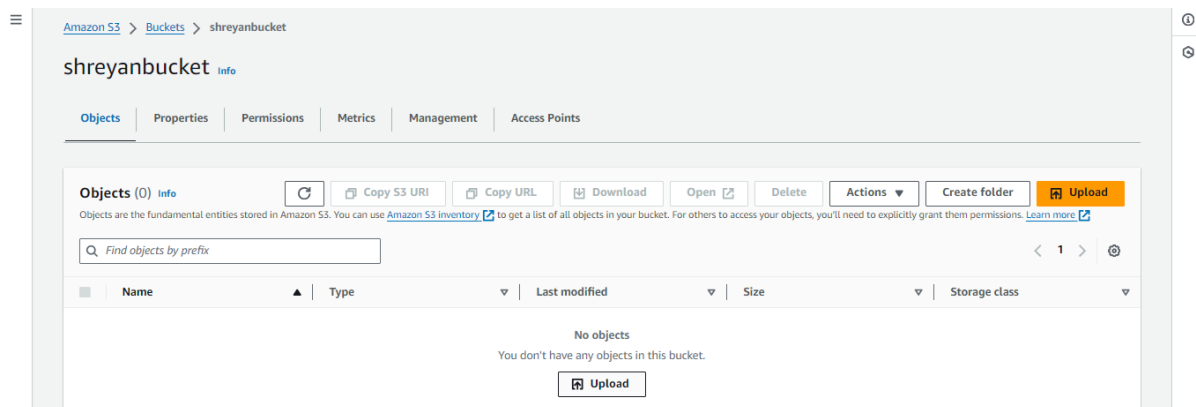
[i](#) After creating the bucket, you can upload files and folders to the bucket, and configure additional bucket settings.

Cancel [Create bucket](#)

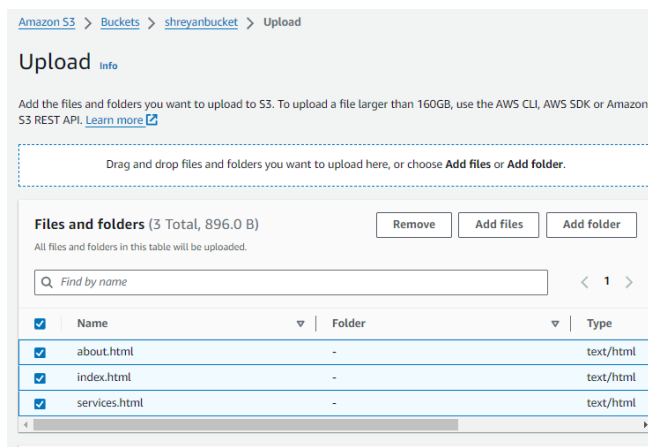
STEP 7->The Bucket is thus created successfully



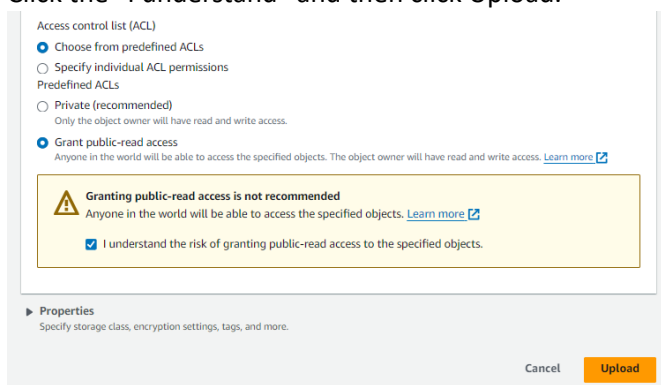
STEP 8-> Click on the Bucket and then click on Upload.



