

numC

1.0

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## 1 Bug List

### File **Matrix.h**

No known bugs.

### File **Stats.h**

No known bugs.

## 2 Data Structure Index

### 2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

**Matrix** **2**

## 3 File Index

### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

<b>Matrix.C</b>	
Various matrix operations	<b>3</b>
<b>Matrix.h</b>	
Header file for <b>Matrix</b> algebra	<b>13</b>
<b>Matrix_gsl.C</b>	??
<b>Matrix_gsl.h</b>	??
<b>Stats.C</b>	
Statistics tools	<b>23</b>
<b>Stats.h</b>	
Statistics tools	<b>31</b>
<b>Utils.C</b>	??
<b>Utils.h</b>	??

## 4 Data Structure Documentation

### 4.1 Matrix Class Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- **Matrix** (std::string name="New")
- **Matrix** (int n, int m, std::string name="New")
- **Matrix** (const **Matrix** &A)
- void **init** (int, int, std::string name="New")
- **Matrix** & **operator=** (const **Matrix** &A)
- **Matrix** **operator%** (const **Matrix** &A)
- **Matrix** **operator+** (const **Matrix** &A)
- **Matrix** **operator-** (const **Matrix** &A)
- **Matrix** & **operator\*=** (double a)
- **Matrix** **operator/=** (double a)
- void **printM** (std::string="matrix")
- **Matrix** **flat** ()
- double **trace** ()
- **Matrix** **T** ()
- void **asMat** (double \*\*)
- **Matrix** **diag** ()
- **Matrix** **clip** (double, std::string="upper")
- **Matrix** **inv** ()
- double **det** ()
- void **eig** ()
- double **min** (std::string="matrix")
- double **max** (std::string="matrix")

#### Data Fields

- int **shape** [2]
- double \*\* **matrix**
- double \*\* **eigval**
- double \*\* **eigvec**
- std::string **name**

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 9 of file Matrix\_gsl.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Matrix\_gsl.h
- Matrix\_gsl.C

## 5 File Documentation

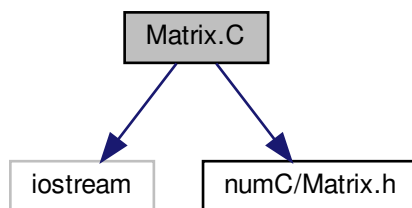
### 5.1 Matrix.C File Reference

Various matrix operations.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include <numC/Matrix.h>
```

Include dependency graph for Matrix.C:



#### Functions

- double \*\* [sum](#) (double \*\*mat1, double \*\*mat2, int a, int b)  
*Elementwise summation.*
- double \*\* [sub](#) (double \*\*mat1, double \*\*mat2, int a, int b)  
*Elementwise subtraction.*
- double \*\* [matmul](#) (double \*\*mat1, double \*\*mat2, int a, int b, int c)  
*Matrix multiplication.*
- double \*\* [transpose](#) (double \*\*mat, int a, int b)  
*Matrix transpose.*
- double \*\* [identity](#) (int a, double val)  
*Identity matrix.*
- double \*\* [mat\\_copy](#) (double \*\*mat, int a, int b)  
*Hard copy matrix.*
- double \*\* [inverse](#) (double \*\*A, int a, int b)  
*Matrix left inverse.*
- double \*\* [zero](#) (int a, int b)  
*Initialize matrix.*
- void [print](#) (double \*\*A, int a, int b)  
*Print matrix.*

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Various matrix operations.

#### Date

Mar 19, 2021

#### Author

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### 5.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 identity()

```
double** identity (  
    int ,  
    double val = 1. )
```

Identity matrix.

create identity matrix of given size square matrix will be created

Parameters:

#### Parameters

<i>a</i>	(int) dimension of identity matrix
<i>val</i>	(double) value to initalize (default = 1.)

Returns:

#### Returns

result (double\*\*) identity matrix

Example:

```
A = identity(3, 0.5);
```

Tag: identity initalize

Definition at line 88 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `inverse()`.

```

88                                     {
89     static double** result;
90
91     result = new double*[a];
92     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
93
94     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
95         for(int j=0;j<a;j++){
96             if(i==j) *(*(result+i)+j) = val;
97             else *(*(result+i)+j) = 0.;
98         }
99     }
100
101     return result;
102 }

```

### 5.1.2.2 inverse()

```

double** inverse (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )

```

[Matrix](#) left inverse.

[Matrix](#) left inverse using Gaussian reduction

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>A</i>	(double**) matrix to inverse
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of A
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of A

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) left inverse of A

Example:

```
A_inv = inverse(A,2,2);
```

Tag: left inverse gaussian reduction

Definition at line 117 of file Matrix.C.

References [identity\(\)](#), [mat\\_copy\(\)](#), [matmul\(\)](#), [print\(\)](#), and [transpose\(\)](#).

