

Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n i.i.d.

①

$$x_i \sim N(\mu, \tau)$$

$$f(x_i | \mu, \tau) = \frac{\sqrt{\tau}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{\tau}{2} (x_i - \mu)^2 \right\}$$

where $-\infty < \mu < \infty$, $\tau > 0$, $-\infty < x_i < \infty$

The joint likelihood

$$L = \prod_i f(x_i | \mu, \tau) =$$

$$= \frac{\tau^{n/2}}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2 \right\}$$

$$\log L = \frac{n}{2} \log \tau - \frac{n}{2} \log(2\pi) - \frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \log L}{\partial \mu} = -\frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (2(-1)(x_i - \mu)) = \tau \sum_i (x_i - \mu)$$

$$\tau (\sum x_i - n\mu) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\mu} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \bar{x}$$

2nd order condition

$$\frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \mu^2} = -n\tau < 0$$

$\Rightarrow \hat{\mu} = \bar{x}$ is an M.L.E. of μ

(2)

$$\frac{\partial \log L}{\partial \tau} = \frac{n}{2} \frac{1}{\tau} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\tau} = \frac{n}{\sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2}$$

2nd order condition

$$\frac{\partial^2 \log L}{\partial \tau^2} = -\frac{n}{2} \frac{1}{\tau^2} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\tau} = \frac{n}{\sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2} \text{ is the M.L.E. of } \tau$$

$$\mu \sim N(\mu_0, \tau_0)$$

(3)

$$f(\mu | \tau, x) = \frac{f(x | \mu, \tau) f(\mu)}{\underbrace{\int f(x | \mu, \tau) f(\mu) d\mu}_{f(x | \tau)}} \propto f(x | \mu, \tau) f(\mu)$$

$$= \frac{\tau^{n/2}}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2\right\} \frac{\tau_0^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{1/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau_0}{2} (\mu - \mu_0)^2\right\}$$

$$\propto \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (x_i - \mu)^2\right\} \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau_0}{2} (\mu - \mu_0)^2\right\}$$

nb. $(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau}{2} \sum_i (x_i^2 - 2x_i\mu + \mu^2) - \frac{\tau_0}{2} (\mu^2 - 2\mu\mu_0 + \mu_0^2)\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\tau \sum_i x_i^2 - 2\tau\mu \sum_i x_i + \tau n\mu^2 + \tau_0\mu^2 - 2\tau_0\mu\mu_0 + \tau_0\mu_0^2 \right)\right\}$$

$$\propto \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (-2\tau\mu n\bar{x} + \tau n\mu^2 + \tau_0\mu^2 - 2\tau_0\mu\mu_0)\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (\mu^2(\tau n + \tau_0) - 2\mu(\tau n\bar{x} + \tau_0\mu_0))\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{\tau n + \tau_0}{2} \left(\mu^2 - 2\mu \frac{\tau n\bar{x} + \tau_0\mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} \right)\right\}$$

$$\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{\tau n + \tau_0}{2} \left(\mu^2 - 2\mu \frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} + \left(\frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} \right)^2 \right) \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{\tau n + \tau_0}{2} \left(\mu - \frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} \right)^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu | \tau, X \sim N \left(\frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0}, \tau n + \tau_0 \right)$$

↑
PRECISION!

$$E(\mu | \tau, X) = \frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} = \frac{\tau n}{\tau n + \tau_0} \bar{X} + \frac{\tau_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} \mu_0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\tau n \bar{X} + \tau_0 \mu_0}{\tau n + \tau_0} = \bar{X}$$

$$\mu \sim N(0, 10^{-8})$$