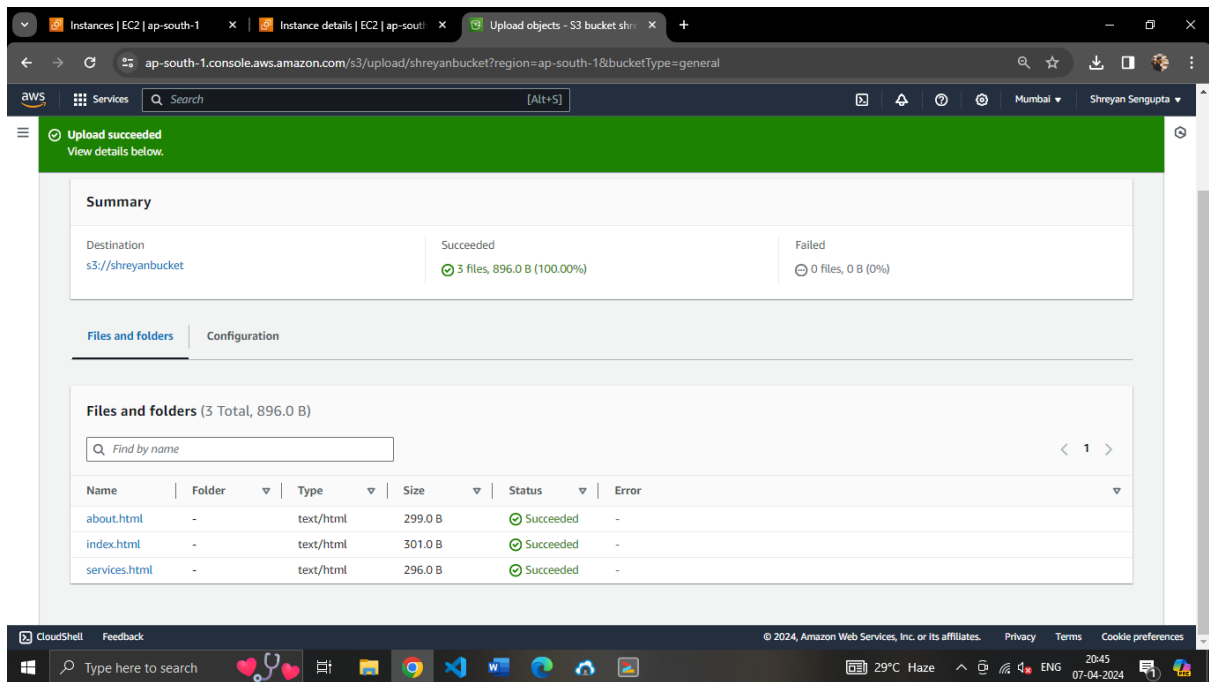
STEP 9-> Click on Add file and then add the static html files.



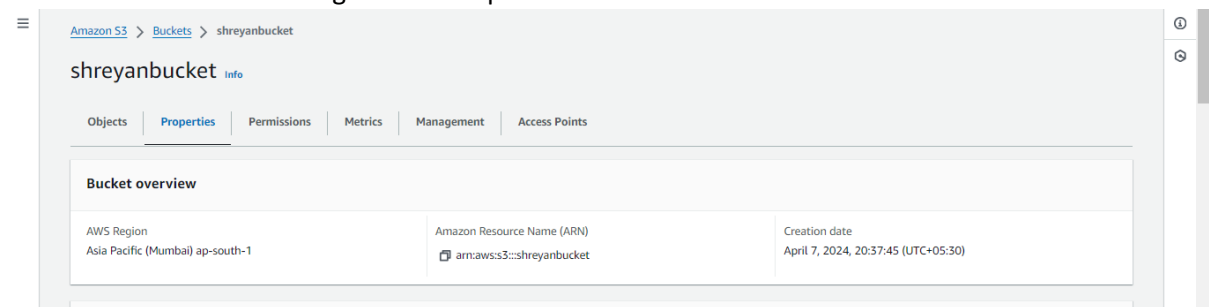
STEP 10-> Then Click on permission option then Select Granting Public Read Access option. Then Click the "I understand" and then click Upload.



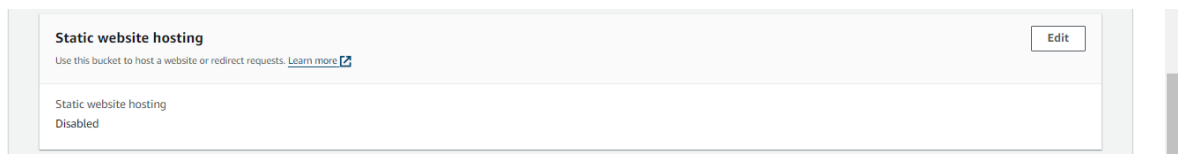
STEP 11-> The file has been uploaded successfully.