```

117                                     {
118
119     static double** result; // output matmul(invsqA, A.T)
120     double** sqA; // squarized matrix = matmul(A.transpose, A)
121     double** invsqA; // inverse of squared A
122     double** A_t; // Transposed matrix
123     double* row; // Temporary row container
124     double* invrow; // Temporary row container for inverse matrix - memorize sort order

```

```

125     double det; // determinant
126     double pivot;
127
128     const double tol = 1e-14;
129
130     result = new double*[b];
131     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
132
133     sqA = new double*[b];
134     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(sqA+i) = new double [b];
135
136     invsqA = new double*[b];
137     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(invsqA+i) = new double [b];
138
139     row = new double [b];
140
141     // Initially identity matrix for inverse matrix container.
142     invsqA = identity(b);
143
144     // Initialize transposed matrix.
145     A_t = new double*[b];
146     for(int i=0; i<b;i++) *(A_t+i) = new double [b];
147
148     if(a!=b){
149         A_t = transpose(A,a,b);
150         // Squarize the matrix
151         for(int i=0;i<b;i++){
152             for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
153                 for(int k=0;k<a;k++){
154                     *(*(sqA+i)+j) = *(*(A_t+i)+k) * (*(A+k)+j);
155                 }
156             }
157         }
158     }
159     else{
160         A_t = identity(a);
161         sqA = mat_copy(A,a,a);
162     }
163
164     // Sort pivot
165     for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
166         int i = 1;
167         while(*(*(sqA+j)+j) <=tol && i<b){
168             // Save zero pivot row
169             row = *(sqA+j);
170             invrow = *(invsqA+j);
171
172             // Exchange with row below
173             *(sqA+j) = *(sqA+j+i);
174             *(invsqA+j) = *(invsqA+j+i);
175
176             *(sqA+j+i) = row;
177             *(invsqA+j+i) = invrow;
178
179             i++;
180         }
181     }
182     print(sqA,3,3);
183
184     // Gauss Jordan method
185     for(int i=0;i<b;i++){
186         // Scale
187         pivot = *(*(sqA+i)+i);
188         printf("pivot : %f\n",pivot);
189         if(pivot!=1.){
190             for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
191                 *(*(invsqA+i)+j)/=pivot;
192                 *(*(sqA+i)+j)/=pivot;
193             }
194         }
195         // Subtraction
196         for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
197             if(j!=i){
198                 double target = *(*(sqA+j)+i);
199                 for(int k=0;k<b;k++){
200                     *(*(invsqA+j)+k) -= *(*(invsqA+i)+k) * target;
201                     *(*(sqA+j)+k) -= *(*(sqA+i)+k) * target;
202                 }
203             }
204         }
205     }
206
207     result = matmul(invsqA, A_t, b,b,a);
208
209     return result;
210 }

```

## 5.1.2.3 mat\_copy()

```
double** mat_copy (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Hard copy matrix.

create hard copy of given matrix

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>mat</i>	(double**) matrix to copy
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) hard copy of mat

Example:

A = mat\_copy(B,3,3);

Tag: ftn

Definition at line 104 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by inverse().

```
104                                     {
105     static double** result;
106
107     result = new double*[a];
108     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
109
110     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
111         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) *(*result+i+j) = *(*mat+i+j);
112     }
113
114     return result;
115 }
```

## 5.1.2.4 matmul()

```
double** matmul (
    double **,
    double **,
    int ,
    int ,
    int )
```

[Matrix](#) multiplication.

mat1 \* mat2 = result number of column of mat1 must match number of column of mat2

Parameters:



**Parameters**

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be multiplied
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1
<i>b</i>	(int) number of folumns of mat1 = number of rows of mat2
<i>c</i>	(int) number of columns of mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*) matrix of dimension a x c

Example:

```
A = matmul(A,B,2,3,2);
```

Tag: multiplication

Definition at line 45 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `chisqr()`, and `inverse()`.

```

45                                     {
46
47     static double** result;
48
49     result = new double*[a];
50     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result + i) = new double [c];
51
52     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
53         for(int j=0;j<c;j++) *(*result+i+j) = 0.;
54     }
55
56     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
57         for(int j=0;j<c;j++){
58             for(int k=0;k<b;k++){
59                 *(*result+i+j) += *(*mat1+i+k) * *(*mat2+k+j);
60             }
61         }
62     }
63
64     return result;
65 }
```

**5.1.2.5 print()**

```

void print (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Print matrix.

print matrix of given size

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	(double**) matrix to print
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of A
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of A

Returns:

**Returns**

stdout(matrix A)

Example:

```
print(A,2,3);
```

Tag: print

Definition at line 225 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `inverse()`.

```

225                                     {
226     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
227         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) printf("%10.4e ", *(A+i+j));
228         printf("\n");
229     }
230 }
```

**5.1.2.6 sub()**

```
double** sub (
    double ** ,
    double ** ,
    int ,
    int )
```

Elementwise subtraction.

`mat1 - mat2 = result` Two input matrices must be in same shape `axb`

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be subtracted
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1 and mat2
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat1 and mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*)

Example:

A = sub(A,B,2,2);

Tag: subtract, element wise

Definition at line 31 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by chisqr().

