# Daily Class Slides

Geometry Spring 2022 Chandru Narayan

### Introductions!

### Chandru Narayan



What you were like in High School: Outgoing

Your first day of school tradition/superstition: Bowtie!

Who inspires you: Friendly People

Your interests outside of Bush: Bicycling, Astronomy

Something you are doing: Bicyling 110 miles to raise money for the Child Abuse Prevention dept at Mary Bridge Children's Hospital - My 15th year

A song you know all the words to: Katrinile Varum Geetham - A Tamil song about music in a light breeze

A talent I cherish: South Indian Cooking



# Thursday, Jan 6th

# What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Welcome new Students!

Reflections upon Fall Term

Class Logistics

Ready to have fun! Be courteous, Participate, do lots of problems in class!

All Assignments in Portal and linked to Google Classroom. Do not be late in submitting them!

Bring fully charged laptop, geo instruments, notebook, toolbox & calculator

Dress Warmly Windows to be Open, Masks ON, No eating or drinks inside

Can you Access the textbook online?

#### Today

Review Perimeter

Introduce Area & Volume - New Chapter 8 (Page 422 in book)!

5-minute Break

Area & Volume Investigation - Area of Rect, Parallelogram and any Triangle

#### Reminder

Complete Investigation - Due today Complete Homework - Due Jan 10th

### Introduce new Students!

Welcome Luc, Charlotte, Cophine!

State you name clearly pronouncing first and last names

How would you like to be addressed?

Your personal pronouns

Something interesting or special/peculiar about you?

What are your expectations from this class?

# What is the Perimeter of these Shapes? Units?





### Area & Volume - What are these? Units?



### How many tiles Investigation

- Get handout from Chandru or <u>print from GC</u>
- Hint for #5:
  - poster: 2x3ft, postcard: 4x6", queen bedsheet: 60x80", stamp: 1x1.5"
- Hint for #8:
  - Think of cutting out 1 triangle from one side of parallelogram and rearranging

# Area of Rectangle & Parallelogram Conjectures



#### **Rectangle Area Conjecture**

C-74

The area of a rectangle is given by the formula 1, where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and b is the height of the rectangle.



#### Parallelogram Area Conjecture

C-7:

The area of a parallelogram is given by the formula  $\mathcal{L}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and b is the height of the parallelogram.

Derive Area of any Triangle based on Rect area

Conjectures



# Let's do a few problems

5. 
$$P = 40 \text{ ft}$$
  
 $A = ?$ 



23. Find the area of the trapezoid at right.



### Reminders!

#### Reminders

<u>Complete How many Tiles Investigation</u> - Due today <u>Complete Rect & Parallelogram Areas Homework</u> - Due Jan 10th

# Monday, Jan 10th

# What's happening today?

#### Check-in

How was your 1st week?

Did you complete the Fall Course Review. Please click here to complete

Form Random Teams!

Review Syllabus

#### Today

Review Rectangle & Parallelogram Area Conjectures

Review formula for Area of any Triangle

Review some Rect, Parallelogram Area Problems

A Plethora of Area Formulas to be Discovered!

#### Reminder

Investigation & 8.1 Homework Due today

# Area of Rectangle & Parallelogram Conjectures



#### **Rectangle Area Conjecture**

C-74

The area of a rectangle is given by the formula  $\underline{\mathcal{I}}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and h is the height of the rectangle.



#### Parallelogram Area Conjecture

C-7:

The area of a parallelogram is given by the formula  $\underline{1}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and b is the height of the parallelogram.

Derive Area of any Triangle based on Rect area

Conjectures



# Area of Triangles Conjecture



### **Investigation 1**

### **Area Formula for Triangles**

#### You will need

 heavy paper or cardboard



Step 1

Step 2

Cut out a triangle and label its parts as shown. Make and label a copy.

Arrange the triangles to form a figure for which you already have an area formula. Calculate the area of the figure.

Step 3

What is the area of one of the triangles? Make a conjecture. Write a brief description in your notebook of how you arrived at the formula. Include an illustration.

#### **Triangle Area Conjecture**

C-76

The area of a triangle is given by the formula  $\frac{?}{}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and h is the height of the triangle.

# Review Problems problems

5. 
$$P = 40 \text{ ft}$$
  
 $A = ?$ 

7 ft

23. Find the area of the trapezoid at right.



Let's derive the Area Formula for a Trapezoid

# Area of Trapezoids Conjecture



Area of Kites Conjecture





### **Investigation 3**

Area Formula for Kites

Instead of following these steps, we are going to these pure algebraic fashion! Can you rearrange a kite into short already have the area form properties of a kite?

Create and carry out formula for the area of cuss your results with your group. State a con



#### Kite Area Conjecture

C-78

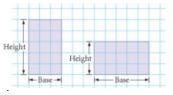
The area of a kite is given by the formula ?..

### Complete & Add Conjectures to Toolbox

#### Rectangle Area Conjecture

C-74

The area of a rectangle is given by the formula  $\mathcal{I}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and h is the height of the rectangle.



#### Parallelogram Area Conjecture

C-75

The area of a parallelogram is given by the formula  $\overline{?}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and b is the height of the parallelogram.



