Personal Information Jinho Chang Seoul, South Korea Personal Webpage

• https://github.com/jinhojsk515

in www.linkedin.com/in/jinho-chang-09a2a1284

Google Scholar https://scholar.google.com/citations?user=GrHZicUAAAAJ

Ph.D. student in KAIST, currently a member of the BioImaging-Signal Processing & Learning Lab(BISPL). I am interested in diffusion models for their score function applications and sampling optimization, and multi-modal models for informative representations and cross-modal generation. Also, leveraging my chemistry background, I aim to apply state-of-the-art AI techniques to various important chemical challenges with minimal adaptation costs.

## Research Interests

- **-Diffusion model and its applications :** Latent diffusion models, Score distillation, Optimized sampling, etc.
- -Multimodal learning: Vision-language pre-training, Contrastive multimodal learning, Cross-modal generation, etc.
- -AI for chemistry: Conditional molecule generation, Property prediction, etc.

## Publications

More details can be found in Google Scholar Page.

 Contrastive CFG: Improving CFG in Diffusion Models by Contrasting Positive and Negative Concepts [link]

Jinho Chang, Hyungjin Chung, and Jong Chul Ye

In Review, 2024

We point out the drawback of naively negating the Classifier-Free Guidance (CFG) term, and propose a novel approach to enhance negative CFG in conditional diffusion models using contrastive loss. By aligning or repelling the denoising direction based on the given condition, our method overcomes the distortions caused by traditional negative CFG, achieving superior sample quality and effective removal of unwanted features across various scenarios.

• LDMol : Text-Conditioned Molecule Diffusion Model Leveraging Chemically Informative Latent Space [link]

Jinho Chang and Jong Chul Ye

In Review, 2024

We present a new latent diffusion model LDMol for molecule generation with complex conditions like natural texts. Leveraging a chemically informative latent space obtained with contrastive learning, LDMol not only outperforms previous text-to-molecule generative models, but can also be applied to downstream tasks like retrieval and molecule editing.

• Bidirectional Generation of Structure and Properties Through a Single Molecular Foundation Model [link]

Jinho Chang and Jong Chul Ye

Nature Communications, 2024

We introduce a multimodal molecular pre-trained model that integrates molecular structures and their biochemical properties, which enables various multimodal and unimodal tasks like conditional molecule generation, property prediction, molecule classification, and reaction prediction.

- LLM-CXR: Instruction-Finetuned LLM for CXR Image Understanding and Generation [link] Suhyeon Lee, Wonjun Kim, Jinho Chang, and Jong Chul Ye

  Taking inspiration from previous work on the transformer and VQ-GAN combination for bidirectional image and text generation, we developed a method for instruction-tuning a text-only LLM to gain vision-language capabilities for medical images. We let LLM understand tokenized visual inputs by instructing it to answer questions about image inputs and generate image outputs.

- Ground-A-Score: Scaling Up the Score Distillation for Multi-Attribute Editing [link]

  Hangeol Chang, Jinho Chang, and Jong Chul Ye

  In Review, 2024

  We propose a simple yet powerful model-agnostic image editing method that tackles complex image editing queries in a manner of divide-and conquer. Moreover, the selective application with a new penalty coefficient helps to precisely target editing areas while preserving the integrity of the objects in the source image.

Experiences

## Internship as AI developer HITS (https://hits.ai/)

January 2021 - June 2021

Development of a reinforcement learning model to generate molecules with specific chemical or pharmaceutical properties guided by the given RL reward.

EDUCATION

Ph.D. student in Artificial Intelligence

September 2022 - present

Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (KAIST)

**B.S.** in Computer Science and Chemistry (double major) Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (KAIST) March 2018 - August 2022