```

31                                     {
32
33     static double** result;
34
35     result = new double*[a];
36     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
37
38     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
39         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) (*(result+i)+j) = (*(mat1+i)+j) - (*(mat2+i)+j);
40     }
41
42     return result;
43 }
```

**5.1.2.7 sum()**

```

double** sum (
    double **,
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Elementwise summation.

mat1 + mat2 = result Two input matrices must be in same shape axb

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be added
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1 and mat2
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat1 and mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*)

Example:

`A = sum(A,B,2,2);`

Tag: add, sum, element wise

Definition at line 17 of file Matrix.C.

```

17                                     {
18
19     static double** result;
20
21     result = new double*[a];
22     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
23
24     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
25         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) *(*result+i)+j) = *(*mat1+i)+j) + *(*mat2+i)+j);
26     }
27
28     return result;
29 }
```

#### 5.1.2.8 transpose()

```

double** transpose (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

[Matrix](#) transpose.

$\text{mat}^T$

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>mat</i>	(double**) matrix to be transposed
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) transposed mat

Example:

`A_T = transpose(A,2,2);`

Tag: transpose

Definition at line 67 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `inverse()`.

```

67                                     {
68
69     static double** result;
70
71     result = new double*[b];
72     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
73
74     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
75         for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
76             (*(result+j)+i) = *(*(mat+i)+j);
77         }
78     }
79
80     return result;
81 }

```

#### 5.1.2.9 zero()

```

double** zero (
    int ,
    int )

```

Initialize matrix.

Create and initialize matrix elements to zero

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) zero matrix of size axb

Example:

A = zero(2,3);

Tag: initialize zero

Definition at line 212 of file Matrix.C.

```

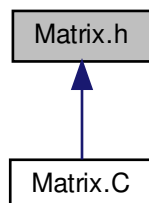
212                                     {
213     static double** result;
214
215     result = new double*[a];
216     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
217
218     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
219         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) *(*(result+i)+j) = 0.;
220     }
221
222     return result;
223 }

```

## 5.2 Matrix.h File Reference

Header file for [Matrix](#) algebra.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### Functions

- double \*\* [sum](#) (double \*\*, double \*\*, int, int)  
*Elementwise summation.*
- double \*\* [sub](#) (double \*\*, double \*\*, int, int)  
*Elementwise subtraction.*
- double \*\* [matmul](#) (double \*\*, double \*\*, int, int, int)  
*Matrix multiplication.*
- double \*\* [transpose](#) (double \*\*, int, int)  
*Matrix transpose.*
- double \*\* [inverse](#) (double \*\*, int, int)  
*Matrix left inverse.*
- double \*\* [identity](#) (int, double val=1.)  
*Identity matrix.*
- double \*\* [mat\\_copy](#) (double \*\*, int, int)  
*Hard copy matrix.*
- double \*\* [zero](#) (int, int)  
*Initialize matrix.*
- void [print](#) (double \*\*, int, int)  
*Print matrix.*

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Header file for [Matrix](#) algebra.

Date

Mar 19, 2021

**Author**

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**Bug** No known bugs.**Version**

0.1

**5.2.2 Function Documentation****5.2.2.1 identity()**

```
double** identity (
    int ,
    double val = 1. )
```

Identity matrix.

create identity matrix of given size square matrix will be created

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>a</i>	(int) dimension of identity matrix
<i>val</i>	(double) value to initialize (default = 1.)

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*) identity matrix

Example:

A = identity(3, 0.5);

Tag: identity initialize

Definition at line 88 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by inverse().

```

88                                     {
89     static double** result;
90
91     result = new double*[a];
92     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
93
94     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
95         for(int j=0;j<a;j++){
96             if(i==j) *(*(result+i)+j) = val;
97             else *(*(result+i)+j) = 0.;
98         }
99     }
100
101     return result;
102 }

```

### 5.2.2.2 inverse()

```

double** inverse (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )

```

[Matrix](#) left inverse.

[Matrix](#) left inverse using Gaussian reduction

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>A</i>	(double**) matrix to inverse
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of A
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of A

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) left inverse of A

Example:

```
A_inv = inverse(A,2,2);
```

Tag: left inverse gaussian reduction

Definition at line 117 of file Matrix.C.

References [identity\(\)](#), [mat\\_copy\(\)](#), [matmul\(\)](#), [print\(\)](#), and [transpose\(\)](#).

```

117                                     {
118
119     static double** result; // output matmul(invsqA, A.T)
120     double** sqA; // squarized matrix = matmul(A.transpose, A)
121     double** invsqA; // inverse of squared A
122     double** A_t; // Transposed matrix
123     double* row; // Temporary row container
124     double* invrow; // Temporary row container for inverse matrix - memorize sort order

```