#### Triangle Area Conjecture

C-76

The area of a triangle is given by the formula  $\frac{?}{}$ , where A is the area, b is the length of the base, and h is the height of the triangle.



#### Trapezoid Area Conjecture

**C-77** 

The area of a trapezoid is given by the formula  $\frac{?}{?}$ , where A is the area,  $b_1$  and  $b_2$  are the lengths of the two bases, and h is the height of the trapezoid.



#### Kite Area Conjecture

**C-78** 

The area of a kite is given by the formula ?..



#### Regular Polygon Area Conjecture



The area of a regular polygon is given by the formula  $\frac{?}{?}$  or  $\frac{?}{?}$ , where A is the area, P is the perimeter, a is the apothem, s is the length of each side, and n is the number of sides.



# Wednesday, Jan 12th

### What's happening today?

#### Check-in

#### Form Random Teams!

Did you add conjectures to your toolbox? Review Area formulas and how they work Announce Areas Quiz 8.1-8.4 Wednesday Jan 19th

#### Today

Do Area & Real-world problems from chapters 8.1-8.3 Cover Chapter 8.4 Areas of Regular Polygons Do Polygon Area Problems

#### Reminder

Complete Homework due by Friday to prepare for Quiz
AK will be posted regularly for review and prep
Update your Google Classroom Notification Settings
Check your emails - Comments will be made on Google classroom
Upload your work as a SINGLE PDF files (jpg not allowed)
- Use CamScanner or similar app

### Real-world Area Problems!

Application Tammy is estimating how much she should charge for painting 148 rooms in a new motel with one coat of base paint and one coat of finishing paint. The four walls and the ceiling of each room must be painted. Each room measures 14 ft by 16 ft by 10 ft high.

a. Calculate the total area of all the surfaces to be painted with each coat. Ignore doors and windows.

b. One gallon of base paint covers 500 square feet. One gallon of finishing paint covers 250 square feet. How many gallons of each will Tammy need for the job?

2. Application Rashad wants to wallpaper the four walls of his bedroom. The room is rectangular and measures 11 feet by 13 feet. The ceiling is 10 feet high. A roll of wallpaper at the store is 2.5 feet wide and 50 feet long. How many rolls should he buy? (Wallpaper is hung from ceiling to floor. Ignore doors and windows.)

3. Application It takes 65,000 solar cells, each 1.25 in. by 2.75 in., to power the Helios Prototype, shown below. How much surface area, in square feet, must be covered with the cells? The cells on Helios are 18% efficient. Suppose they were only 12% efficient, like solar cells used in homes. How much more surface area would need to be covered to deliver the same amount of power?

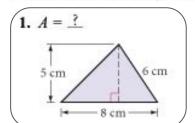


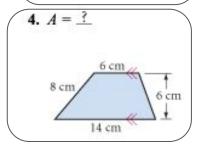
### **Area Problems!**

#### EXERCISES

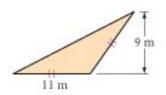


In Exercises 1-12, use your new area conjectures to solve for the unknown measures.

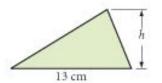




**2.** 
$$A = \frac{?}{}$$



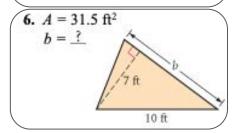
5. 
$$A = 39 \text{ cm}^2$$
  
 $h = \frac{?}{}$ 



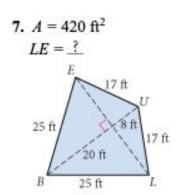
3. 
$$A = \frac{?}{15}$$

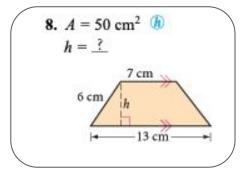
$$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 9 \\ 12 \\ 16 \end{array}$$

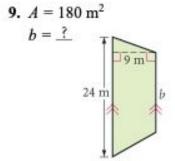
$$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 20 \end{array}$$



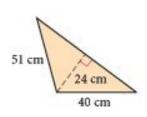
### s'more Area Problems!

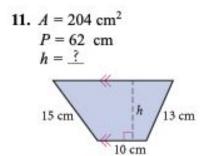


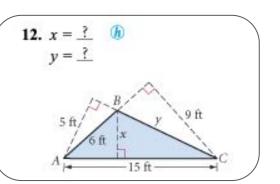




10. 
$$A = 924 \text{ cm}^2$$
  
 $P = ?$ 



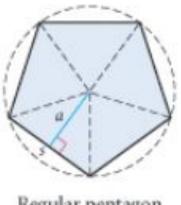




# Chapter 8.4: Areas of Regular Polygons







Regular pentagon

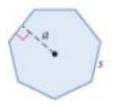
#### Regular Polygon Area Conjecture

C-79

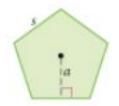
The area of a regular polygon is given by the formula  $\underline{?}$  or  $\underline{?}$ , where A is the area, P is the perimeter, a is the apothem, s is the length of each side, and n is the number of sides.

