

**Introduction to Computer Programming (Fall 2019)**

**LAB No: 11**

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**Objective of Lab No. 11:**

After performing lab 10, students will be able to:

- File Input / Output
- Create structures
- Manipulate Structures
- Use structures with array and functions

**Practice 01:**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std ;

//struct is a keyword and Student is name of my structure
// Actually you are creating your own datatype now
// The name of your datatype will be student

struct Student
{ // Curly bracket to hold structure member variable
    string cms_id ; // structrue member variable
    string std_name ; // structrue member variable
    string sub_name ; // structrue member variable
    float sub_marks ; // structrue member variable
} ; // end of curly bracket with SEMICOLON

int main ()
{
    // Creating and using or accessing structure varaibles
    Student std1 = {"123" , "ABC" , "Prog" , 85.5} ;
    Student std2 ;
    std2.cms_id="111" ;
    std2.std_name="XYZ" ;
    std2.sub_name="Prog" ;
    std2.sub_marks=73.5 ;
    cout << std1.cms_id <<endl ;
    cout << std1.std_name <<endl ;
    cout << std1.sub_name <<endl ;
    cout << std1.sub_marks <<endl ;
    cout << std2.cms_id <<endl ;
    cout << std2.std_name <<endl ;
    cout << std2.sub_name <<endl ;
    cout << std2.sub_marks <<endl ;
    system ("PAUSE") ;
    return 0 ;
}
```

### Practice 02:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std ;
struct Student
{
    string cms_id ; // Structure Member variable
    string std_name ; // Structure Member variable
    string sub_name ; // Structure Member variable
    float sub_marks ; // Structure Member variable

    void PrintStudentData (void) // Structure Member Function
    { // Strucrure Member Function Definition
        cout << "Student CMS ID : " << cms_id <<endl ;
        cout << "Student Name : " << std_name <<endl ;
        cout << "Subject Name : " << sub_name <<endl ;
        cout << "Subject Marks : " << sub_marks <<endl ;
    }
};

int main ()
{
    // Creating structure variables and using or accessing strucrure member variables
    Student std1 = {"111" , "Mujtaba" , "Programming" , 85.50} ;
    Student std2 = {"222" , "Yousif" , "Programming" , 89.00} ;
    Student std3 = {"333" , "Mohsin" , "Programming" , 80.25} ;

    //Printing the data of students using member function of structure
    std1.PrintStudentData () ;
    std2.PrintStudentData () ;
    std3.PrintStudentData () ;

    system ("PAUSE") ;
    return 0 ;
}
```

### Practice 03:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std ;
struct Book { string book_title ; float book_price ; };
int main () {
    Book book [5] ;
    book [0].book_title = "C++" ; book [0].book_price = 200.00 ;
    book [1].book_title = "Java" ; book [1].book_price = 300.00 ;
    book [2].book_title = ".NET" ; book [2].book_price = 400.00 ;
    book [3].book_title = "Operating System" ; book [3].book_price = 350.00 ;

    cout <<book [0].book_title << " , " << book[0].book_price <<endl <<endl ;
    cout <<book [1].book_title << " , " << book[1].book_price <<endl <<endl ;
    cout <<book [2].book_title << " , " << book[2].book_price <<endl <<endl ;
    cout <<book [3].book_title << " , " << book[3].book_price <<endl <<endl ;

    cout <<"Enter title of book 5 : " ; cin >> book [4].book_title ;
    cout <<"Enter price of book 5 : " ; cin >> book [4].book_price ;

    system ("PAUSE") ;
    return 0 ;
}
```

### Practice 04:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std ;
struct Book // Structure
{
    // Structure Member variables
    string book_title ;
    float book_price ;

    // Structure Member functions
    void PrintBookData (void)
    {
        cout << setw (15) ; cout << book_title ;
        cout << setw (35) ; cout << book_price <<endl <<endl <<endl ;
    }
};
```

```

int main ()
{
    Book book [3] ;
    int i ;
    for (int i = 0 ; i <= 2 ; i++)
    {
        cout <<"Enter Book" << i + 1 <<" Title : " ;
        cin >> book [i].book_title ;
        cout <<"Enter Book" << i + 1 <<" Price : " ;
        cin >> book [i].book_price ;
    }

    system ("CLS") ;
    cout <<"===== " <<endl ;
    cout << setw (20) ; cout <<"Book Title" ;
    cout << setw (35) ; cout <<"Book Price" <<endl ;
    cout <<"===== " <<endl <<endl;

    for (i = 0 ; i <= 2 ; i++)
    {
        book [i].PrintBookData () ;
    }

    system ("PAUSE") ;
    return 0 ;
}

```

#### Practice 05:

```

1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <fstream>
3  using namespace std;
4  struct studentType
5  {
6      char firstName[15];
7      char lastName[15];
8      int ID;
9  };
10 int main()
11 {
12     //create and initialize an array of students' IDs
13     int studentIDs[5] = {111111, 222222, 333333, 444444, 555555};
14     //declare and initialize the struct newStudent
15     studentType newStudent = {"John", "Wilson", 777777};
16     ofstream outFile;
17     outFile.open("F:\\ids.dat", ios::binary);
18     outFile.write(reinterpret_cast<const char *>(studentIDs), sizeof(studentIDs));
19     outFile.write(reinterpret_cast<const char *>(&newStudent), sizeof(newStudent));
20     outFile.close();
21
22     ifstream inFile;
23     int arrayID[5];
24     studentType student;
25     inFile.open("F:\\ids.dat");
26     if (!inFile)
27     {
28         cout << "The input file does not exist. " << "The program terminates!!!!" << endl;
29         return 1;
30     }
31     inFile.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>(arrayID), sizeof(arrayID));
32     for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
33     {
34         cout << arrayID[i] << " ";
35     }
36     cout << endl;
37     inFile.read(reinterpret_cast<char *>(&student), sizeof(student));
38     cout << student.ID << " " << student.firstName << " " << student.lastName << endl;
39     inFile.close();
40     return 0;
41 }

```

**Practice 06:**

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include<fstream>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 int main()
6 {
7     ifstream fin;
8     fin.open("test.txt");
9     if(fin.fail())
10    {
11        cout << "Input file opening failed.\n";
12        exit(1);
13    }
14    string search;
15    cout << "Please enter a name: ";
16    cin >> search;
17    bool isFound=0;
18    while(!fin.eof())
19    {
20        string temp = "";
21        getline(fin,temp);
22        for(int i=0;i<search.size();i++)
23        {
24            if(temp[i]==search[i])
25                isFound = 1;
```

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}

else
{
    isFound = 0;
    break;
}

if(isFound)
{
    cout << "Name is Found";
    break;
}

if(fin.eof() && (!isFound))
{
    cout << "Name not found!\n";
}

fin.close();
return 0;
}

```

#### Task 01:

Suppose, you have a text file "CustomerData.txt", your task is to read this text file and write the same data in binary format to a new file called "customer.dat". Finally, read again the data from newly created "customer.dat" file and print the content of the file on console. You also have to use struct in your program.