```

125     double det; // determinant
126     double pivot;
127
128     const double tol = 1e-14;
129
130     result = new double*[b];
131     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
132
133     sqA = new double*[b];
134     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(sqA+i) = new double [b];
135
136     invsqA = new double*[b];
137     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(invsqA+i) = new double [b];
138
139     row = new double [b];
140
141     // Initially identity matrix for inverse matrix container.
142     invsqA = identity(b);
143
144     // Initialize transposed matrix.
145     A_t = new double*[b];
146     for(int i=0; i<b;i++) *(A_t+i) = new double [b];
147
148     if(a!=b){
149         A_t = transpose(A,a,b);
150         // Squarize the matrix
151         for(int i=0;i<b;i++){
152             for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
153                 for(int k=0;k<a;k++){
154                     *(*(sqA+i)+j) = *(*(A_t+i)+k) * (*(A+k)+j);
155                 }
156             }
157         }
158     }
159     else{
160         A_t = identity(a);
161         sqA = mat_copy(A,a,a);
162     }
163
164     // Sort pivot
165     for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
166         int i = 1;
167         while(*(*(sqA+j)+j) <=tol && i<b){
168             // Save zero pivot row
169             row = *(sqA+j);
170             invrow = *(invsqA+j);
171
172             // Exchange with row below
173             *(sqA+j) = *(sqA+j+i);
174             *(invsqA+j) = *(invsqA+j+i);
175
176             *(sqA+j+i) = row;
177             *(invsqA+j+i) = invrow;
178
179             i++;
180         }
181     }
182     print(sqA,3,3);
183
184     // Gauss Jordan method
185     for(int i=0;i<b;i++){
186         // Scale
187         pivot = *(*(sqA+i)+i);
188         printf("pivot : %f\n",pivot);
189         if(pivot!=1.){
190             for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
191                 *(*(invsqA+i)+j)/=pivot;
192                 *(*(sqA+i)+j)/=pivot;
193             }
194         }
195         // Subtraction
196         for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
197             if(j!=i){
198                 double target = *(*(sqA+j)+i);
199                 for(int k=0;k<b;k++){
200                     *(*(invsqA+j)+k) -= *(*(invsqA+i)+k) * target;
201                     *(*(sqA+j)+k) -= *(*(sqA+i)+k) * target;
202                 }
203             }
204         }
205     }
206
207     result = matmul(invsqA, A_t, b,b,a);
208
209     return result;
210 }

```

## 5.2.2.3 mat\_copy()

```
double** mat_copy (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Hard copy matrix.

create hard copy of given matrix

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>mat</i>	(double**) matrix to copy
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) hard copy of mat

Example:

A = mat\_copy(B,3,3);

Tag: ftn

Definition at line 104 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by inverse().

```
104                                     {
105     static double** result;
106
107     result = new double*[a];
108     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
109
110     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
111         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) *(*result+i+j) = *(*mat+i+j);
112     }
113
114     return result;
115 }
```

## 5.2.2.4 matmul()

```
double** matmul (
    double **,
    double **,
    int ,
    int ,
    int )
```

[Matrix](#) multiplication.

mat1 \* mat2 = result number of column of mat1 must match number of column of mat2

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be multiplied
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1
<i>b</i>	(int) number of folumns of mat1 = number of rows of mat2
<i>c</i>	(int) number of columns of mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*) matrix of dimension a x c

Example:

```
A = matmul(A,B,2,3,2);
```

Tag: multiplication

Definition at line 45 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `chisqr()`, and `inverse()`.

```

45                                     {
46
47     static double** result;
48
49     result = new double*[a];
50     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result + i) = new double [c];
51
52     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
53         for(int j=0;j<c;j++) *(*result+i+j) = 0.;
54     }
55
56     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
57         for(int j=0;j<c;j++){
58             for(int k=0;k<b;k++){
59                 *(*result+i+j) += *(*mat1+i+k) * *(*mat2+k+j);
60             }
61         }
62     }
63
64     return result;
65 }
```

**5.2.2.5 print()**

```

void print (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Print matrix.

print matrix of given size

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>A</i>	(double**) matrix to print
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of A
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of A

Returns:

## Returns

stdout(matrix A)

Example:

```
print(A,2,3);
```

Tag: print

Definition at line 225 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by inverse().

```

225                                     {
226     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
227         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) printf("%10.4e ", *(A+i+j));
228         printf("\n");
229     }
230 }
```

## 5.2.2.6 sub()

```
double** sub (
    double ** ,
    double ** ,
    int ,
    int )
```

Elementwise subtraction.

mat1 - mat2 = result Two input matrices must be in same shape axb

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be subtracted
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1 and mat2
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat1 and mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*)

**Example:**

A = sub(A,B,2,2);

Tag: subtract, element wise

Definition at line 31 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by chisqr().

```

31                                     {
32
33     static double** result;
34
35     result = new double*[a];
36     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
37
38     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
39         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) (*(result+i)+j) = (*(mat1+i)+j) - (*(mat2+i)+j);
40     }
41
42     return result;
43 }
```

**5.2.2.7 sum()**

```

double** sum (
    double **,
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

Elementwise summation.

mat1 + mat2 = result Two input matrices must be in same shape axb

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>mat1,mat2</i>	(double**) matrices to be added
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat1 and mat2
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat1 and mat2

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double\*\*)

**Example:**

`A = sum(A,B,2,2);`

Tag: add, sum, element wise

Definition at line 17 of file Matrix.C.

```

17                                     {
18
19     static double** result;
20
21     result = new double*[a];
22     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
23
24     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
25         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) *(*result+i)+j) = *(*mat1+i)+j) + *(*mat2+i)+j);
26     }
27
28     return result;
29 }
```

### 5.2.2.8 transpose()

```

double** transpose (
    double **,
    int ,
    int )
```

[Matrix](#) transpose.

$\text{mat}^T$

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>mat</i>	(double**) matrix to be transposed
<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows of mat
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns of mat

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) transposed mat

Example:

`A_T = transpose(A,2,2);`

Tag: transpose

Definition at line 67 of file Matrix.C.

Referenced by `inverse()`.

```

67                                     {
68
69     static double** result;
70
71     result = new double*[b];
72     for(int i=0;i<b;i++) *(result+i) = new double [a];
73
74     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
75         for(int j=0;j<b;j++){
76             (*(result+j)+i) = (*(mat+i)+j);
77         }
78     }
79
80     return result;
81 }

```

### 5.2.2.9 zero()

```

double** zero (
    int ,
    int )

```

Initialize matrix.