# Regular Polygon Area Problems!

1. 
$$A \approx \frac{?}{s}$$
  
 $s = 24 \text{ cm}$   
 $a \approx 24.9 \text{ cm}$ 



2. 
$$a \approx \frac{?}{s}$$
  
 $s = 107.5 \text{ cm}$   
 $A \approx 19,887.5 \text{ cm}^2$ 



- 8. Find the approximate length of each side of a regular *n*-gon if a = 80 feet, n = 20, and A = 20,000 square feet.
- 9. Construction Draw a segment 4 cm long. Use a compass and straightedge to construct a regular hexagon with sides congruent to this segment. Use the Regular Polygon Area Conjecture and a centimeter ruler to approximate the hexagon's area.

### Reminders

- 1. Complete Homework due by Friday to prepare for Quiz
- 2. AK will be posted regularly for review and prep
- 3. Update your Google Classroom Notification Settings
- 4. Check your emails Comments will be made on Google classroom
- 5. Upload your work as a SINGLE PDF files (jpg not allowed)
  - Use CamScanner or similar app

# Friday, Jan 14th

# What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Complete 8.2-8.3 Area HW problems?

#### Today

Work on Area Problems - regular polygons, real-world Algebra techniques - Linear Equations

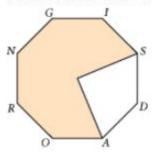
#### Reminders

Areas Quiz 8.1-8.4 Wednesday - Jan 19th Complete All Homework on-time to prepare for Quiz AK will be posted regularly for review and prep

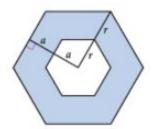
# Regular Polygon Area Problems!

11. A square is also a regular polygon. How is the apothem of a square related to the side length? Show that the Regular Polygon Area Conjecture simplifies to s<sup>2</sup> for the area of a square.

 Find the approximate area of the shaded region of the regular octagon ROADSIGN. The apothem measures 20 cm. Segment GI measures about 16.6 cm.



14. Find the approximate area of the shaded regular hexagonal donut. The apothem and sides of the smaller hexagon are half as long as the apothem and sides of the large hexagon.
a ≈ 6.9 cm and r ≈ 8 cm



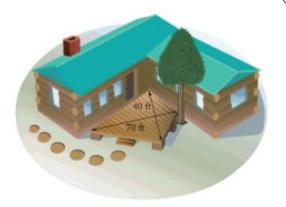
### Real-world Area Problems!

- Application Tammy is estimating how much she should charge for painting 148 rooms in a new motel with one coat of base paint and one coat of finishing paint. The four walls and the ceiling of each room must be painted. Each room measures 14 ft by 16 ft by 10 ft high.
  - a. Calculate the total area of all the surfaces to be painted with each coat. Ignore doors and windows.
  - b. One gallon of base paint covers 500 square feet. One gallon of finishing paint covers 250 square feet. How many gallons of each will Tammy need for the job?

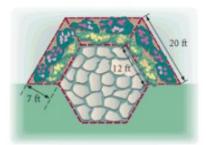


### s'more Real-world Area Problems!

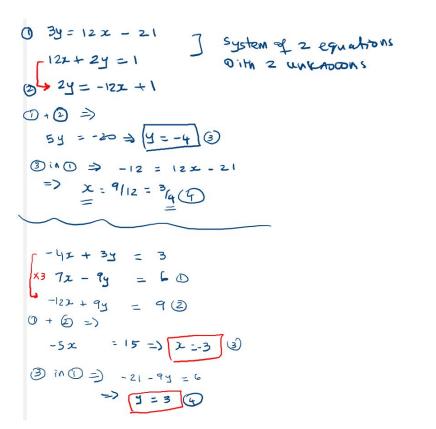
4. Application Harold works at a state park. He needs to seal the redwood deck at the information center to protect the wood. He measures the deck and finds that it is a kite with diagonals 40 feet and 70 feet. Each gallon of sealant covers 400 square feet, and the sealant needs to be applied every six months. How many gallon containers should he buy to protect the deck for the next three years?



5. Application A landscape architect is designing three trapezoidal flowerbeds to wrap around three sides of a hexagonal flagstone patio, as shown. What is the area of the entire flowerbed? The landscape architect's fee is \$100 plus \$5 per square foot. What will the flowerbed cost?



# Linear Equations - pts of concurrency Chapter 6.6



Plot these lines to show approximates slopes, Y-intercepts & pt of intersection

### Reminders

- 1. Complete Homework due by Friday to prepare for Quiz
- 2. AK will be posted regularly for review and prep
- 3. Update your Google Classroom Notification Settings
- 4. Check your emails Comments will be made on Google classroom
- 5. Upload your work as a SINGLE PDF files (jpg not allowed)
  - Use CamScanner or similar app

## Wed, Jan 19th

### What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Completed Area HW problems?
Have Calculator, Conjectures Toolbox, Geo instruments for Quiz?
Starting next week - Phones will not be allowed in class - Bring your calculators!

