

- It is best known form of BFS.
- It avoids expanding paths that are already expensive but expands most promising path first.

$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

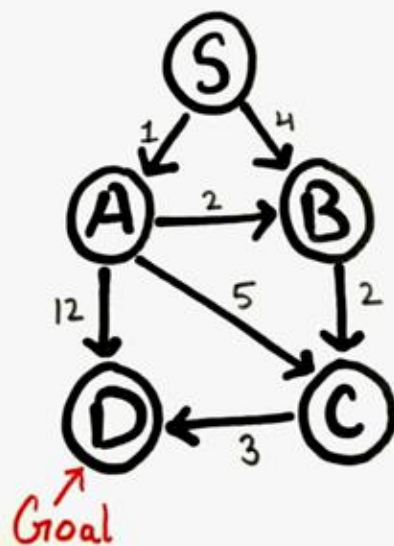
$g(n)$  → cost to reach the node

$h(n)$  → heuristic value

$f(n)$  → estimated total path to reach goal



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$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

for S,  
 $0 + 7 = 7$   
 $S \rightarrow A,$   
 $1 + 6 = 7$   
 $S \rightarrow B,$   
 $4 + 2 = 6$   
 $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$   
 $6 + 1 = 7$   
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$   
 $3 + 2 = 5$   
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow C$   
 $6 + 1 = 7$

$S \rightarrow A \rightarrow D$

$$13 + 0 = 13$$

$(S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow C$

$$5 + 1 = 6$$

$(S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow D$

$$8 + 0 = 8$$

$(S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow D$

$$9 + 0 = 9$$

$(S \rightarrow A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow D$

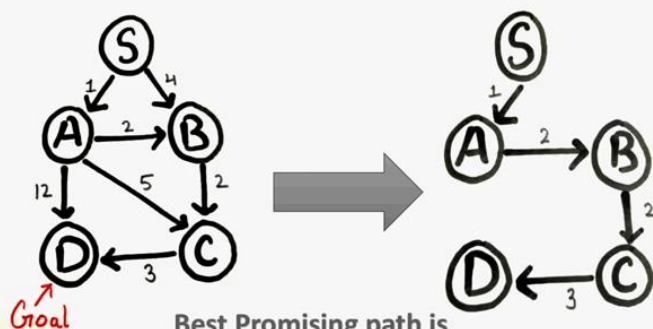
$$9 + 0 = 9$$

Heuristic Value

	Heuristic Value
S	7
A	6
B	2
C	1
D	0

$S \rightarrow A = 7$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow B = 6$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C = 7$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B = 5$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow C = 7$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow D = 13$   
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C = 6$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D = 8$  ✓  
 $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D = 9$   
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow C \rightarrow D = 9$

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Best Promising path is  
 $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D$

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