```
プログラム1:
トレーンデータとテストデータをそれぞれファイルから読み込み、
画像データとラベルに分け、numpyファイルで保存
import numpy as np
import cv2
def cvt data(infile, outfile):
   data = []
   labels = []
   with open(infile) as f:
       txt = f.readlines()
       txt = [line.split(' ') for line in txt]
   for i, line in enumerate(txt):
       data.append(cv2.imread('.'+line[0][7:]))
       labels. append (cv2. imread ('.'+line[1][7:][:-1])[:,:,0])
   x = np. array(data)
   y = np. array(labels)
   np. savez (outfile, x = x, y = y)
   print('saved:', outfile)
   print('x shape =', x.shape)
   print('y shape =', y shape)
train_infile = './CamVid/train.txt'
test infile = './CamVid/test.txt'
train outfile = './train.npz'
test outfile = './test.npz'
cvt_data(train_infile, train_outfile)
cvt_data(test_infile, test_outfile)
```

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プログラム2:
画像データの正規化とラベルのone-hot形式化関数を作り、
データをnumpyファイルから読み込み、
学習に適する形式に自動変換するモデュールを作成
%%writefile dataset.py
import cv2
import numpy as np
from keras. applications import imagenet utils
import os
class Dataset:
   def init (self, input file, classes):
       self.input file = input file
       self.classes = classes
   def normalized(self, img):
       norm = np. zeros (img. shape, np. float32)
       b = img[:,:,0]
       g = img[:, :, 1]
       r = img[:, :, 2]
       norm[:,:,0] = cv2.equalizeHist(b)
       norm[:,:,1] = cv2.equalizeHist(g)
       norm[:, :, 2] = cv2. equalizeHist(r)
       return norm
   def one hot it(self. label):
       one_hot = np. zeros((label. shape[0], label. shape[1], self. classes), np. int32)
       for i in range(label.shape[0]):
           for j in range(label.shape[1]):
               one boti i labelli ill - 1
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return one hot
    def load data(self):
       dataset = np. load(self. input file)
       x = dataset['x']
       y = dataset['y']
        imgs = []
       labels = []
        for i, img in enumerate (x):
            imgs. append (self. normalized (img))
       for i, label in enumerate(y):
            labels.append(self.one hot it(label))
       x = np. array(imgs)
       y = np. array(labels)
       x = imagenet utils.preprocess input(x)
       y = y, reshape (-1, y, shape [1]*y, shape [2], self. classes)
        return x, y
プログラム3:
インデックスあるプーリング層とアップサンプリング層を作成
%%writefile layers.py
import keras backend as K
from keras. layers import Layer
class MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D(Layer):
    def __init__(self, pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same', **kwargs):
        super (MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D, self). __init__(**kwargs)
        self.pool_size = pool_size
        self.strides = strides
```

```
self.padding = padding
    def call(self. inputs. **kwargs):
        pool size = self.pool size
        strides = self strides
        padding = self.padding
        if K.backend() == 'tensorflow':
            ksize = [1, pool size[0], pool size[1], 1]
            strides = [1, strides[0], strides[1], 1]
            padding = padding.upper()
            output, argmax = K.tf.nn.max pool with argmax(inputs, ksize=ksize, ¥
                strides=strides, padding=padding)
        else:
            errmsg = '{} backend is not supported for layer {}'.format(
                K. backend(), type(self), name)
            raise NotImplementedError(errmsg)
        argmax = K. cast(argmax. K. floatx())
        return [output, argmax]
    def compute output shape(self, input shape):
        ratio = (1, self. pool size[0], self. pool size[1], 1)
        output shape = [dim // ratio[idx] if dim is not None else None ¥
            for idx, dim in enumerate(input shape)]
        output shape = tuple(output shape)
        return [output shape, output shape]
    def compute mask(self, inputs, mask=None):
        return 2 * [None]
class UpsamplingWithArgmax2D(Layer):
    def init (self, size, **kwargs):
        super(UpsamplingWithArgmax2D, self). init (**kwargs)
        self.size = size
    def call(self, inputs, output_shape=None):
        size = self.size
        updates, mask = inputs[0], inputs[1]
```