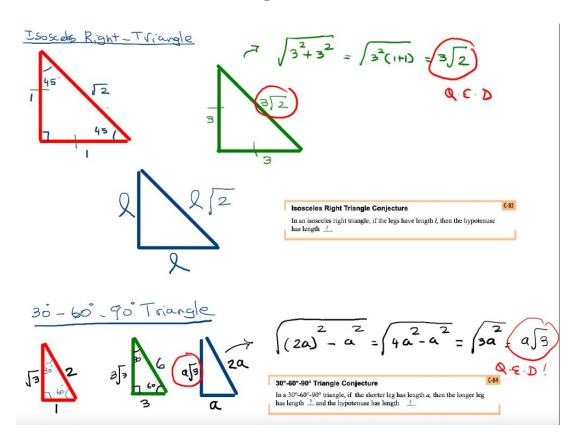
#### Today

30-60-90 triangles
Radical Expressions
Areas Quiz 8.1-8.4

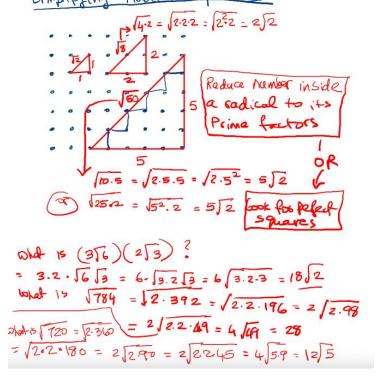
#### Reminders

Project on Radical Expressions & Linear Equations due 1/25

### Special Triangles Chapter 9.2



### Radical Expressions



## Fri Jan 21st

### What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Submit Quiz Corrections with explanations for 100% marks
You need to explain your mistake and how you corrected it in your submission or verbally
Project on Radical Expressions & Special right-triangle conjectures due today

Homework assigned on 8.5 & 8.6

#### Today

Questions on Project?

#### Reminders

### Complete Investigation - Do Problems (Teams)



#### Investigation

#### Area Formula for Circles

Circles do not have straight sides like polygons do. However, the area of a circle can be rearranged. Let's investigate.

Otep 1

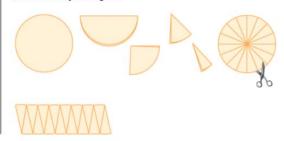
Use your compass to make a large circle. Cut out the circular region.

Step 2

Fold the circular region in half. Fold it in half a second time, then a third time and a fourth time. Unfold your circle and cut it along the folds into 16 wedges.

Step 3

Arrange the wedges in a row, alternating the tips up and down to form a shape that resembles a parallelogram.



If you cut the circle into more wedges, you could rearrange these thinner wedges to look even more like a rectangle, with fewer bumps. You would not lose or gain any area in this change, so the area of this new "rectangle," skimming off the bumps as you measure its length, would be closer to the area of the original circle.

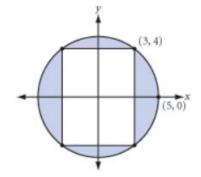
If you could cut infinitely many wedges, you'd actually have a rectangle with smooth sides. What would its base length be? What would its height be in terms of C. the circumference of the circle?

#### Circle Area Conjecture

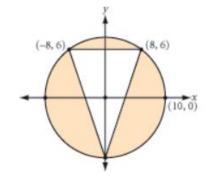
-80

The area of a circle is given by the formula  $\underline{\mathcal{I}}$ , where A is the area and r is the radius of the circle.

9. What is the area of the shaded region between the circle and the rectangle?



10. What is the area of the shaded region between the circle and the triangle?



Step 4

The radius of the original circle is r and the circumference is  $2\pi r$ . Give the base and the height of a rectangle made of a circle cut into infinitely many wedges. Find its area in terms of r. State your next conjecture.

### Sectors - Segments - Annuli



Sector of a circle



Segment of a circle



Annulus

A sector of a circle is the region between two radii and an arc of the circle.

A segment of a circle is the region between a chord and an arc of the circle.

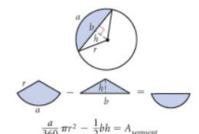
An annulus is the region between two concentric circles.

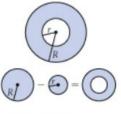
"Picture equations" are helpful when you try to visualize the areas of these region. The picture equations below show you how to find the area of a sector of a circle, the area of a segment of a circle, and the area of an annulus.



$$\frac{a}{360} \cdot \binom{r}{r} = 6$$

$$\frac{a}{360} \cdot \pi r^2 = A_{\text{sect}}$$

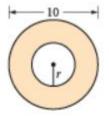




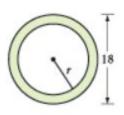
$$\pi R^2 - \pi r^2 = A_{\text{annulus}}$$

#### Do some Problems

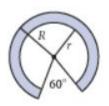
7. 
$$r = 2 \text{ cm}$$



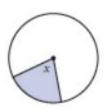
10. The shaded area is  $32\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>. Find r.



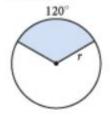
8. 
$$R = 12 \text{ cm}$$
  
 $r = 9 \text{ cm}$ 



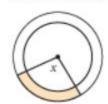
11. The shaded area is 120π cm<sup>2</sup>, and the radius is 24 cm. Find x.



