3D Reconstruction and Appearance Modeling for Human Face

Rebirth in Deep Neural Network

Tencent Youtu
Chen Li

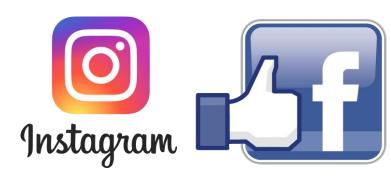
"3D reconstruction is the process of capturing the geometry and appearance of real objects."

--from Wikipedia

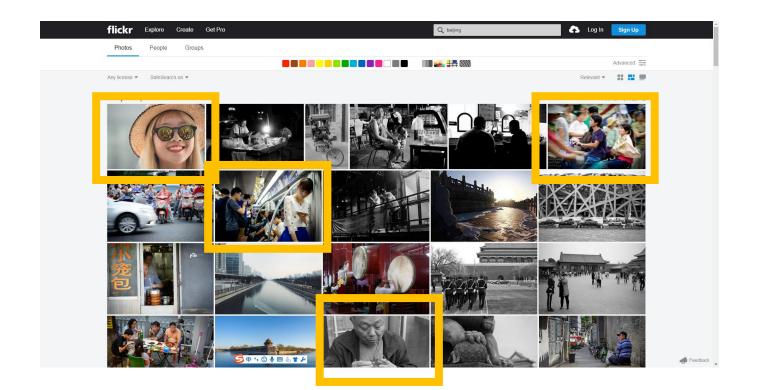
Outline

- Why we focus on facial images?
- Solutions in Industry
- Solutions for single image
 - Geometry
 - Appearance
- Rebirth in Deep Neural Network

Why we focus on facial images?







"Faces exist in more than 60% of camera phone images."

--International Imaging Industry Association

The Curious Case Of BENJAMIN BUTTON













一键打造精致裸妆

超智能五官精准定位、粉底、唇彩、腮红、鼻翼高光、修眉、染发







Solutions in Industry

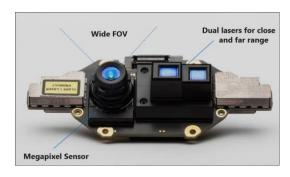
Geometry Reconstruction

- Active methods
 - Structured light (Kinect, iPhone X, etc.)
 - Laser range finder
 - Time-of-flight

- Passive methods
 - Multi-view Stereo
 - Shape-from-X (shading, focus/defocus, etc.)
 - Data-driven



Kinect 2.0



ToF of Microsoft



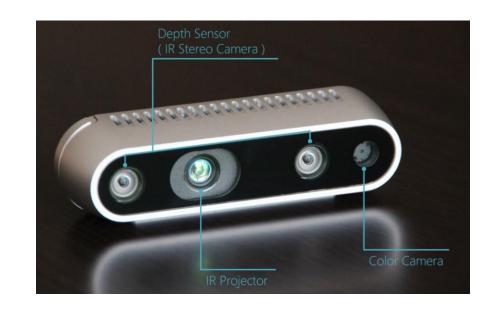
iPhone X

Geometry Reconstruction

- Active methods
 - Structured light (Kinect, iPhone X, etc.)
 - Laser range finder
 - Time-of-flight



- Multi-view Stereo
- Shape-from-X (shading, focus/defocus, silhouettes)
- Data-driven

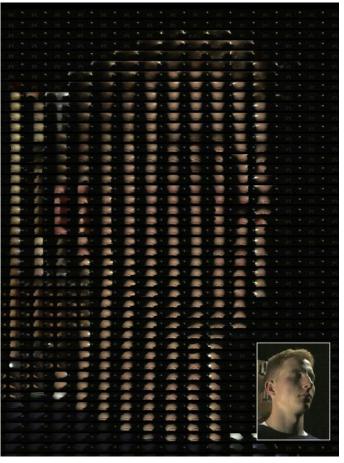


Intel RealSence

USC ICT Light Stage Series

- Light Stage 1
 - Built in 2000
 - One spotlight
 - Takes 1 minute



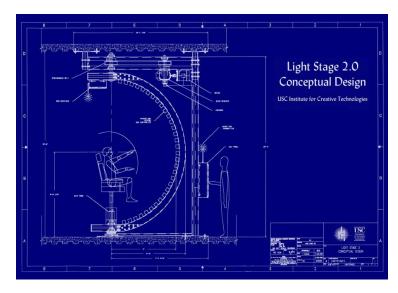


Paul Debevec, Tim Hawkins, Chris Tchou, Haarm-Pieter Duiker, Westley Sarokin, and Mark Sagar. 2000. Acquiring the reflectance field of a human face. In Proceedings of the 27th annual conference on Computer graphics and interactive techniques (SIGGRAPH '00).