```
with N. IT. variable scope (self. name).
        mask = K. cast(mask. 'int32')
        input shape = K. tf. shape (updates, out type='int32')
        if output shape is None:
            output shape = (input shape[0], input shape[1]*size[0], ¥
                 input shape[2]*size[1], input shape[3])
        self.output shape1 = output shape
        one_like_mask = K. ones_like(mask, dtype='int32')
        batch shape = (input shape[0], 1, 1, 1)
        batch range = K. reshape(K. tf. range(output shape[0], dtype='int32'), \forall
            shape=batch shape)
        b = one like mask * batch range
        y = mask // (output shape[2]*output shape[3])
        x = (mask // output shape[3]) % output shape[2]
        feather range = K. tf. range (output shape [3], dtype='int32')
        f = one like mask * feather range
        updates size = K. tf. size (updates)
        indices = K. transpose (K. reshape (K. stack ([b, y, x, f]), \forall
             [4. updates size]))
        values = K. reshape(updates, [updates size])
        ret = K. tf. scatter nd(indices, values, output shape)
        return ret
def compute output shape(self, input shape):
  input_shape = input_shape[0]
  return (input shape[0],
          input shape[1] * self.size[0],
          input shape[2] * self.size[1],
          input shape[3])
 Overwriting layers.py
```

## プログラム4:

SegNetモデルを作成

"""

```
%%writefile model SegNet.pv
from keras, layers import Input
from keras, layers, convolutional import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, UpSampling2D
from keras. layers. core import Activation, Reshape
from keras. layers. normalization import BatchNormalization
from keras models import Model
from keras. constraints import max norm
from layers import MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D. UpsamplingWithArgmax2D
def SegNet(input shape, nb classes=12, kernel=3, pool size=(2,2)):
    inputs = Input(input shape)
    conv 1 = Conv2D(64, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (inputs)
    conv 1 = BatchNormalization() (conv 1)
    conv 1 = Activation("relu") (conv 1)
    pool 1. mask 1 = MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D (pool size) (conv 1)
    conv 3 = Conv2D(128, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (pool 1)
    conv 3 = BatchNormalization() (conv 3)
    conv 3 = Activation("relu") (conv 3)
    pool 2, mask 2 = MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D(pool size) (conv 3)
    conv 5 = Conv2D(256, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (pool 2)
    conv 5 = BatchNormalization() (conv 5)
    conv 5 = Activation("relu") (conv 5)
    pool 3, mask 3 = MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D(pool size) (conv 5)
    conv_8 = Conv2D(512, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (pool_3)
    conv 8 = BatchNormalization()(conv 8)
    conv 8 = Activation("relu")(conv 8)
    pool_4, mask_4 = MaxPoolingWithArgmax2D(pool_size=(3, 2), strides=(3, 2)) (conv_8)
```

```
print("Build enceder done..")
upsample_2 = UpsamplingWithArgmax2D(size=(3, 2)) ([pool_4, mask_4])
conv 17 = Conv2D(256, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (upsample 2)
conv 17 = BatchNormalization() (conv 17)
conv 17 = Activation("relu") (conv 17)
upsample 3 = UpsamplingWithArgmax2D(pool size)([conv 17, mask 3])
conv 20 = Conv2D(128, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (upsample 3)
conv 20 = BatchNormalization()(conv 20)
conv 20 = Activation("relu") (conv_20)
upsample 4 = UpsamplingWithArgmax2D(pool size)([conv 20, mask 2])
conv 23 = Conv2D(64, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (upsample 4)
conv 23 = BatchNormalization() (conv 23)
conv 23 = Activation("relu") (conv 23)
upsample 5 = UpsamplingWithArgmax2D(pool size)([conv 23, mask 1])
conv 25 = Conv2D(64, (kernel, kernel), padding="same") (upsample 5)
conv 25 = BatchNormalization() (conv 25)
conv 25 = Activation("relu") (conv 25)
conv 26 = Conv2D(nb classes, (1, 1), padding="valid") (conv 25)
conv 26 = BatchNormalization() (conv 26)
conv_26 = Reshape((input_shape[0]*input_shape[1], nb_classes), ¥
    input shape=(input shape[0], input_shape[1], nb_classes)) (conv_26)
outputs = Activation("softmax") (conv 26)
print("Build decoder done..")
model = Model(inputs. outputs. name="SegNet")
return model
```

