

# SVM\_Classification

February 20, 2024

## 1 Import required libraries and load dataset

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[ ]: df = pd.read_csv("datasets/iris/Iris.csv")
```

## 2 Explore the dataset

```
[ ]: df = df.drop(columns=["SepalLengthCm", "SepalWidthCm"])
```

```
[ ]: df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
  Id  PetalLengthCm  PetalWidthCm  Species
0   1             1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
1   2             1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
2   3             1.3           0.2  Iris-setosa
3   4             1.5           0.2  Iris-setosa
4   5             1.4           0.2  Iris-setosa
```

```
[ ]: df = df[df["Species"] != "Iris-setosa"]
```

```
[ ]: df.shape
```

```
[ ]: (100, 4)
```

```
[ ]: df.Species.unique()
```

```
[ ]: array(['Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica'], dtype=object)
```

```
[ ]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 100 entries, 50 to 149
```

Data columns (total 4 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Id	100 non-null	int64
1	PetalLengthCm	100 non-null	float64
2	PetalWidthCm	100 non-null	float64
3	Species	100 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(1)  
memory usage: 3.9+ KB

```
[ ]: df.describe()
```

```
[ ]:
```

	Id	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm
count	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000
mean	100.500000	4.906000	1.676000
std	29.011492	0.825578	0.424769
min	51.000000	3.000000	1.000000
25%	75.750000	4.375000	1.300000
50%	100.500000	4.900000	1.600000
75%	125.250000	5.525000	2.000000
max	150.000000	6.900000	2.500000

### 3 Null value check

```
[ ]: df.isnull().sum()
```

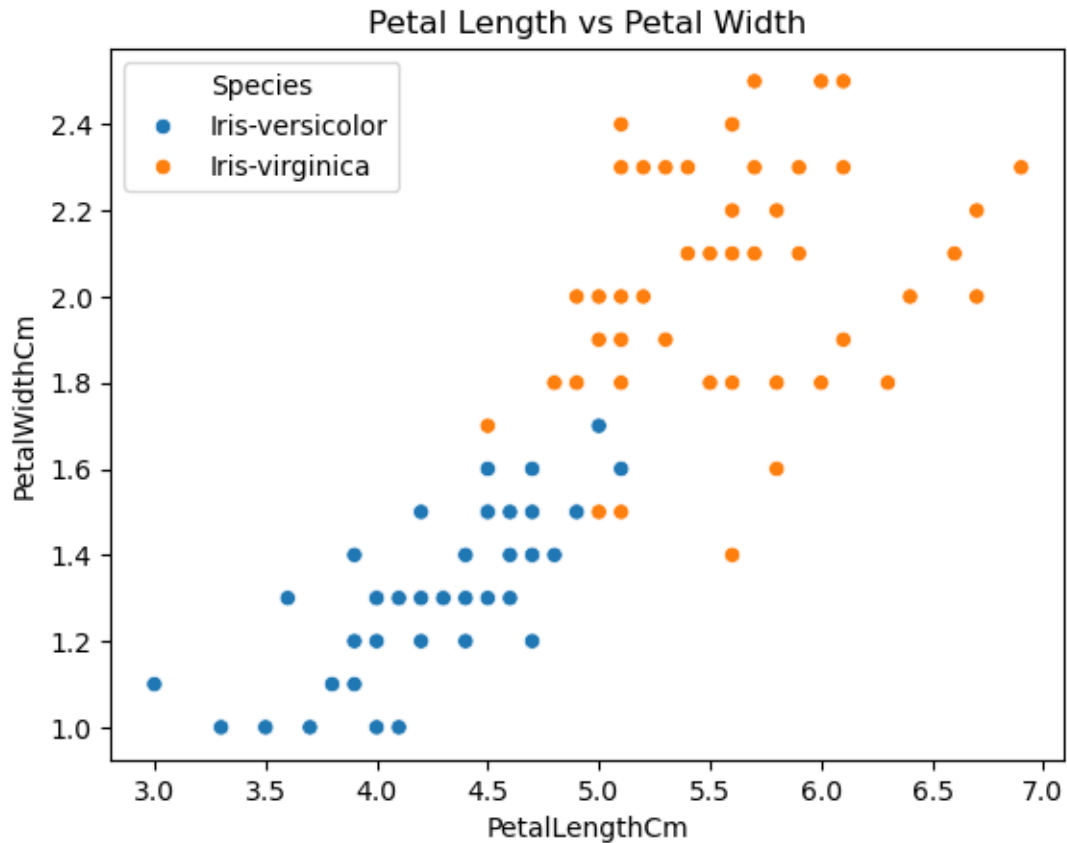
```
[ ]:
```

Id	0
PetalLengthCm	0
PetalWidthCm	0
Species	0

dtype: int64

### 4 Some plot to visualize the data

