### #Importing the necessary libraries

```
In [3]:
           import numpy as np
           import pandas as pd
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import seaborn as sns
In [13]: #Reading the dataset
           cols=['ID', 'Topic', 'Sentiment', 'Text']
           train = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\ashwa\Downloads\archive (2)\twitter_training
           trains = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\ashwa\Downloads\archive (2)\twitter_valida
In [15]: train.head()
Out[15]:
                 ID
                                                                                    Text
                           Topic Sentiment
               2401
                     Borderlands
                                     Positive
                                               im getting on borderlands and i will murder yo...
               2401
                     Borderlands
                                     Positive
                                                I am coming to the borders and I will kill you...
            2 2401
                     Borderlands
                                     Positive
                                                 im getting on borderlands and i will kill you ...
            3 2401 Borderlands
                                     Positive
                                             im coming on borderlands and i will murder you...
              2401 Borderlands
                                     Positive
                                               im getting on borderlands 2 and i will murder ...
In [16]: |trains.head()
Out[16]:
                 ID
                         Topic Sentiment
                                                                                    Text
            0 3364 Facebook
                                 Irrelevant
                                              I mentioned on Facebook that I was struggling ...
                352
                       Amazon
                                   Neutral
                                            BBC News - Amazon boss Jeff Bezos rejects clai...
            2 8312
                      Microsoft
                                  Negative
                                            @Microsoft Why do I pay for WORD when it funct...
              4371
                        CS-GO
                                             CSGO matchmaking is so full of closet hacking,...
                                  Negative
              4433
                        Google
                                   Neutral
                                              Now the President is slapping Americans in the...
```

#### Information about the dataframe

```
In [6]: train.shape
Out[6]: (74682, 4)
In [17]: trains.shape
Out[17]: (1000, 4)
```

```
In [7]: train.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 74682 entries, 0 to 74681
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
           #
               Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
           0
               ID
                          74682 non-null int64
                          74682 non-null object
           1
               Topic
           2
               Sentiment 74682 non-null
                                           object
                          73996 non-null
                                           object
           3
          dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
          memory usage: 2.3+ MB
In [18]: |trains.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
               Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
                           _____
           0
                          1000 non-null
                                           int64
           1
               Topic
                          1000 non-null
                                           object
               Sentiment 1000 non-null
           2
                                           object
                          1000 non-null
                                           object
           3
          dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
          memory usage: 31.4+ KB
 In [8]:
         train.describe(include=object)
 Out[8]:
                               Topic Sentiment
                                                                             Text
                               74682
           count
                                        74682
                                                                            73996
          unique
                                 32
                                                                            69491
                 TomClancysRainbowSix
                                      Negative At the same time, despite the fact that there ...
                                2400
                                        22542
             freq
                                                                              172
         trains.describe(include=object)
Out[19]:
                                  Topic Sentiment
                                                  Text
                                   1000
                                            1000
                                                 1000
           count
          unique
                                    32
                                                  999
                                               4
                 RedDeadRedemption(RDR)
                                          Neutral Wow
                                    40
                                             285
                                                    2
             freq
 In [9]: | train['Sentiment'].unique()
Out[9]: array(['Positive', 'Neutral', 'Negative', 'Irrelevant'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [20]: trains['Sentiment'].unique()
Out[20]: array(['Irrelevant', 'Neutral', 'Negative', 'Positive'], dtype=object)
```

# Checking for null/missing values in the dataset

```
In [10]: train.isnull().sum()
Out[10]: ID
                         0
         Topic
                         0
         Sentiment
                         0
         Text
                       686
         dtype: int64
In [21]: |trains.isnull().sum()
Out[21]: ID
                       0
         Topic
                       0
         Sentiment
                       0
         Text
         dtype: int64
In [22]: train.dropna(inplace=True)
In [23]: |trains.dropna(inplace=True)
```