9. The shaded area is  $12 \pi \text{ cm}^2$ . Find r.



12. The shaded area is  $10 \text{ m cm}^2$ . The radius of the large circle is 10 cm, and the radius of the small circle is 8 cm. Find x.



## Tue Jan 25th

### What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Submit Quiz Corrections for 100% marks

You need to explain your mistake and how you corrected it in your submission or verbally

Project on Radical Expressions & Special right-triangles due today (this weekend)

Homework assigned 8.5 & 8.6

Conjectures Notebook Review and Reflection Assigned

#### Today

Points of trouble - Power Rules, Simplifying Expressions, PEMDAS, Units, Bases & Heights Project Hints

#### Reminders

#### Power Rules & Radicals

Power Role & Radicals

$$\frac{1}{a} = a^{-1}$$
,  $\sqrt{a} = a^{-2}$ ,  $a = 1$ 
 $\frac{1}{a} = a^{-1}$ ,  $\sqrt{a} = a^{-2}$ ,  $a = 1$ 
 $\frac{1}{a} = a^{-1}$ ,  $\sqrt{a} = a^{-2}$ ,  $a = 1$ 
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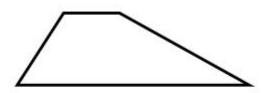
### Simplifying Expressions

1. 
$$-72$$
 =  $a^2 - c^2$  (a) where  $x$  =  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a) where  $x$  =  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a) where  $x$  =  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a) where  $x$  =  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a) where  $x$  =  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (b)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (b)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (b)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (a)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (b)  $2 \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = c^2 - z^2$  (c)  $2 \cdot \frac$ 

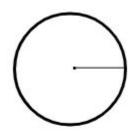
y-22-3 Slope: 2 y-int; -3

#### How do Units work?

How do units work in these formulas?

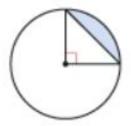


The above fig is a Trapezoid of Area 500 sq-ft & height 8 meters. Calculate the length of the small base in meters if the large base is 10 meters in length.



Area of circle is 72 sq. ft What is the radius in meters?





Calculate the area of the shaded segment

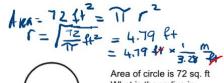
# Soln to Units problems

#### How do Units work?

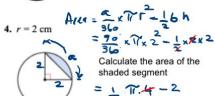
How do units work in these formulas?

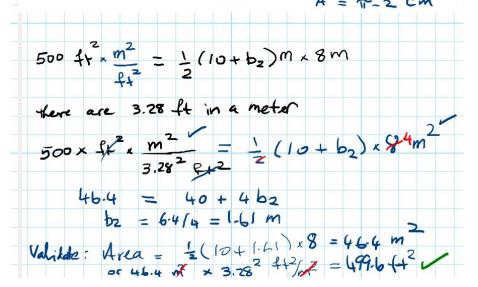


The above fig is a Trapezoid of Area 500 sq-ft & height 8 meters. Calculate the length of the small base in meters if the large base is 10 meters in length.



Area of circle is 72 so What is the radius in meters?

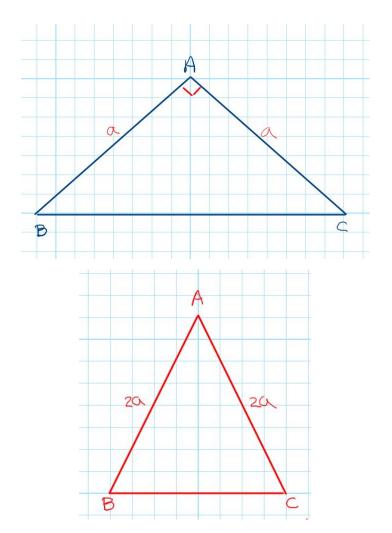




### **Project Hints**

Find the hypotenuse of an Isosceles Right-Triangle of side 'a'

Find the Height of an Equilateral Triangle of side '2a'



## Thu Jan 27th

### What's happening today?

Check-in

#### Today

Going 3-D today - Surface Areas Chapter 8.7! Use Geogebra to build 3D Shapes

#### Reminders

Submit Quiz Corrections for 100% marks

You need to explain your mistake and how you corrected it in your submission or verbally Project on Radical Expressions & Special right-triangles due today (this weekend)

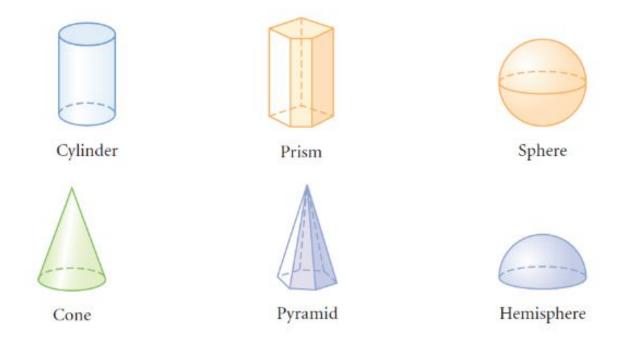
Homework assigned 8.7 Surface Area

Conjectures Notebook Review and Reflection Assigned

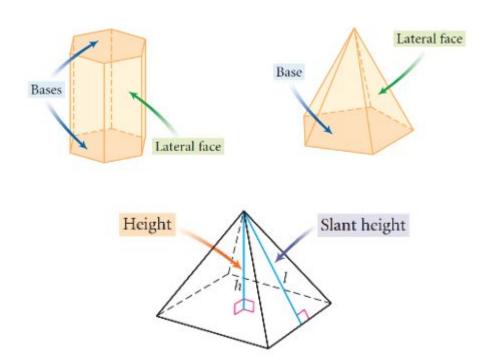
Start studying for your next quiz! (8.4 - 8.7) (regular polygons, circles, pieces of circles, and surface area)