STEP 12-> From the bucket go to the Properties.



STEP 13-> Scroll down to the last-->In Static Website Hosting, click on Edit .



STEP 14-> click on Enable Radiobutton. Then Give the name of the index file "index.html".

**Static website hosting**  
Use this bucket to host a website or redirect requests. [Learn more](#)

Static website hosting

☐ Disable

☒ Enable

Hosting type

☒ Host a static website  
Use the bucket endpoint as the web address. [Learn more](#)

☐ Redirect requests for an object  
Redirect requests to another bucket or domain. [Learn more](#)

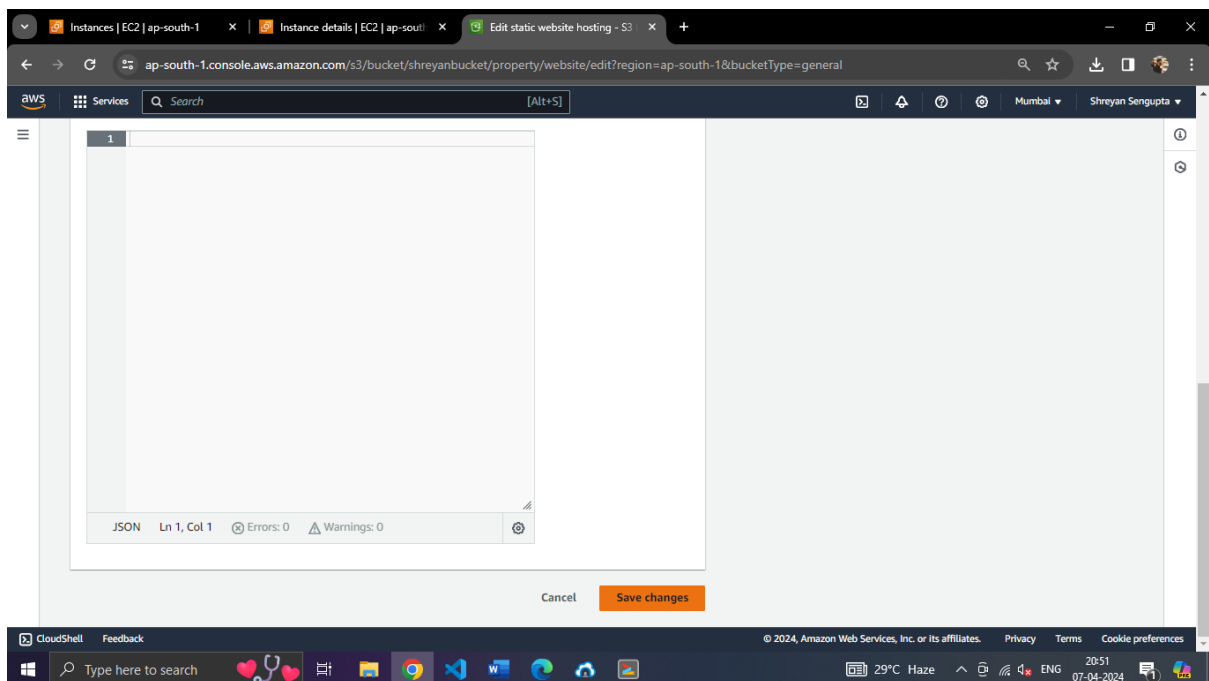
**Index document**  
Specify the home or default page of the website.

index.html

**Error document - optional**  
This is returned when an error occurs.

error.html

STEP 15-> Click on “Save Changes”



STEP 16-> From Static Website Hosting copy the URL.

**Static website hosting** Edit

Use this bucket to host a website or redirect requests. [Learn more](#)

Static website hosting

Enabled

Hosting type

Bucket hosting

Bucket website endpoint

When you configure your bucket as a static website, the website is available at the AWS Region-specific website endpoint of the bucket. [Learn more](#)

<http://shreyanbucket.s3-website-ap-south-1.amazonaws.com>

STEP 17-> Open a new window and paste the URL