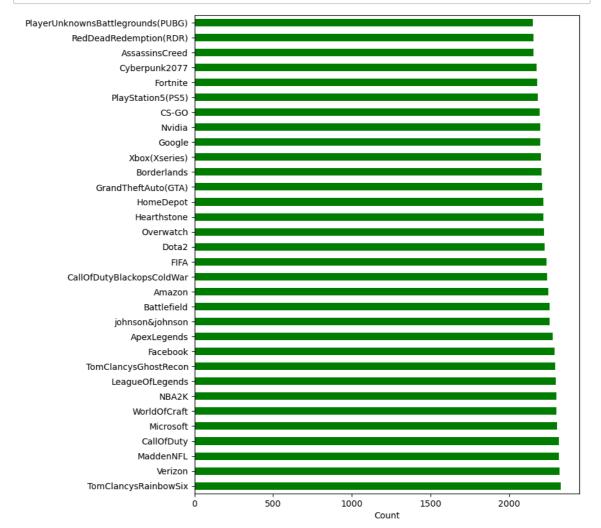
## **Checking for duplicate values**

```
In [25]: train.duplicated().sum()
Out[25]: 2340
In [26]: trains.duplicated().sum()
Out[26]: 0
In [27]: train.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
In [28]: trains.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
In [29]: train.duplicated().sum()
```

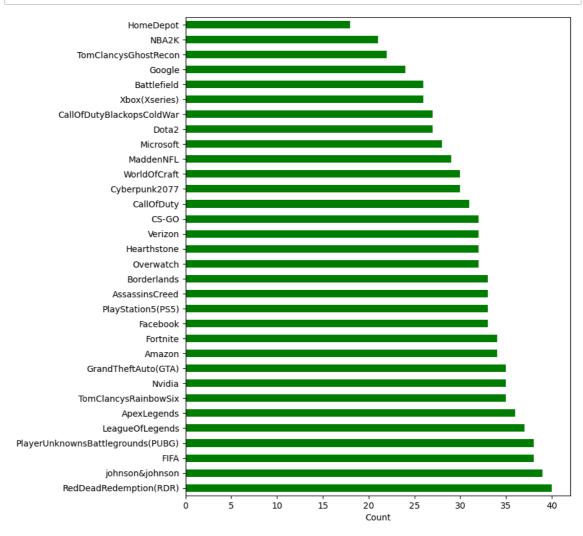
```
In [30]: trains.duplicated().sum()
Out[30]: 0
```

## Visualization of count of different topics

```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,10))
    train['Topic'].value_counts().plot(kind='barh',color='g')
    plt.xlabel("Count")
    plt.show()
```

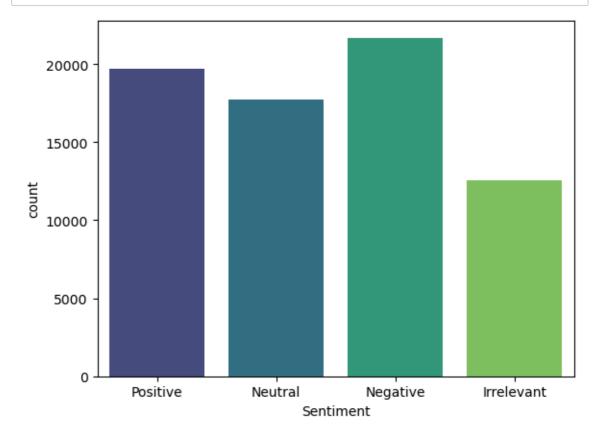


```
In [32]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,10))
    trains['Topic'].value_counts().plot(kind='barh',color='g')
    plt.xlabel("Count")
    plt.show()
```