### Some 3-D Shapes and Vocabulary

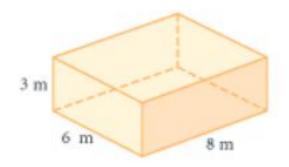
#### 3-Dimensional Shapes

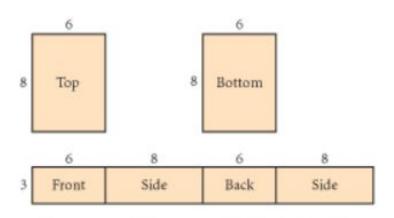


### Some 3-D Shapes and Vocabulary



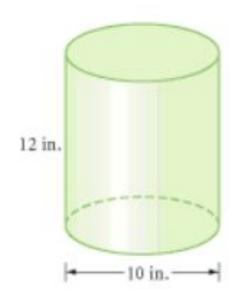
### Surface Area of 3-D Shapes - Prism

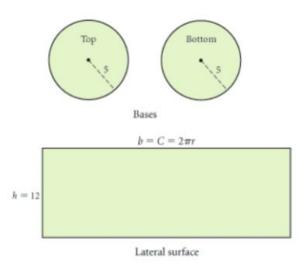




surface area = 2( base area ) + ( lateral surface area )

### Surface Area of 3-D Shapes - Cylinder







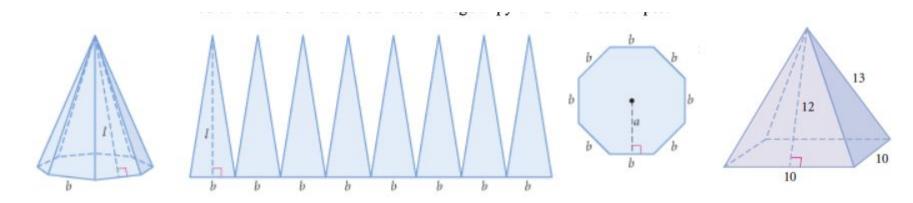
This ice cream plant in Burlington, Vermont, uses cylindrical containers for its milk and cream.

Surface Area of Cylinder =  $2\pi r(r + h)$ 

### Surface Area of 3-D Shapes - Pyramid



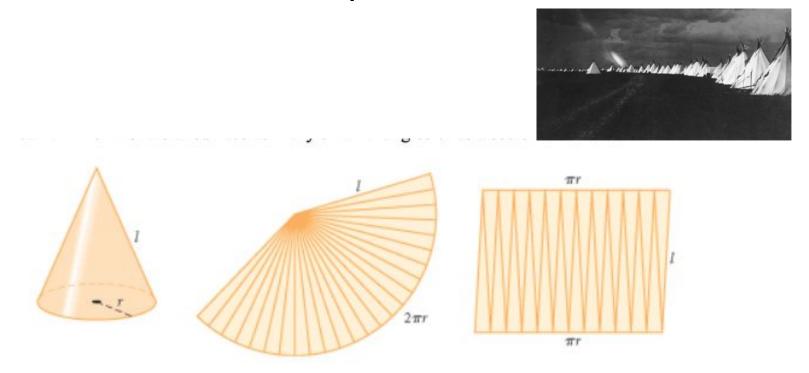
These conservatories in Edmonton, Canada, are glass pyramids.



Surface Area of Pyramid =  $\frac{1}{2}bn(l+a)$ 

Surface Area = 340 sq-cm

### Surface Area of 3-D Shapes - Cone



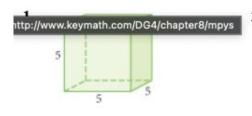
Surface Area of Cone =  $\pi r(r+l)$ 

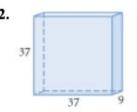
### Do problems from Homework

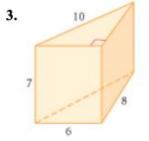
#### Homework assigned 8.7 Surface Area

In Exercises 1–10, find the surface area of each solid. All quadrilaterals are rectangles, and all given measurements are in centimeters. Round your answers to the nearest 0.1 cm<sup>2</sup>.



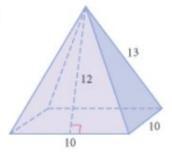




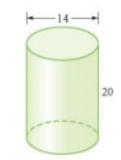


6.

4.