Create and initialize matrix elements to zero

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>a</i>	(int) number of rows
<i>b</i>	(int) number of columns

Returns:

Returns

result (double\*\*) zero matrix of size axb

Example:

A = zero(2,3);

Tag: initialize zero

Definition at line 212 of file Matrix.C.

```

212                                     {
213     static double** result;
214
215     result = new double*[a];
216     for(int i=0;i<a;i++) *(result+i) = new double [b];
217
218     for(int i=0;i<a;i++){
219         for(int j=0;j<b;j++) (*(result+i)+j) = 0.;
220     }
221
222     return result;
223 }

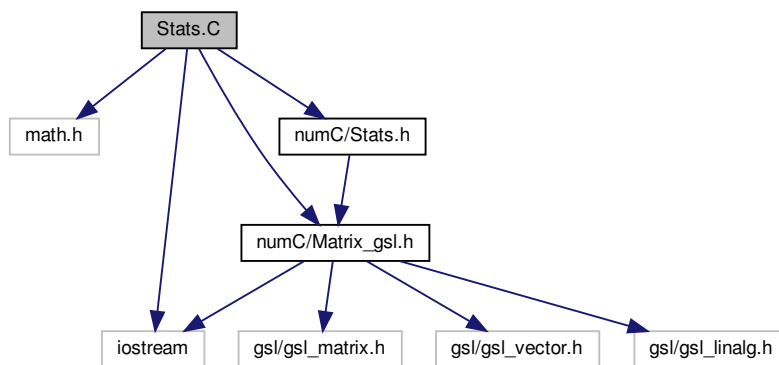
```

## 5.3 Stats.C File Reference

Statistics tools.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <numC/Matrix_gsl.h>
#include <numC/Stats.h>
#include <iostream>
```

Include dependency graph for Stats.C:



### Functions

- **Matrix ave** (**Matrix** A, int axis)  
*Matrix average.*
- **Matrix var** (**Matrix** A, int axis)  
*Matrix variance.*
- **Matrix cov** (**Matrix** A, int axis)  
*Covariance matrix.*
- **Matrix \* JK\_resample** (**Matrix** A, int axis)  
*Jackknife resample.*
- **Matrix sample\_ave** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Sample average.*
- **Matrix JK\_error** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Jackknife standard deviation.*
- **Matrix BS\_error** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Bootstrap standard deviation.*
- double **chisqr** (**Matrix** y\_bar, **Matrix** c\_inv, **Matrix** f)  
*Chi square.*

### 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Statistics tools.



### 5.3.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.3.2.1 ave()

```
Matrix ave (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

Matrix average.

Calculate average along the given axis

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix) Matrix to calculate
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

Returns

result (Matrix) a vector (collapsed Matrix)

Example:

```
B = ave(A, 0);
```

Tag: average vector matrix

Definition at line 13 of file Stats.C.

Referenced by cov(), and var().

```
13                                     {
14
15     int n = A.shape[0];
16     int m = A.shape[1];
17
18     if(axis == 1){
19
20         Matrix result(n,1,"ave");
21
22         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
23             for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
24                 result.matrix[i][0] += A.matrix[i][j]/(1.*m);
25             }
26         }
27
28         return result;
29     }
30     else if (axis == 0){
31
32         Matrix result(1,m);
33
34         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
35             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[0][j] += A.matrix[i][j]/(1.*n);
36         }
37
38         return result;
39     }
40 }
```

## 5.3.2.2 BS\_error()

```
Matrix BS_error (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )
```

Bootstrap standard deviation.

Calculate standard deviation(sqrt(var), error) of Bootstrap resampled data

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix*) Bootstrap resampled data
<i>l</i>	(int) number of BS samples

Returns:

## Returns

result (Matrix) collapsed array of Matrices

Example:

```
A = BS_error(B, 500);
```

Tag: Bootstrap standard deviation error

Definition at line 163 of file Stats.C.

References `sample_ave()`.

```
163                                     {
164     int n = A[0].shape[0];
165
166     Matrix A_ave(n,1);
167     A_ave = sample_ave(A, l);
168
169     Matrix result(n,1);
170
171     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
172         for(int j=0;j<l;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A[j].matrix[i][0] - A_ave.matrix[i][0],2.) / (l-1.);
173     }
174
175     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) result.matrix[i][0] = sqrt(result.matrix[i][0]);
176
177     return result;
178 }
```

## 5.3.2.3 chisqr()

```
double chisqr (
    Matrix y_bar,
    Matrix c_inv,
    Matrix f )
```

Chi square.

Calculate chi-square of given data  $\chi^2 = (\mathbf{y\_bar} - \mathbf{f})^T \mathbf{C}^{-1} (\mathbf{y\_bar} - \mathbf{f})$

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>y_bar</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) vector containing an average of the data
<i>c_inv</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) inverse of covariance matrix
<i>f</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) vector of fitting function values

Returns:

**Returns**

result (double)  $\chi^2$  of given data and fitting function

Example:

```
chisq = chiqr(Y_bar, C_inv, F);
```

Tag: chi-square fitting

Definition at line 180 of file Stats.C.