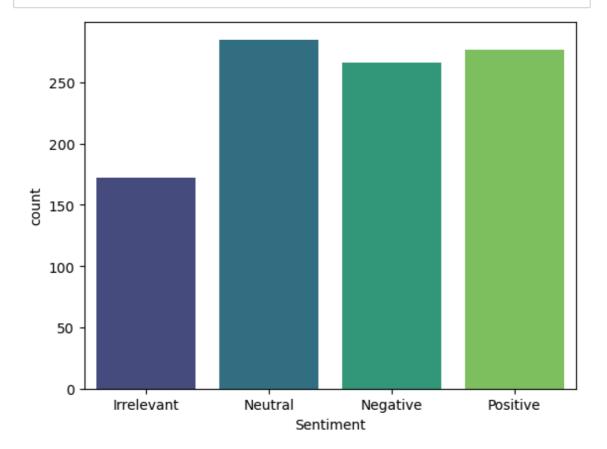


#### **Sentiment Distribution**

```
In [117]: sns.countplot(x = 'Sentiment',data=train,palette='viridis')
plt.show()
```



In [34]: sns.countplot(x = 'Sentiment',data=trains,palette='viridis')
plt.show()



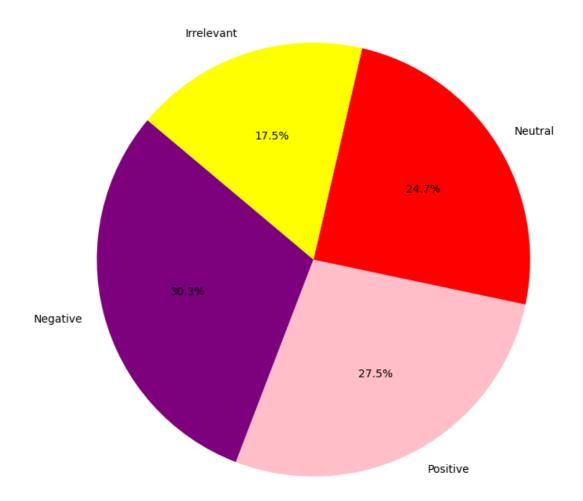
```
In [45]: # Calculate the counts for each sentiment
    sentiment_counts = train['Sentiment'].value_counts()

# Create the pie chart
    plt.figure(figsize=(9, 9))
    plt.pie(sentiment_counts, labels=sentiment_counts.index, autopct="%1.1f%%"

    plt.title('Sentiment Distribution')

# Show the plot
    plt.show()
```

#### Sentiment Distribution



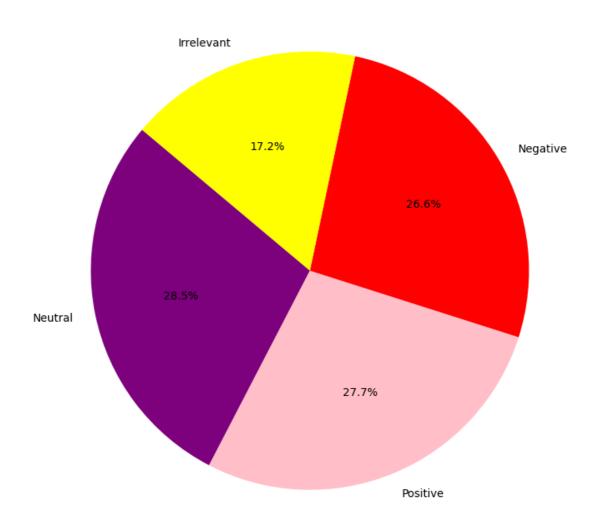
```
In [46]: # Calculate the counts for each sentiment
    sentiment_counts = trains['Sentiment'].value_counts()

# Create the pie chart
    plt.figure(figsize=(9, 9))
    plt.pie(sentiment_counts, labels=sentiment_counts.index, autopct="%1.1f%%"

    plt.title('Sentiment Distribution')

# Show the plot
    plt.show()
```