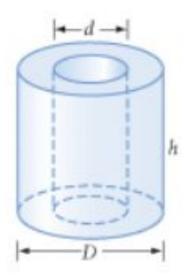






### Do problems from Homework

**9.** 
$$D = 8$$
,  $d = 4$ ,  $h = 9$ 



#### Reminders

Submit Quiz Corrections for 100% marks

You need to explain your mistake and how you corrected it in your submission or verbally Project on Radical Expressions & Special right-triangles due today (this weekend) Homework assigned 8.7 Surface Area

Conjectures Notebook Review and Reflection Assigned

Start studying for your next quiz! (8.4 - 8.7) (regular polygons, circles, pieces of circles, and surface area)

Best way to do this is to do & VALIDATE your Homework Problems using AK!

## Mon Jan 31st

### What's happening today?

#### Check-in

Submitted Quiz Corrections for 100% marks?

Completed Chap 8.5 and 8.6 Problems on Sectors, Segments & Annulii?

Completed Chap 8.7 Surface Area Problems?

**Completed Radicals & Equations Project?** 

#### References

AKs for Chapter Homework 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 9.3 posted - Review & Validate! What Goes in your Toolbox?

#### Today

Where do you need help?

Sectors, Segments, Annulii, Surface Area Practice

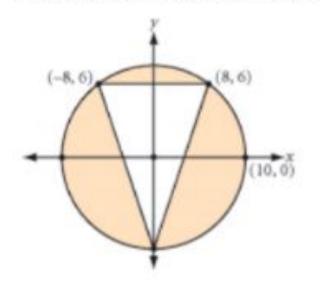
Examine Conjectures Notebook (Toolbox) - Conjectures List Posted

#### Reminders

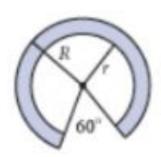
U4Q2 - Quiz on 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 9.3 scheduled for Friday, Feb 4th

### Problems that make you think ...

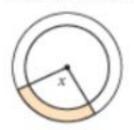
What is the area of the shaded region between the circle and the triangle?



$$R = 12 \text{ cm}$$
  
 $r = 9 \text{ cm}$ 



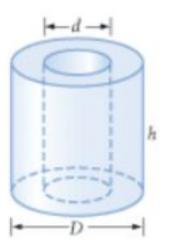
The shaded area is  $10 \, \pi \, \text{cm}^2$ . The radius of the large circle is  $10 \, \text{cm}$ , and the radius of the small circle is  $8 \, \text{cm}$ . Find x.



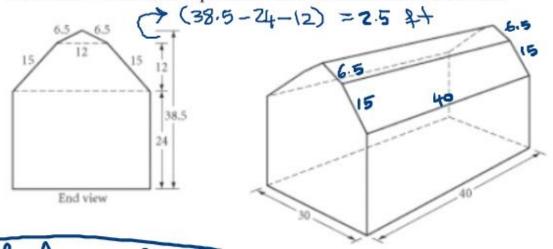
### Problems that make you think ..

9. 
$$D = 8$$
,  $d = 4$ ,  $h = 9$ 





12. Application Claudette and Marie are planning to paint the exterior walls of their country farmhouse (all vertical surfaces) and to put new cedar shingles on the roof. The paint they like best costs \$25 per gallon and covers 250 square feet per gallon. The wood shingles cost \$65 per bundle, and each bundle covers 100 square feet. How much will this home improvement cost? All measurements are in feet.



## Wed Feb 2nd

### What's happening today?

Check-in

References

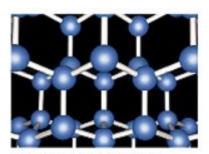
#### Today

Solids - Chapter 10 Volume! Project Partners - <u>Form Random Teams!</u> Examine Conjectures Notebook (Toolbox) - Conjectures List Posted

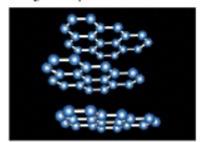
#### Reminders

U4Q2 - Quiz on 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 9.3 scheduled for Friday, Feb 4th