USC ICT Light Stage Series

- Light Stage 1
 - Built in 2000
 - One spotlight
 - Takes 1 minute
- Light Stage 2
 - Built in 2002
 - 30 strobe lights
 - 8 seconds

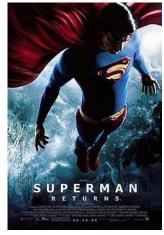
Tim Hawkins, Andreas Wenger, Chris Tchou, Andrew Gardner, Fredrik Göransson, and Paul Debevec. 2004. Animatable facial reflectance fields. In Proceedings of the Fifteenth Eurographics conference on Rendering Techniques (EGSR'04).













USC ICT Light Stage Series

- Light Stage 5
 - Built in 2005
 - 152 lights
 - 24 shot / second





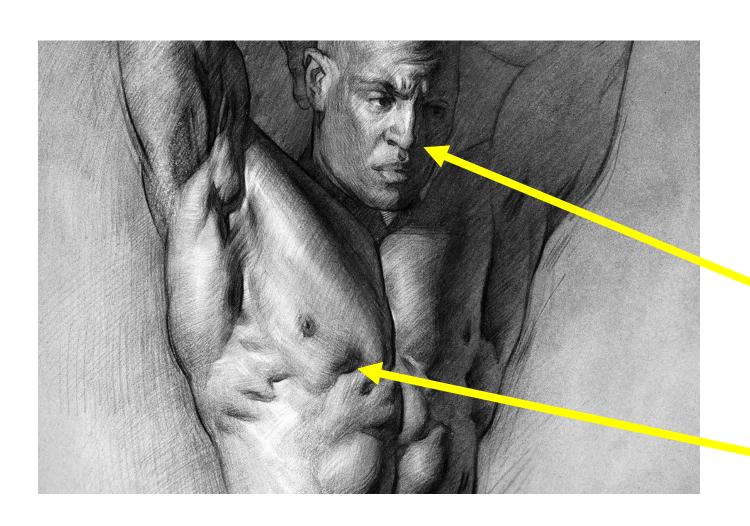




Andreas Wenger, Andrew Gardner, Chris Tchou, Jonas Unger, Tim Hawkins, and Paul Debevec. 2005. Performance relighting and reflectance transformation with time-multiplexed illumination. ACM Trans. Graph. 24, 3 (July 2005), 756-764.

Solutions for single image

Analysis by synthesis



Synthesizing the estimation, analyzing the accurate.

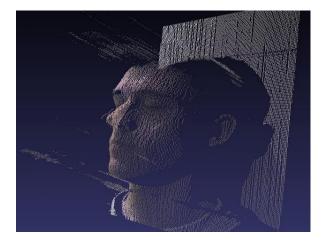
Facial landmarks

Shading

Problem formulation

- Geometry representation
 - Point Cloud
 - Depth map/normal map
 - Parametric model

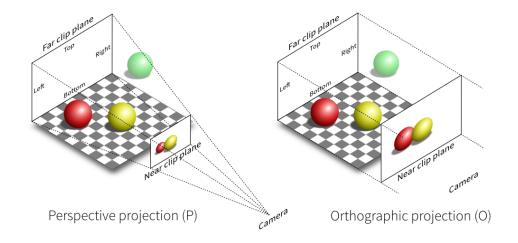
- 3D-to-2D projection
 - Orthographic projection
 - Weakly perspective projection
 - Perspective projection



Point Cloud



Normal Map

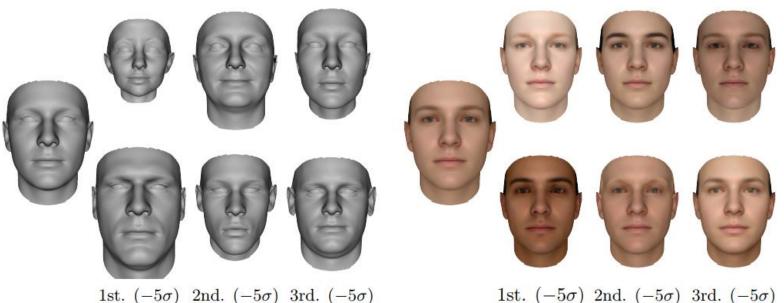


3D Morphable Model

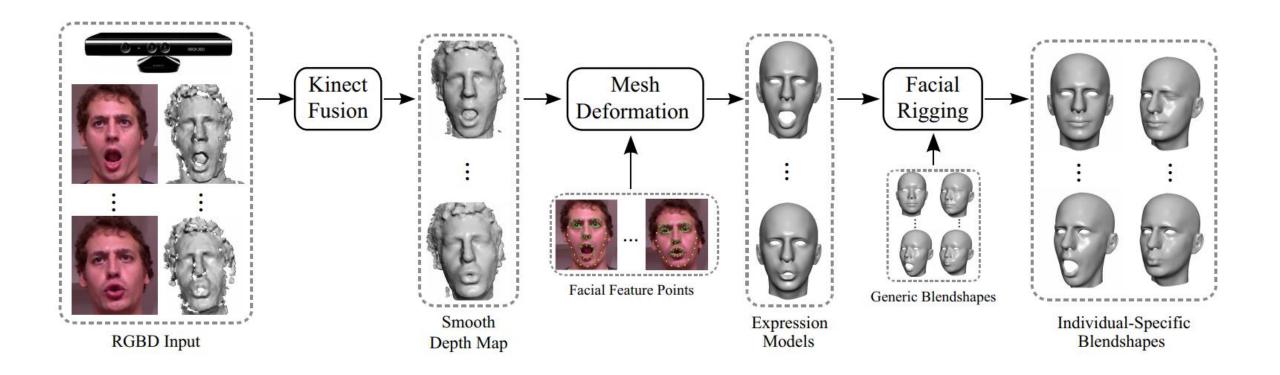
$$G = \overline{G} + U_{id}\alpha_{id} + U_{exp}\alpha_{exp}$$
$$T = \overline{T} + U_{tex}\alpha_{tex}$$

shape shape components mean 1st. $(+5\sigma)$ 2nd. $(+5\sigma)$ 3rd. $(+5\sigma)$

texture texture components mean 1st. $(+5\sigma)$ 2nd. $(+5\sigma)$ 3rd. $(+5\sigma)$



Data Capture



Cao Chen, Yanlin Weng, Shun Zhou, Yiying Tong, Kun Zhou: "FaceWarehouse: a 3D Facial Expression Database for Visual Computing", IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics, 20(3): 413-425, 2014,

Optimization

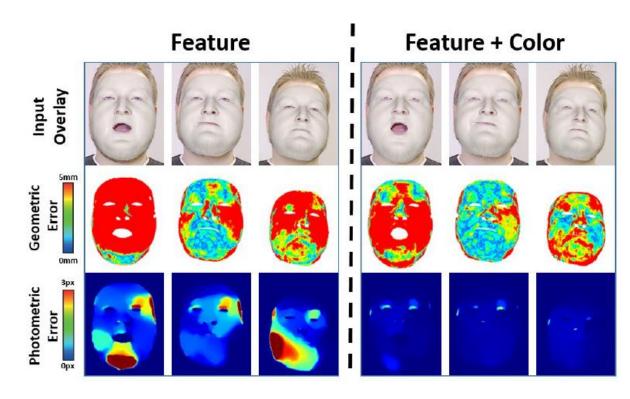
Target

$$\mathcal{P} = \left\{\Pi, \alpha_{id}, \alpha_{exp}, \alpha_{tex}\right\}$$

Constraints

$$E_{lan} = \sum_{f} ||\Pi(G(\alpha_{id}, \alpha_{exp})) - f_p||_2^2$$

$$E_{color} = \sum_{n} ||\mathbf{T}(\alpha_{tex}) - I(\Pi(G(\alpha_{id}, \alpha_{exp})))||_{2}^{2}$$



Zollhofer, M. and Thies, J. and Garriod, P. and Bradely, D. and Beeler, T. and Perez, P. and Stamminger, M. and Niesner, M. and Theobalt, C.. 2018. State of the Art on Monocular 3D Face Reconstruction, Tracking, and Applications. Computer Graphics Forum (Eurographics State of the Art Reports 2018).

3D-to-2D Project

Weakly perspective projection

$$p = f * R * v + T_{xy}$$



Tran, et.al. 2018

Perspective projection

$$v' = R * v + T$$

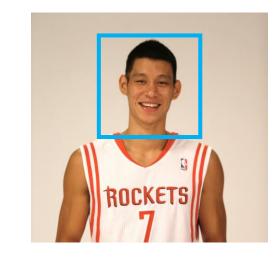
$$v^{\prime\prime}=(rac{v_x^\prime}{v_z^\prime},rac{v_y^\prime}{v_z^\prime},1)$$

$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{p} &= egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{f}_x & oldsymbol{0} & oldsymbol{c}_x \ oldsymbol{0} & oldsymbol{f}_y & oldsymbol{c}_y \ oldsymbol{0} & oldsymbol{0} & oldsymbol{1} \end{bmatrix} oldsymbol{v}^{\prime\prime} \end{aligned}$$





Tewari, et.al. 2018



Face Contour Handling

Dense contour hypothesis

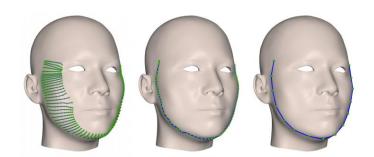
- Pre-defined contour lines
- The computation of visibility is costly

Sliding feature points

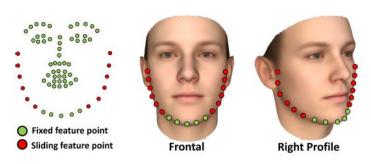
 Iterative updated sliding feature points

3D landmarks

- Training data is limited
- Hard to capture complex expression



Cao, et.al. 2014



Tewari, et.al. 2018





Bulat, et.al. 2017

How about the facial details?

Shape-from-shading

An intuition

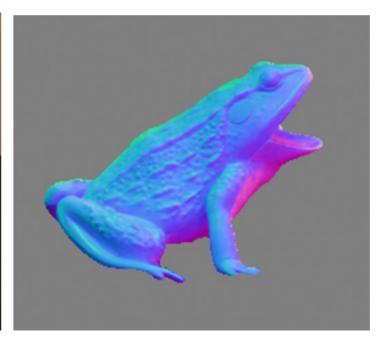
Calibrated illumination



Shading image



Estimated normal map



M. K. Johnson and E. H. Adelson, "Shape estimation in natural illumination," CVPR 2011, Colorado Springs, CO, USA, 2011, pp. 2553-2560.

Formulation

Distant light

$$I = A \cdot N \cdot L$$

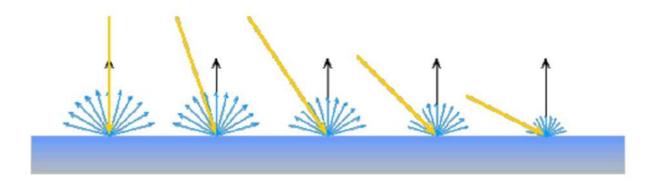
Parametric illumination

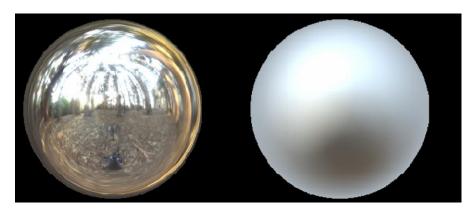
$$L(\theta, \phi) = \sum_{l,m} L_{lm} Y_{lm}(\theta, \phi)$$

$$I = A \cdot N^{T} \cdot M \cdot N$$

Lambert cosine law

The radiant intensity observed from an ideal diffuse diffusely reflecting surface is directly proportional to the cosine of the angle between the direction of the incident light and the surface normal.

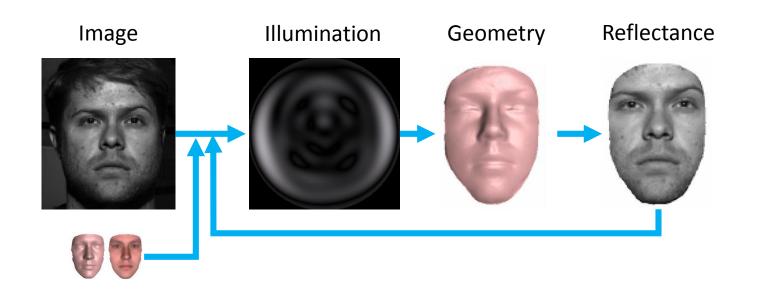




Ravi Ramamoorthi and Pat Hanrahan. 2001. An efficient representation for irradiance environment maps. In Proceedings of the 28th annual conference on Computer graphics and interactive techniques (SIGGRAPH '01).

A solution for face

$$I = A \cdot N^{T} \cdot M \cdot N$$

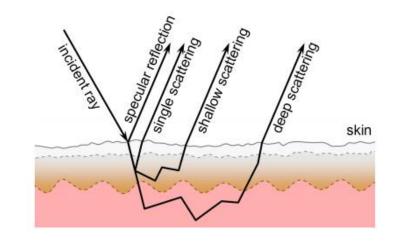


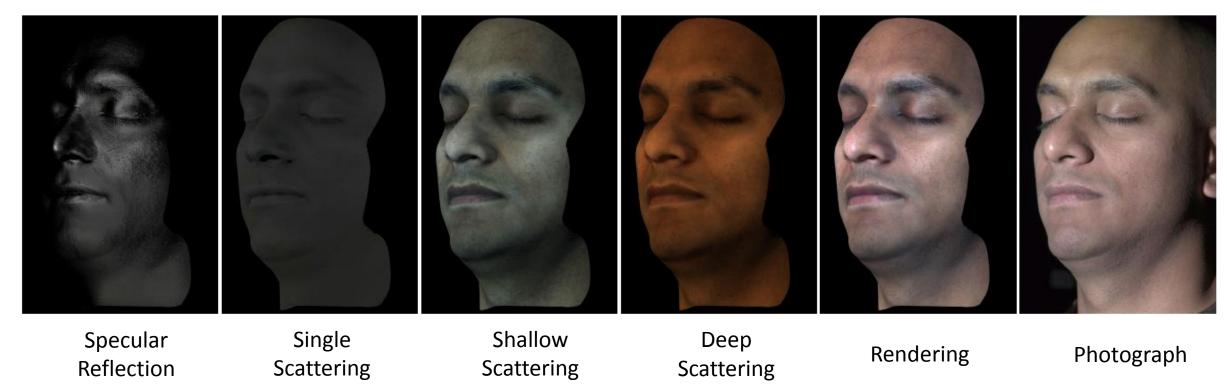
Garrido, et.al. 2016

I. Kemelmacher-Shlizerman and R. Basri, "3D Face Reconstruction from a Single Image Using a Single Reference Face Shape," in IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, vol. 33, no. 2, pp. 394-405, Feb. 2011.

Is face really Lambertian?

Face Appearance Modeling





Abhijeet Ghosh, Tim Hawkins, Pieter Peers, Sune Frederiksen, and Paul Debevec. 2008. Practical modeling and acquisition of layered facial reflectance. In ACM SIGGRAPH Asia 2008 papers (SIGGRAPH Asia '08).

Face Appearance Capture



https://docs.sharktacos.com/photography/xpol.html



Weyrich, et.al. 2006

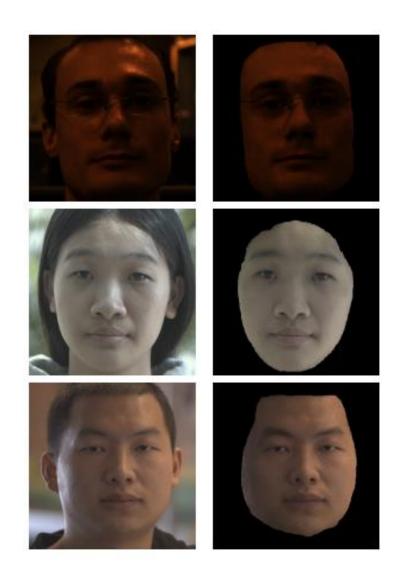
Specular separation

$$I = A \cdot N^T \cdot M \cdot N$$

$$I = A \cdot N^T \cdot M \cdot N + S$$

$$A = \sigma_m^{\rho_m} \sigma_h^{\rho_h} \qquad \text{Low-frequency illumination} \qquad \text{High-frequency illumination}$$

 p_h, σ_h



C. Li, S. Lin, K. Zhou and K. Ikeuchi, "Specular Highlight Removal in Facial Images," 2017 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), Honolulu, HI, 2017, pp. 2780-2789.

Subsurface scattering

$$I = A \cdot N^{T} \cdot M \cdot N + S$$



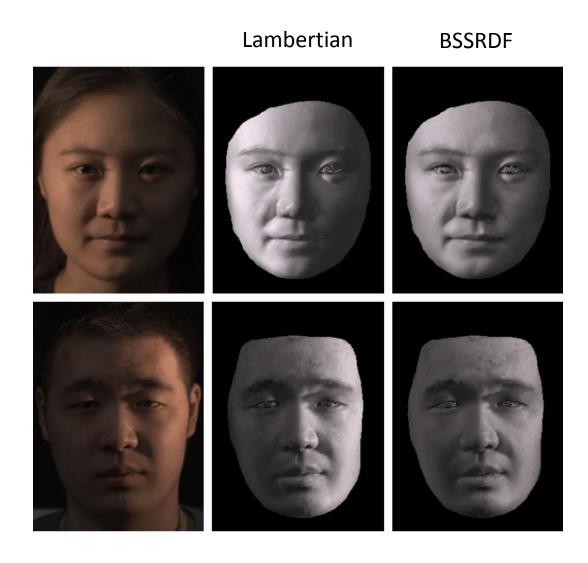
$$I = BSSRDF + S$$

Lambertian

BSSRDF







Li C., Zhou K., Lin S. (2014) Intrinsic Face Image Decomposition with Human Face Priors. In: Fleet D., Pajdla T., Schiele B., Tuytelaars T. (eds) Computer Vision – ECCV 2014. ECCV 2014. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 8693. Springer, Cham

Subsurface scattering

$$I = A \cdot N^{T} \cdot M \cdot N + S$$

$$I = BSSRDF + S$$

Lambertian

BSSRDF







C. Li, K. Zhou and S. Lin, "Simulating makeup through physics-based manipulation of intrinsic image layers," 2015 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), Boston, MA, 2015, pp. 4621-4629.

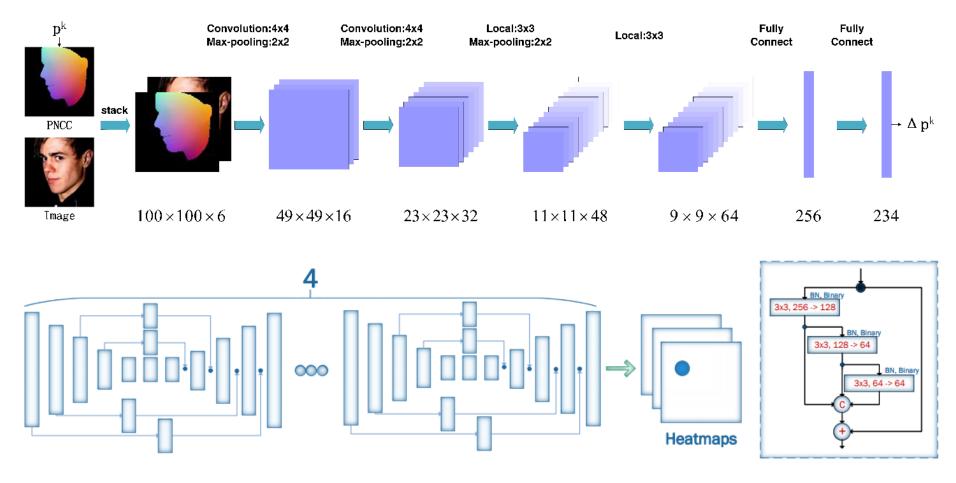
Rebirth in Deep Neural Network

Rebirth in Deep Neural Network

- Frontal face to arbitrary poses
- Occlusion handling
- Separation of training and testing
- Synthetic data + unsupervised real images

Frontal face to arbitrary poses

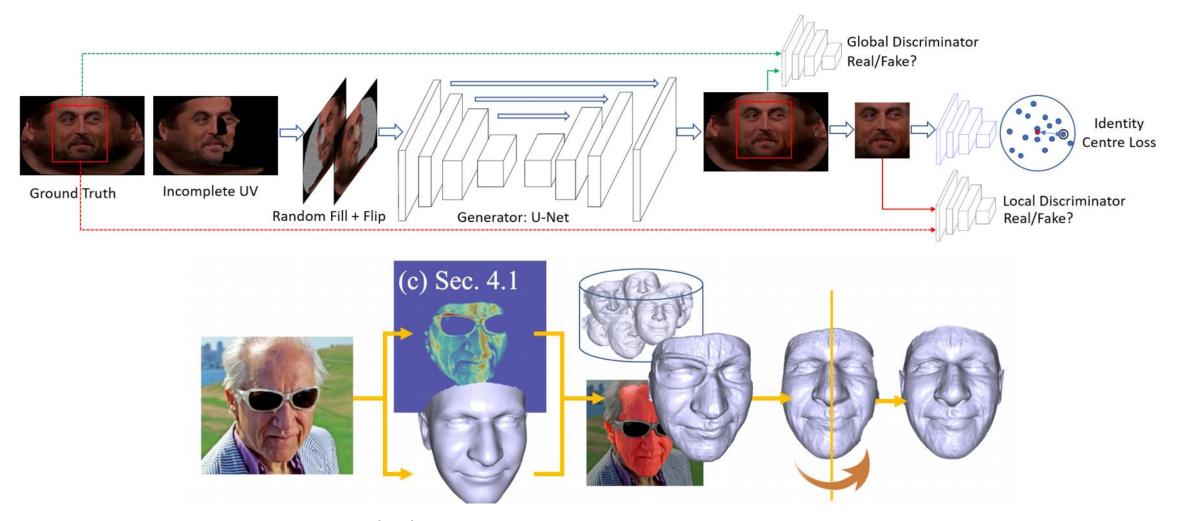
X. Zhu, Z. Lei, X. Liu, H. Shi and S. Z. Li, "Face Alignment Across Large Poses: A 3D Solution," 2016 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), Las Vegas, NV, 2016, pp. 146-155.



A. Bulat and G. Tzimiropoulos, "How Far are We from Solving the 2D & 3D Face Alignment Problem? (and a Dataset of 230,000 3D Facial Landmarks)," 2017 IEEE International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV), Venice, 2017, pp. 1021-1030.

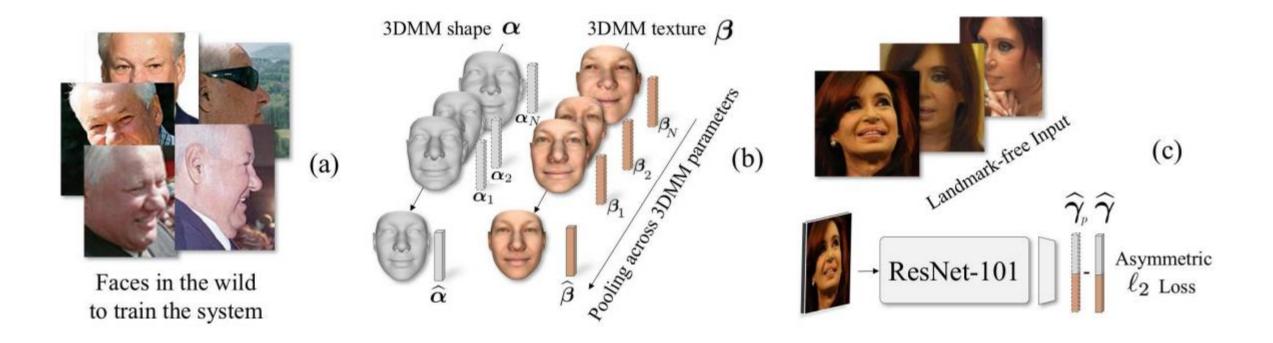
Occlusion handling

Deng, Jiankang and Cheng, Shiyang and Xue, Niannan and Zhou, Yuxiang and Zafeiriou, Stefanos, "UV-GAN: Adversarial Facial UV Map Completion for Pose-Invariant Face Recognition," 2018 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR).



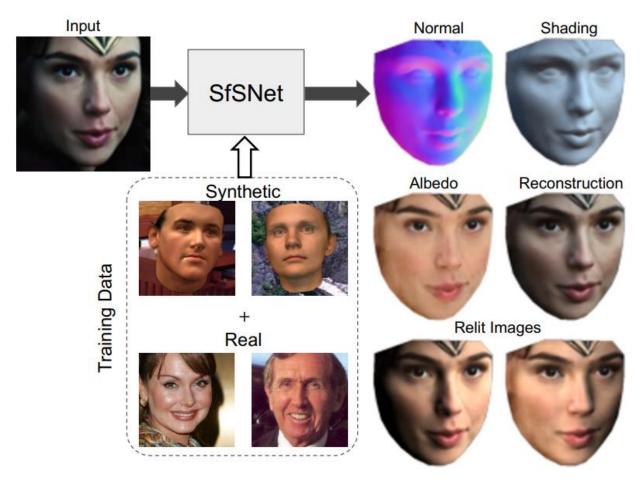
Anh Tuấn Trần, Tal Hassner, Iacopo Masi, Eran Paz, Yuval Nirkin, Gérard Medioni, "Extreme 3D Face Reconstruction: Seeing Through Occlusions," 2018 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR).

Separation of training and testing



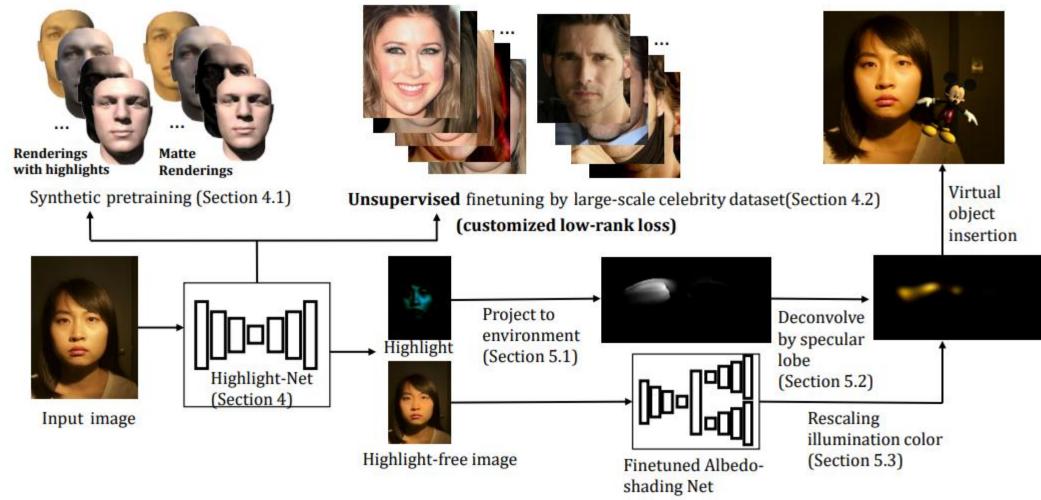
A. T. Tran, T. Hassner, I. Masi and G. Medioni, "Regressing Robust and Discriminative 3D Morphable Models with a Very Deep Neural Network," 2017 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), Honolulu, HI, 2017, pp. 1493-1502.

Synthetic data + unsupervised real images



Soumyadip Sengupta and Angjoo Kanazawa and Carlos D. Castillo and David W. Jacobs, "SfSNet: Learning Shape, Refectance and Illuminance of Faces in the Wild," 2018 IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR).

Synthetic data + unsupervised real images



Yi, Renjiao and Zhu, Chenyang and Tan, Ping and Lin, Stephen, "Faces as Lighting Probes via Unsupervised Deep Highlight Extraction," 2018 The European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV).

Good Reference

- ZJU: Kun Zhou (http://kunzhou.net/)
- USC: Hao Li (https://www.hao-li.com)
- MSU: Xiaoming Liu (http://cvlab.cse.msu.edu/)
- MPI: GVV (http://gvv.mpi-inf.mpg.de/)