```
public class CycleList {
   private Node head;
   private Node current;
   private int size;
   //构造空循环链表
   CycleList() {
       //构造头结点
       this.head = new Node(null);
       //头结点指向自己,变成循环链表
       this.head.next = this.head;
       //当前节点指向头结点
       this.current = this.head;
       this.size = 0;
   //定位
   private void index(int idx) {
       //头节点的下标
       if (idx = = -1) {
           //如果位置为头结点,则当前节点指向头结点
           current = head;
           return;
       if (idx<-1) {
           throw new RuntimeException("下标越界");
       idx = idx\%size;
       //如果定位位置为非头结点,则让current指向head.next
       current = head.next;
       for(int i=0; i<idx; i++) {
           current = current.next;
   //添加节点
   public void add (int idx, Object data) {
       index(idx-1);
       current.next = new Node(data, current.next);
```

```
this.size++;
   //删除节点
   public void remove (int idx) {
        index(idx-1);
        current.next = current.next.next;
        this.size--;
   //返回节点的值
   public Object get (int idx) {
       index(idx);
       return current.data;
   //判断链表是否为空
   public boolean isEmpty() {
        return this.size==0;
   //链表的长度
   public int size() {
        return this.size;
class Node {
   public Object data;
   public Node next;
   //构造头节点
   Node(Node next){
        this.data = null;
       this.next = next;
   //非头节点
   Node(Object data, Node next){
       this.data = data;
        this.next = next;
```

```
public Object getData() {
    return data;
}

public void setData(Object data) {
    this.data = data;
}

public Node getNext() {
    return next;
}

public void setNext(Node next) {
    this.next = next;
}
```