```
[ ]: sns.scatterplot(x = 'PetalLengthCm', y = 'PetalWidthCm', data = df ,hue=
    ↳='Species')
plt.title('Petal Length vs Petal Width')
plt.show()
```



## 5 lets label encode all the categorical problems

```
[ ]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
df["Species"] = le.fit_transform(df["Species"])
df.head()
```

```
[ ]:
```

	Id	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
50	51	4.7	1.4	0
51	52	4.5	1.5	0
52	53	4.9	1.5	0
53	54	4.0	1.3	0
54	55	4.6	1.5	0

```
[ ]: X = df.drop(columns=["Species", "Id"])
y = df.Species
```

## 6 Do the test train split

```
[ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y,train_size=0.
↪80,random_state=0)
```

## 7 Train the model

```
[ ]: from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc = SVC(kernel="linear")
svc.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
[ ]: SVC(kernel='linear')
```

## 8 Make some predictions

```
[ ]: y_pred = svc.predict(X_test)
y_pred
```

```
[ ]: array([0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0])
```

## 9 Evaluate the model

```
[ ]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

```
[ ]: 0.95
```

```
[ ]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	0.90	0.95	10
1	0.91	1.00	0.95	10
accuracy			0.95	20
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	20
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	20

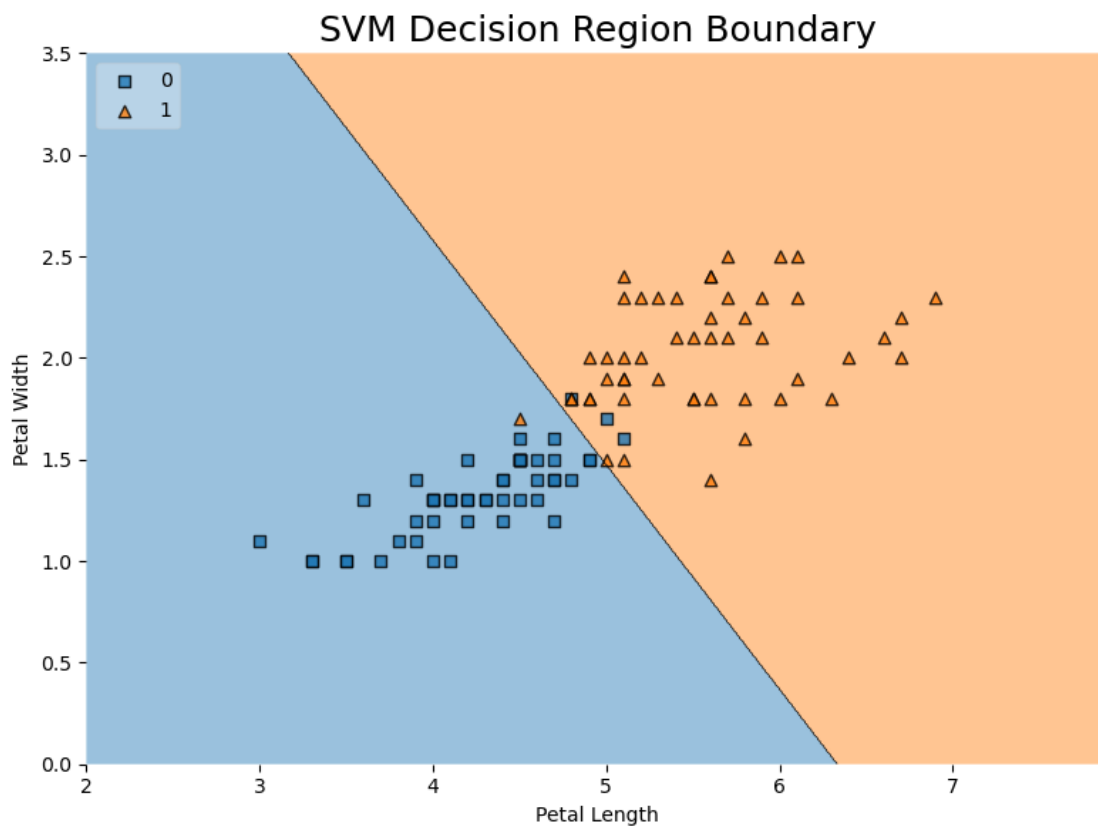
## 10 Let's try plotting the SVM

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from mlxtend.plotting import plot_decision_regions

      fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=1, figsize=(8, 6))

      plot_decision_regions(X=X.values,
                           y=y.values,
                           clf=svc,
                           legend=2)

      plt.title('SVM Decision Region Boundary', size=18)
      plt.xlabel('Petal Length')
      plt.ylabel('Petal Width')
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```



```
[ ]:
```