Sentiment Distribution



#### train

In [42]: | trains

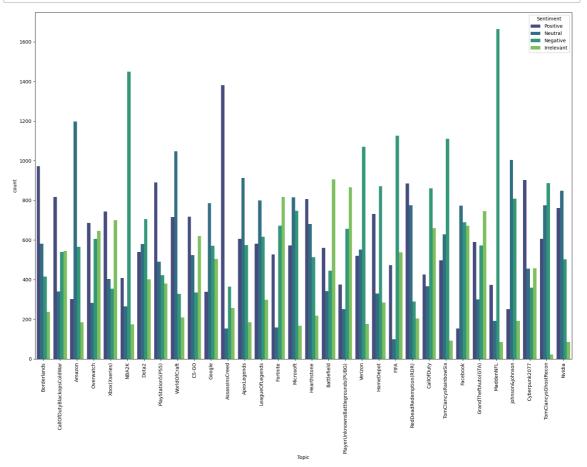
$\sim$		$\Gamma$ $A \cap \Gamma$	
ιn	11	/  /	
v	ис	144	

	ID	Topic	Sentiment	Text
0	3364	Facebook	Irrelevant	I mentioned on Facebook that I was struggling
1	352	Amazon	Neutral	BBC News - Amazon boss Jeff Bezos rejects clai
2	8312	Microsoft	Negative	@Microsoft Why do I pay for WORD when it funct
3	4371	CS-GO	Negative	CSGO matchmaking is so full of closet hacking,
4	4433	Google	Neutral	Now the President is slapping Americans in the
995	4891	GrandTheftAuto(GTA)	Irrelevant	★ Toronto is the arts and culture capital of
996	4359	CS-GO	Irrelevant	tHIS IS ACTUALLY A GOOD MOVE TOT BRING MORE VI
997	2652	Borderlands	Positive	Today sucked so it's time to drink wine n play
998	8069	Microsoft	Positive	Bought a fraction of Microsoft today. Small wins.
999	6960	johnson&johnson	Neutral	Johnson & Johnson to stop selling talc baby po

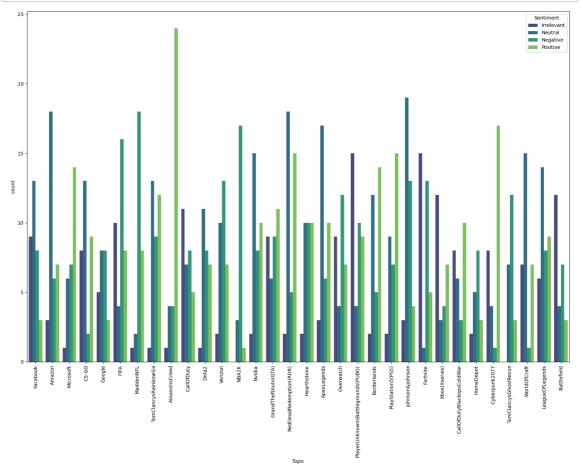
1000 rows × 4 columns

# **Sentiment Distribution Topic-wise**

```
In [56]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,13))
    sns.countplot(x='Topic',data=train,palette='viridis',hue='Sentiment')
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.show()
```



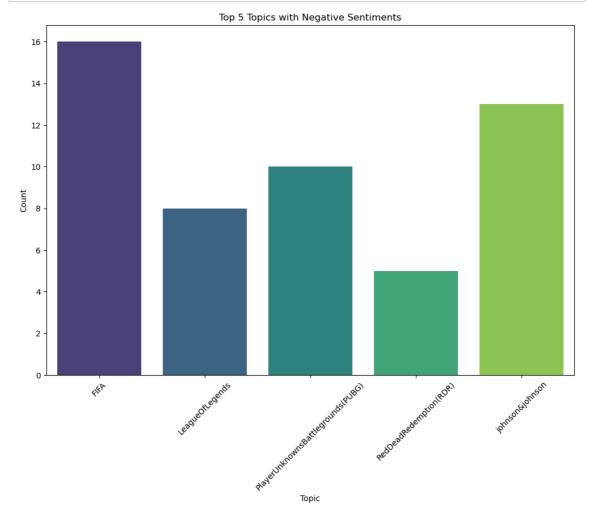
```
In [57]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,13))
    sns.countplot(x='Topic',data=trains,palette='viridis',hue='Sentiment')
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.show()
```