References `matmul()`, and `sub()`.

```

180                                     {
181
182     double result;
183
184     result = matmul(matmul(sub(y_bar, f).T(), c_inv), sub(y_bar, f)).matrix[0][0];
185
186     return result;
187 }
```

**5.3.2.4 cov()**

```

Matrix cov (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 0 )
```

Covariance matrix.

Calculate covariance along the given axis

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) <a href="#">Matrix</a> of data
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 0

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) covariance of vectors along axis

**Example:**

```
C = cov(A, 0);
```

Tag: covariance vector matrix

Definition at line 70 of file Stats.C.

References [ave\(\)](#).

```

70     {
71     // Default : sample covariance
72
73     int n = A.shape[0];
74     int m = A.shape[1];
75
76     if(axis == 0){
77         Matrix A_ave;
78         A_ave = ave(A, 1);
79
80         Matrix result(n,n);
81
82         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
83             for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
84                 for(int k=0;k<m;k++){
85                     result.matrix[i][j] += (A.matrix[i][k] - A_ave.matrix[i][0]) * (A.matrix[j][k] - A_ave.matrix[j][
86                     0]) / (1.*m) / (m-1.);
87                 }
88             }
89         }
90         return result;
91     }
92     else if(axis == 1){
93         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 0);
94
95         Matrix result(m,m);
96
97         for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
98             for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
99                 for(int k=0;k<n;k++){
100                     result.matrix[i][j] += (A.matrix[k][i] - A_ave.matrix[0][i]) * (A.matrix[k][j]
101                     - A_ave.matrix[0][j]) / (1.*m) / (m-1.);
102                 }
103             }
104         }
105     }

```

**5.3.2.5 JK\_error()**

```

Matrix JK_error (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )

```

Jackknife standard deviation.

Calculate standard deviation(sqrt(var), error) of Jackknife resampled data

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	(Matrix*) Jackknife resampled data
<i>I</i>	(int) number of JK samples (N)

Returns:

**Returns**

result (Matrix) collapsed array of Matrices

Example:

```
A = JK_error(B, 200);
```

Tag: Jackknife standard deviation error

Definition at line 145 of file Stats.C.

References sample\_ave().

```

145                                     {
146
147     int n = A[0].shape[0];
148
149     Matrix A_ave(n,1);
150     A_ave = sample_ave(A, 1);
151
152     Matrix result(n, 1);
153
154     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
155         for(int j=0;j<1;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A[j].matrix[i][0] - A_ave.matrix[i][0], 2.) / (1.*1)*(1-
156         1.);
157     }
158     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) result.matrix[i][0] = sqrt(result.matrix[i][0]);
159
160     return result;
161 }
```

**5.3.2.6 JK\_resample()**

```

Matrix* JK_resample (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

Jackknife resample.

Resample along the given axis It samples maximum amount of data (N samples)

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	(Matrix) Matrix of data
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

#### Returns

result (Matrix\*) Array(Pointer) of matrix

Example:

```
X = JK_resample(A, 0);
```

Tag: Jackknife resampling

Definition at line 107 of file Stats.C.

```

107                                     {
108
109     int n = A.shape[0];
110     int m = A.shape[1];
111
112     Matrix *result;
113     result = new Matrix [m];
114     for(int i=0;i<m;i++) result[i].init(n, m-1);
115
116     int p=0;
117     for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
118         for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
119             p = 0;
120             for(int k=0;k<m;k++){
121                 if(i != k){
122                     result[i].matrix[j][p] = A.matrix[j][k];
123                     p++;
124                 }
125             }
126         }
127     }
128
129     return result;
130 }
```

#### 5.3.2.7 sample\_ave()

```

Matrix sample_ave (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )
```

Sample average.

Calculate average of array(pointer) of Matrices

Parameters:

#### Parameters

A	(Matrix*) Pointer to Matrix eg) resampled data
l	(int) number of JK samples (N)

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) collapsed array of Matrices

**Example:**

```
A = sample_ave(B, 200);
```

Tag: Jackknife average

Definition at line 132 of file Stats.C.

Referenced by `BS_error()`, and `JK_error()`.

```

132                                     {
133
134     int n = A[0].shape[0];
135
136     Matrix result(n,1);
137
138     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
139         for(int j=0;j<1;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += A[j].matrix[i][0]/(1.*1);
140     }
141
142     return result;
143 }
```

**5.3.2.8 var()**

```

Matrix var (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

[Matrix](#) variance.

Calculate variance along the given axis

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) <a href="#">Matrix</a> to calculate
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) a vector (collapsed [Matrix](#))

**Example:**

```
B = var(A,0);
```

Tag: variance vector matrix

Definition at line 42 of file Stats.C.

