Install and configure Postgresql-15, PL/Java, and DB client on RHEL 8.x

Install and configure Postgresql-15

1. Update the Server:

dnf update -y

2. Install the prerequisites:

dnf install pg_top_15 gcc-c++ dnf install java-17-openjdk java-17-openjdk-devel dnf install redhat-rpm-config -y dnf --enablerepo=ol8_codeready_builder install perl-IPC-Run

3. Install the repository RPM:

 $dnfinstall-y\ https://download.postgresql.org/pub/repos/yum/reporpms/EL-8-x86_64/pgdg-redhat-repo-latest.noarch.rpm$

4. Disable the built-in PostgreSQL module:

dnf -qy module disable postgresql

5. Install PostgreSQL:

dnf install -y postgresql15 postgresql15-server postgresql15-contrib postgresql15-devel

6. Optionally initialize the database and enable automatic start:

sudo /usr/pgsql-15/bin/postgresql-15-setup initdb sudo systemctl enable postgresql-15 sudo systemctl start postgresql-15 sudo systemctl status postgresql-15

7. Configure "pg_hba.conf" according to your environment:

*Restart Required to apply the changes

(vim /var/lib/pgsql/15/data/pg_hba.conf)

Ex.

host all all 192.168.8.0/24 md5

8. Configure "postgresql.conf" according to your environment:

*Restart Required to apply the changes

(vim /var/lib/pgsql/15/data/postgresql.conf)

listen_addresses = '*' -- allowing connection from all IPs.

max connections = < appropriate value > -- allowing max number of connections to a database.

shared_buffers = < appropriate value > -- (25% of total server memory)
work mem = < appropriate value > -- Working memory for sort operation

log_min_duration_statement = < appropriate value > -- log queries exceeding specified milliseconds.
log_line_prefix = '%m %u ' -- add time and user information as a prefix in postgres log file.

lock_timeout = <appropriate value > -- abort any connection waiting to acquire a lock longer than specified time. (milliseconds)

Parameters	Small Database	Medium Database	Large Database
listen_addresses	*	*	*
max_connections	500	500	1000
shared_buffers	512 (MB)	1GB	2GB
work_mem	64MB	128MB	256MB
log_min_duration_statement	1000	1000	1000
log_line_prefix	<%r %m %u >	<%r %m %u >	<%r %m %u >
lock_timeout	180000 (3mins)	180000 (3mins)	300000 (5 mins)

Build PL/Java

1. Update the Server:

dnf update -y

2. Install Prerequisites:

dnf install gcc-c++
dnf install openssl-devel
dnf install redhat-rpm-config
dnf --enablerepo=ol8_codeready_builder install perl-IPC-Run -y
dnf install java-17-openjdk java-17-openjdk-devel
dnf install maven
dnf inastll git

3. Validate with "mvn -version" command:

mvn -version

4. Disable the built-in PostgreSQL module:

dnf -qy module disable postgresql

5. Install "Postgresql-devel" package:

dnf install postgresql15-devel -y

6. check the "pg_config" status:

pg_config

If command not found, export path of postgres /usr/pgsql-15/bin/

Ex.

export PATH=\$PATH:/usr/pgsql-15/bin/

6. check the java version:

java -version

• If the java version not found or selected another version, export correct jdk-17 path.

Ex.

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-17.0.8.0.7-2.el8.x86_64/export PATH=\$JAVA HOME/bin:\$PATH

Change default java version or check java installed path,

alternatives --config java

7. Download the latest pljava version:

• URL: https://github.com/tada/pljava/releases

wget https://github.com/tada/pljava/archive/refs/tags/V165.tar.gz

8. Unzip the.tar.gz file:

tar -xvzf V1_6_5.tar.gz

9. Enter to the unzipped folder:

cd pljava-1_6_5/

10. Start the build using maven:

mvn clean install

```
      [INF0] PostgreSQL PL/Java 1.6.5
      SUCCESS [ 26.769 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java API
      SUCCESS [ 12.524 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java backend Java code
      SUCCESS [ 4.065 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java PGXS
      SUCCESS [ 14.874 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java backend native code
      SUCCESS [ 11.599 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java Ant tasks
      SUCCESS [ 5.652 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java examples
      SUCCESS [ 3.039 s]

      [INF0] PL/Java packaging 1.6.5
      SUCCESS [ 2.560 s]
```

11. If it shows errors, compile it with maven debug mode to find errors:

mvn -X clean install

12. Once the compile is success, switch to "/pljava-1 6 5/pljava-packaging/target" directory:

If the compile is succussed ".jar" file shows like below

```
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 28 Sep 14 18:47 antrun
drwxr-xr-x. 3 root root 160 Sep 14 18:47 classes
drwxr-xr-x. 3 root root 25 Sep 14 18:47 generated-sources
drwxr-xr-x. 3 root root 35 Sep 14 18:47 mayen-status
-rw-r---. 1 root root 2240945 Sep 14 18:47 pljava-pg15.jar
```

13. Now, run Pljava-packaging/pg11xxx jar file so that it will extract/produce needed files in PostgreSQL Library directory:

java -jar pljava-pg15.jar

```
[root@dc-db-01-prod target]# java -jar pljava-pg15.jar
/usr/pgsql-15/lib/libpljava-so-1.6.5.so as bytes
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5.jar as bytes
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-examples-1.6.5.jar as bytes
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-examples-1.6.5.jar as bytes
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-examples-1.6.5.sql as lines (ASCII)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.0-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.8-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.7-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.7-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.5-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.4-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.4-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.1-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.1-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.1-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.1-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA3-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA1-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA1-1.6.5.sql as lines (UTF8)
/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.5.0-BETA1-1.6.5.sql as line
```