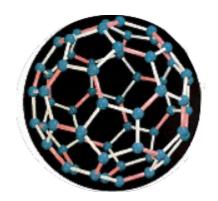
### Solids - Volume Vocabulary



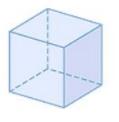
The geometry of diamonds

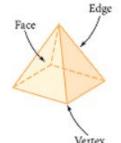


The geometry of graphite

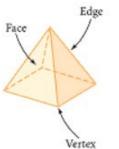




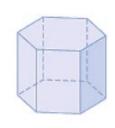




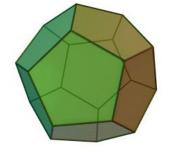


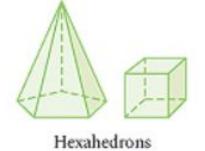


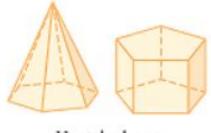


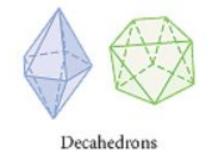


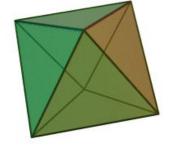
### Polyhedrons



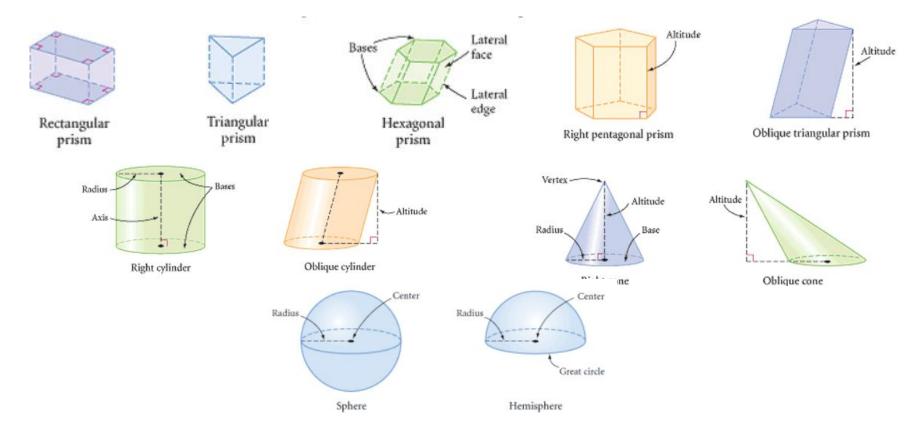








#### Pyramids Prisms Cylinders Cones Spheres- Oblique & Right



#### Volume



100 Cans (1962 oil on carwas), by pop art artist Andy Warhol (1925–1987), repeatedly uses the cylindrical shape of a soup can to make an artistic statement with a popular image.

**Volume** is the measure of the amount of space contained in a solid. You use cubic units to measure volume: cubic inches (in<sup>3</sup>), cubic feet (ft<sup>3</sup>), cubic yards (yd<sup>3</sup>), cubic centimeters (cm<sup>3</sup>), cubic meters (m<sup>3</sup>), and so on.

The volume of an object is the number of unit cubes that completely fill the space within the object.

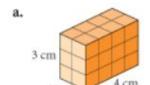


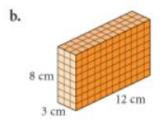
Length: 1 unit

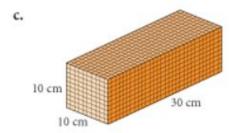
Volume: 1 cubic unit

Volume: 20 cubic units

### Volume Conjectures







#### Rectangular Prism Volume Conjecture

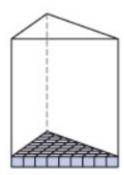
C-86a

If B is the area of the base of a right rectangular prism and H is the height of the solid, then the formula for the volume is  $V = \frac{2}{2}$ .

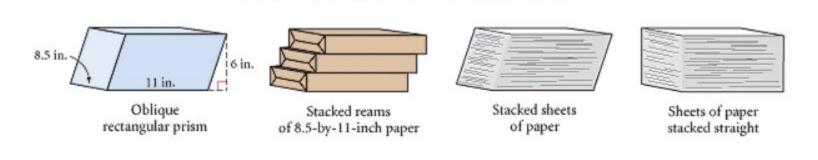
#### Right Prism-Cylinder Volume Conjecture

C-86b

If B is the area of the base of a right prism (or cylinder) and H is the height the solid, then the formula for the volume is V = ?



### Right or Oblique Volume - is it different?



**C-86** 

#### Prism-Cylinder Volume Conjecture

The volume of a prism or a cylinder is the ? multiplied by the ?.



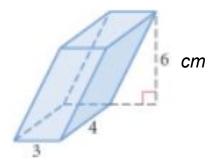
#### Volume Problems

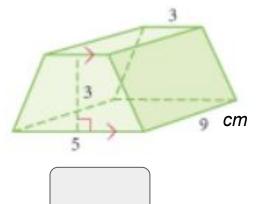
#### Oblique rectangular prism

#### Right trapezoidal prism

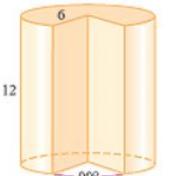


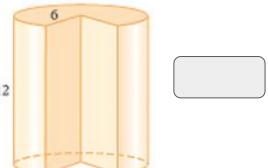






Right cylinder with a 90° slice removed (h)





## Fri, Feb 4th

### What's happening today?

Check-in

References

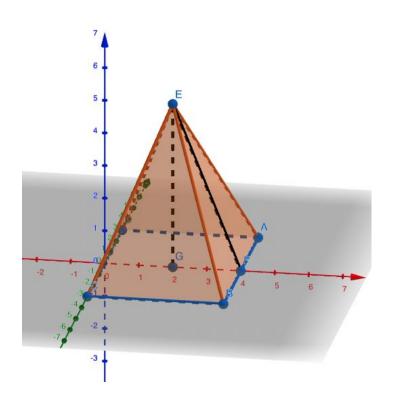
#### Today

Geogebra 3D! Volume Problems (Chap 10.1 10.2) U4Q2 - Areas Quiz

#### Reminders

Work on Volumes Project

### Let's build some 3D Shapes in Geogebra



Can you build a Cone??

Can you build a Octahedron?

