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UCS415 – Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab Assignment 3 Q1. Longest Common Subsequence

```
    matrixchain.cpp > 分 main()

     using namespace std:
     int findMinimumMultiplications(int dimensions[], int start, int end) {
     if (start == end)
     return 0;
     int minCount = INT MAX;
     int count;
     for (k = start; k < end; k++) {
     count = findMinimumMultiplications(dimensions, start, k) +
     findMinimumMultiplications(dimensions, k + 1, end) +dimensions[start - 1] * dimensions[k] * dimensions[end];
     minCount = min(count, minCount);
     return minCount;
     int main() {
     int matrixDimensions[] = {2, 4, 4, 5, 6};
     int size = sizeof(matrixDimensions) / sizeof(matrixDimensions[0]);
cout << "Minimum number of multiplications is "</pre>
     << findMinimumMultiplications(matrixDimensions, 1, size - 1);</pre>
     return 0;
  PS C:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA> cd "c:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA\"; i
  f ($?) { g++ matrixchain.cpp -0 matrixchain } ; if ($?) { .\matrixchain }
  Minimum number of multiplications is 132
```

Q2. Matrix Chain Multiplication

```
    matrixchain.cpp > 
    main()

     using namespace std;
     int findMinimumMultiplications(int dimensions[], int start, int end) {
     return 0;
     int minCount = INT_MAX;
      int count;
     count = findMinimumMultiplications(dimensions, start, k) +
      find \textit{Minimum} \textit{Multiplications} (\textit{dimensions}, \ k \ + \ 1, \ end) \ + \textit{dimensions} [\textit{start} \ - \ 1] \ * \ \textit{dimensions} [k] \ * \ \textit{dimensions} [\textit{end}];
     minCount = min(count, minCount);
     return minCount;
     int main() {
      int matrixDimensions[] = {2, 4, 4, 5, 6};
      int size = sizeof(matrixDimensions) / sizeof(matrixDimensions[0]);
      << findMinimumMultiplications(matrixDimensions, 1, size - 1);</pre>
      return 0;
  PS C:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA> cd "c:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA\"; i
  f ($?) { g++ matrixchain.cpp -o matrixchain } ; if ($?) { .\matrixchain }
  Minimum number of multiplications is 132
```

Q3. 0/1 Knapsack Problem

```
0 > @ 1 knapsack.cpp > @ main()
      #include<bits/stdc++.h>
      using namespace std;
      int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {
      vector<vector<int>> K(n + 1, vector<int>(W + 1));
      for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
      if (i == 0 || w == 0)
      K[i][w] = 0;
      else if (wt[i - 1] <= w)
      K[i][w] = std::max(val[i - 1] + K[i - 1][w - wt[i - 1]], K[i - 1][w]);
      K[i][w] = K[i - 1][w];
      return K[n][W];
      int main() {
      int val[] = {60, 100, 120};
int wt[] = {10, 20, 30};
      int W = 50;
      int n = sizeof(val) / sizeof(val[0]);
      cout << "Maximum value that can be obtained = " << knapSack(W, wt, val, n) <<endl;</pre>
      return 0;
```

Output : Maximum value that can be obtained = 220 Q4. Optimal Binary Search Tree

```
0 > © optimalbianry.cpp > ♥ main()
  1 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
      using namespace std;
      int optimalBST(vector<int>& keys, vector<int>& freq) {
      int n = keys.size();
      vector<vector<int>> dp(n + 1, vector<int>(n + 1, 0));
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
      dp[i][i] = freq[i];
      for (int len = 2; len <= n; ++len) {
 10 for (int i = 0; i <= n - len + 1; ++i) {
      int j = i + len - 1;
      dp[i][j] = INT_MAX;
      for (int k = i; k \leftarrow j; ++k) {
      int cost = ((k > i) ? dp[i][k - 1] : 0) +
      ((k < j) ? dp[k + 1][j] : 0) +
      freq[k];
      dp[i][j] = min(dp[i][j], cost);
      return dp[0][n - 1];
      int main() {
      vector<int> keys = {10, 12, 20};
      vector<int> freq = {34, 8, 50};
      cout << "Minimum cost of optimal BST: " << optimalBST(keys, freq) << endl;</pre>
      return 0;
PS C:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA\0> cd "c:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DA
A\0\" ; if (\$?) { g++ optimalbianry.cpp -0 optimalbianry } ; if (\$?) { .\optimal
Minimum cost of optimal BST: 92
```

Q5. Coin Exchange Problem

```
0 > G coinexchange.cpp > M main()
  2 using namespace std;
  3 long getNumberOfWays(long N, vector<long> Coins) {
      vector<long> ways(N + 1);
  5 ways[0] = 1;
  6 for (int i = 0; i < Coins.size(); i++) {</pre>
      for (int j = 0; j < ways.size(); j++) {
      if (Coins[i] <= j) {
      ways[j] += ways[j - Coins[i]];
      return ways[N];
      int main() {
      vector<long> Coins = {1, 5, 10};
      cout << "The Coins Array:" << endl;</pre>
      for (long i : Coins)
       cout << i << "\n";</pre>
      cout << "Solution:" << endl;</pre>
       cout << getNumberOfWays(12, Coins) << endl;</pre>
 22
The Coins Array:
10
Solution:
PS C:\Users\Anmol\OneDrive\Desktop\DAA\0>
```