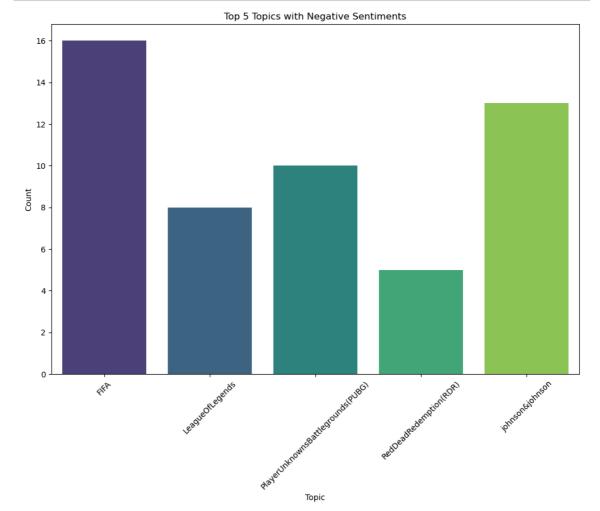
```
In [98]: ## Group by Topic and Sentiment
topic_wise_sentiment = trains.groupby(["Topic", "Sentiment"]).size().reset

# Step 2: Select Top 5 Topics
topic_counts = trains['Topic'].value_counts().nlargest(5).index
top_topics_sentiment = topic_wise_sentiment[topic_wise_sentiment['Topic'].
```

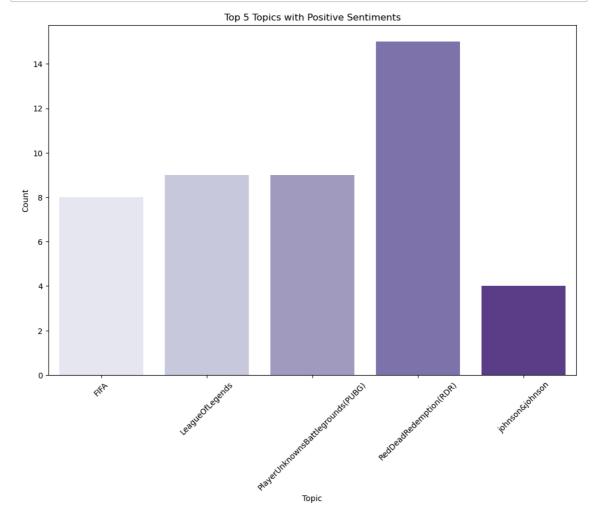
```
In [99]: #Top 5 Topics with Negative Sentiments
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.barplot(data=top_topics_sentiment[top_topics_sentiment['Sentiment'] ==
plt.title('Top 5 Topics with Negative Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Topic')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



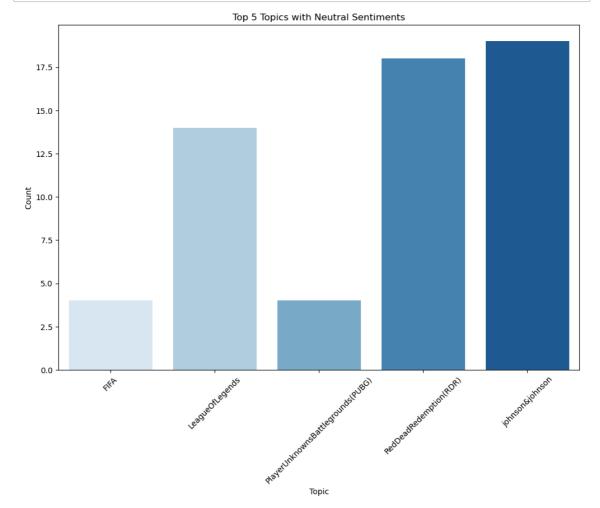
```
In [100]: #Top 5 Topics with Negative Sentiments
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.barplot(data=top_topics_sentiment[top_topics_sentiment['Sentiment'] ==
plt.title('Top 5 Topics with Negative Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Topic')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



