## **Problem Set 1**

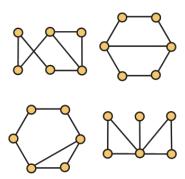
**Q1.** Draw the diagram for the following graph:

- (a)  $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $E = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{1, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{2, 6\}, \{3, 5\}, \{3, 6\}, \{4, 5\}, \{4, 6\}\}.$
- (b)  $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and  $E = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1, 4\}, \{2, 3\}, \{2, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{3, 4\}, \{3, 5\}\}$
- **Q2.** Are the graphs mentioned in **Q1.** bipartite? Explain
- **Q3.** Draw the complement of the graphs mentioned in Q1.
- **Q4.** Is the complement of a bipartite graph bipartite? Comment. You may consider the bipartite test of the graph mentioned in **Q3.** to justify your answer.
- **Q5.** In any group of two or more people, prove that there are always two with the same number of friends.

## Q6. [ An alternate way of presenting Q5]

Show that for any graph with |V| > = 2 nodes there exist two vertices with the same degree.

- **Q7.** Prove that the sequence (7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2) is not graphic.
- **Q8.** For each of the following sequences, either give an example of such a graph, or explain why one does not exist.
  - i. A graph with six vertices whose degree sequence is [5,5,4,3,2,2]
  - ii. A graph with six vertices whose degree sequence is [5,5,4,3,3,2]
  - iii. A graph with six vertices whose degree sequence is [5,5,5,5,3,3]
  - iv. A simple graph with six vertices whose degree sequence is [5,5,5,5,3,3]
- **Q9.** Determine which (if any) pairs of graphs are isomorphic. For pairs that are isomorphic, give an isomorphism between the two graphs. For pairs that are not isomorphic, explain why?



## Q10. [Additional Problems]

*Exercise* 1-7: The maze problem

*Exercise 1-8*: The Decanting problem

from the book **Graph Theory with applications to Engineering and Computer Science by Narsingh Deo**