

miniRE Dash

Summary: THIS document is the subject for the miniRE Dash @42seoul.eduthon

version: 1.0

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Chapter I

Instructions

- Your project must be written in accordance with the Norm. If you have bonus files/functions, they are included in the norm check and you will receive a 0 if there is a norm error inside.
- Your functions should not quit unexpectedly (segmentation fault, bus error, double free, etc) apart from undefined behaviors. If this happens, your project will be considered non functional and will receive a 0 during the evaluation.
- All heap allocated memory space must be properly freed when necessary. No leaks will be tolerated.
- In this subject, you will practice how to find the **pattern** you want with *regular expressions*.
- If pattern is valid and matched with some text, you should write them in STDOUT.
- The turn in file must be a single, compilable file.
- The input value of the test cases are limited to the printable ASCII code.
- If input is NULL, print nothing.

Chapter II Foreword

To find the MAC address, many pisciners use the following command

```
$>ifconfig | grep "ether" | cut -d " " -f 2
```

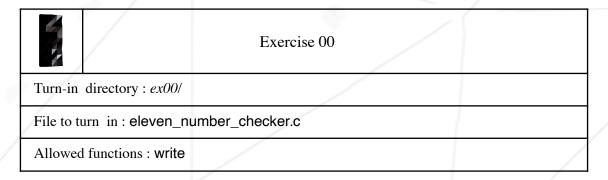
but, how about this?

```
$>ifconfig | grep -Eo "([0-9a-z]{2}:){5}[0-9a-z]{2}"
```

Only use grep command:)

Chapter III

Exercice 00: Eleven number checker

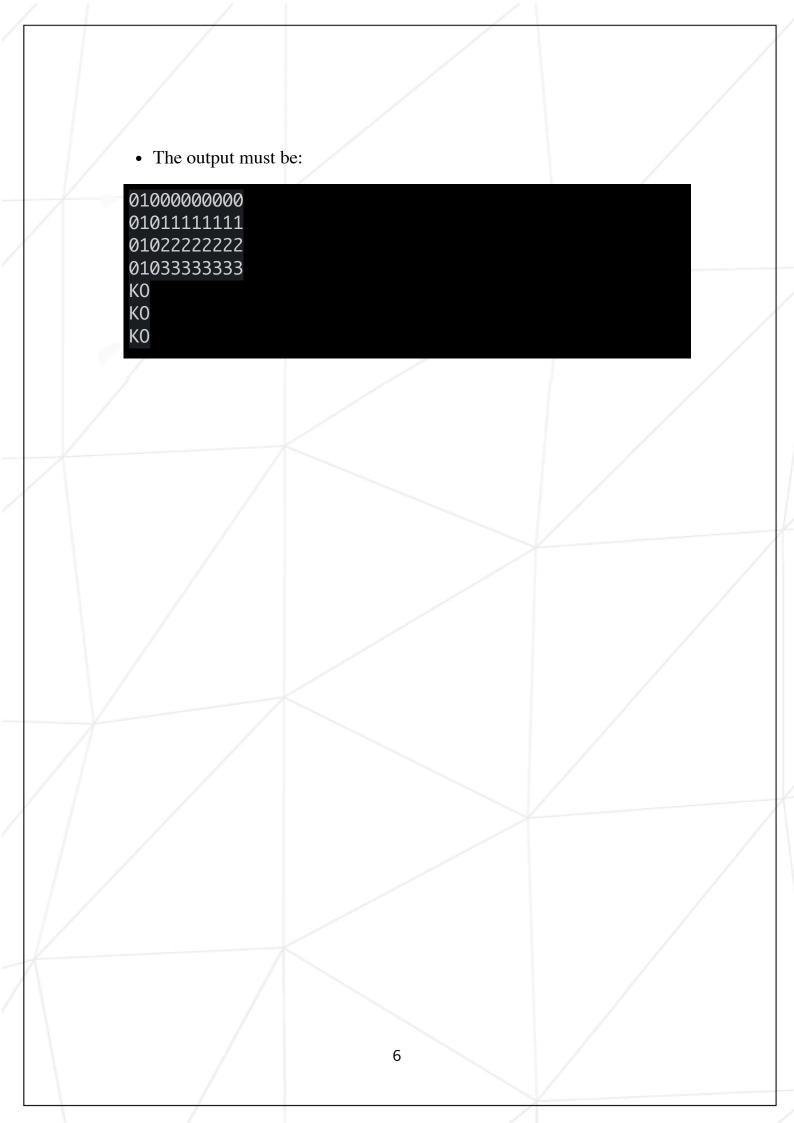


- Create a function that check is an input string valid simple phone number.
- *Simple phone number* does not contain a country code, hyphen or anything, except number. JUST plane 11 digits of number.
- Here's how it should be prototyped:

```
void eleven_number_checker(const char *str);
```