References `ave()`.

```

42                                     {
43     // Default : sample var
44
45     int n = A.shape[0];
46     int m = A.shape[1];
47
48     if(axis == 1){
49         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 1);
50         Matrix result(n,1);
51
52         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
53             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A.matrix[i][j] - A_ave.matrix[i][0], 2.)/(1.*m)/(m -
54             1.);
55         }
56         return result;
57     }
58     else if(axis == 0){
59         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 0);
60         Matrix result(1,m);
61
62         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
63             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[0][j] += pow(A.matrix[i][j] - A_ave.matrix[0][j], 2.)/(1.*n)/(n -
64             1.);
65         }
66         return result;
67     }
68 }

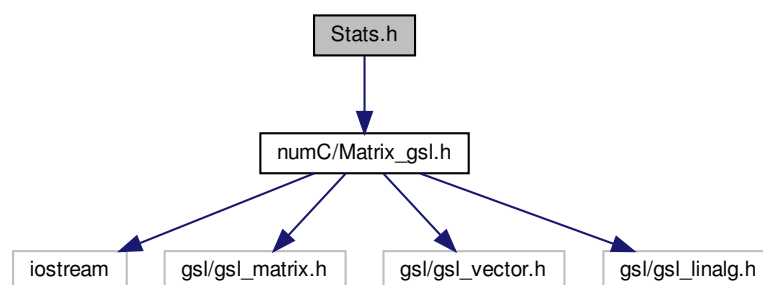
```

## 5.4 Stats.h File Reference

Statistics tools.

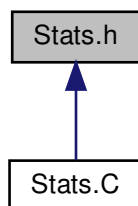
```
#include <numC/Matrix_gsl.h>
```

Include dependency graph for Stats.h:





This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## Functions

- **Matrix ave** (**Matrix** A, int axis=1)  
*Matrix average.*
- **Matrix var** (**Matrix** A, int axis=1)  
*Matrix variance.*
- **Matrix cov** (**Matrix** A, int axis=0)  
*Covariance matrix.*
- **Matrix \* JK\_resample** (**Matrix** A, int axis=1)  
*Jackknife resample.*
- **Matrix sample\_ave** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Sample average.*
- **Matrix JK\_error** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Jackknife standard deviation.*
- **Matrix BS\_error** (**Matrix** \*A, int l)  
*Bootstrap standard deviation.*
- double **chisqr** (**Matrix** y\_bar, **Matrix** c\_inv, **Matrix** f)  
*Chi square.*

### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Statistics tools.

#### Date

Nov 22, 2021

#### Author

C J Park  
[chanjure@snu.ac.kr](mailto:chanjure@snu.ac.kr)

**Bug** No known bugs.

#### Version

1.0

## 5.4.2 Function Documentation

## 5.4.2.1 ave()

```
Matrix ave (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

Matrix average.

Calculate average along the given axis

Parameters:

Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix) Matrix to calculate
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

Returns

result (Matrix) a vector (collapsed Matrix)

Example:

```
B = ave(A, 0);
```

Tag: average vector matrix

Definition at line 13 of file Stats.C.

Referenced by cov(), and var().

```
13                                     {
14
15     int n = A.shape[0];
16     int m = A.shape[1];
17
18     if(axis == 1){
19
20         Matrix result(n,1,"ave");
21
22         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
23             for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
24                 result.matrix[i][0] += A.matrix[i][j]/(1.*m);
25             }
26         }
27
28         return result;
29     }
30     else if (axis == 0){
31
32         Matrix result(1,m);
33
34         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
35             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[0][j] += A.matrix[i][j]/(1.*n);
36         }
37
38         return result;
39     }
40 }
```

### 5.4.2.2 BS\_error()

```
Matrix BS_error (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )
```

Bootstrap standard deviation.

Calculate standard deviation(sqrt(var), error) of Bootstrap resampled data

Parameters:

#### Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix*) Bootstrap resampled data
<i>l</i>	(int) number of BS samples

Returns:

#### Returns

result (Matrix) collapsed array of Matrices

Example:

```
A = BS_error(B, 500);
```

Tag: Bootstrap standard deviation error

Definition at line 163 of file Stats.C.

References sample\_ave().

```
163                                     {
164     int n = A[0].shape[0];
165
166     Matrix A_ave(n,1);
167     A_ave = sample_ave(A, l);
168
169     Matrix result(n,1);
170
171     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
172         for(int j=0;j<l;j++){ result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A[j].matrix[i][0] - A_ave.matrix[i][0],2.) / (l-1.);
173     }
174
175     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) result.matrix[i][0] = sqrt(result.matrix[i][0]);
176
177     return result;
178 }
```

### 5.4.2.3 chisqr()

```
double chisqr (
    Matrix y_bar,
    Matrix c_inv,
    Matrix f )
```

Chi square.

Calculate chi-square of given data  $\chi^2 = (\mathbf{y\_bar} - \mathbf{f})^T \mathbf{C}^{-1} (\mathbf{y\_bar} - \mathbf{f})$

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>y_bar</i>	(Matrix) vector containing an average of the data
<i>c_inv</i>	(Matrix) inverse of covariance matrix
<i>f</i>	(Matrix) vector of fitting function values

Returns:

## Returns

result (double)  $\chi^2$  of given data and fitting function

Example:

```
chisq = chiqr(Y_bar, C_inv, F);
```

Tag: chi-square fitting

Definition at line 180 of file Stats.C.

References `matmul()`, and `sub()`.

```

180                                     {
181
182     double result;
183
184     result = matmul(matmul(sub(y_bar, f).T(), c_inv), sub(y_bar, f)).matrix[0][0];
185
186     return result;
187 }
```

## 5.4.2.4 cov()

```

Matrix cov (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 0 )
```

Covariance matrix.

Calculate covariance along the given axis

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix) Matrix of data
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 0

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) covariance of vectors along axis

**Example:**

```
C = cov(A, 0);
```

Tag: covariance vector matrix

Definition at line 70 of file Stats.C.

References [ave\(\)](#).

