

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RCLwwWQ8-V0>

Angular component life cycle:

A component has a life cycle managed by angular

- >creates the component
- >renders the component
- >create and renders the component children
- >checks when the component data-bound properties change, and
- >Destroy the component before removing it from DOM.

---->To tap into and react when these lifecycle events occur, angular offer several lifecycle hooks.

1. ngOnChanges

2. ngOninit

3. ngDoCheck

- >ngAfterContentinit
- >ngAfterContentChecked
- >ngAfterViewInit
- >ngAfterViewChecked

4. ngOnDestroy

ngOnChanges:

Executes, every time the value of an input property changes, The hook method receives a simpleChanges object containing current and previous property values. this is called before ngOninit

ngOninit:

Executes after the constructor and after ngOnChange hook for the first time. It is most commonly used for component initialization and retrieve data from database.

*Angular
component
Life-cycle*

ngOnDestroy:

Executes just before angular destroys the component and generally used for performance clean up.

simple example for @input:

//app.component.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
```

```
@Component({
```

```
  selector: 'app-root',
```

```
  templateUrl: './app.component.html',
```

```
  styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']
```

```
})
```

```
export class AppComponent {
```

```
  userText:string = "chandra";
```

```
}
```

//app.component.html

Your text: <input type="text" [(ngModel)]= "userText" />

//here we just displayed textbox

//now create simple.component.ts

here we will use that text box value.

```
import { Component, Input } from "@angular/core";
```

```
@Component({
```

```
  selector:"simple",
```

```
  templateUrl:"./simple.component.html"
```

```
})
```

```
export class SimpleComponent{
```

```
  @Input() simpleData:string
```

```
}
```

//simple.component.html

you entered {{simpleData}}

now update simple tag in app.component.html...

```
//app.component.html
```

```
Your text: <input type="text" [(ngModel)]="userText" />
```

```
<br /><br />
```

```
<simple [simpleData]="userText"></simple>
```

now, my moto is to print changes value and previous values of textbox.....

for this we need to import OnChanges interface

this ngOnChanges hook receives a parameter called simpleChanges so need to import simpleChanges also

```
import { Component, Input, OnChanges, SimpleChanges } from "@angular/core";
```

```
@Component({
```

```
  selector: "simple",
```

```
  templateUrl: "./simple.component.html"
```

```
})
```

```
export class SimpleComponent implements OnChanges {
```

```
  @Input() simpleData: string;
```

```
  ngOnChanges(changes: SimpleChanges) { //this method will trigger when ever the changes were happen
```

```
    //simpleChanges contains all the properties like current and previous values.
```

```
    for(let propertyName in changes){
```

```
      let change = changes[propertyName];
```

```
      let current = JSON.stringify(change.currentValue);
```

```
      let previous = JSON.stringify(change.previousValue);
```

```
      console.log(propertyName + "current value"+ current + " and previous value"+ previous);
```

```
    }
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

ngOnInit:

```
import { Component, Input, OnInit } from "@angular/core";
```

```
@Component({
```

```
  selector: "simple",
```

```
  templateUrl: "./simple.component.html"
```

```
})
```

```
export class SimpleComponent implements OnInit {
```

```
  constructor(){
```

```
    //first constructor will execute this is related to class
```

```
    //if we make any service call here..it has to wait until the entire component load, so better way to  
    make service is in ngOnInit
```

```
    console.log("in constructor");
```

```
  }
```

```
  ngOnInit(){
```

```
    console.log("in component initialized");
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```