```
Overwriting model SegNet.py
プログラム5:
SegNetモデルによりトレーンデータを学習させ、
学習済みの重みを書き出す
%tensorflow version 1.x
import os
dir path = "/content/drive/My Drive/Python/SegNet/"
os. chdir (dir path)
import keras
import keras backend as K
from dataset import Dataset
from model SegNet import SegNet
import numpy as np
config = K.tf.ConfigProto(gpu options=K.tf.GPUOptions(allow growth=True, \(\frac{4}{5}\)
    per_process_gpu_memory_fraction=0.8))
session = K. tf. Session(config=config)
K. tensorflow backend. set session (session)
input shape = (360, 480, 3)
classes = 12
batch size = 10
epochs=100
class weight=[0.2595, 0.1826, 4.5640, 0.1417, 0.5051, 0.3826, 9.6446, 1.8418, 6.6823, 6.2478, 3.0, 7.3614]
train file = './train.npz'
log_filepath = './logs/'
def main():
   print("loading data...")
    train ds = Dataset(train file, classes)
```

```
data x. data v = train ds. load data()
    rand num = np. random. randint (100)
    np. random. seed (rand num)
    np. random. shuffle (data x)
    np. random. seed (rand num)
    np. random. shuffle (data y)
    train x = data x[20:]
    train y = data y[20:]
    print("input train data shape:", train x. shape)
    print("input train labels shape:", train y shape)
    val x = data x[:20]
    val y = data y[:20]
    print("input val data shape:", val x. shape)
    print("input val labels shape:", val y. shape)
    tb cb = keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(log dir=log filepath, histogram freq=1, \(\frac{4}{5}\)
        write graph=True, write images=True)
    print("training....")
    model = SegNet(input shape, classes)
    model.compile(loss="categorical crossentropy", optimizer='adadelta', \(\frac{4}{3}\)
        metrics=["accuracy"])
    model.fit(train x, train y, batch size= batch size, epochs=epochs, verbose=1, \u224
        class weight=class weight, validation data=(val x, val y), shuffle=True, \(\xi\)
        callbacks=[tb cb])
    model.save("SegNet_w.h5")
if name == ' main ':
    main()
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```

TensorFlow 1.x selected. Using TensorFlow backend. loading data... input train data shape: (347, 360, 480, 3) input train labels shape: (347, 172800, 12) input val data shape: (20, 360, 480, 3) input val labels shape: (20, 172800, 12) training.... WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:74: The name tf.get default graph is depre WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:517: The name tf.placeholder is deprecated WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:4138: The name tf. random uniform is deprecently tensorflow. WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:174: The name tf.get default session is de WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:190: The name tf.global variables is depre WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:199: The name tf. is variable initialized WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:206: The name tf.variables initializer is WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:1834: The name tf.nn.fused batch norm is a WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:133: The name tf.placeholder with default Build enceder done.. Build decoder done ...

WARNING:tensorflow:From /content/drive/My Drive/Python/SegNet/layers.py:46: The name tf. variable scope is deprecated. Please use tf. compat. vl

WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/optimizers.py:790: The name tf. train. Optimizer is deprecated. Please use

WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:3295: The name tf.log is deprecated. Pleas

WARNING: tensorflow: From /tensorflow-1.15.2/python3.6/tensorflow core/python/ops/math grad.py:1424: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array or Instructions for updating:

Use tf. where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np. where

WARNING: tensorflow: From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:986: The name tf. assign add is deprecated.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:973: The name tf. assign is deprecated. Ple