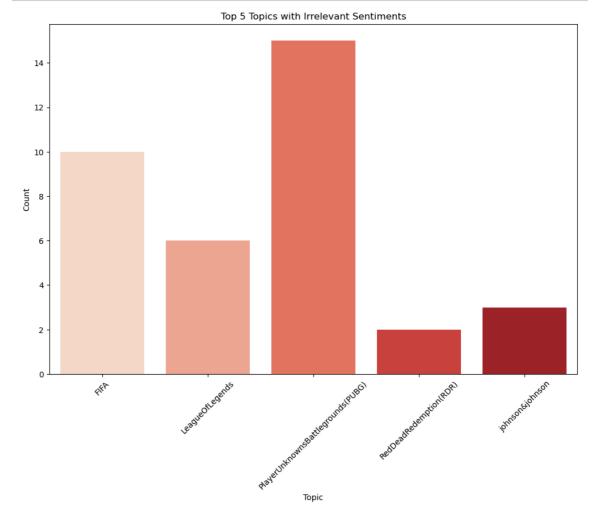
```
In [101]: #Top 5 Topics with Positive Sentiments
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    sns.barplot(data=top_topics_sentiment[top_topics_sentiment['Sentiment'] ==
    plt.title('Top 5 Topics with Positive Sentiments')
    plt.xlabel('Topic')
    plt.ylabel('Count')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [102]: #Top 5 Topics with Neutral Sentiments
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.barplot(data=top_topics_sentiment[top_topics_sentiment['Sentiment'] ==
plt.title('Top 5 Topics with Neutral Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Topic')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [103]: #Top 5 Topics with Irrelevant Sentiments
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.barplot(data=top_topics_sentiment[top_topics_sentiment['Sentiment'] ==
plt.title('Top 5 Topics with Irrelevant Sentiments')
plt.xlabel('Topic')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

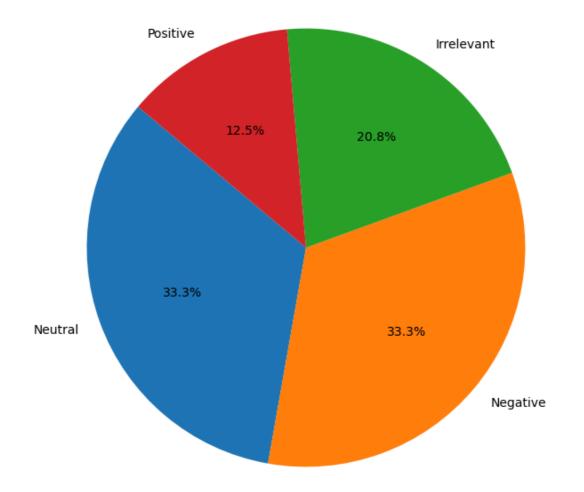


```
In [104]: #Sentiment Distribution in Google
# Filter the dataset to include only entries related to the topic 'Google'
google_data = trains[trains['Topic'] == 'Google']

# Count the occurrences of each sentiment within the filtered dataset
sentiment_counts = google_data['Sentiment'].value_counts()