14. As you can make out from the above output, it has produced a list of files(.jar, .so, .sql) in "/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava" and "/usr/pgsql-15/lib":

15. find "libjvm" for jdk-17:

find / -name "*libjvm.so*"

```
[root@dc-db-01-prod pljava]# find / -name "*libjvm.so*"
/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.382.b05-2.el8.x86_64/jre/lib/amd64/server/libjvm.so
/usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-17.0.8.0.7-2.el8.x86_64/lib/server/libjvm.so
[root@dc-db-01-prod pljava]# ■
```

16. set both parameters in \$PGDATA/postgresql.conf and restart:

Ex.

```
dynamic_library_path = '/usr/pgsql-15/lib'
pljava.classpath = '/usr/pgsql-15/share/pljava/pljava-1.6.5.jar'
pljava.libjvm_location = '/usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-17.0.8.0.7-2.el8.x86_64/lib/server/libjvm.so'
# optional
pljava.statement_cache_size = 10
pljava.release_lingering_savepoints = true
pljava.vmoptions = '-Xmx128M -XX:+DisableAttachMechanism -Xms2m -XX:+UseSerialGC'
pljava.debug = false
```

17. Update your Java-17 security policy to allow the connection to your application (Optional):

find / -name "*java.policy*"

```
/etc/sysconfig/pgsql/pljava.policy
/etc/java/java-1.8.0-openjdk/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.382.b05-2.el8.x86_64/lib/security/java.policy
/etc/java/java-17-openjdk/java-17-openjdk-17.0.8.0.7-2.el8.x86_64/conf/security/java.policy
/etc/java/java-11-openjdk/java-11-openjdk-11.0.20.0.8-3.el8.x86_64/conf/security/java.policy
/etc/java/java-11-openjdk/java-11-openjdk-11.0.20.0.8-3.el8.x86_64/conf/security/java.policy
/root/pljava/pljava-1_6_5/pljava-packaging/src/main/resources/pljava.policy
/root/pljava/pljava-1_6_5/pljava-packaging/target/classes/pljava.policy
/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.8.0-openjdk-1.8.0.382.b05-2.el8.x86_64/jre/lib/security/java.policy
/usr/java/jdk1.8.0_361-amd64/jre/lib/security/java.policy
```

vim /etc/java/java-17-openjdk/java-17-openjdk-17.0.8.0.7-2.el8.x86_64/conf/security/java.policy

Add this end of line and restart the PostgreSQL service.

```
grant {
    permission java.net.SocketPermission "APP_SVR_IP:PORT", "connect,resolve";
1.
```

```
grant {
    // allows anyone to listen on dynamic ports
    permission java.net.SocketPermission "localhost:0", "listen";

// "standard" properties that can be read by anyone
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vendor.url", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.class.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "os.name", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "os.arch", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "os.arch", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "path.separator", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "line.separator", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.specification.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.specification.winder", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.specification.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.specification.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.name", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.orame", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.specification.orame", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.version", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.vendor", "read";
    permission java.util.PropertyPermission "java.vm.vendor", "read";
    perm
```

18. Now you can create pliava extension on sql prompt:

SQL; Create extension.

Create Pljava extension
CREATE EXTENSION pljava;
GRANT USAGE ON LANGUAGE java TO PUBLIC;
ALTER DEFAULT PRIVILEGES FOR ROLE postgres IN SCHEMA sqlj GRANT ALL ON TABLES TO PUBLIC;
GRANT ALL ON SCHEMA sqlj TO PUBLIC;

SQL; Drop extension.

DROP EXTENSION IF EXISTS pljava;

Database Client Configurations

1. Install following packages to the below client server where you install GnuC apps:

dnf install postgresql15 postgresql15-server postgresql15-contrib postgresql15-odbc postgresql15-libs dnf install unixODBC unixODBC-devel

2. Configure "odbcinst.ini" file:

vim /etc/odbcinst.ini

Comment or remove the existing configurations and put the below,

[PostgreSQL]

Description = ODBC for PostgreSQL

Driver = /usr/pgsql-15/lib/psqlodbc.so
Setup = /usr/lib64/libodbcpsqlS.so
Driver64 = /usr/pgsql-15/lib/psqlodbc.so
Setup64 = /usr/lib64/libodbcpsqlS.so

FileUsage = 1Threading = 0

3. Configure "odbc.ini" file:

vim /etc/odbc.ini

[ODBC Data Sources]

PostgreSQL = PostgreSQL ODBC Driver

[DB_NAME]

Description = PostgreSQL Connection

Driver = PostgreSQL

Trace = Yes

TraceFile = /var/log/trace.odbc.ini.log

Database = DB_NAME

Servername = DB_SVR_IP

UserName = SCHEMA_NAME

Password = SCHEMA_PW

Port = DB_PORT

Protocol = 9.5

ReadOnly = No

RowVersioning = No

ShowSystemTables = No

ShowOidColumn = No

FakeOidIndex = No

ConnSettings =

4. Check the connection through command line whether DSN (Data Source Name) is correct as root user:

Isql -v <DB_NAME>

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