Train on 347 samples, validate on 20 samples

```
Epoch 80/100
347/347 [============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1519 - acc: 0.9515 - val loss: 0.4383 - val acc: 0.8764
Epoch 81/100
347/347 [=============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1694 - acc: 0.9454 - val loss: 0.4292 - val acc: 0.8742
Epoch 82/100
347/347 [======] - 35s 102ms/step - loss: 0.1480 - acc: 0.9525 - val loss: 0.3920 - val acc: 0.8902
Epoch 83/100
347/347 [=============] - 36s 102ms/step - loss: 0.1379 - acc: 0.9559 - val loss: 0.6890 - val acc: 0.8042
Epoch 84/100
347/347 [======
                 =========] - 36s 102ms/step - loss: 0.1338 - acc: 0.9569 - val loss: 0.4620 - val acc: 0.8665
Epoch 85/100
347/347 [=============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1394 - acc: 0.9551 - val loss: 0.4922 - val acc: 0.8573
Epoch 86/100
347/347 [====
                  =========] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1346 - acc: 0.9565 - val loss: 0.4832 - val acc: 0.8639
Epoch 87/100
347/347 [=====
               ========] - 35s 102ms/step - loss: 0.1269 - acc: 0.9588 - val loss: 0.4261 - val acc: 0.8765
Epoch 88/100
Epoch 89/100
347/347 [=============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1282 - acc: 0.9585 - val loss: 0.3968 - val acc: 0.8855
Epoch 90/100
347/347 [============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1226 - acc: 0.9603 - val loss: 0.4836 - val acc: 0.8634
Epoch 91/100
347/347 [========
                 ==========] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1243 - acc: 0.9596 - val loss: 0.4087 - val acc: 0.8849
Epoch 92/100
347/347 [============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1256 - acc: 0.9590 - val loss: 0.4447 - val acc: 0.8734
Epoch 93/100
Epoch 94/100
Epoch 95/100
347/347 [==========] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1217 - acc: 0.9603 - val loss: 0.4304 - val acc: 0.8827
Epoch 96/100
Epoch 97/100
347/347 [============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1251 - acc: 0.9591 - val loss: 0.4422 - val acc: 0.8741
Epoch 98/100
347/347 [=======] - 36s 102ms/step - loss: 0.1151 - acc: 0.9621 - val loss: 0.4328 - val acc: 0.8846
Epoch 99/100
347/347 [=============] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1155 - acc: 0.9620 - val loss: 0.4474 - val acc: 0.8794
Epoch 100/100
                  =========] - 36s 103ms/step - loss: 0.1172 - acc: 0.9613 - val loss: 0.4182 - val acc: 0.8863
347/347 [========
```

```
プログラム6:
テンソルボードを使て、
学習結果をグラフで表す
"""

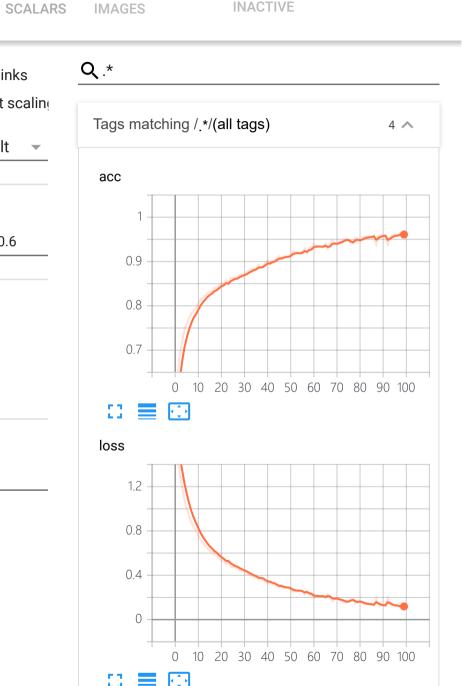
import os
dir_path = "/content/drive/My Drive/Python/SegNet/"
os. chdir(dir_path)

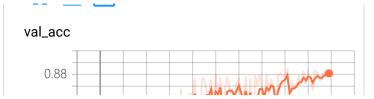
%reload_ext tensorboard
%tensorboard --logdir logs --host=127.0.0.1
```