# Plot the pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(sentiment_counts, labels=sentiment_counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%'
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution of Topic "Google"')
plt.show()
```

Sentiment Distribution of Topic "Google"



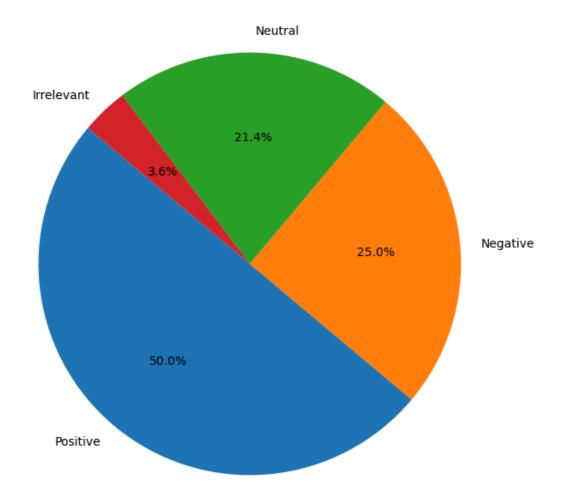
```
In [105]: #Sentiment Distribution in Microsoft

# Filter the dataset to include only entries related to the topic 'Microsof'
ms_data = trains[trains['Topic'] == 'Microsoft']

# Count the occurrences of each sentiment within the filtered dataset
sentiment_counts = ms_data['Sentiment'].value_counts()

# Plot the pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(sentiment_counts, labels=sentiment_counts.index, autopct='%1.1f%%'
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution of Topic "Microsoft"')
plt.show()
```

Sentiment Distribution of Topic "Microsoft"



```
In [106]: trains['msg_len'] = trains['Text'].apply(len)
```

In [107]: trains

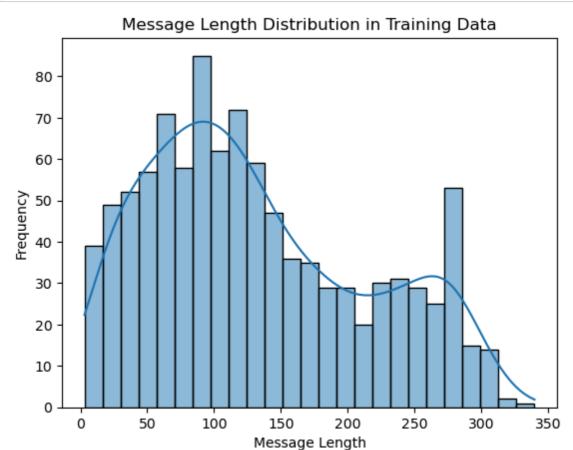
Out[107]:

	ID	Topic	Sentiment	Text	msg_len
0	3364	Facebook	Irrelevant	I mentioned on Facebook that I was struggling	242
1	352	Amazon	Neutral	BBC News - Amazon boss Jeff Bezos rejects clai	109
2	8312	Microsoft	Negative	@Microsoft Why do I pay for WORD when it funct	91
3	4371	CS-GO	Negative	CSGO matchmaking is so full of closet hacking,	71
4	4433	Google	Neutral	Now the President is slapping Americans in the	170
995	4891	GrandTheftAuto(GTA)	Irrelevant	★ Toronto is the arts and culture capital of	281
996	4359	CS-GO	Irrelevant	tHIS IS ACTUALLY A GOOD MOVE TOT BRING MORE VI	248
997	2652	Borderlands	Positive	Today sucked so it's time to drink wine n play	120
998	8069	Microsoft	Positive	Bought a fraction of Microsoft today. Small wins.	49
999	6960	johnson&johnson	Neutral	Johnson & Johnson to stop selling talc baby po	116

1000 rows × 5 columns

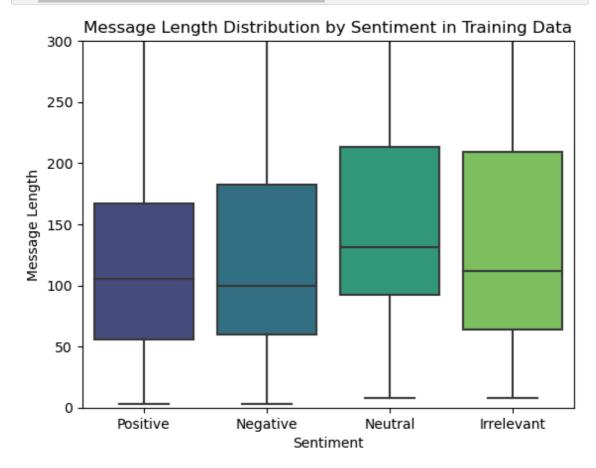
```
In [108]: #Plot of message length distribution for training data