```

70     {
71     // Default : sample covariance
72
73     int n = A.shape[0];
74     int m = A.shape[1];
75
76     if(axis == 0){
77         Matrix A_ave;
78         A_ave = ave(A, 1);
79
80         Matrix result(n,n);
81
82         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
83             for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
84                 for(int k=0;k<m;k++){
85                     result.matrix[i][j] += (A.matrix[i][k] - A_ave.matrix[i][0]) * (A.matrix[j][k] - A_ave.matrix[j][
86                     0]) / (1.*m) / (m-1.);
87                 }
88             }
89         }
90         return result;
91     }
92     else if(axis == 1){
93         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 0);
94
95         Matrix result(m,m);
96
97         for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
98             for(int j=0;j<m;j++){
99                 for(int k=0;k<n;k++){ result.matrix[i][j] += (A.matrix[k][i] - A_ave.matrix[0][i]) * (A.matrix[k][j]
100                 - A_ave.matrix[0][j]) / (1.*m) / (m-1.);
101             }
102         }
103         return result;
104     }
105 }
```

**5.4.2.5 JK\_error()**

```
Matrix JK_error (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )
```

Jackknife standard deviation.

Calculate standard deviation(sqrt(var), error) of Jackknife resampled data

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix*) Jackknife resampled data
<i>I</i>	(int) number of JK samples (N)

Returns:

## Returns

result (Matrix) collapsed array of Matrices

Example:

```
A = JK_error(B, 200);
```

Tag: Jackknife standard deviation error

Definition at line 145 of file Stats.C.

References `sample_ave()`.

```

145                                     {
146
147     int n = A[0].shape[0];
148
149     Matrix A_ave(n,1);
150     A_ave = sample_ave(A, 1);
151
152     Matrix result(n, 1);
153
154     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
155         for(int j=0;j<1;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A[j].matrix[i][0] - A_ave.matrix[i][0], 2.) / (1.*1)*(1-
156         1.);
157     }
158     for(int i=0;i<n;i++) result.matrix[i][0] = sqrt(result.matrix[i][0]);
159
160     return result;
161 }
```

## 5.4.2.6 JK\_resample()

```

Matrix* JK_resample (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

Jackknife resample.

Resample along the given axis It samples maximum amount of data (N samples)

Parameters:

## Parameters

<i>A</i>	(Matrix) Matrix of data
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

Returns

result (Matrix\*) Array(Pointer) of matrix

Example:

X = JK\_resample(A, 0);

Tag: Jackknife resampling

Definition at line 107 of file Stats.C.

```

107                                     {
108
109     int n = A.shape[0];
110     int m = A.shape[1];
111
112     Matrix *result;
113     result = new Matrix [m];
114     for(int i=0;i<m;i++) result[i].init(n, m-1);
115
116     int p=0;
117     for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
118         for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
119             p = 0;
120             for(int k=0;k<m;k++){
121                 if(i != k){
122                     result[i].matrix[j][p] = A.matrix[j][k];
123                     p++;
124                 }
125             }
126         }
127     }
128
129     return result;
130 }
```

#### 5.4.2.7 sample\_ave()

```

Matrix sample_ave (
    Matrix * A,
    int l )
```

Sample average.

Calculate average of array(pointer) of Matrices

Parameters:

Parameters

A	(Matrix*) Pointer to <a href="#">Matrix</a> eg) resampled data
l	(int) number of JK samples (N)

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) collapsed array of Matrices

**Example:**

```
A = sample_ave(B, 200);
```

Tag: Jackknife average

Definition at line 132 of file Stats.C.

Referenced by `BS_error()`, and `JK_error()`.

```

132                                     {
133
134     int n = A[0].shape[0];
135
136     Matrix result(n,1);
137
138     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
139         for(int j=0;j<1;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += A[j].matrix[i][0]/(1.*1);
140     }
141
142     return result;
143 }
```

**5.4.2.8 var()**

```

Matrix var (
    Matrix A,
    int axis = 1 )
```

[Matrix](#) variance.

Calculate variance along the given axis

Parameters:

**Parameters**

<i>A</i>	( <a href="#">Matrix</a> ) <a href="#">Matrix</a> to calculate
<i>axis</i>	(int) axis to calculate default = 1

Returns:

**Returns**

result ([Matrix](#)) a vector (collapsed [Matrix](#))

**Example:**

```
B = var(A,0);
```

Tag: variance vector matrix

Definition at line 42 of file Stats.C.

References `ave()`.



```
42                                     {
43     // Default : sample var
44
45     int n = A.shape[0];
46     int m = A.shape[1];
47
48     if(axis == 1){
49         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 1);
50         Matrix result(n,1);
51
52         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
53             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[i][0] += pow(A.matrix[i][j] - A_ave.matrix[i][0], 2.)/(1.*m)/(m -
54             1.);
55         }
56         return result;
57     }
58     else if(axis == 0){
59         Matrix A_ave = ave(A, 0);
60         Matrix result(1,m);
61
62         for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
63             for(int j=0;j<m;j++) result.matrix[0][j] += pow(A.matrix[i][j] - A_ave.matrix[0][j], 2.)/(1.*n)/(n -
64             1.);
65         }
66         return result;
67     }
68 }
```

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