

Answer and Explanations:

que	ans	que	ans	que	ans	que	ans	que	ans
251	a	261	b	271	a	281	a	291	c
252	b	262	c	272	a	282	a	292	a
253	a	263	a	273	a	283	b	293	c
254	a	264	a	274	c	284	b	294	b
255	c	265	b	275	c	285	a	295	b
256	c	266	a	276	b	286	c	296	b
257	d	267	b	277	b	287	a	297	b
258	c	268	d	278	b	288	c	298	c
259	d	269	d	279	a	289	b	299	a
260	b	270	b	280	a	290	b	300	a

Ans251. (a) Use myself after avail. We use a reflexive pronoun after the following verbs – Amuse ,avail, blame ,cut ,dry, enjoy, help ,hurt ,behave, introduce ,kill, adapt, absent , reconcile and enjoy.

Ans252. (b) Replace have by has. Everyone is singular so singular verb will be used. Has will be used.

Ans253. (a) Replace that by who.

Ans254. (a) The subject is our school team(Singular) so its opponents will be used.

Ans255. (c) Replace each other by one another. Use “each other” when referring to two things. Use “one another” when referring to three or more things.

Ans256. (c) Each of is followed by a plural pronoun or noun but verb used will be singular so his will replace their.

Ans257. (d) No error.

Ans258. (c) Replace she was by “They were”

Ans259. (d)

Ans260. (b) Replace me by I. While making comparisons in pronouns the pronouns compared should be of the same case. It means either both should be of the nominative pronouns or both should be objective pronouns.

Ans261. (b) (collusion/collision (Collusion is a conspiracy to do something wrong and collision is when two things hit violently against each other)

Ans262. (c) Group is singular so was will be used instead of were.

Ans263. (a) Instead of many time many times will be used

Ans264. (a) Remove to (We don't use into/in with entered)

Ans265. (b) Instead of ban we have to use banned. With has/have third form of the verb is used (ban,banned,banned)

Ans266. (a) After many a singular noun follows along with singular verb.

Ans267. (b) In sentences in the active voice we do not use of with comprises. So eliminate of.

Ans268. (d) Knowledge and wisdom go in pairs we they will be treated as singular and singular verb will be used. Therefore no error in the sentence.

Ans269. (d) No error

Ans270. (b) For sentences beginning with - It is high time /It's time we use simple past tense in the latter part of the sentence so renovate will be replaced by renovated.

Ans271. (a) Use article the before the word headmaster.

Ans272. (a) Innings is the correct word and not inning.

Ans273. (a) The given sentence is an interrogative sentence .In interrogative sentences the interrogative words are followed by the helping verb. So how long will be followed by does it take.

Ans274. (c) When pronoun one is used in the beginning of the sentence oneself and one's will be used and not his or himself. In part C use one's and not his.

Ans275. (c) With prefer 'than' is not used. With prefer to is used. So replace than by to in part C.

Ans276. (b) Laying down is incorrect. Lay is used when a hen lays eggs. Use lying down which means to take rest.

Ans277. (b) Much too is incorrect. Reverse the order and use too much

Ans278. (b) Eliminate who

Ans279. (a) Use had after hardly. When an adverb is used in the beginning of a sentence like hardly/Scarcely etc

it is followed by a helping verb and not a noun or pronoun.

Ans280. (a) The sentence is in past tense use jumped instead of jump.

Ans281. (a) Instead of walking along use while walking along.

Ans282. (a) Verb 'tell' is always followed by an object. Hence, Shyam says/ Shyam is saying/Shyam is telling me..... should be used.

Ans283. (b) Here, great skill in keeping should be used. The word skill means : the ability to do something well, while the word talent means : a natural ability to do something.

Ans284. (b) One of is followed by a Plural Noun/Pronoun but a Singular Verb is used. Hence, one of the volcanic eruptions takes place should be used.

Ans285. (a) Passive voice is used when the subject does not do something himself. Active voice is used when the subject does something himself. Here, Passive Voice should be used. Hence, tea is grown will be a correct usage.

Ans286. (c) Article 'the' is not used before the words - Jail, prison, school; college etc in general sense.

Hence, he had in jail..... is a correct usage.

Ans287. (a) Reflexive pronoun myself will be used with avail.

Ans288. (c) Use article the before world.

Ans289. (b) Eliminate much before larger as larger is already in the comparative degree.

Ans290. (b) A stitch in time saves nine is the correct form of proverb. It means : It is better to deal with something immediately because if you wait it may become worse.

Ans291. (c) The word **slay (Verb)** means: to kill somebody/something. Its past participle form (V3) Is **slain**.

Hence, **where it was slain by the kidnapper** should be used.

Ans292. (a) Here, I was spending a holiday ... should be used. Having is only used for having fun and having food.

Ans293. (c) Idiom dispense with something/somebody means: to stop using somebody/something. Hence, dispensed with ... will be a correct usage.

Ans294. (b) The word overflow (Verb) means: to be so full that the contents go over the sides. Its past participle form is overflowed. The structure of a sentence in Present - Perfect is: Subject + has/have+ V3.Hence, and it has overflowed will be a correct usage. Overflown means to fly over a territory or an area.

Ans295. (b) Here, 'debar' should be followed by a gerund, Hence, replace to appear by from appearing.

Ans296. (b) The structure of some sentences is : Noun + Preposition + Noun +

In such sentences, the verb agrees with the number and person of the Noun that comes before the first preposition.

Here, the subject a rise is Singular that will take Singular Verb i.e. has been found.

Ans297. (b) Here, antecedent of who (Relative Pronoun) is I that will agree with 'am'.

Ans298. (c) Here, a comparison has been made between two cities. Hence, comparative degree should be used. Hence, replace biggest by bigger.

Ans299. (a) With entered into is not used.

Ans300. (a) was will be replaced with were as it is an imaginary/hypothetical situation. In hypothetical situations was is not used. Even with singular subjects were is used.