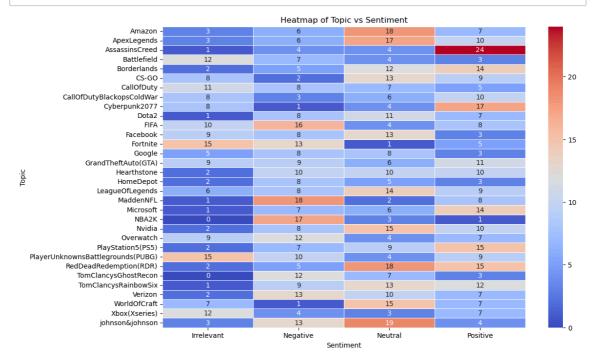
sns.histplot(trains['msg_len'], bins=25,kde=True)
plt.title('Message Length Distribution in Training Data')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xlabel('Message Length')
plt.show()
```



```
In [110]: #Plot message length distribution by sentiment for training data

sns.boxplot(data=trains, x=trains['Sentiment'], y='msg_len', palette='virion plt.title('Message Length Distribution by Sentiment in Training Data')
plt.ylabel('Message Length')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment')
plt.ylim(0,300)
plt.show()
```





#### In [114]: pip install wordcloud

```
Collecting wordcloud
```

Downloading wordcloud-1.9.3-cp310-cp310-win\_amd64.whl (299 kB)

----- 300.0/300.0 kB 1.2 MB/s eta

0:00:00

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda3\lib \site-packages (from wordcloud) (3.7.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.6.1 in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda3\l ib\site-packages (from wordcloud) (1.23.5)

Requirement already satisfied: pillow in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda3\lib\sit e-packages (from wordcloud) (9.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda 3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (22.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\ashwa\anacond a3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (3.0.9)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\ashwa\anacon da3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (1.4.4)

Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda3\l ib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (0.11.0)

Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\ashwa\anacon da3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (4.25.0)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\ashwa\ana conda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\ashwa\anacond a3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (1.0.5)

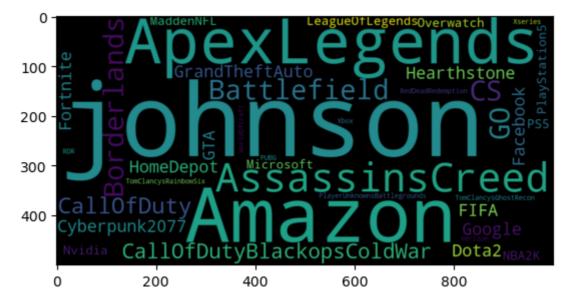
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\ashwa\anaconda3\lib\s ite-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib->wordcloud) (1.16.0)

Installing collected packages: wordcloud

Successfully installed wordcloud-1.9.3

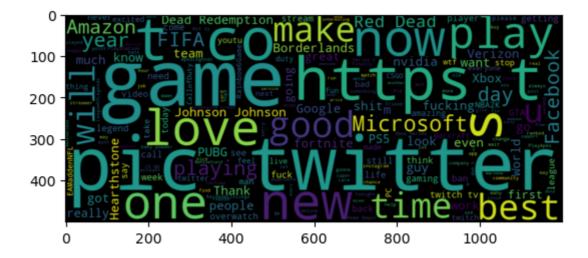
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

Out[115]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x20978779b10>



```
In [116]: corpus = ' '.join(trains['Text'])
    wc2 = WordCloud(width=1200, height=500).generate(corpus)
    plt.imshow(wc2, interpolation='bilinear')
```

Out[116]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x209787e16f0>



In [ ]: