## #births Northland

## Chang Tu

```
#births Northland
#(83 / 4580),(64 / 4640),(83 / 5450)
Y < -c(83,64,83)
N < -c(4580, 4640, 5450)
##Set parameters for Gamma prior
alpha <- 0.03
beta <- 1
##Sufficient statistics
sumY <- sum(Y)</pre>
sumN <- sum(N)</pre>
##updated parameters for the posterior
post_alpha <- sumY + alpha</pre>
post_beta <- sumN + beta</pre>
##Posterior predictive inference
#P(Y2018 | Y, N2018)
#Suppose 10% increase in population
N2018 < -1.1*N[3]
##repeatedly draw values of \lambda from the posterior
##then generate Y2018 from a Poisson give N2018 and the generated value of
## \lambda
####specify desired posterior sample size
nsim <- 2000
###set up structure to store generated Y 2018 values
store_Y2018 <- vector(mode="integer",length=nsim) #note mode=integer becaue
                                                     #we generate discret counts
                                                     #mode="numeric" would be more
for (i in 1:nsim) {
  lambda_i <- rgamma(n=1,shape=post_alpha,rate=post_beta)</pre>
  Y2018_i \leftarrow rpois(n=1,lambda = (lambda_i*N2018))
  store_Y2018[i] <- Y2018_i
###get some basic posterior summaries
summary(store_Y2018)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 55.00 86.00 94.00 94.09 101.00 131.00
```

```
quantile(store_Y2018,probs=c(0.025,0.5,0.975))
```

```
## 2.5% 50% 97.5%
## 74 94 118
```

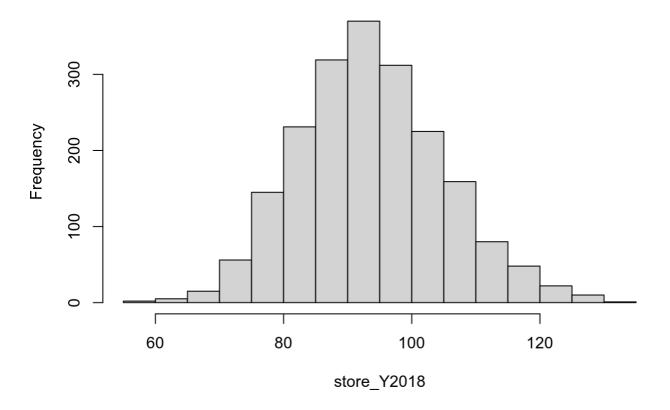
##probability more than 120 births
mean(store\_Y2018 > 120)

## [1] 0.0165

##histogram

hist(store\_Y2018, main="Posterior predictive distibution for births in 2018")

## Posterior predictive distibution for births in 2018



```
##
##Alternative way of doing the simulation which is faster because it makes use
## use of the fact that rpois and rgamma are vectorised

lambda_post <- rgamma(n=nsim,shape=post_alpha,rate=post_beta)
summary(lambda_post)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.01212 0.01497 0.01562 0.01566 0.01634 0.01904
```

```
Y2018_ppd <- rpois(n=nsim,lambda <- (N2018*lambda_post) )
summary(Y2018_ppd)
```

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. ## 55.00 86.00 94.00 94.09 102.00 135.00