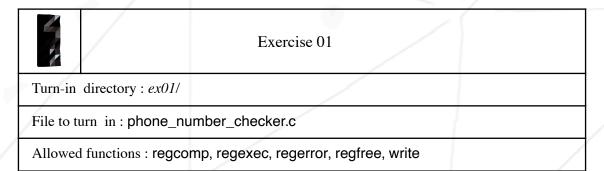
• Running following code,

```
int main(void)
{
    eleven_number_checker((void *)0);
    eleven_number_checker("010000000000");
    eleven_number_checker("aaa010111111111aaa");
    eleven_number_checker("aaa01022222222222");
    eleven_number_checker(" 010333333333 ");
    eleven_number_checker("01044A44444");
    eleven_number_checker("01055 55555");
    eleven_number_checker("01066_66666");
    return (0);
}
```



Chapter IV

Exercice 01: Phone number checker



- By using functions above, rewrite the function that check input number is *valid phone number*.
- We provide example code with basic usage of Regex functions.
- In Regex manner, *valid phone number* starts with 3 digits of 01[0-9], followed by 3,4 digits number, and ends with 4 digits, a hyphen in between each.
- Here's how it should be prototyped:

void phone_number_checker(const char *str);

```
int main(void)
{
    phone_number_checker((void *)0);
    phone_number_checker("000-0000-0000");
    phone_number_checker("010-0000-0000");
    phone_number_checker("0100000-0000");
    phone_number_checker("010-111-1111");
    phone_number_checker("010-2222-2222010-2222-2222");
    phone_number_checker("010-3333-3333");
    phone_number_checker("010-4444-4444");
    phone_number_checker("010-555-5555");
    phone_number_checker("abc010-6666-6666defg010-6666-6666hijkl");
    phone_number_checker("010-7777-7010-7777-7777");
    return (0);
}
```

• The output must be:

Bonus

Chapter V

Exercice 02: Simple Password validator



Exercise 02

Turn-in directory: ex02/

File to turn in: simple_passward_validator.c

Allowed functions: regcomp, regexec, regerror, regfree, write

- Write a function to check if the input value follows our *Password policy*.
- *Password* should not contain '4', '2', 'S', 'e', 'o', 'u', '1', '.' or' '(space).
- Here's how it should be prototyped:

id simple_password_validator(const char *str);



find caret, not carro

```
int main(void)
{
    simple_password_validator((void *)0);
    simple_password_validator("banana31@");
    simple_password_validator("banana31.");
    simple_password_validator("apple31@");
    simple_password_validator("banana42@");
    simple_password_validator("banana31 @");
    simple_password_validator("banana31@@@@@");
    return (0);
}
```

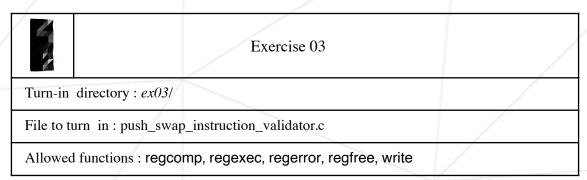
• The output must be:

```
banana31@
KO
KO
KO
KO
```

Chapter VI

Exercice 03:

push_swap instruction validator



- "push_swap" has 11 operations, "pa, pb, sa, sb, ss, ra, rb, rr, rra, rrb, rrr".
- Write a function to check instructions are valid. We will test your code with random operations, some of them are invalid form.
- Here's how it should be prototyped:

void pushswap_instruction_validator(const char *str);





This is a pipe and, yes. This is a hint.

```
int main(void)
{
    pushswap_instruction_validator((void *)0);
    pushswap_instruction_validator("sa");
    pushswap_instruction_validator("rrr");
    pushswap_instruction_validator(" sa ");
    pushswap_instruction_validator("pp");
    pushswap_instruction_validator("aa");
    pushswap_instruction_validator("sr");
    pushswap_instruction_validator("sr");
    return (0);
}
```

• The output must be:

```
sa
pb
rrr
KO
KO
KO
KO
```

Chapter VII

Exercice 04: Snake to Camel

	Exercise 04	
	snake_to_camel	
Turn-in		
File to tu		
Allowed	functions : regcomp, regexec, regerror, regfree, write	/

- Write a function to replace a valid snake case input with camel case.
- Input string might be wrong. You have to check input is valid snake case.
- Camel case always starts with uppercase letter.
- Here's how it should be prototyped:

void snake_to_camel(const char *str);



I think everyone knows what a <u>snake case</u> and a <u>camel case</u> are, but in case anyone doesn't, I prepared this.

```
int main(void)
{
    snake_to_camel("");
    snake_to_camel("hello");
    snake_to_camel("hello_");
    snake_to_camel("_hello");
snake_to_camel("_hello_");
    snake_to_camel("world_hello");
    snake_to_camel("world_hello
    snake_to_camel(" world_hello");
    snake_to_camel("World_hello");
    snake_to_camel("worLd_hello");
    snake_to_camel("world__hello");
    snake_to_camel("foo_bar world_hello");
    snake_to_camel("_");
    snake_to_camel("a_B");
    snake_to_camel("a_bc_def_ghi");
    snake_to_camel("worl d_hello");
    snake_to_camel("world_Hello");
    snake_to_camel("world_hello\n");
    snake_to_camel("42_Hello");
    snake_to_camel("world()_hi");
    return (0);
```

• The output must be:

```
not snake case
snake pattern
Hello
not snake case
not snake case
not snake case
snake pattern
WorldHello
not snake case
snake pattern
ABcDefGhi
not snake case
```