**INACTIVE** 

Show data download links Ignore outliers in chart scaling **Tooltip sorting** default method: Smoothing 0 0.6 Horizontal Axis STEP **RELATIVE** WALL Runs Write a regex to filter runs **TOGGLE ALL RUNS** logs

**TensorBoard** 





```
プログラム7:
テストデータを読み込んで予測させ、
画像データに変換し、
pngファイルに書き出す
%tensorflow version 1.x
import os
dir_path = "/content/drive/My Drive/Python/SegNet/"
os. chdir (dir path)
import numpy as np
import keras
from model SegNet import SegNet
from dataset import Dataset
from PIL import Image
test file = './test.npz'
model file = './SegNet w.h5'
dirpath = './pred images/'
input shape = (360, 480, 3)
classes = 12
batch size= 10
def predict(test_x, test_y, model_file, batch_size=batch_size):
   model = SegNet(input_shape, classes)
   model.load_weights(model_file)
   pred = model.predict(test_x, batch_size=batch_size)
```

```
pred = pred.reshape((test_x.shape[U], test_x.shape[I], test_x.shape[Z], classes))
    pred img = np. zeros ((pred. shape[0], pred. shape[1], pred. shape[2]))
    pred img = pred.argmax(axis=3)
    model.compile(loss="categorical_crossentropy", optimizer='adadelta', ¥
        metrics=["accuracy"])
    score = model.evaluate(test x, test y, verbose = 1)
    print("正確率=", score[1], "loss=", score[0])
    return pred img
def write img(images, dirpath):
    if not os. path. isdir(dirpath): os. mkdir(dirpath)
    Sky = [128, 128, 128]
    Building = [128, 0, 0]
    Pole = [192, 192, 128]
    Road marking = [255, 69, 0]
    Road = [128, 64, 128]
    Pavement = [60, 40, 222]
    Tree = [128, 128, 0]
    SignSymbol = [192, 128, 128]
    Fence = [64, 64, 128]
    Car = [64, 0, 128]
    Pedestrian = [64, 64, 0]
    Bicyclist = [0, 128, 192]
    Unlabelled = [0, 0, 0]
    obj labels = np. array([Sky, Building, Pole, Road marking, Road, Pavement, \(\frac{4}{5}\)
        Tree, SignSymbol, Fence, Car. Pedestrian, Bicyclist, Unlabelled])
    rgb = np. zeros ((images. shape[1], images. shape[2], 3))
    num = 0
    for b in range(images.shape[0]):
        num += 1
        print('image number:', num)
        for h in range(images.shape[1]):
             for w in range(images.shape[2]):
                 rgb[h, w] = obj_labels[images[b, h, w]]
        img = Image. fromarray(np. uint8(rgb))
        savepath = dirpath + str(num) + '.png'
        img. save (savepath)
```

```
print('images saved.')

def main():
    print('loading data...')
    test_ds = Dataset(test_file, classes)
    test_x, test_y = test_ds.load_data()
    print("input test_data shape:", test_x.shape)
    print("input test_labels shape:", test_y.shape)

    print('predicting images...')
    pred_img = predict(test_x, test_y, model_file)

    print('writing images...')
    write_img(pred_img, dirpath)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

```
TensorFlow is already loaded. Please restart the runtime to change versions.
loading data...
input test data shape: (233, 360, 480, 3)
input test labels shape: (233, 172800, 12)
predicting images...
Build enceder done..
Build decoder done..
233/233 [============ ] - 249s 1s/step
正確率= 0.7880066825084932 loss= 0.8400136030283097
writing images...
image number: 1
image number: 2
image number: 3
image number: 4
image number: 5
image number: 6
image number: 7
image number: 8
image number: 9
image number: 10
image number: 11
image number: 12
image number: 13
image number: 14
image number: 15
image number: 16
image number: 17
image number: 18
image number: 19
image number: 20
image number: 21
image number: 22
image number: 23
image number: 24
image number: 25
image number: 26
image number: 27
image number: 28
image number: 29
image number: 30
image number: 31
image number: 32
```